WRITTEN ONLY

TESTIMONY BY GEORGINA K. KAWAMURA DIRECTOR, DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET AND FINANCE STATE OF HAWAII TO THE HOUSE COMMITTEES ON ECONOMIC REVITALIZATION, BUSINESS AND MILITARY AFFAIRS AND CONSUMER PROTECTION AND COMMERCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 2698

February 3, 2010

RELATING TO TECHNOLOGY

House Bill No. 2698 creates the Hawaii Broadband Commission and the Hawaii Broadband Commissioner to promote and maximize availability of broadband services in the State. The bill defines broadband services to include data networking services that enables end users to access the Internet to use a variety of applications.

The bill further provides an unspecified percent of the annual revenues from the Wireless Enhanced 911 special fund to finance the expenditures of the commission and the commissioner. Funds for the Wireless Enhanced 911 special fund comes from a monthly surcharge imposed on each commercial mobile radio service connection (66 cents per month) collected by the wireless carrier from their customers.

As a matter of general policy, this department does not support any special or revolving fund which does not meet the requirements of Sections 37-52.3 and 37-53.4 of the Hawaii Revised Statutes. Special or revolving funds should: 1) reflect a clear nexus between the benefits sought and charges made upon the users or beneficiaries of the program; 2) provide an appropriate means of financing for the program or activity; and 3) demonstrate the capacity to be financially self-sustaining. It is unclear if the Wireless Enhanced 911 special fund reflects a clear nexus between the benefits sought and charges made upon the users of the program and whether the fund would be self-sustaining.



LINDA LINGLE GOVERNOR

JAMES R. AIONA, JR. LT. GOVERNOR STATE OF HAWAII OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND CONSUMER AFFAIRS 335 MERCHANT STREET, ROOM 310

P.O. Box 541 HONOLULU, HAWAII 96809 Phone Number: 586-2850 Fax Number: 586-2856 www.hawaii.gov/dcca

TO THE HOUSE COMMITTEES ON ECONOMIC REVITALIZATION, BUSINESS, & MILITARY AFFAIRS AND CONSUMER PROTECTION & COMMERCE

TWENTY-FIFTH LEGISLATURE Regular Session of 2010

Wednesday, February 3, 2010 2:30 p.m.

TESTIMONY ON H.B. 2698 RELATING TO TECHNOLOGY

TO THE HONORABLE ANGUS MCKELVEY AND ROBERT HERKES, CHAIRS, AND MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEES:

My name is Lawrence Reifurth, Director of the Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs ("Department"). The Department appreciates the opportunity to provide comments on this bill.

H.B. 2698 establishes the Hawai'i Broadband Commission and Hawai'i

Broadband Commissioner to promote: 1) widespread access to broadband at competitive prices throughout the State; 2) the sharing of broadband infrastructure used for deployment to ease costs and entry into a competitive broadband market; and a streamlined permit approval process to be created jointly by stakeholders.

The bill calls for a broadband commission of five members appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent from the Senate from a list of nominees

LAWRENCE M. REIFURTH

RONALD BOYER DEPUTY DIRECTOR Testimony on House Bill No. 2698 February 3, 2010 Page 2

selected by the House of Representatives. The commission is tasked with developing policy initiatives and regulatory changes to promote expanded broadband access, to recommend strategies encouraging private investment in broadband, to develop strategies to increase moneys available to State to provide increased broadband access to underserved populations and areas, and to develop strategies to share utilities infrastructure and conduits for broadband access.

In addition, the bill establishes a broadband commissioner within DCCA for administrative purposes. The commissioner is also appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate from a list of nominees selected by the House of Representatives. The commissioner shall execute the recommendations of the commission as well as act as liaison between the State and other governmental agencies, private industry, and the public regarding broadband technology utilization; coordinate efforts between the State and counties to make broadband available to underserved populations and areas; encourage private business to invest in the broadband communications industry; assist in streamlining the permitting and regulatory process; and help secure funding for broadband projects. Funding for the commission and commissioner will come from a percentage of the wireless enhanced 911 fund.

While the intent of S.B. 2543 is commendable, the Department prefers H.B. 984, H.D. 4, S.D. 1, proposed C.D. 1, a comprehensive broadband bill, versions of which were introduced in the 2009 Session by the House Majority, the Senate Majority, House Minority, and the Administration. A copy of the Department's annotated proposed conference draft for H.B. 984, H.D. 4, S.D. 1 is attached for your convenience.

The proposed conference draft of H.B. 984, H.D. 4, S.D. 1 tracks key recommendations of the Hawai'i broadband task force by establishing the Hawai'i

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Communications Commission to be administratively attached to the Department. After many legislative committee hearings, and one-on-one and group meetings on various versions of the broadband bill with communications service providers, governmental agencies, and interested parties, general consensus was reached on the proposed conference draft of H.B. 984, which directs the Commission to achieve various goals such as creating access on a competitive basis at reduced prices, increasing service penetration and quality, streamlining the permit approval process, and providing access to businesses and residents at prices and speeds that will make us world leaders, attract investment and empower our people, transfers funding from existing fees and transfers existing Department employees to the Commission.

The proposed conference draft differs from the S.D. 1 in part by the deletion of that portion that was intended to address the partial deregulation of telecommunications, in light of the Legislature's adoption last year of Act 180, Session Laws of Hawaii 2009.

In addition, the proposed conference draft includes the regulation of communication services (i.e., telecommunications and video programming) as part of the duties of the Hawai'i Communications Commission. In addition, the Commission shall be responsible to designate the entity to maintain the broadband inventory maps which are currently being developed under a federal American Recovery and Reinvestment Act grant.

Thank you for this opportunity to provide written testimony on this measure.

(Attachment)

Report Title:

Hawaii Broadband commissionerCommunications commission; Broadband Regulation; Broadband Franchising; Broadband Permitting

> Note: A provider recommended use of "Hawaii Broadband Commission" throughout. DCCA prefers "Hawaii Communications Commission" as broadband is not regulated, but is implemented through cable and telecom providers.

Description:

Implements key recommendations of the Hawaii broadband task force by establishing the Hawaii broadband communications commissioner (HCC) in the department of commerce and consumer affairs (DCCA). Transfers functions relating to telecommunications from the public utilities commission to the HCC and functions relating to cable services from DCCA to the HCC. Establishes a work group to develop procedures to streamline state and county broadband regulation, franchising, and permitting and report to the legislature. (SD1)

Broadband - HB0984 HD4 SD1 7 2 DCIA no cable cpa rvs.docBroadband - HB0984 HD4 SD1 7.2

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES TWENTY-FIFTH LEGISLATURE, 2009 STATE OF HAWAII

H.B. NO. ⁹⁸⁴ 5.D. 1

Proposed C.D. 1

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO TECHNOLOGY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. Through Act 2 of the first special session 2 of 2007, the legislature created the Hawaii broadband task 3 force to provide recommendations on how to advance Hawaii's 4 broadband capabilities and use. The legislature finds that 5 advanced broadband services are essential infrastructure 6 for an innovation economy and a knowledge society in the 7 twenty-first century. High-speed broadband services at 8 affordable prices are essential for the advancement of 9 education, health, public safety, research and innovation, 10 civic participation, e-government, economic development and 11 diversification, and public safety and services. The 12 legislature also recognizes the evolution in the manner in 13 which communications and information services are delivered 14 to the consumer, including by wireline, wireless, cable 15 television, and satellite infrastructures, and that the

1	voice, video, and data services provided over these	
2	infrastructures are converging. In order to position	
3	Hawaii for global competitiveness in the twenty-first	
4	century, this Act promotes the following goals:	
5	(1) Access to broadband communications to all	
6	households, businesses, and organizations	
7	throughout the State by 2012 at speeds and	prices
8	comparable to the average speeds and prices	
9	available in the top three performing count	ries
10	in the world;	
11 12 13 14	Note: A provider suggested deleting language after "State" in go DCCA does not concur. This is a stated goal of the Broadband T Force to measure the progress of the commission's efforts.	<u>al # (1).</u> F <u>ask</u>
15	(2) Availability of advanced broadband communic	cations
16	service on a competitive basis to reduce pr	rices,
17	increase service penetration, and improve s	service
18	to all persons in the State;	
19	(3) Increased broadband availability at afforda	able
20	costs to low-income and other disadvantaged	d i
21	groups, including by making low-cost, broad	dband-
22	capable computers available to eligible	
23	recipients;	
24	(4) Increased voluntary sharing of the infrast	ructure
25	used to deploy broadband in order to speed	up
26	implementation, reduce costs to providers,	reduce

1	underlying costs to providers through incentives	
2	rather than eminent domain procedures, ease	
3	deployment of broadband, and ease entry into a	
4	competitive broadband marketplace;	
5 6 7 8 9	Notes: Changes made to allay the concerns of providers regarding the eminent domain procedures provision. They also have concerns regarding "sharing of infrastructure" which DCCA addressed by specifying that the sharing is voluntary.	
10	(5) Increased, flexible, timely, and responsible	
11	access to public rights-of-way and public	
12	facilities for broadband service providers; and	
13	(6) A more streamlined permit approval process that	
14	reduces the time and cost of infrastructure	
15	deployment, to be created jointly by disparate	
16	permitting agencies, stakeholders, and other	
17	interested parties.	
18	SECTION 2. The purpose of this Act is to establish	
19	the Hawaii broadband _communications_commissioner as an	
20	independent agency that is attached to the department of	
21	commerce and consumer affairs for administrative purposes	
22	only and require the commissioner to:	
23	(1) Investigate, promote, and ensure the growth and	
24	development of broadband infrastructure within	
25	the State in accordance with the aforementioned	
26	goals;	

1 Champion the State's broadband, (2)2 telecommunications, and video programming 3 services interests before the federal government, 4 including the United States Congress, the 5 executive branch of the United States, and the 6 Federal Communications Commission; and state and 7 local agencies, including the governor, the 8 legislature, and county governments; 9 (3) Maintain close working relationships with 10 community groups, civic associations, industry 11 trade organizations, industry leaders, and other 12 stakeholders to ensure that the State's interests 13 and concerns are understood; 14 (4) Develop state policies relating to the provision 15 of broadband communications services and 16 interstate and international communications 17 services and facilities serving or transiting the 18 State of Hawaii; 19 (5) Facilitate the construction and voluntary sharing of shared telecommunications and broadband 20 21 infrastructure and expand the introduction and 22 capabilities of advanced broadband communications 23 services where appropriate and permissible under 24 federal lawnot prohibited by federal law;

1 2 3 4	Notes: Providers agreed to the change. The "not prohibited by/under federal law" language was incorporated at the request of providers here and throughout the bill.
5	(6) <u>Consolidate the regulation of telecommunications</u>
6	carriers currently regulated by the public
7	utilities commission and cable operators
8	currently regulated by the director of commerce
9	and consumer affairs, to cCreate a unified agency
10	to allowan environment that encourages businesses
11	to provideing broadband, telecommunications, and
12	video programming services, and to make their
13	services more readily available to the public;
14 15 16	Notes: Changes made to address the concerns of providers and to more accurately reflect broadband goals.
17	(4)(7) <u>Promptly</u> Further examine rate regulation for
18	telecommunications carriers, including
19	alternatives such as price cap regulation; and
20 21 22 23 24	Notes: Changes made to more accurately reflect broadband goals and the fact that telcom rate regulation is being immediately impacted by this bill
	(5) (8) Investigate the possibility of
25	implementating on of incentive regulation for
26	telecommunications carriers to increase
27	investment in broadband infrastructure within the
28	State.
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1 Notes: Change made at the request of a provider. 2 3 (9) Administer special federal funding programs 4 designed to stimulate the economy through 5 investments in broadband programs and services. 6 Notes: Language included at the request of a provider. 7 SECTION 3. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by 8 adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to 9 read as follows: 10 "CHAPTER 11 HAWAII BROADBAND COMMISSIONERCOMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION 12 PART I. GENERAL PROVISIONS 13 Note: Providers recommended changes to the definitions. However, 14 DCCA prefers that the bill's provisions remain consistent with current law. 15 Also, the proposed changes were repetitive and conflicted with the current 16 language in the bill and statute. Consequently, DCCA did not make the 17 changes. 18 19 -1 Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless 5 20 the context otherwise requires: 21 "Access organization" means any nonprofit organization 22 designated by the commissioner to oversee the development, 23 operation, supervision, management, production, or 24 broadcasting of programs for any channels obtained under 25 section -67, and any officers, agents, and employees of 26 an organization with respect to matters within the course 27 and scope of their employment by the access organization.

"Applicant" means a person who initiates an
 application or proposal.

3 "Application" means an unsolicited filing.
4 "Basic cable service" means any service tier that
5 includes the retransmission of local television broadcast
6 signals.

7 "Broadband" means an "always on" data networking
8 service that enables end users to access to the Internet
9 and use of a variety of services and applications, at
10 minimum speeds set by the commissioner.

11 12 Notes: Changes made for purposes of clarification.

"Cable franchise" means a nonexclusive initial
authorization, or renewal thereof issued pursuant to this
chapter, whether the authorization is designated as a
franchise, permit, order, contract, agreement, or
otherwise, which authorizes the construction or operation
of a cable system.

19 "Cable operator" means any person or group of persons20 who:

21 (1) Provides cable service over a cable system and
22 directly or through one or more affiliates owns a
23 significant interest in the cable system; or

1	(2)	Otherwise controls or is responsible for, through
2		any arrangement, the management and operation of
3		a cable system.
4	"Cab	le service" means:
5	(1)	The one-way transmission to subscribers of video
6		programming or other programming service; and
7	(2)	Subscriber interaction, if any, which is required
8		for the selection of video programming or other
9		programming service.
10	"Cab	le system" means any facility within this State
11	consistin	g of a set of closed transmission paths and
12	associate	d signal generation, reception, and control
13	equipment	that is designed to provide cable service which
14	includes	video programming and which is provided to
15	multiple	subscribers within a community, but does not
16	include a	facility:
17	(1)	That serves only to retransmit the television
18		signals of one or more television broadcast
19		stations;
20	(2)	That serves only subscribers in one or more
21	5	multiple unit dwellings under common ownership,
22		control, or management, unless that facility or
23		facilities uses any public right-of-way; or

1 (3) Of a telecommunications carrier subject in whole 2 or in part to the provisions of part II of this 3 chapter, except to the extent that those 4 facilities provide video programming directly to 5 subscribers. 6 "Carrier of last resort" means a telecommunications 7 carrier designated by the commissioner to provide universal 8 service in a given local exchange service area determined 9 to be lacking in effective competition. 10 "Department" means the department of commerce and 11 consumer affairs. 12 "Designated local exchange service area" means an area 13 as determined by the commissioner to be best served by 14 designating a carrier of last resort pursuant to section 15 -413. 16 "Director" means the director of commerce and consumer 17 affairs. 18 "Facility" includes all real property, antennae, 19 poles, supporting structures, wires, cables, conduits, 20 amplifiers, instruments, appliances, fixtures, and other 21 personal property used by a cable operator in providing 22 service to its subscribers.

1 "Hawaii communications commissionbroadband 2 commissioner" or "commissioner" has the same meaning as in 3 section -2. 4 "Institution of higher education" means an academic 5 college or university accredited by the Western Association 6 of Schools and Colleges. 7 "Other programming service" means information that a 8 cable operator makes available to all subscribers 9 generally. 10 "Person" means an individual, partnership, 11 association, joint stock company, trust, corporation, or 12 governmental agency. 13 "Proposal" means a filing solicited by the 14 commissioner. 15 "Public, educational, or governmental access 16 facilities" or "PEG access facility" means: 17 (1) Channel capacity designated for public, 18 educational, or governmental uses; and 19 (2) Facilities and equipment for the use of that 20 channel capacity. 21 "Public, educational, or governmental access 22 organization" or "PEG access organization" means any person 23 or entity that provides public, educational, or 24 governmental access services.

"Public place" includes any property, building,
 structure, or body of water to which the public has a right
 of access and use.

4 "School" means an academic and non-college type
5 regular or special education institution of learning
6 established and maintained by the department of education
7 or licensed and supervised by that department and includes
8 | charter schools as defined in chapter 302B.

9 "Service area" means the geographic area for which a10 | cable operator has been issued a cable franchise.

11 "Telecommunications carrier" or "telecommunications 12 common carrier" means any person that owns, operates, 13 manages, or controls any facility used to furnish 14 telecommunications services for profit to the public, or to 15 classes of users as to be effectively available to the 16 public, engaged in the provision of services, such as 17 voice, data, image, graphics, and video services, that make 18 use of all or part of their transmission facilities, 19 switches, broadcast equipment, signaling, or control 20 devices.

21 "Telecommunications service" or "telecommunications"
22 means the offering of transmission between or among points
23 specified by a user, of information of the user's choosing,
24 including voice, data, image, graphics, and video without

change in the form or content of the information, as sent
 and received, by means of electromagnetic transmission, or
 other similarly capable means of transmission, with or
 without benefit of any closed transmission medium, and does
 not include cable service as defined in this section.

6 "Video programming" means programming provided by, or
7 generally considered comparable to programming provided by,
8 a television broadcast station.

9 ş -2 Hawaii broadband communications commission; establisheder. There shall be established the Hawaii 10 11 broadband communications commissioner as an independent 12 agency that is attached to the department of commerce and 13 consumer affairs for administrative purposes only. 14 3 -3 Hawaii communications commissioner. The 15 commission shall be under the supervision and control of 16 the Hawaii communications commissioner, implementation of 17 this chapter shall be placed under the supervision and 18 control of the Hawaii broadband commissioner, who shall be 19 exempt from chapter 76 and shall be appointed by the 20 governor, with the advice and consent of the senate. The 21 commissioner shall be responsible for the performance of 22 the duties imposed upon the commission to implement this 23 chapter.

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1 2 3	Notes: HTC, TWT, and AT&T prefer 3 commissioners. As DCCA's goal is to reduce costs, improve timeliness, and enhance flexibility, we prefer one commissioner.
4 5	§ -43 Deputy commissioner. The commissioner may
6	appoint a deputy commissioner, who shall be exempt from
7	chapter 76. The commissioner may, at pleasure, dismiss the
8	deputy commissioner. The deputy commissioner shall have
9	the power to perform any act or duty assigned by the
10	commissioner and shall be acting commissioner if, for any
11	reason, the commissioner is unable to perform the duties of
12	commissioner, until a new commissioner is appointed.
13	§ -54 Employment of commissioner assistants
14	personnel. (a) The commissioner may appoint and employ
15	elerks, stenographers office assistants, agents, engineers,
16	accountants, and other_ _psolstants persennel, with or
17	without regard to chapter 76; provided that:
18	(1) The commissioner may employ utility and cable
19	analysts exempt from chapter 76; and
20	(2) Each analyst shall possess at least the minimum
21	qualifications required of comparable experts in
22	the relevant industry.
23	(b) The commissioner may appoint and, at pleasure,
24	dismiss hearings officers as may be necessary, with or
25	without regard to chapter 76.

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1 (c) The commissioner may, with the consent of the 2 director, utilize staff including_-plerker Formatted: Highlight 3 stenographereoffice assistants, agents, engineers, 4 accountants, hearings officers, and other accistants Formatted: Highlight 5 personnel from the department, as the commissioner finds 6 necessary for the performance of the commissioner's 7 functions, and define their powers and duties. 8 Notes: Changes made per ATG and DHRD to accurately reflect current 9 position classifications. 10 11 (d) The commissioner may appoint one or more 12 attorneys independent of the attorney general who shall act 13 as attorney(s) for the commissioner and shall be exempt 14 from chapter 76. The commissioner shall define their 15 powers and duties and fix their compensation. 16 (e) With the consent of the director, the 17 commissioner may utilize from the department, one or more 18 attorneys independent of the attorney general who shall act 19 as attorney(s) for the commissioner and shall be exempt 20 from chapter 76. The commissioner shall define the powers 21 and duties of the attorneys and fix their compensation. 22 s -65 Terms. The commissioner shall be appointed 23 for a term of six years and shall not serve more than 24 twelve consecutive years. Each commissioner shall hold 25 office until the commissioner's successor is appointed and

confirmed. Section 26-34 shall not apply insofar as it
 relates to the number of terms and consecutive number of
 years a commissioner may serve.

4 § -76 Salary. The salary of the commissioner shall
5 be set equal to that of the chairperson of the public
6 utilities commission pursuant to section 269-2.

7 § -87 General powers and duties. (a) The
8 commissioner shall have the authority expressly conferred
9 upon the commissioner by, or reasonably implied from, the
10 provisions of this chapter.

11 (b) The commissioner shall have general supervision 12 over all telecommunications carriers and cable operators 13 and shall perform the duties and exercise the powers 14 imposed or conferred upon it by this chapter, as permitted 15 by federal law.where not prohibited by federal law.

16 (c) The commissioner has the authority to adopt rules
17 pursuant to chapter 91 necessary for the purposes of this
18 chapter.

19 (d) The commissioner shall have general supervision
20 over public, educational, or governmental access facilities
21 and public, educational, or governmental access
22 organizations.

23 § -98 <u>TelecCommunications development duties</u>. (a)
24 The commissioner shall strive to ensure that all consumers

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1 are provided with nondiscriminatory, reasonable and 2 equitable access to high quality telecommunications network 3 facilities and capabilities that provide subscribers with sufficient network capacity to access information services 4 5 that provide a combination of voice, data, image, and 6 video, and that are available at just, reasonable, and 7 nondiscriminatory fair and affordable rates. 8 Note: Change from "telecommunications" to "communications" was made 9 because this section is in Part I of the new chapter, which covers both cable and telecommunications. 10 11 12 (b) No later than July 1, 2011, the commissioner 13 shall study and develop a comprehensive policy to promote 14 further deployment of broadband communications, including 15 internet access, in the State. The study shall include 16 consideration of communications by wire and radio, 17 including satellite and wireless services. The 18 commissioner shall develop plans and strategies to increase 19 broadband affordability, penetration, and competitive 20 availability in the State. The plans may include making 21 low-cost, broadband-capable computers available to eligible 22 recipients. The plans may also include measures to work 23 with the counties to streamline access to public rights-of-24 ways and public facilities for providers of 25 telecommunications, cable, and broadband services and the 26 permitting and approval processes required for such access.

1	The commission er shall regularly update and revise the		
2	commission er 's studies and findings to ensure that the		
3	State's policies and initiatives remain effective in		
4	promoting the State's interests.		
5 6 7 8	Notes: DCCA agreed to AT&T's suggested language. OTW wanted to change "broadband communications" to "broadband services". DCCA does not agree because it would eliminate reference to infrastructure.		
9 10 11 12	DCCA agreed to TW Telcom suggested language that allows the plans to include measures to streamline access to public rights-of-ways and public facilities		
13	(c) The commissioner shall develop programs and		
14	initiatives intended to encourage and facilitate, where not		
15	prohibited by federal law, the deployment of broadband		
16	communications services in the State and access to those		
17	services by users in the State. The commissioner shall		
18	fund these programs and initiatives using funds collected		
19	pursuant to sections -2423 , -4951 , -73 , -75 ,		
20	and 92-21 and deposited in the commissioner special fund		
21	pursuant to section -21θ . In conjunction with the		
22	funds, or alternatively, the commissioner may seek		
23	appropriations of funds from the State.		
24 25 26 27	Notes: OTW proposed the inclusion of "encourage" and wanted to delete "facilitate". DCCA agreed with the inclusion of "encourage". (d) The commissioner shall develop, and routinely		
28	update, a state policy and formulate positions to be taken		
29	before federal agencies regarding areas outside its		

1 jurisdiction. The commissioner shall advocate on behalf of 2 the State's broadband, telecommunications, and video 3 programming distribution interests before the United States 4 Congress, the executive branch of the United States, and 5 the Federal Communications Commission, and locally before 6 the governor, the state legislature, and municipal and 7 county governments. The commissioner shall also maintain 8 close working relationships with community groups, civic 9 associations, industry trade associations, industry 10 leaders, and other stakeholders to ensure that the State's 11 interests and concerns are understood. 12 (c) The commission shall promptly examine 13 telecommunications rate regulation alternatives including 14 rate-of-return ratemaking and price cap ratemaking. The 15 examination shall include pursuing incentive regulation 16 with local exchange carriers, one goal of which shall be 17 increase broadband competitive availability and

18 affordability to consumer oin the State.
19 (f) The commission shall promptly examine the public
20 utilities commission's telecommunications rules that are
21 being made applicable to the commission by this Act to
22 determine whether amendments are appropriate to achieve the

23 purpose of this chapter.

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1	s	- <u>109</u> Investigative powers. (a) Where not
2	prohibite	d by federal law, t T he commission er shall have
3	power to	examine:
4	(1)	The condition of each telecommunications carrier,
5		cable operator, and PEG access organization;
6	(2)	The manner in which each telecommunications
7		carrier, cable operator, and PEG access
8		organization is operated with reference to the
9		safety or accommodation of the public;
10	(3)	The safety, working hours, and wages of employees
11		of each telecommunications carrier, cable
12		operator, and PEG access organization;
13	(4)	The fares and rates charged by each
14	×.,	telecommunications carrier, cable operator, and
15		PEG access organization;
16	(5)	The value of the physical property of each
17		telecommunications carrier, cable operator, and
18		PEG access organization;
19	(6)	The issuance by each telecommunications carrier,
20		cable operator, and PEG access organization of
21		stocks and bonds, and the disposition of the
22		proceeds thereof;
23	(7)	The amount and disposition of income of each
24		telecommunications carrier, cable operator, and
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1		PEG access organization, and all financial
2		transactions of each telecommunications carrier,
3		cable operator, and PEG access organization;
4	(8)	Business relations of each telecommunications
5		carrier, cable operator, and PEG access
6		organization with other persons, companies, or
7		corporations;
8	(9)	Compliance of each telecommunications carrier,
9		cable operator, and PEG access organization with
10		all applicable state and federal laws and with
11		the provisions of its franchise, charter, and
12		articles of association, if any; and
13	(10)	Classifications, rules, regulations, practices,
14		and service, and all matters of every nature
15	8	affecting the relations and transactions between
16		each telecommunications carrier, cable operator,
17		and PEG access organization and the public or
18		persons or corporations.
19	(b)	The commissioner may investigate any person
20	acting in	the capacity of or engaging in the business of a
21	telecommu	nications carrier within the State of Hawaii
22	without h	aving a certificate of public convenience and
23	necessity	or other authority previously obtained under and

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in compliance with this chapter or the rules adopted under
 this chapter or chapter 269.

3 (c) Any investigation may be made by the commissioner
4 on the commissioner's own motion, and the made be made
5 when requested by the telecommunications carrier, cable
6 operator, or PEG access organization to be investigated, or
7 by any person upon a sworn written complaint to the
8 commissioner, setting forth any prima facie cause of
9 | complaint.

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10 S -110 Delegating powers. Any power, duty, or 11 function vested in the commissioner by this chapter may be 12 exercised, discharged, or performed by any employee of the 13 commissioner employed pursuant to section -54(a), 14 -54(b), or -54(d) acting in the name and by the 15 delegated authority of the commissioner and who the 16 commissioner determines is qualified in the area for which 17 responsibility is being delegated. Any power, duty, or 18 function vested in the commissioner by this chapter may be 19 exercised, discharged, or performed by any employee of the 20 department utilized pursuant to section -54(c) or 21 -54(e) acting in the name and by the delegated authority 22 of the commissioner, with the approval of the director.

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Notes: AT&T's suggestion with DCCA modification

1	S	-121 Annual report and register of orders. The
2	commissio	ner shall prepare and present to the governor,
3	through t	he director, in the month of January in each year
4	a report	respecting the commissioner's actions during the
5	preceding	fiscal year. This report shall include:
6	(1)	Summary information and analytical, comparative,
7		and trend data concerning major regulatory issues
8		acted upon and pending before the commissioner;
9	(2)	Cases processed by the commissioner, including
10		their dispositions;
11	(3)	Telecommunications carrier and cable operator
12		operations, capital improvements, and rates;
13	(4)	Telecommunications carrier and cable operator
14		performance in terms of efficiency and quality of
15		services rendered;
16	(5)	Environmental matters having a significant impact
17		upon telecommunications carriers and cable
18		operators;
19	(6)	Actions of the federal government affecting the
20		regulation of telecommunications carriers and
21		cable operators in the State;
22	(7)	Long- and short-range plans and objectives of the
23		commissioner; and

(8) The commissioner's recommendations respecting legislation and other matters requiring executive and legislative consideration.

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4 Copies of the annual reports shall be furnished by the
5 governor to the legislature. In addition, the commissioner
6 shall establish and maintain a register of all of the
7 commissioner's orders and decisions, which shall be open
8 and readily available for public inspection.

9 -132 Commissioner's investigative authorityies. s 10 In all investigations made by the commissioner, and in all 11 proceedings before the commissioner, the commissioner shall 12 have the same powers respecting administering of oaths, 13 compelling the attendance of witnesses and the production 14 of documentary evidence, examining witnesses, and punishing 15 for contempt, as are possessed by circuit courts. In case 16 of disobedience by any person to any order of the 17 commissioner, or any subpoena issued by the commissioner, 18 or of the refusal of any witness to testify to any matter 19 regarding which the witness may be questioned lawfully, any 20 circuit court, on application by the commissioner, shall 21 compel obedience as in case of disobedience of the 22 requirements of a subpoena issued from a circuit court or a 23 refusal to testify therein. No person shall be excused 24 from testifying or from producing any book, waybill,

1 document, paper, electronic record, or account in any 2 investigation or inquiry by a hearing before the 3 commissioner when ordered to do so, upon the ground that the testimony or evidence, book, waybill, document, paper, 4 5 electronic record, or account required of the person may 6 tend to incriminate the person or subject the person to 7 penalty or forfeiture; but no person shall be prosecuted 8 for any crime, punished for any crime, or subjected to any 9 criminal penalty or criminal forfeiture for or on account 10 of any act, transaction, matter, or thing concerning a matter about which the person has testified under oath or 11 12 produced documentary evidence pursuant to a subpoena. 13 Nothing in this section shall be construed as in any manner 14 giving to any telecommunications carrier, cable operator, 15 PEG access organization, or any person, immunity of any 16 kind. The fees and traveling expenses of witnesses, when 17 mandated to appear, shall be the same as allowed witnesses 18 in the circuit courts and shall be paid by the State out of 19 any appropriation available for the expenses of the 20 commissioner.

S -143 Notices. (a) Whenever an investigation is
undertaken and a hearing is scheduled by the commissioner,
reasonable notice in writing of such fact and of the
subject or subjects to be investigated shall be given to

the telecommunications carrier, cable operator, PEG access 1 2 organization, or the person concerned, and when based upon 3 complaints made to the commissioner as prescribed in 4 -109, a copy of the complaint, and a notice in section 5 writing of the date and place fixed by the commissioner for 6 beginning the investigation, shall be served upon the 7 telecommunications carrier, cable operator, PEG access 8 organization, or the person concerned, or other respondent 9 and the complainant not less than two weeks before the date 10 designated for the hearing.

(b) Any notice provided pursuant to section -38(e), shall plainly state the rate, fare, charge, classification, schedule, rule, or practice proposed to be established, abandoned, modified, or departed from and the proposed effective date thereof and shall be given by filing the notice with the commissioner and keeping it open for public inspection.

(c) Any public hearing held pursuant to section
-38(e), shall be a noticed public hearing or hearings on
the island on which the telecommunications carrier is
situated. Notice of the hearing, with the purpose thereof
and the date, time, and place at which it will open, shall
be given not less than once in each of three weeks
statewide, the first notice being not less than twenty-one

1 days before the public hearing and the last notice being
2 not more than two days before the scheduled hearing. The
3 applicant or applicants shall notify their consumers or
4 patrons of the proposed change in rates and of the time and
5 place of the public hearing not less than one week before
6 the date set, the manner and the fact of notification to be
7 | reported to the commissioner before the date of hearing.

8 S -154 Right to be represented by counsel. At any 9 investigation by or proceeding before the commissioner, the 10 telecommunications carrier, cable operator, PEG access 11 organization, or the person concerned, or other respondent 12 or party and any complainant or permitted intervenor shall 13 have the right to be present and represented by counsel, to 14 present any evidence desired, and to cross-examine any 15 witness who may be called.

16 -165 Commissioner may institute proceedings to S 17 enforce chapter. (a) If the commissioner is of the 18 opinion that any telecommunications carrier, cable 19 operator, PEG access organization, or any person is 20 violating or neglecting to comply with any provision of 21 this chapter or of any rule, regulation, order, or other 22 requirement of the commissioner, or of any provisions of 23 its certificate of public convenience and necessity, 24 franchise, charter, contract, or articles of association,

1 if any, or that changes, additions, extensions, or repairs 2 are desirable in its plant or service to meet the 3 reasonable convenience or necessity of the public, or to ensure greater safety or security, or that any rates, 4 5 fares, classifications, charges, or rules are unreasonable 6 or unreasonably discriminatory, or that in any way it is 7 doing what it ought not to do, or not doing what it ought 8 to do, the commissioner shall in writing inform the 9 telecommunications carrier, cable operator, PEG access organization, or the person and may institute proceedings 10 11 before it as may be necessary, where not prohibited by 12 federal law, to require the telecommunications carrier, 13 cable operator, PEG access organization, or the person to correct any deficiency. In that event, the commissioner 14 15 may by order direct the consumer advocate to appear in the 16 proceeding, to carry out the purposes of this section. The 17 commissioner may examine into any of the matters referred 18 to in section -109, notwithstanding that the same may be 19 within the jurisdiction of any court or other body; 20 provided that this section shall not be construed as in any 21 manner limiting or otherwise affecting the jurisdiction of 22 any court or other body. The commissioner may also revoke 23 or amend any provision of a certificate of public 24 convenience and necessity, franchise, charter, or articles

1	of association, if any, pursuant to section -31 or		
2	-68.		
3 4 5 6 7 8	"telecommunications carriers". As DCCA already has investigative authority over cable providers, OTW's suggestion would reduce the commission's authority. Consequently, DCCA does not agree.		
9	commissioner or its enforcement officer may issue citations		
10	to any person acting in the capacity of or engaging in the		
11	business of a telecommunications carrier or cable operator		
12	within the State, without having a certificate of public		
13	convenience and necessity, franchise, or other authority		
14	previously obtained under and in compliance with this		
15	chapter or the rules adopted thereunder. Citations issued		
16	and persons cited pursuant to this subsection shall be		
17	subject to the following:		
18	(1) The citation may contain an order of abatement		
19	and an assessment of civil penalties as provided		
20	in section -243 . All penalties collected		
21	under this subsection shall be deposited in the		
22	treasury of the State. Service of a citation		
23	issued under this subsection shall be made by		
24	personal service whenever possible, or by		
25	certified mail, restricted delivery, sent to the		

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1 last known business or residence address of the 2 person cited; 3 (2) Any person served with a citation under this 4 subsection may submit a written request to the 5 commissioner for a hearing, within twenty days 6 from the receipt of the citation, with respect to 7 the violations alleged, the scope of the order of 8 abatement, and the amount of civil penalties 9 assessed. If the person cited under this 10 subsection timely notifies the commissioner of 11 the request for a hearing, the commissioner shall 12 afford an opportunity for a hearing under chapter 13 91. The hearing shall be conducted by the 14 commissioner or the commissioner may designate a 15 hearings officer to hold the hearing; 16 (3)If the person cited under this subsection does 17 not submit a written request to the commissioner 18 for a hearing within twenty days from the receipt 19 of the citation, the citation shall be deemed a final order of the commissioner. The 20 21 commissioner may apply to the appropriate court 22 for a judgment to enforce the provisions of any 23 final order, issued by the commissioner or 24 designated hearings officer pursuant to this

1 subsection, including the provisions for 2 abatement and civil penalties imposed. In any 3 proceeding to enforce the provisions of the final 4 order of the commissioner or designated hearings officer, the commissioner need only show that the 5 6 notice was given, that a hearing was held or the 7 time granted for requesting the hearing has run 8 without a request, and a certified copy of the 9 final order of the commissioner or designated 10 hearings officer; and

11 If any party is aggrieved by the decision of the (4) 12 commissioner or the designated hearings officer, 13 the party may appeal to the intermediate 14 appellate court, in the manner provided for in 15 chapter 602; provided that the operation of an 16 abatement order shall not be stayed on appeal 17 unless specifically ordered by the intermediate appellate court after applying the stay criteria 18 19 enumerated in section 91-14(c). The sanctions 20 and disposition authorized under this subsection 21 shall be separate and in addition to all other 22 remedies either civil or criminal provided in any 23 other applicable statutory provision. The 24 commissioner may adopt rules under chapter 91 as

may be necessary to fully effectuate this subsection.

3 -176 Appeals. An appeal from an order of the S 4 commissioner under this chapter shall lie, in the manner 5 provided for in chapter 602. Only a person aggrieved in a 6 contested case proceeding provided for in this chapter may 7 appeal from a final order, or a preliminary order if it is 8 of the nature defined by section 91-14(a). The 9 commissioner may elect to be a party to all matters, from 10 which an order of the commissioner is appealed or any 11 action in any court of law seeking a mandamus, or 12 injunctive or other relief to compel compliance with this 13 chapter, or any rule or order adopted thereunder, or to 14 restrain or otherwise prevent or prohibit any illegal or 15 unauthorized conduct in connection therewith, and file 16 appropriate responsive briefs or pleadings. If there is no 17 adverse party to the appeal, the commissioner shall be a 18 party and shall file responsive briefs or pleadings in 19 defending all orders. The appearance of the commissioner 20 as a party in judicial proceedings in no way limits the 21 participation of persons otherwise qualified to be parties 22 on appeal. The appeal shall not of itself stay the 23 operation of the order appealed from, but the appellate 24 court may stay the order after a hearing upon a motion

1 therefor and may impose conditions it deems proper,
2 including but not limited to requiring a bond, requiring
3 that accounts be kept, or requiring that other measures be
4 taken as ordered to secure restitution of the excess
5 charges, if any, made during the pendency of the appeal, in
6 case the order appealed from is sustained, reversed, or
7 modified in whole or in part.

8 \$ -187 Alternative dispute resolution. The
9 commissioner may require the parties in any matter before
10 the commissioner to participate in nonbinding arbitration,
11 mediation, or other alternative dispute resolution process
12 prior to the hearing.

13 \$ -198 Perjury. Any person who wilfully and
14 knowingly makes under oath any false statement in
15 connection with any investigation by or proceeding before
16 the commissioner shall be guilty of perjury and, upon
17 conviction, shall be subject to the penalty prescribed by
18 law for the offense.

19 § -2019 Telecommunications carriers, cable
20 operators, and PEG access organizations, to furnish
21 information. Every telecommunications carrier, cable
22 operator, PEG access organization, or other person subject
23 to investigation by the commissioner, shall at all times,
24 upon request, furnish to the commissioner all information

1	that the commissioner may require respecting any of the
2	matters concerning which the commissioner is given power to
3	investigate, and shall permit the examination of its books,
4	records, contracts, maps, and other documents related to
5	its operations in or affecting the state by the
6	commissioner or any person authorized by the commissioner
7	in writing to make the examination, and shall furnish the
8	commissioner with a complete inventory of property under
9	its control or management in or affecting the state in the
10	form as the commission er may direct.
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Notes: OTW recommended "in or affecting the state", and DCCA agreed. AT&T suggested the following to be included: "Information and data that the commission requires to be produced by a telecommunications carrier, cable operator, PEG access organization, or other person that is proprietary in nature or qualifies as commercially sensitive information shall be treated and protected as confidential by the commission" DCCA disagrees because the current language already provides the same protection and because it reflects the current statute (§269-8, HRS), under which AT&T is currently regulated. § -210 Hawaii communications cCommissioner special • Formatted: Indent: Left:
24	fund. (a) There is established in the state treasury a
25	<u>communications</u> commissioner special fund to be administered
26	by the commissioner. The proceeds of the fund shall be
27	used by the commission er and the division of consumer
28	advocacy of the department for all expenses incurred in the
29	administration of this chapter, including, without
30	limitation, the operation of programs developed by the

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1 commissioner to develop and construct, or encourage the 2 construction of, broadband infrastructure, make broadband 3 capable services available to low income and disadvantaged 4 persons, or otherwise promote universal availability of 5 communications services. The expenditures of the 6 commissioner shall be in accordance with legislative 7 appropriations. On a quarterly basis an amount not to 8 exceed thirty per cent of the proceeds remaining in the 9 fund shall be allocated to the division of consumer 10 advocacy and deposited in the compliance resolution fund 11 established pursuant to section 26-9(0).

12 (b) All moneys appropriated to, received, and 13 collected by the commissioner that are not otherwise 14 pledged, obligated, or required by law to be placed in any 15 other special fund or expended for any other purpose shall 16 be deposited into the communications commissioner special 17 fund including, but not limited to, all moneys received and 18 collected by the commissioner pursuant to sections 19 -2423, -73. -75, and 92-21. -4951.

20 (c) The commissioner shall submit a report to the
21 legislature detailing all funds received and all moneys
22 disbursed out of the fund prior to the convening of each
23 regular session.

1 (d) The director may transfer any unexpended portion 2 of the franchise fees previously collected to the 3 commissioner by depositing those franchise fees into the 4 commissioner special fund. 5 S -221 Consumer advocate. As the director serves 6 as the consumer advocate to the public utilities commission 7 pursuant to sections 269-51 through 269-55, the 8 commissioner shall recognize the director as the consumer 9 advocate in hearings and proceedings relating to 10 telecommunications before the commissioner. 11 -232 Communications advisory committee. S (a) 12 There is established the communications advisory 13 committee. The committee shall consist of members 14 appointed by the governor as provided in section 26-34. 15 (b) The following shall each provide a list of at 16 least three _____names for the governor's 17 consideration: 18 The president of the senate; (1)19 The speaker of the house of representatives; (2)20 (3) ; 21 (4) ; and 22 (5) _____ 23 The governor shall select one name from each of the 24 lists for appointment to the committee.

Comment [D1]: Conferees need to determine what they want here, DCCA has previously offered a recommendation, which was deleted here.

1 | Note: DCCA added "at least three" for purposes of clarification. 2 3 The communications advisory committee shall meet (C)4 when called by the commissioner and may meet at any other 5 times that the committee deems appropriate; provided that 6 the committee shall meet at least on a quarterly basis. 7 (d) The committee shall advise the commissioner, 8 telecommunications carriers, and cable operators on matters 9 within the jurisdiction of this chapter at the request of 10 the commissioner or any telecommunications carrier or cable 11 operator. The committee may also advise the commissioner 12 and telecommunications carriers and cable operators on the 13 committee's own initiative.

(e) The members of the committee shall serve without
pay but shall be entitled to reimbursement for necessary
expenses, including travel expenses, while attending
meetings and while in discharge of their duties.

18 -243 Penalties. (a) Any telecommunications S 19 carrier, cable operator, or PEG access organization 20 violating, neglecting, or failing in any particular way to 21 conform to or comply with this chapter or any lawful order 22 of the commissioner, including, but not limited to the 23 grounds specified in section -68 for cable operators and 24 PEG access organizations, shall be subject to a civil 25 penalty not to exceed:

1 For telecommunications carriers and cable (1)2 operators, -\$25,000 for each day the violation, 3 neglect, or failure continues; and 4 (2) For PEG access organizations, \$2,500 for each day 5 the violation, neglect, or failure continues; τ 6 to be assessed by the commissioner after a hearing in 7 accordance with chapter 91. The commissioner may order the 8 telecommunications carrier, cable operator, or PEG access 9 organization to cease carrying on its business while the 10 violation, neglect, or failure continues. 11 Note: DCCA changes in response to PEGs' concerns by limiting the 12 amount that they can be fined but retaining the ability to fine them without 13 canceling their contracts if they violate the chapter. 14 15 (b) Notwithstanding subsection (a), any person acting 16 in the capacity of or engaging in the business of a 17 telecommunications carrier or a cable operator in the State 18 without having a certificate of public convenience and 19 necessity, franchise, or other authority previously 20 obtained under and in compliance with this chapter and the 21 rules adopted thereunder may be subject to a civil penalty 22 not to exceed \$5,000 for each offense, and, in the case of 23 a continuing violation, \$5,000 for each day that 24 uncertified activity continues. 25 Upon written application filed within fifteen (C)

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25 (c) Upon written application filed within fifteen26 days after service of an order imposing a civil penalty

1 pursuant to this section, the commissioner may remit or 2 mitigate the penalty upon terms as it deems proper.

3 (d) If any civil penalty imposed pursuant to this
4 section is not paid within the period as the commissioner
5 may direct, the attorney general shall institute a civil
6 action for recovery of the same in circuit court.

7 (e) Any penalty assessed under this section shall be
8 in addition to any other costs, expenses, or payments for
9 which the telecommunications carrier, cable operator, or
10 PEG access organization is responsible under this chapter.

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PART II. TELECOMMUNICATIONS

12 -31 Certificates of public convenience and s 13 necessity. (a) No telecommunications carrier, as defined 14 in section -1, shall commence its business without first 15 having obtained from the commissioner a certificate of 16 public convenience and necessity. Applications for 17 certificates shall be made in writing to the commissioner 18 and shall comply with the requirements prescribed in the 19 commissioner's rules. The application for a certificate of 20 public convenience and necessity shall include the type of 21 service to be performed, the geographical scope of the 22 operation, the type of equipment to be employed in the 23 service, the names of competing telecommunications carriers 24 for the proposed service, a statement of the applicant's

financial ability to render the proposed service, a current
 financial statement of the applicant, and the rates or
 charges proposed to be charged, including the rules
 governing the proposed service.

5 (b) A certificate shall be issued to any qualified 6 applicant, authorizing the whole or any part of the 7 operations covered by the application, if it is found that 8 the applicant is fit, willing, and able to properly perform 9 the proposed services and to conform to the terms, 10 conditions, and rules adopted by the commissioner, and that 11 the proposed service is, or will be, required by the 12 present or future public convenience and necessity; 13 otherwise the application shall be denied. Any certificate 14 issued shall specify the service to be rendered and there 15 shall be attached to the exercise of the privileges granted 16 by the certificate at the time of issuance and from time to 17 time thereafter, reasonable conditions and limitations as a 18 public convenience and necessity may require. The 19 reasonableness of the rates, charges, and tariff rules 20 proposed by the applicant shall be determined by the 21 commissioner during the same proceeding examining the 22 present and future conveniences and needs of the public and 23 qualifications of the applicant, in accordance with the 24 standards set forth in section -38.

1 (c) No telecommunications carrier that, as of July 1, $20\frac{00}{10}$, holds a valid certificate of public convenience and 2 3 necessity, franchise, or charter enacted or granted by the 4 legislative or executive authority of the State or its 5 predecessor governments, or has a bona fide operation as a 6 telecommunications carrier recognized by the public 7 utilities commission, shall be required to obtain, as a 8 result of the enactment of this Act, a new certificate of 9 public convenience and necessity under this section. 10 (d) Any certificate, upon application of the holder 11 and at the discretion of the commissioner, may be amended, 12 suspended, or revoked, in whole or in part. The 13 commissioner after notice and hearing may suspend, amend, 14 or revoke any certificate in part or in whole, if the 15 holder is found to be in wilful violation of any of the 16 provisions of this chapter or with any lawful order or rule 17 of the commissioner adopted thereunder, or with any term, 18 condition, or limitation of the certificate. 19 -32 Location of records. A telecommunications S 20 carrier shall keep and maintain records, books, papers, 21 accounts, and other documents related to its operations in

22 or affecting the state as the commissioner may determine 23 are necessary to effectively regulate the

24 telecommunications carrier, that upon request of the

1 commission, can be made immediately accessible within a
2 time frame determined when requested by the commissioner;
3 provided that the original copies are made available when
4 requested by the commissioner.

Notes: DCCA agrees with OTW's and AT&T's proposed changes.

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6 7 S -33 Annual financial reports. Each annual 8 financial report required to be filed with the commissioner 9 by telecommunications carriers shall include a 10 certification that the report conforms with the applicable 11 uniform system of accounts adopted by the commissioner. 12 The commissioner shall adopt a uniform system of accounts 13 for this purpose.

14 -34 Telecommunications providers and services. 6 15 (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter to the 16 contrary, the commissioner, upon the commissioner's own 17 motion or upon the application of any person, and upon 18 notice and hearing, may exempt a telecommunications carrier 19 or a telecommunications service from any or all of the 20 provisions of this chapter, except the requirements of 21 section -36, upon a determination that the exemption is 22 in the public interest. In determining whether an 23 exemption is in the public interest, the commissioner shall 24 consider whether the exemption promotes state policies in 25 telecommunications, the development, maintenance, and

1	operation	of effective and economically efficient
2	telecommun	nications services, and the furnishing of
3	telecommu	nications services at just and reasonable rates
4	and in a t	fair manner in view of the needs of the various
5	customer :	segments of the telecommunications industry.
6	Among the	specific factors the commissioner may consider
7	are:	
8 9 10 11 12 13	teleco propo comm	CTW proposed changes intending to differentiate itself from mmunications carriers, which follows definitional changes that it also sed. DCCA agrees that OTW is not currently a telecom carrier or non carrier and hence is not subject to chapter 269. Nevertheless, observes no reason to change the current law.
14	(1)	The responsiveness of the exemption to changes in
15		the structure and technology of the State's
16		telecommunications industry;
17	(2)	The benefits accruing to the customers and users
18		of the exempt telecommunications carrier or
19		service;
20	(3)	The impact of the exemption on the quality,
21		efficiency, and availability of
22		telecommunications services;
23	(4)	The impact of the exemption on the maintenance of
24		fair, just, and reasonable rates for
25		telecommunications services;

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1	(5)	The likelihood of prejudice or disadvantage to
2		ratepayers of basic local exchange service
3		resulting from the exemption;
4	(6)	The effect of the exemption on the preservation
5		and promotion of affordable, universal, basic
6		telecommunications services as those services are
7		determined by the commissioner;
8	(7)	The resulting subsidization, if any, of the
9		exempt telecommunications service or provider by
10		nonexempt services;
11	(8)	The impact of the exemption on the availability
12		of diversity in the supply of telecommunications
13		services throughout the State of Hawaii;
14	(9)	The improvements in the regulatory system to be
15		gained from the exemption, including the
16		reduction in regulatory delays and costs;
17	(10)	The impact of the exemption on promoting
18		innovations in telecommunications services;
19	(11)	The opportunity provided by the exemption for
20		telecommunications carriers to respond to
21		competition;
22	(12)	The potential for the exercise of substantial
23		market power by the exempt provider or by a

1 provider of the exempt telecommunications 2 service; and 3 (13)The impact of the exemption on the competitive 4 availability and affordability of broadband and 5 other advanced services to consumers. 6 (b) The commissioner shall expedite, where 7 practicable, the regulatory process with respect to exemptions and shall adopt guidelines under which each 8 9 provider of an exempted service shall be subject to similar 10 terms and conditions. 11 The commissioner may condition or limit any (C) 12 exemption as the commissioner deems necessary in the public 13 interest. The commissioner may provide a trial period for 14 any exemption and may terminate the exemption or continue

15 it for a period and under conditions and limitations as the 16 | commissioner deems appropriate.

17 (d) The commissioner may require a telecommunications 18 provider to apply for a certificate of public convenience 19 and necessity pursuant to section -31; provided that the 20 commissioner may waive any application requirement whenever 21 it deems the waiver to be in furtherance of the purposes of 22 this section. The exemptions under this section may be 23 granted in a proceeding for certification or in a separate 24 proceeding.

(e) The commissioner may waive other regulatory
 requirements under this chapter applicable to
 telecommunications carriers when it determines that
 competition will serve the same purpose as public interest
 regulation.

6 (f) If any provider of an exempt telecommunications 7 service or any exempt telecommunications carrier elects to terminate its service, it shall provide notice of this to 8 9 its customers, the commissioner, and every 10 telecommunications carrier providing basic local exchange 11 service in this State. The notice shall be in writing and 12 given not less than six months before the intended 13 termination date. Upon termination of service by a 14 provider of an exempt service or by an exempt provider, the 15 appropriate telecommunications carrier providing basic 16 local exchange service shall ensure that all customers 17 affected by the termination receive basic local exchange 18 service. The commissioner, upon notice and hearing or by 19 rule, shall determine the party or parties who shall bear 20 the cost, if any, of access to the basic local exchange 21 service by the customers of the terminated exempt service. 22 (g) Upon the petition of any person or upon the 23 commissioner's own motion, the commissioner may rescind any 24 exemption or waiver granted under this section if, after

1	notice and hearing, the commissioner finds that the
2	conditions prompting the granting of the exemption or
3	waiver no longer apply, or that the exemption or waiver is
4	no longer in the public interest, or that the
5	telecommunications carrier has failed to comply with one or
6	more of the conditions of the exemption or applicable
7	statutory or regulatory requirements.
8	(h) For the purposes of this section, the
9	commissioner, upon determination that any area of the State
10	has less than adequate telecommunications service, shall
11	require the existing telecommunications carrier to show
12	cause as to why the commissioner should not authorize an
13	alternative telecommunications carrier for that area under
14	the terms and conditions of this section.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	AT&T proposed a new subsection (i) that specifies that any telecom carrier that holds a valid exemption from the PUC from any HRS provision that is reenacted or made applicable to the HCC, will not need to obtain a new exemption from the HCC. DCCA agrees with the clarification but prefers to address it in Section 56 of the bill, therefore, the proposed language was included there instead of here.
22	§ -35 Application of this chapter. This chapter
23	shall not apply to commerce with foreign nations, or
24	commerce with the several states of the United States,
25	except insofar as the same may be permitted under the
26	Constitution and laws of the United States; nor shall it

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1 apply to telecommunications carriers owned and operated by
2 the State.

3 § -36 Obligations of telecommunications carriers. In accordance with conditions and guidelines established by 4 the commissioner to facilitate the introduction of 5 6 competition into the State's telecommunications 7 marketplace, each telecommunications carrier, upon bona 8 fide request, shall provide services or information 9 services, on reasonable terms and conditions, to an entity 10 seeking to provide intrastate telecommunications, 11 including:

12	(1)	Interconnection to the telecommunications
13		carrier's telecommunications facilities at any
14		technically feasible and economically reasonable
15		point within the telecommunications carrier's
16		network so that the networks are fully
17		interoperable;
18	(2)	The current interstate tariff used as the access
19		rate until such time that the commissioner may
20		adopt a new intrastate local service
21		interconnection tariff pursuant to section
22		-37;
23	(3)	Nondiscriminatory and equal access to any
24		telecommunications carrier's telecommunications

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1		facilities, functions, and the information
2		necessary to the transmission and routing of any
3		telecommunications service and the
4		interoperability of both carriers' networks;
5	(4)	Nondiscriminatory access among all
6		telecommunications carriers, where technically
7		feasible and economically reasonable, and where
8		safety or the provision of existing electrical
9		service is not at risk, to the poles, ducts,
10		conduits, and rights-of-way owned or controlled
11		by the telecommunications carrier, or the
12		commissioner shall authorize access to electric
13		utilities' poles as provided by the joint pole
14		agreement, tariffs, rules, orders, or Federal
15		Communications Commission rules and regulations;
16	(5)	Nondiscriminatory access to the network functions
17		of the telecommunications carrier's
18		telecommunications network, which shall be
19		offered on an unbundled, competitively neutral,
20		and cost-based basis;
21	(6)	Telecommunications services and network functions
22		without unreasonable restrictions on the resale
23		or sharing of those services and functions; and

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1	(7) Nondiscriminatory access of customers to the
2	telecommunications carrier of their choice
3	without the need to dial additional digits or
4	access codes, where technically feasible. The
5	commissioner shall determine the equitable
6	distribution of costs among the authorized
7	telecommunications carriers that will use such
8	access and shall establish rules to ensure
9	access.
10	Where possible, telecommunications carriers shall
11	enter into negotiations to agree on the provision of
12	services or information services without requiring
13	intervention by the commissioner; provided that any
14	agreement shall be subject to review by the commissioner to
15	ensure compliance with the requirements of this section.
16 17 18 19 20 21	Notes: OTW proposed changes to distinguish ILECs from CLECs. However, current language is consistent with current law, under which that distinction is already clear. Consequently, DCCA did not make the changes. § -37 Compensation agreements. The commissioner
22	shall ensure that telecommunications carriers are
23	compensated on a fair basis for termination of
24	telecommunications services on each other's networks,
25	taking into account, among other things, reasonable and
26	necessary costs to each telecommunications carrier of

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1 providing the services in question. Telecommunications 2 carriers may negotiate compensation arrangements, which may 3 include "bill and keep", mutual and equal compensation, or 4 any other reasonable division of revenues pending tariff 5 access rates to be set by the commissioner. Upon failure 6 of the negotiations, the commissioner shall determine the 7 proper methodology and amount of compensation. 8 -38 Regulation of telecommunications carrier 8 9 rates; ratemaking procedures. (a) All rates, fares, 10 charges, classifications, schedules, rules, and practices 11 made, charged, or observed by any telecommunications 12 carrier or by two or more telecommunications carriers 13 jointly shall be just and reasonable and, unless otherwise 14 provided by law, shall be filed with the commission. 15 #Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the rates, fares, 16 classifications, charges, and rules of every 17 telecommunications carrier shall be published by the 18 telecommunications carrier in such manner as the commission 19 may require, and copies shall be furnished to any person on 20 request. 21 The commission may issue an order imposing (b) 22 alternative rate regulation procedures. 23 Tho commission may waive rate regulation and 24 carriers to have pricing

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1	flexibility for services that the commission determines, by	
2	whatever process it determines to be appropriate pursuant	
3	to rule, to be competitive; provided that the rates for:	
4	(1) Basic-telephone service and for services that are	
5	not competitive are regulated and remain just,	
6	reasonable, and nondiscriminatory; and	
7	(2) Universal service is preserved and advanced.	
8	(d) Unless otherwise directed by the commission, a	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", First line: 0"
9	telecommunications carrier may charge any rate for a	
10	service less than or equal to the rate for the service	
11	included in the telecommunications carrier's filed tariff.	
12	The rate charged shall be available at the same terms for	
13	all customers in all geographic locations within the	
14	telecommunications carrier's service area.	
15	(ec) <u>Except as provided in subsections (a) through</u>	
16	(d)Unless otherwise provided by law, no rate, fare, charge,	
17	classification, schedule, rule, or practice, other than one	
18	established pursuant to an automatic rate adjustment clause	
19	previously approved by the commission, shall be	
20	established, abandoned, modified, or departed from by any	
21	telecommunications carrier, except after thirty days'	
22	notice to the commission as prescribed in section -	
23	14(b), and prior approval by the commission for any	
24	increases in rates, fares, or charges. The commission, in	
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1	its discretion and for good cause shown, may allow any
2	rate, fare, charge, classification, schedule, rule, or
3	practice to be established, abandoned, modified, or
4	departed from upon notice less than that provided for in
5	section -14(b). Unless and until the commission waives
6	this requirement, a contested case hearing shall be held in
7	connection with any increase in rates, and the hearing
8	shall be preceded by a public hearing as prescribed in
9	section -14(c), at which the consumers or patrons of the
10	telecommunications carrier may present testimony to the
11	commission concerning the increase. The commission, upon
12	notice to the telecommunications carrier, may:
13	(1) Suspend the operation of all or any part of the
14	proposed rate, fare, charge, classification,
15	schedule, rule, or practice or any proposed
16	abandonment or modification thereof or departure
17	therefrom;
18	(2) After a hearing, by order:
19	(A) Regulate, fix, and change all such rates,
20	fares, charges, classifications, schedules,
21	rules, and practices so that the same shall
22	be just and reasonable;
23	(B) Prohibit rebates and unreasonable
24	discrimination between localities or between
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1	users or consumers under substantially
2	similar conditions;
3	(C) Regulate the manner in which the property of
4	every telecommunications carrier is operated
5	with reference to the safety and
6	accommodation of the public;
7	(D) Prescribe its form and method of keeping
8	accounts, books, and records, and its
9	accounting system;
10	(E) Regulate the return upon its
11	telecommunications carrier property;
12	(F) Regulate the incurring of indebtedness
13	relating to its telecommunications carrier
14	business; and
15	(G) Regulate its financial transactions; and
16	(3) Do all things that are necessary and in the
17	exercise of the commission's power and
18	jurisdiction, all of which as so ordered,
19	regulated, fixed, and changed are just and
20	reasonable, and provide a fair return on the
21	property of the telecommunications carrier
22	actually used or useful for telecommunications
23	carrier purposes.

1	(fd) The commission may in its discretion, after
2	public hearing and upon showing by a telecommunications
3	carrier of probable entitlement and financial need,
4	authorize temporary increases in rates, fares, and charges;
5	provided that the commission shall require by order the
6	telecommunications carrier to return, in the form of an
7	adjustment to rates, fares, or charges to be billed in the
8	future, any amounts with interest, at a rate equal to the
9	rate of return on the telecommunications carrier's rate
10	base found to be reasonable by the commission, received by
11	reason of continued operation that are in excess of the
12	rates, fares, or charges finally determined to be just and
13	reasonable by the commission. Interest on any excess shall
14	commence as of the date that any rate, fare, or charge goes
15	into effect that results in the excess and shall continue
16	to accrue on the balance of the excess until returned.
17	(e g) In any case of two or more organizations,
18	trades, or businesses (whether or not incorporated, whether
19	or not organized in the State, and whether or not
20	affiliated) owned or controlled directly or indirectly by
21	the same interests, the commission may distribute,
22	apportion, or allocate gross income, deductions, credits,
23	or allowances between or among the organizations, trades,
24	or businesses, if it determines that the distribution,

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1	apportionment, or allocation is necessary to adequately
2	reflect the income of any such organizations, trades, or
3	businesses to carry out the regulatory duties imposed by
4	this section.
5	(f h) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, for
6	telecommunications carrier having annual gross revenues of
7	less than \$2,000,000, the commission may make and amend its
8	rules and procedures to provide the commission with
9	sufficient facts necessary to determine the reasonableness
10	of the proposed rates without unduly burdening the
11	telecommunications carrier company and its customers.
12 13 14 15 16	Note: DCCA replaced § -38 with the original § -38 found in S.B. 1680/H.B. 984 with a change to the first sentence in subsection (e) to clarify the application of the subsection. Additionally, most of the provisions in subsection (b) were moved to § -9.
12 13 14 15 16 17	Note: DCCA replaced § -38 with the original § -38 found in S.B. 1680/H.B. 984 with a change to the first sentence in subsection (e) to clarify the application of the subsection. Additionally, most of the provisions in subsection (b) were moved to § -9. § -39 Cross-subsidies. (a) The commissioner shall
12 13 14 15 16 17 18	Note: DCCA replaced § -38 with the original § -38 found in S.B. 1680/H.B. 984 with a change to the first sentence in subsection (e) to clarify the application of the subsection. Additionally, most of the provisions in subsection (b) were moved to § -9. § -39 Cross-subsidies. (a) The commissioner shall ensure that noncompetitive services shall not cross-
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	 Note: DCCA replaced § -38 with the original § -38 found in S.B. 1680/H.B. 984 with a change to the first sentence in subsection (e) to clarify the application of the subsection. Additionally, most of the provisions in subsection (b) were moved to § -9. § -39 Cross-subsidies. (a) The commissioner shall ensure that noncompetitive services shall not cross- subsidize competitive services. Cross-subsidization shall
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 Note: DCCA replaced § -38 with the original § -38 found in S.B. 1680/H.B. 984 with a change to the first sentence in subsection (e) to clarify the application of the subsection. Additionally, most of the provisions in subsection (b) were moved to § -9. § -39 Cross-subsidies. (a) The commissioner shall ensure that noncompetitive services shall not cross- subsidize competitive services. Cross-subsidization shall be deemed to have occurred:
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Note: DCCA replaced § -38 with the original § -38 found in S.B. 1680/H.B. 984 with a change to the first sentence in subsection (e) to clarify the application of the subsection. Additionally, most of the provisions in subsection (b) were moved to § -9. § -39 Cross-subsidies. (a) The commissioner shall ensure that noncompetitive services shall not cross- subsidize competitive services. Cross-subsidization shall be deemed to have occurred: (1) If any competitive service is priced below the
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 21	Note: DCCA replaced § -38 with the original § -38 found in S.B. 1680/H.B. 984 with a change to the first sentence in subsection (e) to clarify the application of the subsection. Additionally, most of the provisions in subsection (b) were moved to § -9. § -39 Cross-subsidies. (a) The commissioner shall ensure that noncompetitive services shall not cross- subsidize competitive services. Cross-subsidization shall be deemed to have occurred: (1) If any competitive service is priced below the total service long-run incremental cost of
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Note: DCCA replaced § -38 with the original § -38 found in S.B. 1680/H.B. 984 with a change to the first sentence in subsection (e) to clarify the application of the subsection. Additionally, most of the provisions in subsection (b) were moved to § -9. § -39 Cross-subsidies. (a) The commissioner shall ensure that noncompetitive services shall not cross- subsidize competitive services. Cross-subsidization shall be deemed to have occurred: (1) If any competitive service is priced below the

If competitive services, taken as a whole, fail 1 (2)2 to cover their direct and allocated joint and 3 common costs as determined by the commissioner. 4 Notes: DCCA does not agree with OTW proposal to change terminology 5 to ILECs in numerous places in § -39. 6 7 (b) The commissioner shall determine the methodology 8 and frequency with which telecommunications carriers 9 calculate total service long-run incremental cost and fully 10 allocated joint and common costs. The total service long-11 run incremental cost of a service shall include an 12 imputation of an amount equal to the contribution that the 13 telecommunications carrier receives from noncompetitive 14 inputs used by alternative providers in providing the same 15 or equivalent service. 16 § -40 Separate affiliate audits. The 17 commissioner shall receive the results of joint 18 federal and state audits required for companies to 19 operate separate affiliates, and obtain and pay for a

federal and state audits required for companies to operate separate affiliates, and obtain and pay for a joint federal and state audit every two years from an independent auditor pursuant to title 47 United States Code section 272(d). The commissioner shall make the results of joint federal and state audits available for public inspection. Note: AT&T proposed to delete the "Separate affiliate audits" section. DCCA does not object to the deletion, as, although the provision reflected existing requirements under federal law, the commission could obtain a copy of the audit simply by requesting a copy from the FCC.

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S -41 Unfair or deceptive acts or practices. The commissioner shall adopt rules prohibiting unfair or deceptive acts or practices by telecommunications carriers and telecommunications service providers including resellers and aggregators of

telecommunications services. Unfair or deceptive acts
or practices may include unauthorized changes in
subscriber carrier selections.Note: AT&T proposed removing
the provision requiring the adoption of rules that prohibit UDAPs and
replace it with language that authorizes the commission to only
investigating complaints. As the bill already provides the commission with
investigatory powers, DCCA removed the UDAP section.
\$ -402 Lifeline telephone rates. (a) The
commissioner shall implement a program to achieve lifeline
telephone rates for residential telephone users. The

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12 commissioner may achieve lifeline telephone rates by using 13 funds collected pursuant to section -4951 and deposited 14 in the <u>communications</u> commissioner special fund pursuant to 15 section -210. In conjunction with such funds, or 16 alternatively, the commissioner may seek appropriations of 17 funds from the State.

(b) For the purposes of this section, "lifeline
telephone rate" means a discounted rate for residential
telephone users identified as elders with limited income
and the handicapped with limited income as designated by
the commissioner.

23 (c) The commissioner shall require every
24 telecommunications carrier providing local telephone
25 service to file a schedule of rates and charges providing a
26 rate for lifeline telephone subscribers.

27 (d) Nothing in this section shall preclude the
28 | commissioner from changing any rate established pursuant to

subsection (a) either specifically or pursuant to any
 general restructuring of all telephone rates, charges, and
 classifications.

4 § -4<u>1</u>³ Carriers of last resort. (a) The
5 commissioner may define and designate local exchange
6 service areas where the commissioner has determined that a
7 single provider will be the most appropriate way to ensure
8 service for these areas.

9 (b) The commissioner shall determine the level of 10 service that is appropriate for each designated local 11 exchange service area and shall invite telecommunications 12 providers to bid for a level of service that is 13 appropriate. The successful bidder shall be designated as the carrier of last resort for the designated local 14 15 exchange service area for a period of time and upon 16 conditions set by the commissioner. In determining the 17 successful bidder, the commissioner shall take into 18 consideration the level of service to be provided, the 19 investment commitment, and the length of the agreement, in 20 addition to the other qualifications of the bidder. 21 (c) The commissioner shall adopt rules pursuant to 22 chapter 91 to carry out this section or adopt the rules

23 provided in chapter 6-81 of the Hawaii Administrative
24 | Rules, which were in effect on July 1, 200910.

1 § -424 Telecommunications relay services for the 2 deaf, persons with hearing disabilities, and persons with 3 speech disabilities. (a) The commissioner shall implement 4 intrastate telecommunications relay services for the deaf, 5 persons with hearing disabilities, and persons with speech 6 disabilities.

7 (b) The commissioner shall investigate the 8 availability of experienced providers of quality 9 telecommunications relay services for the deaf, persons 10 with hearing disabilities, and persons with speech 11 disabilities. The provision of these telecommunications 12 relay services to be rendered on or after July 1, 1992, 13 shall be awarded by the commissioner to the provider or 14 providers the commissioner determines to be best qualified 15 to provide these services. In reviewing the qualifications 16 of the provider or providers, the commissioner shall 17 consider the factors of cost, quality of services, and 18 experience, and other factors as the commissioner deems 19 appropriate.

20 (c) If the commissioner determines that the 21 telecommunications relay service can be provided in a cost-22 effective manner by a service provider or service 23 providers, the commissioner may require every intrastate 24 telecommunications carrier to contract with the provider or

1 providers for the provision of the telecommunications relay
2 | service under the terms established by the commissioner.
3 (d) The commissioner may establish a surcharge to
4 collect customer contributions for telecommunications relay
5 services required under this section.

6 (e) The commissioner may adopt rules to establish a
7 mechanism to recover the costs of administering and
8 providing telecommunications relay services required under
9 this section.

10 (f) The commissioner shall require every intrastate 11 telecommunications carrier to file a schedule of rates and 12 charges and every provider of telecommunications relay 13 service to maintain a separate accounting for the costs of 14 providing telecommunications relay services for the deaf, 15 persons with hearing disabilities, and persons with speech 16 disabilities.

17 (g) Nothing in this section shall preclude the 18 commissioner from changing any rate established pursuant to 19 this section either specifically or pursuant to any general 20 restructuring of all telephone rates, charges, and 21 classifications.

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(h) As used in this section:

23 "Telecommunications relay services" means telephone24 transmission services that provide an individual who has a

1 hearing or speech disability, the ability to engage in 2 communication by wire or radio with a hearing individual in 3 a manner that is functionally equivalent to the ability of an individual who does not have a hearing or speech 4 5 disability to communicate using wire or radio voice 6 communication services. "Telecommunications relay 7 services" includes services that enable two-way 8 communication using text telephones or other non-voice 9 terminal devices, speech-to-speech services, video relay 10 services, and non-English relay services.

11 § -435 Telecommunications number portability. The 12 commissioner shall ensure that telecommunications number 13 portability within an exchange is available, upon request, 14 as soon as technically feasible and economically 15 reasonable. An impartial entity shall administer 16 telecommunications numbering and make the numbers available 17 on an equitable basis.

18 § -446 Emergency telephone service; capital costs; 19 ratemaking. (a) A telecommunications carrier providing 20 local exchange telecommunications services may recover the 21 capital cost and associated operating expenses of providing 22 a statewide enhanced 911 emergency telephone service in the 23 public switched telephone network, through a telephone line 24 surcharge.

1 (b) The commissioner shall require every 2 telecommunications carrier providing statewide enhanced 911 3 emergency telephone service to maintain a separate 4 accounting of the costs of providing an enhanced 911 5 emergency service and the revenues received from related 6 surcharges. The commissioner shall further require that 7 every telecommunications carrier imposing a surcharge shall 8 identify on all customer billing statements the separate 9 line item for enhanced 911 emergency service. 10 (c) This section shall not preclude the commissioner 11 from changing any rate, established pursuant to this 12 section, either specifically or pursuant to any general 13 restructuring of all telephone rates, charges, and 14 classifications. 15 S -457 Issuance of securities. A 16 telecommunications carrier corporation may, on securing the 17 prior approval of the commissioner, and not otherwise, 18 issue stocks and stock certificates, bonds, notes, and 19 other evidences of indebtedness, payable at periods of more 20 than twelve months after the date thereof, for the 21 following purposes and no other, namely: 22 (1) For the acquisition of property;

1	(2)	For the construction, completion, extension, or
2		improvement of or addition to its facilities or
3		service;
4	(3)	For the discharge or lawful refunding of its
5		obligations;
6	(4)	For the reimbursement of moneys actually expended
7		from income or from any other moneys in its
8		treasury not secured by or obtained from the
9		issue of its stocks or stock certificates, or
10		bonds, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness;
11		and
12	(5)	For any of the aforesaid purposes except
13		maintenance of service, replacements, and
14		substitutions not constituting capital
15		expenditure in cases where the corporation has
16		kept its accounts for such expenditures in such
17		manner as to enable the commission er to ascertain
18		the amount of moneys so expended and the purposes
19		for which the expenditures were made, and the
20		sources of the funds in its treasury applied to
21		the expenditures.
22	As u	used in this section, "property" and "facilities",
23	mean prop	perty and facilities used in all operations of a

24 telecommunications carrier corporation whether or not

1 included in its operations or rate base. A
2 telecommunications carrier corporation may not issue
3 securities to acquire property or to construct, complete,
4 extend, improve, or add to its facilities or service if the
5 | commissioner determines that the proposed purpose will have
6 a materially adverse effect on its telecommunications
7 carrier operations.

8 All stocks and every stock certificate, bond, note, or
9 other evidence of indebtedness of a telecommunications
10 carrier corporation not payable within twelve months,
11 issued without an order of the commissioner authorizing the
12 same, then in effect, shall be void.

13 \$ -468 Issuance of voting stock; restrictions.
14 (a) For the purposes of this section:
15 "Foreign corporation" means a foreign corporation as

16 defined in section 235-1 or a corporation in which a 17 majority of the voting stock is held by a single foreign 18 corporation as defined in section 235-1.

19 "Nonresident alien" means a person not a citizen of
20 the United States who is not defined as a resident alien by
21 the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services.

(b) No more than twenty-five per cent of the issued
and outstanding voting stock of a corporation that is
organized under the laws of the State and that owns,

1 controls, operates, or manages any plant or equipment, or 2 any part thereof, as a telecommunications carrier within 3 the definition set forth in section -1 shall be held, 4 whether directly or indirectly, by any single foreign 5 corporation or any single nonresident alien, or held by any 6 person, unless prior written approval is obtained from the 7 commissioner, or unless a transaction is exempt. An exempt 8 transaction is:

9 (1) Any purchase or sale by an underwriter; or
10 (2) A transaction to acquire shares of a corporation
11 with less than one hundred shareholders and less
12 than \$1,000,000 in assets.

Every assignment, transfer, contract, or agreement for
assignment or transfer of any shares in violation of this
section shall be void and of no effect; and no such
transfer shall be made on the books of the corporation.
Nothing in this section shall be construed to make illegal
the holding of stock lawfully held, directly or indirectly,
prior to June 4, 1977.

20 § -479 Acquisition of stock of another
21 telecommunications carrier. No person or entity shall
22 purchase or acquire, take or hold, any part of the capital
23 stock of any telecommunications carrier corporation,
24 organized or existing under or by virtue of the laws of the

State, without having been first authorized to do so by the 1 2 order of the commissioner. Every assignment, transfer, 3 contract, or agreement for assignment or transfer of any 4 stock by or through any person or corporation to any 5 corporation or otherwise in violation of this section shall be void and of no effect; and no such transfer shall be 6 7 made on the books of any telecommunications carrier. 8 Nothing in this section shall be construed to make illegal 9 the holding of stock lawfully acquired before July 1, 1933.

10 -4850 Merger and consolidation of S 11 telecommunications carriers. No telecommunications carrier 12 corporation shall sell, lease, assign, mortgage, or 13 otherwise dispose of or encumber the whole or any part of 14 its road, line, plant, system, or other property necessary 15 or useful in the performance of its duties to the public, 16 or any franchise or permit, or any right thereunder, nor by 17 any means, directly or indirectly, merge or consolidate 18 with any other person or entity without first having 19 secured from the commissioner an order authorizing it so to 20 Every sale, lease, assignment, mortgage, disposition, do. 21 encumbrance, merger, or consolidation, made other than in 22 accordance with the order of the commissioner shall be 23 void.

1 S -4951 Finances; regulatory fee. (a) There shall 2 be paid to the commissioner in the months of July and 3 December of each year, by each telecommunications carrier 4 subject to this chapter, a fee set by the commissioner not 5 to exceed three-tenthsone-fourth of one per cent of the 6 gross income from the telecommunications carrier's business 7 during the preceding year, or the sum of \$30, whichever is 8 greater. The commissioner shall set the fee amount based 9 on its projected budget for the year to administer and 10 enforce this chapter. This fee shall be deposited with the 11 director of finance to the credit of the communications 12 commissioner special fund created pursuant to section 13 -210.

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Note: By agreement of all parties, percentage was changed to revert back to the current 1/4 %.

17 (b) Each telecommunications carrier paying a fee 18 under subsection (a) may impose a surcharge to recover the 19 amount paid above one-eighth of one per cent of gross 20 income. The surcharge imposed shall not be subject to the 21 notice, hearing, and approval requirements of this chapter; 22 provided that the surcharge may be imposed by the 23 telecommunications carrier only after thirty days' notice 24 to the commissioner.

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Notes: By agreement with all providers, subsection (c) is deleted.

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(c) The commissioner, in the commissioner's discretion, may impose additional fees on telecommunications carriers, including to facilitate deployment of broadband communications services in the State, and the fees shall be deposited with the director of finance to the credit of the commissioner special fund created pursuant to section -20.

9 -502 Injury to carrier property. Any person who s 10 injures or destroys, through want of proper care, any 11 necessary or useful facility, equipment, or property of any 12 telecommunications carrier shall be liable to the 13 telecommunications carrier for all damages sustained 14 thereby. The measure of damages to the facility, 15 equipment, or property injured or destroyed shall be the 16 cost to repair or replace the property injured or destroyed 17 including direct and allocated costs for labor, materials, 18 supervision, supplies, tools, taxes, transportation, 19 administrative and general expense, and other indirect or 20 overhead expenses, less credit, if any, for salvage. The 21 specifying of the measure of damages for the facility, 22 equipment, or property shall not preclude the recovery of 23 other damages occasioned thereby as may be authorized by 24 law.

25 § -513 One call center; advance warning to
26 excavators. To finance the establishment and operation of
27 the one call center, pursuant to chapter 269E, and the
28 administrative costs of the commissioner, the commissioner

shall direct telecommunications carriers to pay to the
 public utilities commission a fee in an amount and at a
 schedule determined by the public utilities commission.

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9 10 AT&T proposed language that would allow the Commission to credit telecom carriers for amounts paid under § -51 toward amounts owed in one call center fees under §269E-6(f), HRS. DCCA incorporated amendments to chapter 269E to address AT&T's concerns (see Section 27 of the bill).

PART III. CABLE

\$ -61 Issuance of cable franchises and regulation
of cable operators by the commissioner. The commissioner
shall be empowered to issue cable franchises and otherwise
administer and enforce this part.

15 § -62 Cable franchise required. (a) No person
16 shall construct, operate, or acquire a cable system, or
17 extend an existing cable system outside its designated
18 service area, without first obtaining a cable franchise as
19 provided in this part.

(b) No cable operator that, as of July 1, 200910,
holds a franchise or charter enacted or granted by the
legislative or executive authority of the State or its
predecessor governments, or has a bona fide operation as a
cable operator heretofore recognized by the department,
shall be required to obtain, as a result of the enactment
of this chapter, a new franchise under this section.

1	\$ ·	-63 Application or proposal for cable franchise;
2	fee; certa	ain requirements. (a) No cable franchise shall
3	be issued	except upon written application or proposal
4	therefor	to the commission er , accompanied by a fee set by
5	the commis	ssion er .
6	(b)	An application for issuance of a cable franchise
7	shall be n	made in a form prescribed by the commission er .
8	The appli	cation shall set forth the facts as required by
9	the commi	ssion er to determine in accordance with section
10	-65 wh	ether a cable franchise should be issued,
11	including	facts as to:
12	(1)	The citizenship and character of the applicant;
13	(2)	The financial, technical, and other
14		qualifications of the applicant;
15	(3)	The principals and ultimate beneficial owners of
16		the applicant;
17	(4)	The public interest to be served by the requested
18		issuance of a cable franchise; and
19	(5)	Any other matters deemed appropriate and
20		necessary by the commissioner including, but not
21		limited to, the proposed plans and schedule of
22		expenditures for or in support of the use of
23		public, educational, and governmental access
24	5	facilities, and the competitive availability and

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1 affordability of broadband and other advanced 2 services to consumers. Notes: OTW proposes to delete the last part of subsection (5) in HB 984 3 SD1, and DCCA is in agreement. 4 5 6 (c) A proposal for issuance of a cable franchise 7 shall be accepted for filing in accordance with section -64 only when made in response to the written request of 8 9 the commissioner for the submission of proposals. 10 S -64 Cable franchise application or proposal 11 procedure; public hearing; notice. An application or 12 proposal for a cable franchise shall be processed as 13 follows: 14 (1)After the application or proposal and required 15 fee are received by the commissioner and within a 16 time frame established by rule, the commissioner 17 shall notify the applicant in writing of the 18 acceptance or non-acceptance for filing of the 19 application or proposal for issuance of a cable 20 franchise required by this part; 21 (2)After the issuance of a notice of acceptance for 22 filing and within a time frame established by 23 rule, the commissioner shall hold a public 24 hearing on the application or proposal to afford 25 interested persons the opportunity to submit

data, views, or arguments, orally or in writing. 1 2 Notice thereof shall be given to the governing 3 council and mayor of the county and to any 4 incumbent local exchange carrier or other utility 5 and cable company in the county in which the 6 proposed service area is located. The 7 commissioner shall also give public notice of the 8 application and hearing at least once in each of 9 two successive weeks in the county in which the 10 proposed service area is located. The last 11 notice shall be given at least fifteen days prior 12 to the date of the hearing; 13 (3)After holding a public hearing, the commissioner 14 shall approve the application or proposal in 15 whole or in part, with or without conditions or 16 modifications, or shall deny the application or 17 proposal, with reasons for denial sent in writing 18 to the applicant. If the commissioner does not 19 take final action after the issuance of a notice 20 of acceptance for filing and within a time frame 21 established by rule, the application or proposal 22 shall be deemed denied; and 23 (4) The time limit for final action may be extended, 24 on the commissioner's approval of the applicant's

1 request and justification in writing for an 2 extension of time to the commissioner at least 3 two weeks in advance of the requested effective 4 date of the extension, or by mutual agreement. 5 -65 Issuance of cable franchise authority; S 6 criteria; content. (a) The commissioner is empowered to 7 issue a cable franchise to construct or operate facilities 8 for a cable system upon the terms and conditions provided 9 in this part.

10 11 provided in this part, shall issue a cable franchise to the 12 applicant when the commissioner is convinced that it is in 13 the public interest to do so. In determining whether a 14 cable franchise shall be issued, the commissioner shall 15 take into consideration, among other things, the content of 16 the application or proposal, the public need for the 17 proposed service, the ability of the applicant to offer 18 safe, adequate, and reliable service at a reasonable cost 19 to the subscribers, the suitability of the applicant, the 20 financial responsibility of the applicant, the technical 21 and operational ability of the applicant to perform 22 efficiently the service for which authority is requested, 23 any objections arising from the public hearing, the 24 communications advisory committee established by this

(b) The commissioner, after a public hearing as

chapter, or elsewhere, and any other matters as the
 commissioner deems appropriate in the circumstances.

3 (c) In determining the area that is to be serviced by
4 the applicant, the commissioner shall take into account the
5 geography and topography of the proposed service area, and
6 the present, planned, and potential expansion in facilities
7 or cable services of the applicant's proposed cable system
8 and existing cable systems.

9 (d) In issuing a cable franchise under this part, the 10 commissioner is not restricted to approving or disapproving 11 the application or proposal but may issue it for only 12 partial exercise of the privilege sought or may attach to 13 the exercise of the right granted by the cable franchise 14 terms, limitations, and conditions which the commissioner 15 deems the public interest may require. The cable franchise 16 shall be nonexclusive, shall include a description of the 17 service area in which the cable system is to be 18 constructed, extended, or operated and the approximate date 19 on which the service is to commence and shall authorize the 20 cable operator to provide service for a term of fifteen 21 years or any other term that the commissioner determines to 22 be appropriate.

23 § -66 Requirement for adequate service; terms and
24 conditions of service. (a) Every cable operator shall

provide safe, adequate, and reliable service in accordance
 with applicable laws, rules, franchise requirements, and
 its filed schedule of terms and conditions of service.

4 (b) The commissioner shall require each cable
5 operator to submit a schedule of all terms and conditions
6 of service in the form and with the notice that the
7 | commissioner may prescribe.

8 (c) To the extent not prohibited by federal law, t∓he
9 commissioner shall ensure that the terms and conditions
10 upon which cable service is provided are fair both to the
11 public and to the cable operator, taking into account the
12 geographic, topographic, and economic characteristics of
13 the service area and the economics of providing cable
14 service to subscribers in the service area.

15 § -67 Cable system installation, construction,
16 operation, removal; general provisions. (a) A cable
17 franchise shall be construed to authorize the construction
18 or operation of a cable system within the service area
19 above, below, on, in, or along any highway or other public
20 place and through easements that have been dedicated for
21 compatible purposes.

(b) To the extent not prohibited by federal law, #the
technical specifications, general routes of the
distribution system, and the schedule for construction of

1 | the cable system shall be subject to the commissioner's
2 approval.

3 (c) In installing, operating, and maintaining
4 facilities, the cable operator shall avoid all unnecessary
5 damage and injury to any trees, structures, and
6 improvements in and along the routes authorized by the
7 | commissioner.

8 (d) The cable operator shall indemnify and hold the 9 State and the county harmless at all times from any and all 10 claims for injury and damage to persons or property, both 11 real and personal, caused by the installation, operation, 12 or maintenance of its cable system, notwithstanding any 13 negligence on the part of the State or county, or their 14 employees or agents. Upon receipt of notice in writing 15 from the State or county, the cable operator shall, at its 16 own expense, defend any action or proceeding against the 17 State or county in which it is claimed that personal injury 18 or property damage was caused by activities of the cable 19 operator in the installation, operation, or maintenance of 20 its cable system.

(e) The cable operator shall install and provide basic cable television service at no cost to any school or institution of higher education within its service area as determined by the commissioner; provided that service is \$

1 actually being delivered within a reasonable distance from 2 the school or institution of higher education which may 3 request service. HTC opposes requiring cable providers to "install" cable television service 4 at schools. However, current law (§440G-8.2(e), HRS) already requires 5 6 cable operators to provide a "cable drop" to schools, which includes the 7 concept of "installation". 8 9 (f) The cable operator shall designate and activate 10 three or more channels for public, educational, or 11 governmental use. The commissioner may initiate, or a PEG 12 access organization, educational institution, or government 13 agency, may, at any time, request the commissioner to have 14 the cable operator designate and activate additional 15 channels; provided that the commissioner shall have the 16 sole discretion to grant, deny, or modify the request based 17 upon the best interest of the public, requester, cable 18 operator, and the State. 19 The Hawaii broadband commissioner communications 20 commission shall have the authority to designate and select 21 PEG access organizations pursuant to administrative rules 22 adopted in accordance with chapter 91. The commissioner 23 shall consider input from the public and take into 24 consideration the First Amendment rights of individuals who 25 utilize PEG access services when promulgating adopting 26 those rules.

Comment [D2]: Chapter 91, HRS, provides that rules may be adopted, amended, or repealed...rules are not promulgated.

1	PEG access organization assets include, but are not
2	limited to equipment, facilities, cash, financial assets
3	and instruments, land, and buildings. These assets will be
4	available to the PEG access organization designated by the
5	Hawaii communications commission to provide PEG services in
6	a particular service area. If the contract between the
7	Hawaii communications commission and a PEG access
8	organization is terminated or cancelled, these PEG assets
9	will be held in trust for the benefit of PEG services until
10	a new PEG access organization is designated by the Hawaii
11	communications commission.
12 13 14 15 16 17 18	DCCA proposes to reinsert the PEG asset language that was deleted in the SD1. Because the bill proposes to exempt the PEG contracts from chapter 103D, there is a need for oversight of the assets. The asset provision safeguards the continuity of the assets that were purchased with cable subscriber funds. (g) Upon termination of the period of the cable

19 franchise or permit or of any renewal thereof, by passage 20 of time or otherwise, the cable operator shall remove its 21 facilities from the highways and other public places in, 22 on, over, under, or along which they are installed if so 23 ordered by the commissioner and shall restore the areas to 24 their original or other acceptable condition, or otherwise 25 dispose of same. If removal is not completed within six 26 months of the termination, any property not removed shall

1 be deemed to have been abandoned and the cable operator
2 shall be liable for the cost of its removal.

3 The use of public highways within the meaning of (h) 4 section 264-1 and other public places shall be subject to: 5 (1) All applicable state statutes and all applicable 6 rules and orders of the public utilities 7 commission and the commissioner governing the 8 construction, maintenance, and removal of 9 overhead and underground facilities of public 10 utilities; (2) For county highways, all applicable public 11 12 welfare rules adopted by the governing body of 13 the county in which the county highways are 14 situated; 15 (3) For state or federal-aid highways, all public 16 welfare rules adopted by the director of 17 transportation; and 18 (4) For the relocation of cable facilities, the 19 provisions of section 264-33 concerning the 20 allocation of expenses for the relocation of 21 utility facilities.

(i) In the use of easements dedicated to compatiblepurposes, the cable operator shall ensure:

1	(1)	That the safety, functioning, and appearance of
2		the property and the convenience and safety of
3		other persons are not adversely affected by the
4		installation or construction of facilities
5		necessary for a cable system;
6	(2)	That the cost of the installation, construction,
7		operation, or removal of facilities is borne by
8		the cable operator or subscribers, or a
9		combination of both; and
10	(3)	That the owner of the property is justly
11		compensated by the cable operator for any damages
12		caused by the installation, construction,
13		operation, or removal of facilities by the cable
14		operator.
15	(j)	Contracts between the commission $\frac{1}{2}$ and PEG access
16	organizat	ions for PEG access services shall be exempt from
17	the requi	rements of chapter 103D.
18 19 20 21 22	SPO wants the PEG selection and designation process to be in accordance with chapter 103D, HRS. DCCA disagrees and supports the exemption. \$ -68 Complaints; violations; revocation,	
23	alteratio	on, or suspension of cable franchise. (a)
24	Subscribe	er complaints regarding the operation of a cable
25	system ma	y be made orally or in writing to the

. .

1	COMMISSIO	ner. The commissioner shall resolve complaints
2	informall	y when possible.
3	(b)	Any cable franchise issued hereunder after
4	hearing i	n accordance with chapter 91 may be revoked,
5	altered,	or suspended by the commission er as the
6	commissio	n er deems necessary on any of the following
7	grounds:	
8	(1)	For making material false or misleading
9		statements in, or for material omissions from,
10		any application or proposal or other filing made
11		with the commissioner;
12	(2)	For failure to maintain signal quality under the
13	a.	standards prescribed by the commissioner;
14	(3)	For any sale, lease, assignment, or other
15		transfer of its cable franchise without consent
16		of the commissioner;
17	(4)	Except when commercially impracticable, for
18		unreasonable delay in construction or operation
19		or for unreasonable withholding of the extension
20		of cable service to any person in a service area;
21	(5)	For violation of the terms of its cable
22		<pre>franchise;</pre>
23	(6)	For failure to comply with this chapter or any
24		rules or orders prescribed by the commissioner;

| ·

1 For violation of its filed schedule of terms and (7) 2 conditions of service; and 3 (8) For engaging in any unfair or deceptive act or 4 practice as prohibited by section 480-2. 5 -69 Renewal of cable franchise. Any cable S 6 franchise issued pursuant to this part may be renewed by 7 the commissioner upon approval of a cable operator's 8 application or proposal therefor. The form of the 9 application or proposal shall be prescribed by the 10 commissioner. The periods of renewal shall be not less 11 than five nor more than twenty years each. The 12 commissioner shall require of the applicant full 13 disclosure, including the proposed plans and schedule of 14 expenditures for or in support of the use of public, 15 educational, or governmental access facilities and 16 broadband facilities. 17 S -70 Transfer of cable franchise. (a) No cable 18 franchise, including the rights, privileges, and 19 obligations thereof, may be assigned, sold, leased, 20 encumbered, or otherwise transferred, voluntarily or

21 involuntarily, directly or indirectly, including by 22 transfer of control of any cable system, whether by change 23 in ownership or otherwise, except upon written application

to and approval by the commissioner. The form of the
 application shall be prescribed by the commissioner.
 (b) Sections -64 and -65 shall apply to the
 transfer of cable franchises.

5 \$ -71 Rate, filed with the commissioner; approval.
6 (a) The commissioner shall require each cable operator to
7 file a schedule of its rates of service on a form and with
8 the notice that the commissioner may prescribe.

9 (b) To the extent permitted by federal law, the
10 commissioner shall regulate rates to ensure that they are
11 fair both to the public and to the cable operator.

12 § -72 Reports. Each cable operator shall file with 13 the commissioner reports of its financial, technical, and 14 operational condition and its ownership within or affecting 15 the state. The reports shall be made in a form and on the 16 time schedule prescribed by the commissioner and shall be 17 kept on file open to the public.

18 § -73 Annual fees. (a) Each cable operator shall
19 pay an annual fee to be determined by the commissioner.
20 The fees so collected under this section shall be deposited
21 into the <u>communications</u> commissioner special fund
22 established under section -210.

1 (b) The commissioner shall adjust the fees assessed 2 under this section, as necessary from time to time, 3 pursuant to rules adopted in accordance with chapter 91. 4 -74 Criminal and civil liability. Nothing in S 5 this chapter shall be deemed to affect the criminal and 6 civil liability of cable programmers, cable operators, or 7 public, educational, or governmental access organizations 8 pursuant to the federal, state, or local laws regarding 9 libel, slander, obscenity, incitement, invasions of 10 privacy, false or misleading advertising, or other similar 11 laws, except that no public, educational, or governmental 12 access organization shall incur any liability arising from, 13 based on, or related to any program not created by the 14 public, educational, or governmental access organization, 15 which is broadcast on any channel obtained under section 16 -67, or under similar arrangements. 17 S -75 Use of American Recovery and Reinvestment Act 18 of 2009, federal funds from fiscal year 2009 and fiscal 19 year 2010 appropriation measures, and other federal 20 moneys. (a) The commissioner may apply for, and expend, 21 federal moneys from the American Recovery and Reinvestment 22 Act of 2009, federal funds from fiscal year 2009 and fiscal 23 year 2010 appropriation measures, and other applicable

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federal acts.

(b) The commissioner may purchase broadband
 facilities, services, or equipment and may enter into
 contracts for broadband-related projects, through the
 commissioner special fund, using moneys from the American
 Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, federal funds from
 fiscal year 2009 and fiscal year 2010 appropriation
 measures, and other applicable federal acts.

8 (c) The commissioner may establish a separate account 9 within the communications commissioner special fund and 10 assign to that account federal moneys appropriated under 11 federal laws that authorize principal forgiveness, zero and 12 negative interest loans, and grants, including without 13 limitation the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 14 2009, federal funds from fiscal year 2009 and fiscal year 15 2010 appropriation measures, and other applicable federal 16 acts. The commissioner may use those moneys and, in so 17 doing, may include additional requirements and 18 subsidization not applicable to the remainder of the 19 communications commissioner special fund, including 20 forgiveness of principal and zero and negative interest 21 loans.

(d) Any moneys applied for or received by the
department under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act
of 2009 or federal funds from fiscal year 2009 and fiscal

1 year 2010 appropriation measures for uses related to the 2 purpose of this chapter and not yet encumbered shall be 3 transferred to the commissioner special fund upon its 4 establishment.

5 (e) The commissioner shall certify that a project has 6 been identified for expenditure of funds received pursuant 7 to the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 and 8 is entitled to priority over other eligible projects on the basis of the overall public benefit associated with the 9 10 project and financial needs, as well as a preference to 11 those projects that can be started and completed 12 expeditiously as stipulated under the American Recovery and

13 Reinvestment Act of 2009.

18

19

20 21 22

(f) Contracts or purchases hereunder using moneys
from the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 or
federal funds from fiscal year 2009 and fiscal year 2010
appropriation measures shall be exempt from chapter 103D.

Notes: SPO recommends deleting subsection (f) because SB 21 SD2 and HB 1184 HD2 address the issue. DCCA recommends that subsection (f) be retained at least until those other bills pass.

(g) For the purposes of this section:

"American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009" means
the federal law, P.L. 111-5, making appropriations for
various purposes, including job preservation and creation,
infrastructure investment, energy efficiency and science,

1 assistance to the unemployed, and state and local fiscal 2 stabilization purposes. 3 -76 Broadband inventory maps and other S 4 requirements. The Hawaii broadband 5 commissionercommunications commission shall designate the 6 entity within the State to be responsible for developing 7 and maintaining broadband inventory maps, as well as other 8 initiatives, as described in the American Recovery and 9 Reinvestment Act of 2009 (P.L. 111-5) and section 106 of 10 the Broadband Data Improvement Act (P.L. 110-385). If 11 permitted not prohibited by federal law, the commissioner 12 may contract with service providers to develop the 13 broadband inventory maps and implement other related 14 requirements pursuant to this section. Subject only to any 15 limitations imposed by federal law, all providers of 16 telecommunications, cable, or broadband infrastructure and 17 services in Hawaii shall be required to furnish information 18 requested by the broadband commissioner in support of 19 broadband mapping, reporting, and data-driven policy 20 support. Proprietary data on private infrastructure 21 furnished by private providers shall be protected from 22 disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act or Uniform 23 Information Practices Act and shall be made available to 24 the public only in a summarized form that appropriately

1	protects the proprietary concerns of those private
2	providersExcept as provided in this chapter, proprietary
3	data on private infrastructure, including reports, working
4	papers, recorded information, documents and copies thereof,
5	produced by, obtained by, or disclosed to the commission or
6	any other person in the course of developing and
7	maintaining the broadband maps and other requirements of
8	this section, shall be confidential by law and privileged,
9	shall not be subject to disclosure under chapter 92F, shall
10	not be subject to subpoena, and shall not be subject to
11	discovery or admissible in evidence in any private civil
12	action. The data may be made available to the public only
13	in a summarized form that appropriately protects the
14	proprietary concerns of those private providers.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Notes: Mainland providers object to being required to provide confidential data despite the protections provided in the proposal. From DCCA's perspective, this makes the mapping exercise an illusion. The confidentiality language was changed to address the concerns of providers and is based on §431E-14, HRS. The Hawaii broadband commissionercommunications
23	commission shall have the authority to designate economic
24	zones, pursuant to the requirements of the American
25	Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (P.L. 111-5), for the
23 26	
	explicit purpose of applying for and expending moneys that the state may receive pursuant to the federal act, anywhere
27	

1 in the State at a location that may be identified as a 2 strategic site to create facilities that will stimulate job. 3 growth." Note: New language clarifies the purpose of authorizing the commission 4 5 to designate "economic zones". 6 7 SECTION 4. Section 26-9, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 8 amended by amending subsection (o) to read as follows: 9 AT&T proposed language that would exclude telecom carriers from paying 10 DCCA's license annual fee. AT&T's concerns are addressed by new language later in subsection (o). 11 12 13 "(o) Every person licensed under any chapter within 14 the jurisdiction of the department of commerce and consumer 15 affairs and every person licensed subject to chapter 485A 16 or registered under chapter 467B shall pay upon issuance of 17 a license, permit, certificate, or registration a fee and a 18 subsequent annual fee to be determined by the director and 19 adjusted from time to time to ensure that the proceeds, 20 together with all other fines, income, and penalties 21 collected under this section, do not surpass the annual 22 operating costs of conducting compliance resolution 23 activities required under this section. The fees may be 24 collected biennially or pursuant to rules adopted under 25 chapter 91, and shall be deposited into the special fund 26 established under this subsection. Every filing pursuant 27 to chapter 514E or section 485A-202(a)(26) shall be

1 assessed, upon initial filing and at each renewal period in 2 which a renewal is required, a fee that shall be prescribed 3 by rules adopted under chapter 91, and that shall be 4 deposited into the special fund established under this subsection. Any unpaid fee shall be paid by the licensed 5 6 person, upon application for renewal, restoration, 7 reactivation, or reinstatement of a license, and by the 8 person responsible for the renewal, restoration, 9 reactivation, or reinstatement of a license, upon the 10 application for renewal, restoration, reactivation, or 11 reinstatement of the license. If the fees are not paid, 12 the director may deny renewal, restoration, reactivation, 13 or reinstatement of the license. The director may 14 establish, increase, decrease, or repeal the fees when 15 necessary pursuant to rules adopted under chapter 91. The 16 director may also increase or decrease the fees pursuant to 17 section 92-28.

18 There is created in the state treasury a special fund 19 to be known as the compliance resolution fund to be 20 expended by the director's designated representatives as 21 provided by this subsection. Notwithstanding any law to 22 the contrary, all revenues, fees, and fines collected by 23 the department shall be deposited into the compliance 24 resolution fund. Unencumbered balances existing on June

1 30, 1999, in the cable television fund under chapter 440G, 2 the division of consumer advocacy fund under chapter 269, the financial institution examiners' revolving fund, 3 4 section 412:2-109, the special handling fund, section 5 414-13, and unencumbered balances existing on June 30, 6 2002, in the insurance regulation fund, section 431:2-215, 7 shall be deposited into the compliance resolution fund. 8 This provision shall not apply to any fee imposed by the 9 Hawaii breadband commissioner communications commission 10 pursuant to chapter , including the regulatory fees in 11 sections -2423, -4951, -73, -75, and 92-21, and 12 deposited into the communications commission special fund, 13 section -21, the drivers education fund underwriters 14 fee, section 431:10C-115, insurance premium taxes and 15 revenues, revenues of the workers' compensation special 16 compensation fund, section 386-151, the captive insurance 17 administrative fund, section 431:19-101.8, the insurance 18 commissioner's education and training fund, section 431:2-19 214, the medical malpractice patients' compensation fund as 20 administered under section 5 of Act 232, Session Laws of 21 Hawaii 1984, and fees collected for deposit in the office 22 of consumer protection restitution fund, section 487-14, 23 the real estate appraisers fund, section 466K-1, the real 24 estate recovery fund, section 467-16, the real estate

• Content [D]: Language addresses AT&T's

1 education fund, section 467-19, the contractors recovery 2 fund, section 444-26, the contractors education fund, 3 section 444-29, the condominium management education fund, section 514A-131, and the condominium education trust fund, 4 5 section 514B-71. Any law to the contrary notwithstanding, 6 the director may use the moneys in the fund to employ, 7 without regard to chapter 76, hearings officers and 8 attorneys. All other employees may be employed in 9 accordance with chapter 76. Any law to the contrary 10 notwithstanding, the moneys in the fund shall be used to 11 fund the operations of the department. The moneys in the 12 fund may be used to train personnel as the director deems 13 necessary and for any other activity related to compliance 14 resolution.

As used in this subsection, unless otherwise required
by the context, "compliance resolution" means a
determination of whether:

18 (1) Any licensee or applicant under any chapter
19 subject to the jurisdiction of the department of
20 commerce and consumer affairs has complied with
21 that chapter;
22 (2) Any person subject to chapter 485A has complied
23 with that chapter;

		94	
24	contract	or otherwise, for the purpose of representing the	
23	attorney	general may employ or retain any attorney, by	
22	"(a)	No department of the State other than the	
21	1.	By amending subsection (a) to read:	
20	is amende	ed as follows:	
19	SECTION 5. Section 28-8.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes,		
18	operating expenses."		
17	expenditures made from the fund including non-payroll		
16	compliance resolution fund. The report shall describe		
15	to the governor and the legislature on the use of the		
14	The director shall prepare and submit an annual report		
13	and other activities of the department.		
12	companies regulated by the department, consumer protection,		
11	functions	s, licensing, or registration of individuals or	
10	and inclu	des work involved in or supporting the above	
9		with that chapter;	
8	(5)	Any person subject to chapter 467B has complied	
7		trade or commerce; or	
6		against unfair and deceptive acts or practices in	
5	(4)	Any person has complied with the prohibitions	
4		202(a)(26);	
3		complied with chapter 514E or section 485A-	
2		chapter 514E or section 485A-202(a)(26) has	
1	(3)	Any person submitting any filing required by	

1	State or	the department in any litigation, rendering legal
2	counsel to	o the department, or drafting legal documents for
3	the depar	tment; provided that the foregoing provision shall
4	not apply	to the employment or retention of attorneys:
5	(1)	By the public utilities commission, the labor and
6		industrial relations appeals board, and the
7		Hawaii labor relations board;
8	(2)	By any court or judicial or legislative office of
9		the State; provided that if the attorney general
10		is requested to provide representation to a court
11		or judicial office by the chief justice or the
12		chief justice's designee, or to a legislative
13		office by the speaker of the house of
14		representatives and the president of the senate
15		jointly, and the attorney general declines to
16		provide such representation on the grounds of
17		conflict of interest, the attorney general shall
18		retain an attorney for the court, judicial, or
19		legislative office, subject to approval by the
20		court, judicial, or legislative office;
21	(3)	By the legislative reference bureau;
22	(4)	By any compilation commission that may be
23		constituted from time to time;

1	(5)	By the real estate commission for any action
2		involving the real estate recovery fund;
3	(6)	By the contractors license board for any action
4		involving the contractors recovery fund;
5	(7)	By the trustees for any action involving the
6		travel agency recovery fund;
7	(8)	By the office of Hawaiian affairs;
8	(9)	By the department of commerce and consumer
9		affairs for the enforcement of violations of
10		chapters 480 and 485A;
11	(10)	As grand jury counsel;
12	(11)	By the Hawaiian home lands trust individual
13		claims review panel;
14	(12)	By the Hawaii health systems corporation, or its
15		regional system boards, or any of their
16		facilities;
17	(13)	By the auditor;
18	(14)	By the office of ombudsman;
19	(15)	By the insurance division;
20	(16)	By the University of Hawaii;
21	(17)	By the Kahoolawe island reserve commission;
22	(18)	By the division of consumer advocacy;
23	(19)	By the office of elections;
24	(20)	By the campaign spending commission;

1	(21) By the Hawaii tourism authority, as provided in		
2	section 201B-2.5; [or]		
3	(22) By the Hawaii communications commission; broadband		
4	commissioner; or		
5	$\left[\frac{(22)}{(23)}\right]$ By a department, in the event the attorney		
6	general, for reasons deemed by the attorney		
7	general good and sufficient, declines to employ		
8	or retain an attorney for a department; provided		
9	that the governor thereupon waives the provision		
10	of this section."		
11	2. By amending subsection (c) to read:		
12	"(c) Every attorney employed by any department on a		
13	full-time basis, except an attorney employed by the public		
14	utilities commission, the Hawaii communication commission		
15	broadband commissioner, the labor and industrial relations		
16	appeals board, the Hawaii labor relations board, the office		
17	of Hawaiian affairs, the Hawaii health systems corporation		
18	or its regional system boards, the department of commerce		
19	and consumer affairs in prosecution of consumer complaints,		
20	insurance division, the division of consumer advocacy, the		
21	University of Hawaii, the Hawaii tourism authority as		
22	provided in section 201B-2.5, the Hawaiian home lands trust		
23	individual claims review panel, or as grand jury counsel,		
24	shall be a deputy attorney general."		

SECTION 6. Section 46-15, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 1 2 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows: 3 "(a) The mayor of each county, after holding a public 4 hearing on the matter and receiving the approval of the 5 respective council, shall be empowered to designate areas of land for experimental and demonstration housing 6 7 projects, the purposes of which are to research and develop 8 ideas that would reduce the cost of housing in the State. 9 Except as hereinafter provided, the experimental and 10 demonstration housing projects shall be exempt from all 11 statutes, ordinances, charter provisions, and rules or 12 regulations of any governmental agency or public utility 13 relating to planning, zoning, construction standards for 14 subdivisions, development and improvement of land, and the 15 construction and sale of homes thereon; provided that the 16 experimental and demonstration housing projects shall not 17 affect the safety standards or tariffs approved by the 18 public utility commissions or the Hawaii communications 19 commission broadband commissioner for such public utility. 20 The mayor of each county with the approval of the 21 respective council may designate a county agency or 22 official who shall have the power to review all plans and 23 specifications for the subdivisions, development and 24 improvement of the land involved, and the construction and

sale of homes thereon. The county agency or official shall
 have the power to approve or disapprove or to make
 modifications to all or any portion of the plans and
 specifications.

5 The county agency or official shall submit preliminary 6 plans and specifications to the legislative body of the 7 respective county for its approval or disapproval. The 8 final plans and specifications for the project shall be 9 deemed approved by the legislative body if the final plans 10 and specifications do not substantially deviate from the 11 approved preliminary plans and specifications. The final 12 plans and specifications shall constitute the standards for 13 the particular project.

14 No action shall be prosecuted or maintained against 15 any county, its officials or employees, on account of 16 actions taken in reviewing, approving, or disapproving such 17 plans and specifications.

18 Any experimental or demonstration housing project for 19 the purposes hereinabove mentioned may be sponsored by any 20 state or county agency or any person as defined in section 21 1-19.

22 The county agency or official shall apply to the state 23 land use commission for an appropriate land use district 24 classification change, except where a proposed project is

located on land within an urban district established by the 1 2 state land use commission. Notwithstanding any law, rule, 3 or regulation to the contrary, the state land use 4 commission may approve the application at any time after a 5 public hearing held in the county where the land is located 6 upon notice of the time and place of the hearing being 7 published in the same manner as the notice required for a 8 public hearing by the planning commission of the 9 appropriate county." 10 SECTION 7. Section 91-13.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, 11 is amended by amending subsection (f) to read as follows: 12 "(f) This section shall not apply to: 13 (1) Any proceedings of the public utilities 14 commission; [or] 15 (2) Any county or county agency that is exempted by 16 county ordinance from this section [-; or 17 Any proceedings of the Hawaii broadband (3) 18 commissioner communications commission." 19 SECTION 8. Section 92-21, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 20 amended to read as follows: 21 "§92-21 Copies of records; other costs and fees. 22 Except as otherwise provided by law, a copy of any 23 government record, including any map, plan, diagram, 24 photograph, photostat, or geographic information system

1 digital data file, which is open to the inspection of the 2 public, shall be furnished to any person applying for the same by the public officer having charge or control thereof 3 4 upon the payment of the reasonable cost of reproducing 5 [such] the copy. Except as provided in section 91-2.5, the 6 cost of reproducing any government record, except 7 geographic information system digital data, shall not be 8 less than 5 cents per page, sheet, or fraction thereof. 9 The cost of reproducing geographic information system 10 digital data shall be in accordance with rules adopted by 11 the agency having charge or control of that data. [Such] 12 The reproduction cost shall include but shall not be 13 limited to labor cost for search and actual time for 14 reproducing, material cost, including electricity cost, 15 equipment cost, including rental cost, cost for 16 certification, and other related costs. All fees shall be 17 paid in by the public officer receiving or collecting the 18 same to the state director of finance, the county director 19 of finance, or to the agency or department by which the 20 officer is employed, as government realizations; provided 21 that fees collected by the public utilities commission 22 pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the public 23 utilities commission special fund established under section 24 269-33[-], and fees collected by the Hawaii broadband

1	commission	excommunications commission shall be deposited in	
2	the communications commissioner special fund established		
3	under sect	.ion -210."	
4	SECTI	CON 9. Section 101-43, Hawaii Revised Statutes,	
5	is amended	d to read as follows:	
6	"§101	-43 Requirements prior to exercise of power.	
7	Any corpor	cation having the power of eminent domain under	
8	section 10	01-41 may continue to exercise the power, provided	
9	that prior	to the exercise of the power:	
10	(1)	The corporation submits to the public utilities	
11		commission or, in the case of telecommunications	
12		carriers or telecommunications common carriers,	
13		to the Hawaii broadband	
14	10	commissionercommunications commission, its	
15	ie.	intention to exercise the power, with a	
16		description of the property to be condemned; and	
17	(2)	The public utilities commission or the Hawaii	
18		broadband commissionercommunications commission,	
19	l	as the case may be, finds that the proposed	
20		condemnation is in the public interest, that the	
21		proposed condemnation is necessary, and that the	
22		corporation will use the property for its	
23		operations as a public utility."	

1 SECTION 10. Section 163D-6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, 2 is amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows: 3 "(b) If the corporation acquires the assets of a private or other corporation, then, notwithstanding any law 4 5 to the contrary: 6 (1) Neither the corporation nor any subsidiary 7 corporation vested with the assets shall be 8 subject to chapter 91 with respect to the assets; 9 (2) Employees retained to operate the assets shall 10 not be subject to chapter 76;

11 (3) Assets constituting real property interest shall
12 not be subject to chapter 171;

13 (4) No investment, loan, or use of funds by the
14 corporation or a subsidiary corporation vested
15 with the assets shall be subject to chapter 42F
16 or 103; and

17 (5) Neither the corporation nor a subsidiary
18 corporation vested with the assets shall
19 constitute a public utility or be subject to the
20 jurisdiction of the public utilities commission
21 under chapter 269[-] or the Hawaii broadband
22 commissionercommunications commission under
23 chapter ."

SECTION 11. Section 166-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
 is amended to read as follows:

3 "\$166-4 Park development. Except as herein provided, 4 the department may develop, on behalf of the State or in 5 partnership with a federal agency, a county, or a private party, agricultural parks which, at the option of the 6 7 board, shall be exempt from all statutes, ordinances, 8 charter provisions, and rules of any governmental agency 9 relating to planning, zoning, construction standards for 10 subdivisions, development and improvement of land, and the 11 construction of buildings thereon; provided that: 12 The board finds the agricultural park is (1)13 consistent with the purpose and intent of this 14 chapter, and meets minimum requirements of health 15 and safety; 16 The development of the proposed agricultural park (2)17 does not contravene any safety standards or 18 tariffs approved for public utilities by the

19 public utilities commission [for public

20 utilities;] or the Hawaii broadband

21

commissionercommunications commission;

22 (3) The legislative body of the county in which the
23 agricultural park is to be situated shall have
24 approved the agricultural park.

1	(A)	The legislative body shall approve or
2		disapprove the agricultural park within
3		forty-five days after the department has
4		submitted the preliminary plans and
5		specifications for the agricultural park to
6		the legislative body. If after the forty-
7		fifth day an agricultural park is not
8		disapproved, it shall be deemed approved by
9		the legislative body.
10	(B)	No action shall be prosecuted or maintained
11		against any county, its officials, or
12		employees, on account of actions taken by
13		them in reviewing, approving, or
14		disapproving the plans and specifications.
15	(C)	The final plans and specifications for the
16		agricultural park shall be deemed approved
17		by the legislative body if the final plans
18		and specifications do not substantially
19		deviate from the preliminary plans and
20		specifications. The final plans and
21		specifications for the project shall
22		constitute the planning, zoning, building,
23		construction, and subdivision standards for
24		that agricultural park. For purposes of

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sections 501-85 and 502-17, the chairperson 1 2 of the board of agriculture or the responsible county official may certify maps 3 4 and plans of lands connected with the 5 agricultural park as having complied with 6 applicable laws and ordinances relating to 7 consolidation and subdivision of lands, and 8 such maps and plans shall be accepted for 9 registration or recordation by the land 10 court and registrar; and 11 (4) The State shall assume the responsibility of 12 maintaining all roads within the agricultural 13 park if the roads are developed exempt from 14 applicable county ordinances, charter provisions, 15 and rules regarding roads." 16 SECTION 12. Section 166E-10, Hawaii Revised Statutes, 17 is amended to read as follows: 18 "[+]\$166E-10[+] Non-agricultural park land 19 development. On behalf of the State or in partnership with 20 a federal agency, a county, or a private party and except

21 as provided in this section, the department may develop 22 non-agricultural park lands that, at the option of the 23 board, may be exempt from all statutes, ordinances, charter 24 provisions, and rules of any governmental agency relating

1	to planning zoning construction standards for		
	to planning, zoning, construction standards for		
2	subdivisions, development and improvement of land, and		
3	construction of buildings thereon; provided that:		
4	(1) The board finds the development is consistent		
5	with the public purpose and intent of this		
6	chapter and meets minimum health and safety		
7	requirements;		
8	(2) The development of the proposed non-agricultural		
9	park land does not contravene any safety		
10	standards or tariffs approved for public		
11	<u>utilities</u> by the public utilities commission [for		
12	public utilities;] or the Hawaii broadband		
13	commissionercommunications commission;		
14	(3) The county in which the non-agricultural park		
15	development is proposed shall approve the		
16	non-agricultural park development; and provided		
17	further that:		
18	(A) The county shall approve or disapprove the		
19	development within forty-five days after the		
20	department submits preliminary plans and		
21	specifications for the development to the		
22	county. If the county does not disapprove		
23	the development after the forty-fifth day,		
24	the development shall be deemed approved;		

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1	(B) No action shall be prosecuted or maintained
2	against any county, its officials, or
3	employees, on any actions taken by them in
4	reviewing, approving, or disapproving the
5	plans and specifications; and
6	(C) The final plans and specifications for the
7	development shall be deemed approved by the
8	county if the final plans and specifications
9	do not substantially deviate from the
10	preliminary plans and specifications. The
11	final plans and specifications for the
12	project shall constitute the planning,
13	zoning, building, construction, and
14	subdivision standards for that development.
15	For purposes of sections 501-85 and 502-17,
16	the chairperson of the board or the
17	responsible county official may certify maps
18	and plans of lands connected with the
19	development as having complied with
20	applicable laws and ordinances relating to
21	consolidation and subdivision of lands, and
22	the maps and plans shall be accepted for
23	registration or recordation by the land
24	court and registrar; and

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1	(4) The State shall assume the responsibility of		
2	maintaining all roads and infrastructure		
3	improvements within the boundaries if the		
4	improvements are developed exempt from applicable		
5	county ordinances, charter provisions, and rules		
6	regarding development."		
7	SECTION 13. Section 171-134, Hawaii Revised Statutes,		
8	is amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:		
9	"(b) At the option of the board, the development of		
10	an industrial park shall be exempt from all statutes,		
11	ordinances, charter provisions, and rules of any		
12	governmental agency relating to planning, zoning,		
13	construction standards for subdivision development and		
14	improvement of land, and the construction of buildings		
15	thereon; provided that:		
16	(1) The board finds that the industrial park meets		
17	the minimum requirements of health and safety;		
18	(2) The development of the industrial park does not		
19	contravene any safety standards or tariffs		
20	approved for public utilities by the public		
21	utilities commission [for public utilities;] or		
22	the Hawaii breadband commissioner communications		
23	commission;		
	1		

	1	(3)	The legislative body of the county in which the
	2		industrial park is proposed to be situated
	3		approves the industrial park $[-]$ in accordance
	4		with the following:
	5		(A) The legislative body shall approve or
	6		disapprove the industrial park within forty-
	7		five days after the department has submitted
	8		preliminary plans and specifications for the
	9		industrial park to the legislative body. If
	10		after the forty-fifth day, an industrial
	11		park is not disapproved, it shall be deemed
1	12		approved by the legislative body[+];
ł	13		(B) No action shall be prosecuted or maintained
	14		against any county, its officials, or
94	15		employees, on account of actions taken by
1	16		them in reviewing, approving, or
ļ	17		disapproving the plans and
	18		<pre>specifications[+]; and</pre>
	19		(C) The final plans and specifications for the
1	20		industrial park shall be deemed approved by
1	21		the legislative body if the final plans and
	22		specifications for the industrial park do
	23		not substantially deviate from the
	24		preliminary plans and specifications. The

1 determination that the final plans and 2 specifications do not substantially deviate 3 from the preliminary plans and 4 specifications of the industrial park shall 5 rest with the board. The final plans and 6 specifications for the park shall constitute 7 the planning, zoning, building, improvement, 8 construction, and subdivision standards for 9 that industrial park. For the purposes of 10 sections 501-85 and 502-17, the chairperson 11 of the board or the responsible county 12 official may certify maps and plans of land 13 connected with the industrial park as having complied with applicable laws and ordinances 14 15 relating to consolidation and subdivision of 16 lands, and such maps and plans shall be 17 accepted for registration or recordation by 18 the land court and registrar; and 19 (4) The board shall assume the responsibility of all 20 infrastructure within the industrial park, if the 21 infrastructure developed is exempt from 22 applicable county ordinances, charter provisions, 23 and rules."

1 SECTION 14. Section 196D-10, Hawaii Revised Statutes, 2 is amended by amending subsection (c) to read as follows: 3 "(c) This section shall not apply to any permit 4 issued by the public utilities commission under chapter 5 269[-] or the Hawaii breadband commissioner communications 6 commission under chapter . " 7 SECTION 15. Section 201H-13, Hawaii Revised Statutes, 8 is amended to read as follows: 9 "[{]§201H-13[}] Eminent domain, exchange or use of 10 public property. The corporation may acquire any real 11 property, including fixtures and improvements, or interest 12 therein: through voluntary negotiation; through exchange 13 of land in accordance with section 171-50, provided that 14 the public land to be exchanged need not be of like use to 15 that of the private land; or by the exercise of the power 16 of eminent domain which it deems necessary by the adoption 17 of a resolution declaring that the acquisition of the 18 property described therein is in the public interest and 19 required for public use. The corporation shall exercise 20 the power of eminent domain granted by this section in the 21 same manner and procedure as is provided by chapter 101 and 22 otherwise in accordance with all applicable provisions of 23 the general laws of the State; provided that condemnation 24 of parcels greater than fifteen acres shall be subject to

legislative disapproval expressed in a concurrent
 resolution adopted by majority vote of the senate and the
 house of representatives in the first regular or special
 session following the date of condemnation.

5 The corporation may acquire by the exercise of the 6 power of eminent domain property already devoted to a 7 public use; provided that no property belonging to any 8 government may be acquired without its consent, and that no 9 property belonging to a public utility corporation may be 10 acquired without the approval of the public utilities 11 $commission[_{T}]$ or, in the case of telecommunications 12 carriers or telecommunications common carriers, the Hawaii 13 broadband commissioner communications commission, and 14 subject to legislative disapproval expressed in a 15 concurrent resolution adopted by majority vote of the 16 senate and the house of representatives in the first 17 regular or special session following the date of 18 condemnation." 19 SECTION 16. Section 201H-33, Hawaii Revised Statutes,

20 is amended by amending subsection (c) to read as follows:
21 "(c) The corporation shall adopt, pursuant to chapter
22 91, rules on health, safety, building, planning, zoning,
23 and land use that relate to the development, subdivision,
24 and construction of dwelling units in housing projects in

1 which the State, through the corporation, shall 2 participate. The rules shall not contravene any safety 3 standards or tariffs approved by the public utilities 4 commission[7] or the Hawaii broadband 5 commissionercommunications commission, and shall follow 6 existing law as closely as is consistent with the 7 production of lower cost housing with standards that meet 8 minimum requirements of good design, pleasant amenities, 9 health, safety, and coordinated development. 10 When adopted, the rules shall have the force and 11 effect of law and shall supersede, for all housing projects 12 in which the State, through the corporation, shall 13 participate, all other inconsistent laws, ordinances, and 14 rules relating to the use, zoning, planning, and 15 development of land, and the construction of dwelling units 16 thereon. The rules, before becoming effective, shall be 17 presented to the legislative body of each county in which 18 they will be effective and the legislative body of any 19 county may within forty-five days approve or disapprove, 20 for that county, any or all of the rules by a majority vote 21 of its members. On the forty-sixth day after submission, 22 any rules not disapproved shall be deemed to have been 23 approved by the county."

1	SECT	ION 17. Section 201H-38, Hawaii Revised Statutes,	
2	is amende	d by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:	
3	"(a)	The corporation may develop on behalf of the	
4	State or	with an eligible developer, or may assist under a	
5	government assistance program in the development of,		
6	housing p	rojects that shall be exempt from all statutes,	
7	ordinance	s, charter provisions, and rules of any government	
8	agency relating to planning, zoning, construction standards		
9	for subdivisions, development and improvement of land, and		
10	the construction of dwelling units thereon; provided that:		
11	, (1)	The corporation finds the housing project is	
12		consistent with the purpose and intent of this	
13		chapter, and meets minimum requirements of health	
14		and safety;	
15	(2)	The development of the proposed housing project	
16		does not contravene any safety standards,	
17		tariffs, or rates and fees approved for public	
18		<u>utilities</u> by the public utilities commission [for	
19		public utilities] or the Hawaii broadband	
20		commissionercommunications commission or of the	
21		various boards of water supply authorized under	
22		chapter 54;	
23	(3)	The legislative body of the county in which the	
24		housing project is to be situated shall have	

approved the project with or without
modifications:
(A) The legislative body shall approve, approve
with modification, or disapprove the project
by resolution within forty-five days after
the corporation has submitted the
preliminary plans and specifications for the
project to the legislative body. If on the
forty-sixth day a project is not
disapproved, it shall be deemed approved by
the legislative body;
(B) No action shall be prosecuted or maintained
against any county, its officials, or
employees on account of actions taken by
them in reviewing, approving, modifying, or
disapproving the plans and specifications;
and
(C) The final plans and specifications for the
project shall be deemed approved by the
legislative body if the final plans and
specifications do not substantially deviate
from the preliminary plans and
specifications. The final plans and
specifications for the project shall

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1 constitute the zoning, building, construction, and subdivision standards for 2 3 that project. For purposes of sections 501-85 and 502-17, the executive director of the 4 5 corporation or the responsible county official may certify maps and plans of lands 6 connected with the project as having 7 complied with applicable laws and ordinances 8 9 relating to consolidation and subdivision of 10 lands, and the maps and plans shall be 11 accepted for registration or recordation by 12 the land court and registrar; and 13 (4) The land use commission shall approve, approve 14 with modification, or disapprove a boundary 15 change within forty-five days after the 16 corporation has submitted a petition to the 17 commission as provided in section 205-4. If, on the forty-sixth day, the petition is not 18 19 disapproved, it shall be deemed approved by the 20 commission." 21 SECTION 18. Section 205A-46, Hawaii Revised Statutes, 22 is amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows: 23 "(a) A variance may be granted for a structure or 24 activity otherwise prohibited in this part if the authority

1	finds in a	writing, based on the record presented, that the	
2	proposed	structure or activity is necessary for or	
3	ancillary to:		
4	(1)	Cultivation of crops;	
5	(2)	Aquaculture;	
6	(3)	Landscaping; provided that the authority finds	
7		that the proposed structure or activity will not	
8		adversely affect beach processes and will not	
9		artificially fix the shoreline;	
10	(4)	Drainage;	
11	(5)	Boating, maritime, or watersports recreational	
12		facilities;	
13	(6)	Facilities or improvements by public agencies or	
14		public utilities regulated under chapter 269[+]	
15		or chapter ;	
16	(7)	Private facilities or improvements that are	
17		clearly in the public interest;	
18	(8)	Private facilities or improvements which will	
19		neither adversely affect beach processes nor	
20		artificially fix the shoreline; provided that the	
21		authority also finds that hardship will result to	
22		the applicant if the facilities or improvements	
23		are not allowed within the shoreline area;	

1	(9)	Private facilities or improvements that may	
2		artificially fix the shoreline; provided that the	
3		authority also finds that shoreline erosion is	
4		likely to cause hardship to the applicant if the	
5		facilities or improvements are not allowed within	
6		the shoreline area, and the authority imposes	
7		conditions to prohibit any structure seaward of	
8		the existing shoreline unless it is clearly in	
9		the public interest; or	
10	(10)	Moving of sand from one location seaward of the	
11		shoreline to another location seaward of the	
12		shoreline; provided that the authority also finds	
13		that moving of sand will not adversely affect	
14		beach processes, will not diminish the size of a	
15		public beach, and will be necessary to stabilize	
16		an eroding shoreline."	
17	SECT	TION 19. Section 239-6.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes,	
18	is amended to read as follows:		
19	"[+]	§239-6.5[]] Tax credit for lifeline telephone	
20	service s	subsidy. A telephone public utility subject to	
21	this chap	oter that has been authorized to establish lifeline	
22	telephone	e service rates by the public utilities commission	
23	before Ju	aly 1, 20 09 10, or by the Hawaii broadband	
24	<u>commissic</u>	onercommunications commission on or after July 1,	
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1 200910, shall be allowed a tax credit, equal to the 2 lifeline telephone service costs incurred by the utility, to be applied against the utility's tax imposed by this 3 chapter. The amount of this credit shall be determined and 4 5 certified annually by the [public utilities commission.] 6 Hawaii broadband commissioner communications commission. 7 The tax liability for a telephone public utility claiming 8 the credit shall be calculated in the manner prescribed in 9 section 239-5; provided that the amount of tax due from the 10 utility shall be net of the lifeline service credit." 11 SECTION 20. Section 264-20, Hawaii Revised Statutes, 12 is amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows: 13 "(b) Any other law to the contrary notwithstanding, 14 any decision by the State, the department of 15 transportation, a county, or any officers, employees, or 16 agents of the State, the department of transportation, or a 17 county to select or apply flexibility in highway design 18 pursuant to this section and consistent with the practices 19 used by the Federal Highway Administration and the American 20 Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials 21 shall not give rise to a cause of action or claim against: 22 (1)The State; 23 (2)The department of transportation; 24 (3)The counties;

(4) Any public utility regulated under chapter 269 <u>or</u>		
chapter that places its facilities within		
the highway right-of-way; or		
(5) Any officer, employee, or agent of an entity		
listed in paragraphs (1) to (4)."		
SECTION 21. Section 269-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes,		
is amended as follows:		
1. By repealing the definitions of "carrier of last		
resort" and "designated local exchange service area":		
[""Carrier of last resort" means a telecommunications		
carrier designated by the commission to provide universal		
service in a given local exchange service area determined		
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to be lacking in effective competition.		
to be lacking in effective competition. "Designated local exchange service area" means an area		
"Designated local exchange service area" means an area		
"Designated local exchange service area" means an area as determined by the commission to be best served by		
"Designated local exchange service area" means an area as determined by the commission to be best served by designating a carrier of last resort pursuant to section		
"Designated local exchange service area" means an area as determined by the commission to be best served by designating a carrier of last resort pursuant to section 269-43."]		
"Designated local exchange service area" means an area as determined by the commission to be best served by designating a carrier of last resort pursuant to section 269-43."] 2. By amending the definition of "public utility" to		
"Designated local exchange service area" means an area as determined by the commission to be best served by designating a carrier of last resort pursuant to section 269-43."] 2. By amending the definition of "public utility" to read:		
"Designated local exchange service area" means an area as determined by the commission to be best served by designating a carrier of last resort pursuant to section 269-43."] 2. By amending the definition of "public utility" to read: ""Public utility":		
<pre>"Designated local exchange service area" means an area as determined by the commission to be best served by designating a carrier of last resort pursuant to section 269-43."] 2. By amending the definition of "public utility" to read: ""Public utility": (1) Includes every person who may own, control,</pre>		

1 association, or otherwise, any plant or equipment, or any part thereof, directly or 2 3 indirectly for public use, for the transportation 4 of passengers or freight, or the conveyance or 5 transmission of telecommunications messages, or 6 the furnishing of facilities for the transmission 7 of intelligence by electricity by land or water 8 or air within the State, or between points within 9 the State, or for the production, conveyance, 10 transmission, delivery, or furnishing of light, 11 power, heat, cold, water, gas, or oil, or for the 12 storage or warehousing of goods, or the disposal 13 of sewage; provided that the term shall include: 14 (A) Any person insofar as that person owns or 15 operates a private sewer company or sewer 16 facility; and 17 (B) Any telecommunications carrier or 18 telecommunications common carrier; (2) Shall not include: 19 20 Any person insofar as that person owns or (A) 21 operates an aerial transportation 22 enterprise; 23 (B) Persons owning or operating taxicabs, as 24 defined in this section;

1	(C)	Common carriers transporting only freight on
2		the public highways, unless operating within
3		localities or along routes or between points
4		that the public utilities commission finds
5		to be inadequately serviced without
6		regulation under this chapter;
7	(D)	Persons engaged in the business of
8		warehousing or storage unless the commission
9		finds that regulation thereof is necessary
10		in the public interest;
11	(E)	The business of any carrier by water to the
12		extent that the carrier enters into private
13		contracts for towage, salvage, hauling, or
14		carriage between points within the State and
15		the carriage is not pursuant to either an
16		established schedule or an undertaking to
17		perform carriage services on behalf of the
18		public generally;
19	(F)	The business of any carrier by water,
20		substantially engaged in interstate or
21		foreign commerce, transporting passengers on
22		luxury cruises between points within the
23		State or on luxury round-trip cruises
24		returning to the point of departure;

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1	(G) Any person who:
2	(i) Controls, operates, or manages plants or
3	facilities for the production,
4	transmission, or furnishing of power
5	primarily or entirely from nonfossil
6	fuel sources; and
7	(ii) Provides, sells, or transmits all of
8	that power, except such power as is
9	used in its own internal operations,
10	directly to a public utility for
11	transmission to the public;
12	(H) A telecommunications provider only to the
13	extent determined by the [commission] <u>Hawaii</u>
14	broadband commissionercommunications
15	<u>commission</u> pursuant to section [269-16.9;]
16	-34;
17	(I) Any person who controls, operates, or manages
18	plants or facilities developed pursuant to
19	chapter 167 for conveying, distributing, and
20	transmitting water for irrigation and such
21	other purposes that shall be held for public
22	use and purpose;

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1	(J) Any person who owns, controls, operates, or
2	manages plants or facilities for the
3	reclamation of wastewater; provided that:
4	(i) The services of the facility shall be
5	provided pursuant to a service contract
6	between the person and a state or
7	county agency and at least ten per cent
8	of the wastewater processed is used
9	directly by the State or county which
10	has entered into the service contract;
11	(ii) The primary function of the facility
12	shall be the processing of secondary
13	treated wastewater that has been
14	produced by a municipal wastewater
15	treatment facility that is owned by a
16	state or county agency;
17	(iii) The facility shall not make sales of
18	water to residential customers;
19	(iv) The facility may distribute and sell
20	recycled <u>water</u> or reclaimed water to
21	entities not covered by a state or
22	county service contract; provided that,
23	in the absence of regulatory oversight
24	and direct competition, the

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1	distribution and sale of recycled or
2	reclaimed water shall be voluntary and
3	its pricing fair and reasonable. For
4	purposes of this subparagraph,
5	"recycled water" and "reclaimed water"
6	mean treated wastewater that by design
7	is intended or used for a beneficial
8	purpose; and
9	(v) The facility shall not be engaged,
10	either directly or indirectly, in the
11	processing of food wastes; and
12	(K) Any person who owns, controls, operates, or
13	manages any seawater air conditioning
14	district cooling project; provided that at
15	least fifty per cent of the energy required
16	for the seawater air conditioning district
17	cooling system is provided by a renewable
18	energy resource, such as cold, deep
19	seawater.
20	If the application of this chapter is ordered by the
21	commission <u>or the Hawaii broadband</u>
22	commissionercommunications commission, as the case may be,
23	in any case provided in paragraphs (2)(C), (2)(D), (2)(H),

 $\,$ and (2)(I), the business of any public utility that

presents evidence of bona fide operation on the date of the 1 2 commencement of the proceedings resulting in the order shall be presumed to be necessary to public convenience and 3 4 necessity, but any certificate issued under this proviso 5 shall nevertheless be subject to [such] terms and conditions as the commission or the Hawaii broadband 6 7 commissionercommunications commission, respectively, may 8 prescribe, as provided in sections [269-16.9] -34 and 9 269-20." 10 3. By amending the definition of "telecommunications 11 carrier" or "telecommunications common carrier" to read: 12 "Telecommunications carrier" or "telecommunications" 13 common carrier" [means any person that owns, operates, 14 manages, or controls any facility used to furnish 15 telecommunications services for profit to the public, or to 16 classes of users as to be effectively available to the 17 public, engaged in the provision of services, such as 18 voice, data, image, graphics, and video services, that make 19 use of all or part of their transmission facilities, 20 switches, broadcast equipment, signalling, or control 21 devices.] has the same meaning as in section -1." 22 4. By amending the definition of "telecommunications 23 service" or "telecommunications" to read:

1	""Telecommunications service" or "telecommunications"			
2	[means the offering of transmission between or among points			
3	specified by a user, of information of the user's choosing,			
4	including voice, data, image, graphics, and video without			
5	change in the form or content of the information, as sent			
6	and-received, by means of electromagnetic transmission, or			
7	other similarly capable means of transmission, with or			
8	without benefit of any closed transmission medium, and does			
9	not include cable service as defined in section 4406-3.			
10	has the same meaning as in section -1."			
11 12 13 14	Notes: OTW wanted to include its definition of telecommunications as proposed in the Definitions section at the beginning of this bill. DCCA did not agree with the proposal in § -1 and continues to oppose it here.			
15	SECTION 22. Section 269-6, Hawaii Revised Statutes,			
16	is amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:			
17	"(a) The public utilities commission shall have the			
18	general supervision hereinafter set forth over all public			
19	utilities, and shall perform the duties and exercise the			
20	powers imposed or conferred upon it by this chapter.			
21				
	Included among the general powers of the commission is the			
22	Included among the general powers of the commission is the authority to adopt rules pursuant to chapter 91 necessary			
22 23				
	authority to adopt rules pursuant to chapter 91 necessary			

1	commissionercommunications commission is sworn in and the	
2	Hawaii broadband commissioner communications commission	
3	issues an order accepting the commissioner's authority and	
4	undertaking to enforce chapter ."	
5	SECTION 23. Section 269-16, Hawaii Revised Statutes,	
6	is amended to read as follows:	
7	"\$269-16 Regulation of utility rates; ratemaking	
8	procedures. (a) All rates, fares, charges,	
9	classifications, schedules, rules, and practices made,	
10	charged, or observed by any public utility or by two or	
11	more public utilities jointly shall be just and reasonable	
12	and shall be filed with the public utilities commission.	
13	The rates, fares, classifications, charges, and rules of	
14	every public utility shall be published by the public	
15	utility in [such] <u>the</u> manner as the public utilities	
16	commission may require, and copies shall be furnished to	
17	any person on request.	
18	To the extent the contested case proceedings referred	영화가 있는 것이 있는 것이 있는 것이다. 성화가 같았다. 같은 것이 가지 않는 것이 있는 한
19	to in chapter 91 are required in any rate proceeding to	
20	ensure fairness and to provide due process to parties that	
21	may be affected by rates approved by the commission, the	
22	evidentiary hearings shall be conducted expeditiously and	
23	shall be conducted as a part of the ratemaking proceeding.	
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1 (b) No rate, fare, charge, classification, schedule, 2 rule, or practice, other than one established pursuant to 3 an automatic rate adjustment clause previously approved by 4 the commission, shall be established, abandoned, modified, 5 or departed from by any public utility, except after thirty 6 days' notice to the commission as prescribed in section 7 269-12(b), and prior approval by the commission for any 8 increases in rates, fares, or charges. The commission, in 9 its discretion and for good cause shown, may allow any 10 rate, fare, charge, classification, schedule, rule, or 11 practice to be established, abandoned, modified, or 12 departed from upon notice less than that provided for in 13 section 269-12(b). A contested case hearing shall be held 14 in connection with any increase in rates, and the hearing 15 shall be preceded by a public hearing as prescribed in 16 section 269-12(c), at which the consumers or patrons of the 17 public utility may present testimony to the commission 18 concerning the increase. The commission, upon notice to 19 the public utility, may:

20 (1) Suspend the operation of all or any part of the
21 proposed rate, fare, charge, classification,
22 schedule, rule, or practice or any proposed
23 abandonment or modification thereof or departure
24 therefrom;

(2)	Aft	er a hearing, by order:
	(A)	Regulate, fix, and change all [such] rates,
		fares, charges, classifications, schedules,
		rules, and practices so that the same shall
		be just and reasonable;
	(B)	Prohibit rebates and unreasonable
		discrimination between localities or between
		users or consumers under substantially
		similar conditions;
	(C)	Regulate the manner in which the property of
		every public utility is operated with
		reference to the safety and accommodation of
		the public;
	(D)	Prescribe its form and method of keeping
		accounts, books, and records, and its
		accounting system;
	(E)	Regulate the return upon its public utility
		property;
	(F)	Regulate the incurring of indebtedness
		relating to its public utility business; and
	(G)	
(3)		
(3)	Do	Regulate its financial transactions; and
	(2)	(A) (B) (C) (D) (E)

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regulated, fixed, and changed are just and
 reasonable, and provide a fair return on the
 property of the utility actually used or useful
 for public utility purposes.

5 (c) The commission may in its discretion, after 6 public hearing and upon showing by a public utility of 7 probable entitlement and financial need, authorize 8 temporary increases in rates, fares, and charges; provided 9 that the commission shall require by order the public 10 utility to return, in the form of an adjustment to rates, 11 fares, or charges to be billed in the future, any amounts 12 with interest, at a rate equal to the rate of return on the 13 public utility's rate base found to be reasonable by the 14 commission, received by reason of continued operation that 15 are in excess of the rates, fares, or charges finally 16 determined to be just and reasonable by the commission. 17 Interest on any excess shall commence as of the date that 18 any rate, fare, or charge goes into effect that results in 19 the excess and shall continue to accrue on the balance of 20 the excess until returned.

21 (d) The commission shall make every effort to
22 complete its deliberations and issue its decision as
23 expeditiously as possible and before nine months from the
24 date the public utility filed its completed application;

1 provided that in carrying out this mandate, the commission
2 shall require all parties to a proceeding to comply
3 strictly with procedural time schedules that it
4 establishes. If a decision is rendered after the nine5 month period, the commission shall report in writing the
6 reasons therefor to the legislature within thirty days
7 after rendering the decision.

8 Notwithstanding subsection (c), if the commission has 9 not issued its final decision on a public utility's rate 10 application within the nine-month period stated in this 11 section, the commission, within one month after the 12 expiration of the nine-month period, shall render an 13 interim decision allowing the increase in rates, fares and 14 charges, if any, to which the commission, based on the 15 evidentiary record before it, believes the public utility 16 is probably entitled. The commission may postpone its 17 interim rate decision for thirty days if the commission 18 considers the evidentiary hearings incomplete. In the 19 event interim rates are made effective, the commission 20 shall require by order the public utility to return, in the 21 form of an adjustment to rates, fares, or charges to be 22 billed in the future, any amounts with interest, at a rate 23 equal to the rate of return on the public utility's rate 24 base found to be reasonable by the commission, received

under the interim rates that are in excess of the rates,
 fares, or charges finally determined to be just and
 reasonable by the commission. Interest on any excess shall
 commence as of the date that any rate, fare, or charge goes
 into effect that results in the excess and shall continue
 to accrue on the balance of the excess until returned.

7 The nine-month period in this subsection shall begin 8 only after a completed application has been filed with the 9 commission and a copy served on the consumer advocate. The 10 commission shall establish standards concerning the data 11 required to be set forth in the application in order for it 12 to be deemed a completed application. The consumer 13 advocate may, within twenty-one days after receipt, object 14 to the sufficiency of any application, and the commission 15 shall hear and determine any objection within twenty-one 16 days after it is filed. If the commission finds that the 17 objections are without merit, the application shall be 18 deemed to have been completed upon original filing. If the 19 commission finds the application to be incomplete, it shall 20 require the applicant to submit an amended application 21 consistent with its findings, and the nine-month period 22 shall not commence until the amended application is filed. 23 (e) In any case of two or more organizations, trades, 24 or businesses (whether or not incorporated, whether or not

1 organized in the State of Hawaii, and whether or not 2 affiliated) owned or controlled directly or indirectly by 3 the same interests, the commission may distribute, 4 apportion, or allocate gross income, deductions, credits, 5 or allowances between or among the organizations, trades, 6 or businesses, if it determines that the distribution, 7 apportionment, or allocation is necessary to adequately 8 reflect the income of any [such] of the organizations, 9 trades, or businesses to carry out the regulatory duties 10 imposed by this section.

11 (f) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, for 12 public utilities having annual gross revenues of less than 13 \$2,000,000, the commission may make and amend its rules and 14 procedures to provide the commission with sufficient facts 15 necessary to determine the reasonableness of the proposed 16 rates without unduly burdening the utility company and its 17 customers. In the determination of the reasonableness of 18 the proposed rates, the commission shall:

19 (1) Require the filing of a standard form application
20 to be developed by the commission. The standard
21 form application for general rate increases shall
22 describe the specific facts that shall be
23 submitted to support a determination of the
24 reasonableness of the proposed rates, and require

1		the submission of financial information in
2		conformance with a standard chart of accounts to
3		be approved by the commission, and other
4	r.	commission guidelines to allow expeditious review
5		of a requested general rate increase application;
6	(2)	Hold a public hearing as prescribed in section
7		269-12(c) at which the consumers or patrons of
8		the public utility may present testimony to the
9		commission concerning the increase. The public
10		hearing shall be preceded by proper notice, as
11		prescribed in section 269-12; and
12	(3)	Make every effort to complete its deliberations
13		and issue a proposed decision and order within
14		six months from the date the public utility files
15		a completed application with the commission;
16		provided that all parties to the proceeding
17		strictly comply with the procedural schedule
18		established by the commission and no person is
19		permitted to intervene. If a proposed decision
20		and order is rendered after the six-month period,
21		the commission shall report in writing the
22		reasons therefor to the legislature within thirty
23		days after rendering the proposed decision and
24		order. Prior to the issuance of the commission's

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proposed decision and order, the parties shall not be entitled to a contested case hearing.

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3 If all parties to the proceeding accept the Δ proposed decision and order, the parties shall 5 not be entitled to a contested case hearing, and 6 section 269-15.5 shall not apply. If the 7 commission permits a person to intervene, the six-month period shall not apply and the 8 9 commission shall make every effort to complete 10 its deliberations and issue its decision within 11 the nine-month period from the date the public 12 utility's completed application was filed, 13 pursuant to subsections (b), (c), and (d).

14 If a party does not accept the proposed 15 decision and order, either in whole or in part, 16 that party shall give notice of its objection or 17 nonacceptance within the timeframe prescribed by 18 the commission in the proposed decision and 19 order, setting forth the basis for its objection 20 or nonacceptance; provided that the proposed 21 decision and order shall have no force or effect 22 pending the commission's final decision. If 23 notice is filed, the above six-month period shall 24 not apply and the commission shall make every

1 effort to complete its deliberations and issue 2 its decision within the nine-month period from 3 the date the public utility's completed 4 application was filed as set forth in subsection 5 (d). Any party that does not accept the proposed 6 decision and order under this paragraph shall be 7 entitled to a contested case hearing; provided 8 that the parties to the proceeding may waive the 9 contested case hearing.

10 Public utilities subject to this subsection shall 11 follow the standard chart of accounts to be approved by the 12 commission for financial reporting purposes. The public 13 utilities shall file a certified copy of the annual 14 financial statements in addition to an updated chart of 15 accounts used to maintain their financial records with the 16 commission and consumer advocate within ninety days from 17 the end of each calendar or fiscal year, as applicable, 18 unless this timeframe is extended by the commission. The 19 owner, officer, general partner, or authorized agent of the 20 utility shall certify that the reports were prepared in 21 accordance with the standard chart of accounts.

(g) Any automatic fuel rate adjustment clauserequested by a public utility in an application filed with

1	the commi	ssion shall be designed, as determined in the		
2	commission's discretion, to:			
3	(1)	Fairly share the risk of fuel cost changes		
4		between the public utility and its customers;		
5	(2)	Provide the public utility with sufficient		
6		incentive to reasonably manage or lower its fuel		
7		costs and encourage greater use of renewable		
8		energy;		
9	(3)	Allow the public utility to mitigate the risk of		
10		sudden or frequent fuel cost changes that cannot		
11		otherwise reasonably be mitigated through other		
12		commercially available means, such as through		
13		fuel hedging contracts;		
14	(4)	Preserve, to the extent reasonably possible, the		
15		public utility's financial integrity; and		
16	(5)	Minimize, to the extent reasonably possible, the		
17		public utility's need to apply for frequent		
18		applications for general rate increases to		
19		account for the changes to its fuel costs.		
20	(h) -	Unless otherwise directed by the commission, a		
21	telecommu	mications carrier may charge any rate for a		
22	service 1	ess than or equal to the rate for the service		
23	included	in the telecommunications sarrier's filed tariff.		
24	The rate	charged shall be available at the same terms for		
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1	all oustomers in all geographic locations within the			
2	telecommunications carrier's service area." (h)-			
3	Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, this chapter shall			
4	not apply to the rates, fares, and charges of the incumbent			
5	local exchange carrier, and the incumbent local exchange			
6	carrier shall not be required to obtain approval or provide			
7	any cost support or other information to establish or			
8	otherwise modify in any manner its rates, fares, and			
9	charges and shall not be required to bundle any service			
10	offerings into a single or combined pricing package.			
11	Notwithstanding the above, all rates, fares, charges, and			
12	bundled service offerings shall be filed with the			
13	commission for informational purposes only and become			
14	effective immediately upon filing."			
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Notes: OTW sought to change the deregulation provision contained in the new subsection (h) and TWT wanted to delete that provision in the new subsection (h) in §269-16. DCCA agrees with TWT replaced the language in the new subsection (h) with a provision that allows telecommunications carriers to charge any rate that is less than or equal to the rate that is included in the carrier's filed tariff. This reverts back to DCCA's original proposal.			
23	SECTION 24. Section 269-51, Hawaii Revised Statutes,			
24	is amended to read as follows:			
25	"§269-51 Consumer advocate; director of commerce and			
26	consumer affairs. The director of commerce and consumer			
27	affairs shall be the consumer advocate in hearings before			
28	the public utilities commission[$ extsf{-}$] and the Hawaii broadband			

commissionercommunications commission. The consumer 1 2 advocate shall represent, protect, and advance the 3 interests of all consumers, including small businesses, of utility and telecommunications services. The consumer 4 5 advocate shall not receive any salary in addition to the 6 salary received as director of commerce and consumer 7 affairs. 8 The responsibility for advocating the interests of the 9 consumer of utility services shall be separate and distinct 10 from the responsibilities of the public utilities 11 commission and those assistants employed by the 12 commission. As consumer advocate, the director of commerce 13 and consumer affairs shall have full rights to participate 14 as a party in interest in all proceedings before the public 15 utilities commission[-] and in all telecommunications 16 proceedings before the Hawaii broadband 17 commissioner communications commission." 18 SECTION 25. Section 269-54, Hawaii Revised Statutes, 19 is amended by amending subsections (d) and (e) to read as 20 follows: 21 "(d) Whenever it appears to the consumer advocate 22 that: (1) any public utility or τ telecommunications 23 carrier, or cable operator has violated or failed to comply 24 with any provision of this part or of any state or federal

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1	law; (2) any public utility or $_{ au}$ telecommunications carrier $_{ au}$
2	or cable operator has failed to comply with any rule,
3	regulation, or other requirement of the public utilities
4	commission, the Hawaii breadband commissioner communications
5	commission, or of any other state or federal agency; (3)
6	any public utility or τ telecommunications carrier, or cable
7	operator has failed to comply with any provision of its
8	charter, certificate of public convenience and necessity,
9	or franchise; (4) changes, additions, extensions, or
10	repairs to the plant or service of any public utility $\mathrm{or}_{\overline{\tau}}$
11	telecommunications carrier, or cable operator are necessary
12	to meet the reasonable convenience or necessity of the
13	public; or (5) the rates, fares, classifications, charges,
14	or rules of any public utility or τ telecommunications
15	carrier, , or cable operator where not prohibited by
16	federal law, are unreasonable or unreasonably
17	discriminatory, the consumer advocate may institute
18	proceedings for appropriate relief before the public
19	utilities commission[+] <u>or the Hawaii broadband</u>
20	commissionercommunications commission, as applicable. The
21	consumer advocate may appeal any final decision and order
22	in any proceeding to which the consumer advocate is a party
23	in the manner provided by law.

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1	(e) The consumer advocate may file with the public
2	utilities commission or the Hawaii breadband
3	commissionercommunications commission, as the case may be,
4	and serve on any public utility or_{τ} telecommunications
5	carrier, or cable operator a request in writing to furnish
6	any information reasonably relevant to any matter or
7	proceeding before the <u>public utilities</u> commission <u>or the</u>
8	Hawaii broadband commissionercommunications commission or
9	reasonably required by the consumer advocate to perform the
10	duties hereunder. Any [such] request shall set forth with
11	reasonable specificity the purpose for which the
12	information is requested and shall designate with
13	reasonable specificity the information desired. The public
14	utility or telecommunications carrier, or cable operator
15	shall comply with [such] the request within the time limit
16	set forth by the consumer advocate unless within ten days
17	following service it requests a hearing on the matter
18	before the public utilities commission or the Hawaii
19	broadband commissionercommunications commission and states
20	its reasons therefor. If a hearing is requested, the
21	public utilities commission or the Hawaii broadband
22	commissionercommunications commission, as the case may be,
23	shall proceed to hold the hearing and make its
24	determination on the request within thirty days after the

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1	same is fi	iled. The consumer advocate or the public utility
2	may appeal	I the decision of the commission on any [such]
3	request, s	subject to chapter 602, in the manner provided for
4	civil appe	eals from the circuit courts. <u>The consumer</u>
5	advocate d	$pr_{ au}$ telecommunications carrier, or cable operator
6	may appea	l the decision of the Hawaii broadband
7	commission	nercommunications commission, in the manner
8	provided a	for in section -176. Subject to the foregoing,
9	such reque	ests may ask the public utility $\mathrm{or}_{\overline{ au}}$
10	telecommu	nications carrier, or cable operator to:
11	(1)	Furnish any information [with which] that the
12		consumer advocate may require concerning the
13		condition, operations, practices, or services of
14		the public utility $[+]$ or τ telecommunications
15		<u>carrier, or cable operator;</u>
16	(2)	Produce and permit the consumer advocate or the
17		consumer advocate's representative to inspect and
18		copy any designated documents (including
19		writings, drawings, graphs, charts, photographs,
20		recordings, and other data compilations from
21		which information can be obtained), or to inspect
22		and copy, test, or sample any designated tangible
23		thing which is in the possession, custody, or

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1	control of the public utility $[+]_{or_{T}}$
2	telecommunications carrier, or cable operator; or
3	(3) Permit entry upon land or other property in the
4	possession or control of the <u>public</u> utility or_ $ au$
5	telecommunications carrier, or cable operator for
6	the purpose of inspection and measuring,
7	surveying, photographing, testing, or sampling
8	the property or any designated object thereon."
9	SECTION 26. Section 269-55, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
10	is amended to read as follows:
11	"\$269-55 Handling of complaints. The consumer
12	advocate shall counsel <u>public</u> utility and $\overline{\tau}$
13	telecommunications, and cable service customers in the
14	handling of consumer complaints before the public utilities
15	commission[+] or the Hawaii broadband
16	commissionercommunications commission. The public
17	utilities commission shall provide a central clearinghouse
18	of information by collecting and compiling all consumer
19	complaints and inquiries concerning public utilities. The
20	Hawaii broadband commissioner communications commission
21	shall provide a central clearinghouse of information by
22	collecting and compiling all consumer complaints and
23	inquiries concerning telecommunications carriers and cable
24	operators."

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1	SECTION 27. Section 269E-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
2	is amended by adding a new definition to be appropriately
3	inserted and to read as follows:
4	""Hawaii communications commission" means the Hawaii
5	communications commission established pursuant to chapter
6	т •
7	SECTION 28. Section 269E-6, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
8	is amended to read as follows:
9	"[{] \$269E-6[}] One call center financing. (a) To
10	finance the establishment and operation of the center and
11	the administrative costs of the commission, operators shall
12	pay to the commission a fee in an amount and at a schedule
13	determined by the commission. The commission may also
14	assess fees on excavators. All fees paid by operators and
15	excavators shall be deposited with the director of finance
16	to the credit of the public utilities commission special
17	fund.
18	(b) All operators of subsurface installations in this
19	State shall share in the operational and administrative
20	costs of the center, except where:
21	(1) All of the operator's subsurface installations
22	are located on property owned exclusively by that
23	operator; and

1	(2) The operator has not authorized another operator
2	to use the property for any subsurface
3	installation.
4	(c) The commission may accept revenues,
5	compensations, proceeds, charges, penalties, grants, or any
6	other payments in any form, from any public agency or any other source.
7	other source.
8	(d) Any agency required to participate may charge a
9	reasonable fee in an amount sufficient to cover the
10	administrative and operational costs required by this
11	chapter.
12	(e) Civil penalties collected pursuant to this
13	chapter shall be used by the commission to educate the
14	operating and excavating community in Hawaii and to reduce
15	the center's operating costs.
16	(f) Any operator or excavator that pays public
17	utility fees to the commission pursuant to section 269-30
18	may petition the commission for approval to apply a portion
19	of its public utility fee payments as a credit toward its
20	<u>center fees.</u>
21	(g) Any operator or excavator that pays fees to the
22	Hawaii communications commission pursuant to section -51
23	may petition the commission for approval to apply a portion
24	of its fee payments as a credit toward its center fees."

Note: Incorporated to address AT&T's concerns regarding their proposal for § -51.

SECTION 297. Section 339K-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
is amended to read as follows:

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"[+]\$339K-2[+] Compact administrator. The compact 6 7 administrator, acting jointly with like officers of other 8 party states, may [promulgate] adopt rules and regulations 9 to carry out more effectively the terms of the compact. 10 The compact administrator shall cooperate with all 11 departments, agencies, and officers of and in the 12 government of this State and its subdivisions in 13 facilitating the present administration of the compact or 14 of any supplementary agreement or agreements entered into 15 by this State thereunder. The compact administrator shall 16 adopt the practices and may impose the fees authorized 17 under article III of the compact, except that state and 18 county law enforcement agencies [and], the public utilities 19 commission, and the Hawaii broadband 20 commissionercommunications commission shall retain their 21 enforcement and inspection authority relating to carriers." SECTION 3028. Section 356D-15, Hawaii Revised 22 23 Statutes, is amended by amending subsection (b) to read as 24 follows:

1 "(b) The authority may acquire by the exercise of the 2 power of eminent domain property already devoted to a 3 public use; provided that no property belonging to any 4 government may be acquired without its consent, and that no 5 property belonging to a public utility may be acquired 6 without the approval of the public utilities commission [+] 7 or, in the case of telecommunications carriers or 8 telecommunications common carriers, the Hawaii broadband 9 commissionercommunications commission; and provided further 10 that the acquisition is subject to legislative disapproval 11 expressed in a concurrent resolution adopted by majority 12 vote of the senate and the house of representatives in the 13 first regular or special session following the date of 14 condemnation." 15 SECTION 3129. Section 448E-13, Hawaii Revised 16 Statutes, is amended to read as follows: 17 "§448E-13 Exemption of public utility and [community 18 antennae] cable television company employees. All 19 employees of a public utility within the State under a 20 franchise or charter granted by the State [which] that is 21 regulated by the public utilities commission or the Hawaii 22 broadband commissionercommunications commission and 23 $[community antennae television company_{r}]$ a cable television

franchisee, while so employed, shall be exempt from the 1 2 provision of this chapter." 3 SECTION 3230. Section 481-11, Hawaii Revised 4 Statutes, is amended to read as follows: 5 "\$481-11 Remedies cumulative. The remedies 6 prescribed in this part are cumulative and in addition to 7 the remedies prescribed in [chapter] chapters 269 and 8 for discriminations by public utilities. If any conflict 9 arises between this part and chapter 269[7 the latter 10 prevails.] or chapter , chapter 269 or chapter 11 whichever is applicable, shall prevail." 12 SECTION 334. Section 481P-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, 13 is amended to read as follows: 14 "§481P-5 Exemptions. This chapter shall not apply 15 to: 16 (1) A person who initiates telephone calls to a 17 residence for the sole purpose of polling or 18 soliciting the expression of ideas, opinions, or 19 votes, or a person soliciting solely for a 20 political or religious cause or purpose; 21 (2) A securities broker-dealer, salesperson, 22 investment adviser, or investment adviser 23 representative who is registered with this State 24 to sell securities or who is authorized to sell

1 securities in this State pursuant to federal 2 securities laws, when soliciting over the 3 telephone within the scope of the person's 4 registration; 5 (3) A financial institution that is authorized to 6 accept deposits under its chartering or licensing 7 authority where such deposits are insured by the 8 Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the 9 National Credit Union Administration, including 10 but not limited to a bank, savings bank, savings

11 and loan association, depository financial 12 services loan company, or credit union, or a 13 nondepository financial services loan company 14 that is licensed or authorized to conduct 15 business in this State by the commissioner of 16 financial institutions, or an affiliate or 17 subsidiary of a financial institution as defined 18 in chapter 412;

19 (4) A person or organization that is licensed or
20 authorized to conduct business in this State by
21 the insurance commissioner including but not
22 limited to an insurance company and its
23 employees, while engaged in the business of

1		selling or advertising the sale of insurance
2		products or services;
3	(5)	A college or university accredited by an
4		accrediting organization recognized by the United
5		States Department of Education;
6	(6)	A person who publishes a catalog of at least
7		fifteen pages, four times a year, with a
8		circulation of at least one hundred thousand,
9		where the catalog includes clear disclosure of
10		sale prices, shipping, handling, and other
11		charges;
12	(7)	A political subdivision or instrumentality of the
13		United States, or any state of the United States;
14	(8)	The sale of goods or services by
15		telecommunications or landline (i.e., cable) or
16		wireless video service providers, for which the
17		terms and conditions of the offering, production,
18		or sale are regulated by the [public utilities
19		commission] Hawaii breadband
20		commissionercommunications commission or the
21		Federal Communications Commission, [or pursuant
22		to chapter 440G, including the sale of goods or
23		services by affiliates of these
24		telecommunications or video service providers.

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1		Nothing herein shall be construed to preclude or
2		preempt actions brought under any other laws
3		including chapter 480;
4	(9)	A real estate broker or salesperson who is .
5		licensed by this State to sell real estate, when
6		soliciting within the scope of the license; or
7	(10)	A travel agency that is registered with this
8		State, when engaging in the business of selling
9		or advertising the sale of travel services."
10	SECT	ION 342. Section 481X-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
11	is amende	d by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
12	"(a)	This chapter shall not apply to:
13	(1)	Express or implied warranties;
14	(2)	Maintenance agreements; and
15	(3)	Warranties, service contracts, and maintenance
16		agreements offered by public utilities on their
17		transmission devices to the extent they are
18		regulated by the public utilities commission or
19		the [department of commerce and consumer
20		affairs.] Hawaii broadband
21		commissionercommunications commission."
22	SECT	TON 353. Section 486J-11, Hawaii Revised
23	Statutes,	is amended to read as follows:

1	"\$486J-11 Powers of the public utilities
2	commission[-] and the Hawaii broadband
3	commissionercommunications commission. (a) The public
4	utilities commission and the Hawaii breadband
5	commissionercommunications commission may take any action
6	or make any determination under this chapter, including but
7	not limited to actions or determinations that affect
8	persons not regulated under chapters 269,, 271, and
9	271G, as the public utilities commission or the Hawaii
10	broadband commissionercommunications commission deems
11	necessary to carry out its responsibilities or otherwise
12	effectuate chapter 269,, 271, or 271G.
13	(b) The public utilities commission or, in the case
14	of telecommunications carriers or telecommunications common
15	carriers, the Hawaii broadband commissionercommunications
16	commission, may examine or investigate each distributor,
17	the manner in which it is operated, its prices and rates,
18	its operating costs and expenses, the value of its property
19	and assets, the amount and disposition of its income, any
20	of its financial transactions, its business relations with
21	other persons, companies, or corporations, its compliance
22	with all applicable state and federal laws, and all matters
23	of any nature affecting the relations and transactions

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1 between the distributor and the public, persons, or 2 businesses.

3 (c) In the performance of its duties under this 4 chapter, the public utilities commission and the Hawaii 5 broadband commissioner communications commission shall have 6 the same powers respecting administering oaths, compelling 7 the attendance of witnesses and the production of 8 documents, examining witnesses, and punishing for contempt, 9 as are possessed by the circuit courts. In case of 10 disobedience by any person to any order of or subpoena 11 issued by the public utilities $commission[_{T}]$ or the Hawaii 12 broadband commissionercommunications commission, or of the 13 refusal of any witness to testify to any matter regarding 14 which the witness may be lawfully questioned, any circuit 15 court, upon application by the public utilities 16 commission[τ] or the Hawaii broadband 17 commissioner communications commission, shall compel 18 obedience as in case of disobedience of the requirements of 19 a subpoena issued from a circuit court or a refusal to 20 testify therein." 21 SECTION 364. Section 659-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, 22 is amended to read as follows: 23 "[+]§659-3[+] Forfeiture of franchise. The several 24 circuit courts shall have jurisdiction of all proceedings

in, or in the nature of, quo warranto, brought by or in the 1 2 name of the public utilities commission, the Hawaii 3 broadband commissionercommunications commission, or the 4 State, for the forfeiture of the franchise of any corporate 5 body offending against any law relating to such 6 corporation, for misuser, for nonuser, for doing or 7 committing any act or acts amounting to a surrender of its 8 charter and for exercising rights not conferred upon it." 9 SECTION 375. Section 708-800, Hawaii Revised 10 Statutes, is amended by amending the definition of 11 "telecommunication service" to read as follows: 12 ""Telecommunication service" means the offering of 13 transmission between or among points specified by a user, 14 of information of the user's choosing, including voice, 15 data, image, graphics, and video without change in the form 16 or content of the information, as sent and received, by 17 means of electromagnetic transmission, or other similarly 18 capable means of transmission, with or without benefit of 19 any closed transmission medium, and does not include cable 20 service as defined in section [440G-3.] -1."

21 SECTION 386. Section 269-16.5, Hawaii Revised
22 Statutes, is repealed.

23 ["\$269-16.5 Lifeline telephone rates. (a) The
24 public utilities commission shall implement a program to

1	achieve lifeline telephone rates for residential telephone
2	users.
3	(b) "Lifeline-telephone rate" means a discounted rate
4	for residential telephone users identified as elders with
5	limited income and the handicapped with limited income as
6	designated by the commission.
7	(c) The commission shall require every telephone
8	public utility providing local telephone service to file a
9	schedule of rates and charges providing a rate for lifeline
10	telephone subscribers.
11	(d) Nothing in this section shall preclude the
12	commission from changing any rate established pursuant to
13	subsection (a) either specifically or pursuant to any
14	general restructuring of all telephone rates, charges, and
15	classifications."]
16	SECTION 397. Section 269-16.6, Hawaii Revised
17	Statutes, is repealed.
18	[" §269-16.6 Telecommunications relay services for the
19	deaf, persons with hearing disabilities, and persons with
20	speech disabilities. (a) The public utilities commission
21	shall implement intrastate telecommunications relay
22	services for the deaf, persons with hearing disabilities,
23	and persons with speech disabilities.

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1	(b) The commission shall investigate the availability
2	of experienced providers of quality telecommunications
3	relay services for the deaf, persons with hearing
4	disabilitics, and persons with speech disabilities. The
5	provision of these telecommunications relay services to be
6	rendered on or after July 1, 1992, shall be awarded by the
7	commission to the provider or providers the commission
8	determines to be best qualified to provide these services.
9	In reviewing the qualifications of the provider or
10	providers, the commission shall consider the factors of
11	cost, quality of services, and experience, and such other
12	factors as the commission deems appropriate.
13	(c) If the commission determines that the
14	telecommunications relay service can be provided in a cost-
15	effective manner by a service provider or service
16	providers, the commission may require every intrastate
17	telecommunications carrier to contract with such provider
18	or providers for the provision of the telecommunications
19	relay service under the terms established by the
20	commission.
21	(d) The commission may establish a surcharge to
22	collect customer contributions for telecommunications relay
23	services required under this section.

1	(c) The commission may adopt rules to establish a
2	mechanism to recover the costs of administering and
3	providing-telecommunications-relay-services-required-under
4	this section.
5	(f) The commission shall require every intrastate
6	telecommunications carrier to file a schedule of rates and
7	charges and every provider of telecommunications relay
8	service to maintain a separate accounting for the costs of
9	providing telecommunications relay services for the deaf,
10	persons with hearing disabilities, and persons with speech
11	disabilities.
12	(g) Nothing in this section shall preclude the
13	commission from changing any rate established pursuant to
14	this section either specifically or pursuant to any general
15	restructuring of all telephone rates, charges, and
16	classifications.
17	(h) As used in this section:
18	"Telecommunications relay services" means telephone
19	transmission services that provide an individual who has a
20	hearing or speech disability the ability to engage in
21	communication by wire or radio with a hearing individual in
22	a manner that is functionally equivalent to the ability of
23	an individual who does not have a hearing or speech
24	disability to communicate using wire or radio voice

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1	communication services. "Telecommunications relay
2	services" includes services that enable two-way
3	communication-using text-telephones-or-other nonvoice
4	terminal devices, speech-to-speech services, video relay
5	services, and non-English relay services."]
6	SECTION 4038. Section 269-16.8, Hawaii Revised
7	Statutes, is repealed.
8	[" [§269-16.8] Aggregators of telephone service
9	requirements. (a) For the purposes of this section:
10	"Aggregator" means every person or entity that is not
11	a telecommunications carrier, who, in the ordinary course
12	of its business, makes telephones available and aggregates
13	the calls of the public or transient users of its business,
14	including but not limited to a hotel, motel, hospital, or
15	university, that provides operator-assisted services
16	through access to an operator service provider.
17	"Operator service" means a service provided by a
18	telecommunications company to assist a customer to complete
19	a telephone call.
20	(b) The commission, by rule or order, shall adopt and
21	enforce operating requirements for the provision of
22	operator-assisted services by an aggregator. These
23	requirements shall include, but not be limited to, the
24	following:

1	(1)	Posting and display of information in a prominent
2		and conspicuous fashion on or near the telephone
3		equipment owned or controlled by the aggregator
4		which states the identity of the operator service
5		provider, the operator service provider's
6		complaint handling procedures, and means by which
7		the customer may access the various operator
8		service providers.
9	(2)	Identification by name of the operator service
10		provider prior to the call connection and, if not
11		posted pursuant to subsection (b)(1), a
12		disclosure of pertinent rates, terms, conditions,
13		and means of access to various operator service
14		providers and the local exchange carriers;
15		provided that the operator service provider shall
16		disclose this information at any time upon
17		request by the customer.
18	(3)	Allowing the customer access to any operator
19		service provider operating in the relevant
20		geographic area through the access method chosen
21		by the provider or as deemed appropriate by the
22		commission.
23	(4)	Other requirements as deemed reasonable by the
24		commission in the areas of public safety, quality

of service, unjust or discriminatory pricing, or 1 2 other matters in the public interest."] 3 SECTION 4139. Section 269-16.9, Hawaii Revised 4 Statutes, is repealed. ["S269-16.9 Telecommunications providers and 5 6 services. (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this 7 chapter to the contrary, the commission, upon its own 8 motion or upon the application of any person, and upon 9 notice and hearing, may exempt a telecommunications 10 provider or a telecommunications service from any or all of 11 the provisions of this chapter, except the provisions of 12 section 269-34, upon a determination that the exemption is 13 in the public interest. In determining whether an 14 exemption is in the public interest, the commission shall 15 consider whether the exemption promotes state policies in 16 telecommunications, the development, maintenance, and 17 operation of effective and economically efficient 18 telecommunications services, and the furnishing of 19 telecommunications services at just and reasonable rates 20 and in a fair manner in view of the needs of the various 21 customer segments of the telecommunications industry. 22 Among the specific factors the commission may consider are:

1	(1)	The responsiveness of the exemption to changes in
2		the structure and technology of the State's
3		telecommunications industry;
4	(2)	The benefits accruing to the customers and users
5		of the exempt telecommunications provider or
6		service;
7	(3)	The impact of the exemption on the quality,
8		efficiency, and availability of
9		telecommunications services;
10	(4)	The impact of the exemption on the maintenance of
11		fair, just, and reasonable rates for
12	e.	telecommunications services;
12 13	(5)	telecommunications scrvices; The likelihood of prejudice or disadvantage to
	(5)	
13	(5)	The likelihood of prejudice or disadvantage to
13 14	(5) (6)	The likelihood of prejudice or disadvantage to ratepayers of basic local exchange service resulting from the exemption;
13 14 15		The likelihood of prejudice or disadvantage to ratepayers of basic local exchange service resulting from the exemption;
13 14 15 16		The likelihood of prejudice or disadvantage to ratepayers of basic local exchange service resulting from the exemption; The effect of the exemption on the preservation
13 14 15 16 17		The likelihood of prejudice or disadvantage to ratepayers of basic local exchange service resulting from the exemption; The effect of the exemption on the preservation and promotion of affordable, universal, basic
13 14 15 16 17 18		The likelihood of prejudice or disadvantage to ratepayers of basic local exchange service resulting from the exemption; The effect of the exemption on the preservation and promotion of affordable, universal, basic telecommunications services as those services-are
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	(6)	The likelihood of prejudice or disadvantage to ratepayers of basic local exchange service resulting from the exemption; The effect of the exemption on the preservation and promotion of affordable, universal, basic telecommunications services as those services are determined by the commission;

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1	(8)	The impact of the exemption on the availability
2		of diversity in the supply of telecommunications
3		services throughout the State;
4	(9)	The improvements in the regulatory system to be
5		gained from the exemption, including the
6		reduction in regulatory delays and costs;
7	(10)	The impact of the exemption on promoting
8		innovations in telecommunications services;
9	(11)	The opportunity provided by the exemption for
10		telecommunications providers to respond to
11		competition; and
12	(12)	The potential for the exercise of substantial
13		market power by the exempt provider or by a
14		provider of the exempt telecommunications
15		service.
16	(b)	The commission shall expedite, where practicable,
17	the regul	atory process with respect to exemptions and shall
18	adopt gui	delines under which each provider of an exempted
19	service a	hall be subject to similar terms and conditions.
20	(c)	The commission may condition or limit any
21	exemptior	a as the commission deems necessary in the public
22	interest.	The commission may provide a trial period for
23	any exem p	btion and may terminate the exemption or continue

1	it for such period and under such conditions and
2	limitations as it deems appropriate.
3	(d) The commission may require a telecommunications
4	provider to apply for a certificate of public convenience
5	and necessity pursuant to section 269-7.5; provided that
6	the commission may waive any application requirement
7	whenever it deems the waiver to be in furtherance of the
8	purposes of this section. The exemptions under this
9	section may be granted in a proceeding for certification or
10	in a separate proceeding.
11	(e) The commission may waive other regulatory
12	requirements under this chapter applicable to
13	telecommunications providers when it determines that
14	competition will serve the same purpose as public interest
15	regulation.
16	(f) If any provider of an exempt telecommunications
17	service or any exempt telecommunications provider elects to
18	terminate its service, it shall provide notice of this to
19	its customers, the commission, and every telephone public
20	utility providing basic local exchange service in this
21	State. The notice shall be in writing and given not less
22	than six months before the intended termination date. Upon
23	termination of service by a provider of an exempt service
24	or by an exempt provider, the appropriate telephone public

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1	utility providing basic local exchange service shall ensure
2	that all customers affected by the termination receive
3	basic local exchange service. The commission shall, upon
4	notice and hearing or by rule, determine the party or
5	parties who shall bear the cost, if any, of access to the
6	basic local exchange service by the customers of the
7	terminated exempt service.
8	(g) Upon the petition of any person or upon its own
9	motion, the commission may rescind any exemption or waiver
10	granted under this section if, after notice and hearing, it
11	finds that the conditions prompting the granting of the
12	exemption or waiver no longer apply, or that the exemption
13	or waiver is no longer in the public interest, or that the
14	telecommunications provider has failed to comply with one
15	or more of the conditions of the exemption or applicable
16	statutory or regulatory requirements.
17	(h) For purposes of this section, the commission,
18	upon determination that any area of the State has less than
19	adequate telecommunications service, shall require the
20	existing telecommunications provider to show cause as to
21	why the commission should not authorize an alternative
22	telecommunications provider for that area under the terms
23	and conditions of this section."]

1	SECTION 4240 . Section 269-16.91, Hawaii Revised
2	Statutes, is repealed.
3	[" [\$269-16.91] Universal service subsidies. (a) For
4	any alternative telecommunications provider authorized to
5	provide basic local exchange service to any area of the
6	State pursuant to section 269-16.9(h), the commission may
7	consider the following:
8	(1) Transferring the subsidy, if any, of the local
9	exchange provider's basic residential telephone
10	service to the alternative provider; and
11	(2) Transferring from the local exchange carrier to
12	the alternative provider the amounts, if any,
13	generated by the local exchange provider's
14	services other than basic residential telephone
15	service and which are used to subsidize basic
16	residential service in the area.
17	(b) To receive the subsidy amounts from the local
18	exchange service provider, the alternative
19	telecommunications provider shall be required, to the
20	extent possible, to obtain basic residential service
21	subsidies from both the local exchange service provider and
22	national universal service providers."]
23	SECTION 43+. Section 269-16.92, Hawaii Revised
24	 Statutes, is repealed.

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1	[" [§269-16.92] Changes in subscriber carrier		
2	selections; prior authorization required; penalties for		
3	unauthorized changes. (a) No telecommunications carrier		
4	shall initiate a change in a subscriber's selection or		
5	designation of a long-distance carrier-without first		
6	receiving:		
7	(1) A letter of agency or letter of authorization;		
8	(2) An electronic authorization by use of a toll-free		
9	number;		
10	(3) An oral authorization verified by an independent		
11	third-party; or		
12	(4) Any other prescribed authorization;		
13	provided that the letter or authorization shall be in		
14	accordance with verification procedures that are prescribed		
15	by the Federal Communications Commission or the public		
16	utilities commission. For purposes of this section,		
17	"telecommunications carrier" does not include a provider of		
18	commercial mobile radio service as defined by 47 United		
19	States Code section 332(d)(1).		
20	(b) Upon a determination that any telecommunications		
21	carrier has engaged in conduct that is prohibited in		
22	subsection (a), the public utilities commission shall order		
23	the carrier to take corrective action as deemed necessary		
24	by the commission and may subject the telecommunications		

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1	carrier to administrative penalties pursuant to section
2	269-28. Any proceeds from administrative penalties
3	collected under this section shall be deposited into the
4	public utilities commission special fund.
5	The commission, if consistent with the public
6	interest, may suspend, restrict, or revoke the
7	registration, charter, or certificate of the
8	telecommunications carrier, thereby denying, modifying, or
9	limiting the right of the telecommunications carrier to
10	provide service in this State.
11	(c) The commission shall adopt rules, pursuant to
12	chapter 91, necessary for the purposes of this section
13	The commission may notify customers of their rights under
14	these rules."]
15	SECTION 442. Section 269-16.95, Hawaii Revised
16	Statutes, is repealed.
17	[" §269-16.95 Emergency telephone service; capital
18	costs; ratemaking. (a) A public utility providing local
19	exchange telecommunications services may recover the
20	capital cost and associated operating expenses of providing
21	a statewide enhanced 911 emergency telephone service in the
22	public switched telephone network, through:
23	(1) A-telephone line surcharge; or
24	(2) Its rate case.

1	(b) Notwithstanding the commission's rules on
2	ratemaking, the commission shall expedite and give highest
3	priority to any necessary ratemaking procedures related to
4	providing a statewide enhanced 911 emergency telephone
5	service; provided that the commission may set forth
6	conditions and requirements as the commission determines
7	are in the public interest.
8	(c) The commission shall require every public utility
9	providing statewide enhanced 911 emergency telephone
10	service to maintain a separate accounting of the costs of
11	providing an enhanced 911 emergency service and the
12	revenues received from related surcharges until the next
13	general rate case. The commission shall further require
14	that every public utility imposing a surcharge shall
15	identify such as a separate line item on all customer
16	billing statements.
17	(d) This section shall not preclude the commission
18	from changing any rate, established pursuant to this
19	section, cither specifically or pursuant to any general
20	restructuring of all telephone rates, charges, and
21	classifications."]
22	SECTION 453. Section 269-34, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
23	is repealed.

1	[" [§269-34] Obligations of telecommunications		
2	carriers. In accordance with conditions and guidelines		
3	established by the commission to facilitate the		
4	introduction of competition into the State's		
5	telecommunications marketplace, each telecommunications		
6	carrier, upon bona fide request, shall provide services or		
7	information services, on reasonable terms and conditions,		
8	to an entity seeking to provide intrastate		
9	telecommunications, including:		
10	(1) Interconnection to the telecommunications		
11	carrier's telecommunications facilities at any		
12	technically feasible and economically reasonable		
13	point within the telecommunications carrier's		
14	network so that the networks are fully		
15	<pre>interoperable;</pre>		
16	(2) The current interstate tariff used as the access		
17	rate until the commission can adopt a new		
18	intrastate local service interconnection tariff		
19	pursuant to section 269-37;		
20	(3) Nondiscriminatory and equal-access-to any		
21	telecommunications carrier's telecommunications		
22	facilities, functions, and the information		
23	necessary to the transmission and routing of any		

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1		telecommunications service and the
2		interoperability of both carriers' networks;
3	(4)	Nondiscriminatory access among all
4		telecommunications carriers, where technically
5		feasible and economically reasonable, and where
6		safety or the provision of existing electrical
7		service is not at risk, to the poles, ducts,
8		conduits, and rights-of-way owned or controlled
9		by the telecommunications carrier, or the
10		commission-shall authorize access to electric
11		utilities' poles as provided by the joint pole
12		agreement, commission tariffs, rules, orders, or
13		Federal Communications Commission rules and
14		regulations;
15	(5)	Nondiscriminatory access to the network functions
16		of the telecommunications carrier's
17		telecommunications network, that shall be offered
18		on an unbundled, competitively neutral, and cost-
19		based basis;
20	-(6) -	Telecommunications services and network functions
21		without unreasonable restrictions on the resale
22		or sharing of those services and functions; and
23	(7)	Nondiscriminatory access of customers to the
24		telecommunications carrier of their choice

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1	without the need to dial additional digits or			
2	access codes, where technically feasible. The			
3	commission shall determine the equitable			
4	distribution of costs among the authorized			
5	telecommunications carriers that will use such			
6	access and shall establish rules to ensure such			
7	access.			
8	Where possible, telecommunications carriers shall			
9	enter into negotiations to agree on the provision of			
10	services or information services without requiring			
11	intervention by the commission; provided that any such			
12	agreement shall be subject to review by the commission to			
	B ensure compliance with the requirements of this section."]			
13	ensure compliance with the requirements of this section."]			
13 14	ensure compliance with the requirements of this section."] SECTION 4 <u>6</u> 4. Section 269-35, Hawaii Revised Statutes,			
14	SECTION 464. Section 269-35, Hawaii Revised Statutes,			
14 15	SECTION 4 <u>6</u> 4. Section 269-35, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is repealed.			
14 15 16	SECTION 4 <u>6</u> 4. Section 269-35, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is repealed. [" [\$269-35] Universal service. The commission shall			
14 15 16 17	SECTION 4 <u>6</u> 4. Section 269-35, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is repealed. [" [\$269-35] Universal service . The commission shall preserve and advance universal service by:			
14 15 16 17 18	SECTION 4 <u>6</u> 4. Section 269-35, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is repealed. [" [\$269-35] Universal service. The commission shall preserve and advance universal service by: (1) Maintaining affordable, just, and reasonable			
14 15 16 17 18 19	<pre>SECTION 464. Section 269-35, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is repealed. ["[\$269-35] Universal service. The commission shall preserve and advance universal service by: (1) Maintaining affordable, just, and reasonable rates for basic residential service;</pre>			
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	<pre>SECTION 4<u>6</u>4. Section 269-35, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is repealed. ["[§269-35] Universal service. The commission shall preserve and advance universal service by: (1) Maintaining affordable, just, and reasonable rates for basic residential service; (2) Assisting individuals or entities who cannot</pre>			
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<pre>SECTION 464. Section 269-35, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is repealed. ["[\$269-35] Universal service. The commission shall preserve and advance universal service by: (1) Maintaining affordable, just, and reasonable rates for basic residential service; (2) Assisting individuals or entities who cannot afford the cost of or otherwise require</pre>			

1	(3) Ensuring that consumers are given the information				
2	necessary to make informed choices among the				
3	alternative telecommunications providers and				
4	services."]				
5	SECTION 475. Section 269-36, Hawaii Revised Statutes,				
6	is repealed.				
7	[" [§269-36] Telecommunications number portability.				
8	The commission shall ensure that telecommunications number				
9	portability within an exchange is available, upon request,				
10	as soon as technically feasible and economically				
11	reasonable. An impartial entity shall-administer				
12	telecommunications numbering and make the numbers available				
13	on an equitable basis."]				
14	SECTION 486. Section 269-37, Hawaii Revised Statutes,				
15	is repealed.				
16	[" [§269-37] Compensation agreements. The commission				
17	shall ensure that telecommunications carriers are				
18	compensated on a fair basis for termination of				
19	telecommunications services on each other's networks,				
20	taking into account, among other things, reasonable and				
21	necessary costs to each telecommunications carrier of				
22	- providing the services in question. Telecommunications				
23	carriers may negotiate compensation arrangements, that may				
24	include "bill and keep", mutual and equal compensation, or				

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1	any other reasonable division of revenues pending tariff			
2	access rates to be set by the commission. Upon failure of			
3	the negotiations, the commission shall determine the proper			
4	<pre>methodology and amount of compensation."]</pre>			
5	SECTION 497. Section 269-38, Hawaii Revised Statutes,			
6	is repealed.			
7	[" [§269-38] Regulatory flexibility for effectively			
8	competitive services. The commission may allow			
9	telecommunications carriers to have pricing flexibility for			
10	services that the commission finds are effectively			
11	competitive; provided that the rates for:			
12	(1) Basic-telephone service and for services that are			
13	not effectively competitive are cost-based and			
14	remain-just, reasonable, and nondiscriminatory;			
15	and			
16	(2) Universal service is preserved and advanced."]			
17	SECTION 5048. Section 269-39, Hawaii Revised			
18	Statutes, is repealed.			
19	[" [\$269-39] Cross-subsidies. (a) The commission			
20	shall ensure that noncompetitive services shall not cross-			
21	subsidize competitive services. Cross-subsidization shall			
22	be deemed to have occurred:			
23	(1) If any competitive service is priced below the			
24	total service long-run incremental cost of			

1	providing the service as determined by the	
2	commission in subsection (b); or	
3	(2) If competitive services, taken as a whole, fail	
4	to cover their direct and allocated joint and	
5	common costs as determined by the commission.	
6	(b) The commission shall determine the methodology	
7	and frequency with which providers calculate total service	
8	long-run incremental cost and fully allocated joint and	
9	common costs. The total service long-run incremental cost	
10	of a service shall include an imputation of an amount equal	
11	to the contribution that the telecommunications carrier	
12	receives from noncompetitive inputs used by alternative	
13	providers in providing the same or equivalent service."]	
14	SECTION <u>51</u> 49. Section 269-40, Hawaii Revised	
15	Statutes, is repealed.	
16	[" [\$269-40] Access to advanced services. The	
17	commission shall ensure that all consumers are provided	
18	with nondiscriminatory, reasonable, and equitable access to	
19	high quality telecommunications network facilities and	
20	capabilities that provide subscribers with sufficient	
21	network capacity to access information services that	
22	provide a combination of voice, data, image, and video, and	
23	that are available at just, reasonable, and	

['] 1	nondiscri	a minatory rates that are based on reasonably
2	identifial	ble costs of providing the services."]
3	SECT	ION <u>5250</u> . Section 269-41, Hawaii Revised
4	Statutes,	is repealed.
5	[" [\$	269-41] Universal service program; establishment;
6	purpose; ;	principles. There is established the universal
7	service p	rogram. The purpose of this program is to:
8	(1)	Maintain affordable, just, and reasonable rates
9		for basic residential telecommunications service,
10		as defined by the commission;
11	(2)	Assist-customers located in the areas of the
12		State that have high costs of essential
13		telecommunications service, low-income customers,
14		and customers with disabilities, in obtaining and
15		maintaining access to a basic set of essential
16		telecommunications services as determined by the
17		commission. The commission may expand or
18		otherwise modify relevant programs, such as the
19		lifeline program under section 269-16.5;
20	(3)	Ensure that consumers in all communities are
21		provided with access, at reasonably comparable
22		rates, to all telecommunications services which
23		are used by a majority of consumers located in
24		metropolitan areas of the State. The commission

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1		shall provide for a reasonable transition period
2		to support the statewide deployment of these
3		advanced telecommunications services, including,
4		but not limited to, the use of strategic
5		community access points in public facilities such
6		as education, library, and health care
7		facilities;
8	-(4)	Ensure that consumers are given the information
9		necessary to make informed choices among the
10		alternative telecommunications carriers and
11		services; and ·
12	(5)	Promote-affordable-access-throughout-the-State-to
13		enhanced-government-information and services,
14		including education, health care, public safety,
15		and other government services.
16	The	commission shall-administer the universal service
17	program, -	including the establishment of criteria by which
18	the purpe	eses of the program are met."]
19	SECI	TION 5 3 +. Section 269-42, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
20	is repeal	.ed.
21	[" \$ 2	89-42 Universal service program; contributions.
22	(a) Ther	e is established outside of the state treasury a
23	special f	fund to be known as the universal service fund to
24	be admini	stered by the commission to implement the policies

1	and goals of universal service. The fund shall consist of
2	contributions from the sources identified in subsections
3	(e) and (f). Interest carned from the balance of the fund
4	shall become a part of the fund. The commission shall
5	adopt rules regarding the distribution of moneys from the
6	fund including reimbursements to carriers for providing
7	reduced rates to low-income, elderly, residents of
8	underserved or rural areas, or other subscribers, as
9	authorized by the commission.
10	(b) The commission may allow distribution of funds
11	directly to customers based upon a need criteria
12	established by the commission.
13	(c) A telecommunications carrier or other person
14	contributing to the universal service program may establish
15	a surcharge which is clearly identified and explained on
16	customers' bills to collect from customers contributions
17	required under this section.
18	(d) Telecommunications carriers may compete to
19	provide services to underserved areas using funds from the
20	universal service program. For the purposes of this
21	section, "underserved areas" means those areas in the State
22	that lack or have very limited access to high capacity,
23	advanced telecommunications networks and information
24	services, including access to cable television.

1 (e) The commission shall require all 2 telecommunications carriers to contribute to the universal 3 service program. The commission may require a person other 4 than a telecommunications carrier to contribute to the 5 universal service program if, after notice and opportunity 6 for hearing, the commission determines that the person is 7 offering a commercial service in the State that directly 8 benefits from the telecommunications infrastructure, and 9 that directly competes with a telecommunications service 10 provided in the State for which a contribution is required 11 under this subsection. 12 (f) The commission shall designate the method by 13 which the contributions under subsection (e) shall be 14 calculated and collected. The commission shall consider 15 basing contributions solely on the gross operating revenues 16 from the retail provision of intrastate telecommunications 17 services offered by the telecommunications carriers subject 18 to the contribution."] 19 SECTION 542. Section 269-43, Hawaii Revised Statutes, 20 is repealed. 21 ["[\$269-43] Carriers of last resort. (a) The

22 commission may define and designate local exchange service 23 areas where the commission has determined that providing

1	universal service funds to a single provider will be the
2	most appropriate way to ensure service for these areas.
3	(b) The commission shall determine the level of
4	service that is appropriate for each designated local
5	exchange service area and shall invite telecommunications
6	providers to bid for a level of service that is
7	appropriate. The successful bidder shall be designated the
8	carrier of last resort for the designated local exchange
9	service area for a period of time and upon conditions set
10	by the commission. In determining the successful bidder,
11	the commission shall take into consideration the level of
12	service to be provided, the investment commitment, and the
13	length of the agreement, in addition to the other
14	qualifications of the bidder.
15	(c) The universal service fund shall also provide
16	service drops and basic service at discounted rates to
17	public institutions, as stated in section 269-41.
18	(d) The commission shall adopt rules pursuant to
19	chapter-91 to carry out the provisions of this section."]
20	SECTION 553. Chapter 440G, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
21	is repealed.
22	SECTION 564. All rules, including the rules in
23	chapter 6-80, Hawaii Administrative Rules, policies,
24	procedures, orders, certificates of public convenience and

Comment [D4]: AT&T's suggestion. Although not necessary, DCCA agreed to the language.

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1 necessity, exemption, franchises, guidelines, and other 2 material adopted, issued, or developed by the department of 3 commerce and consumer affairs and the public utilities 4 commission to implement provisions of the Hawaii Revised 5 Statutes that are reenacted or made applicable to the 6 Hawaii broadband commissioner communications commission by 7 this Act, shall remain in full force and effect until 8 amended or repealed by the Hawaii broadband 9 commissionercommunications commission. In the interim, 10 every reference to the department of commerce and consumer 11 affairs, director of commerce and consumer affairs, public 12 utilities commission, or chairperson of the public 13 utilities commission in those rules, policies, procedures, 14 orders, franchises, guidelines, and other material is 15 amended to refer to the Hawaii broadband 16 commissionercommunications commission as appropriate. 17 SECTION 575. All deeds, leases, contracts, loans, 18 agreements, permits, or other documents executed or entered 19 into by or on behalf of the department of commerce and 20 consumer affairs and the public utilities commission 21 pursuant to the provisions of the Hawaii Revised Statutes 22 that are reenacted or made applicable to the Hawaii 23 broadband commissioner communications commission by this 24 Act, shall remain in full force and effect. Effective upon **Comment [D5]:** Changes to address AT&T's concerns are incorporated here rather than section -34, where AT&T suggested.

1 approval of this Act, every reference to the department of 2 commerce and consumer affairs, director of commerce and 3 consumer affairs, public utilities commission, or 4 chairperson of the public utilities commission therein 5 shall be construed as a reference to the Hawaii broadband 6 commissionercommunications commission as appropriate.

7 SECTION 586. During fiscal year 200910-20101, fifty 8 per cent of the moneys collected by the public utilities 9 commission from telecommunications carriers and deposited 10 into the public utilities commission special fund shall be 11 deposited into the commissioner special fund to provide 12 appropriations for the new commissioner.

13 The unencumbered balance existing on June 30, 200910, 14 in the cable television division subaccount in the 15 compliance resolution fund shall be deposited into the 16 commissioner special fund to provide appropriations for the 17 new commissioner.

18 SECTION 597. All appropriations, records, equipment,
19 machines, files, supplies, contracts, books, papers,
20 documents, maps, and other personal property heretofore
21 made, used, acquired, or held by the department of commerce
22 and consumer affairs and the public utilities commission
23 relating to the functions transferred to the Hawaii

1 broadband commissionercommunications commission shall be 2 transferred with the functions to which they relate. 3 SECTION 6058. (a) The department of commerce and 4 consumer affairs shall transfer all four positions from the 5 cable television division to the service of the Hawaii 6 broadband commissioner communications commission; provided 7 that: 8 Employees who occupy civil service positions and (1)9 whose functions are transferred by this Act shall 10 not suffer any loss of salary, seniority, prior 11 service credits, any vacation and sick leave 12 credits previously earned, or other rights, 13 benefits, and privileges under the State's 14 personnel laws. Employees who have permanent 15 civil service status shall retain their civil 16 service status and shall be transferred to 17 similar or corresponding positions in the Hawaii 18 broadband commissioner communications commission, 19 subject to the State's personnel laws and this 20 Act; 21 Employees who, prior to this Act, are exempt from (2)22 civil service and are transferred by this Act 23 shall not suffer any loss of prior service

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credits, any vacation and sick leave credits

1

1	previously earned, or other rights, benefits, and	
2	privileges under the State's personnel laws. The	
3	Hawaii broadband commissioner communications	
4	commission shall prescribe the qualifications and	
5	duties of such employees and fix their salaries	
6	without regard to chapter 76; and	
7	(3) Employees, whose functions are transferred by	
8	this Act, shall be transferred with their	
9	functions and shall continue to perform their	
10	regular duties subject to the State's personnel	
11	laws and this Act.	
12	(b) There shall be up to ten new temporary exempt	
13	positions established in the Hawaii broadband	
14	commissionercommunications commission to assist the	
15	commissioner in carrying out the provisions of this Act.	
16	These positions shall be funded from the communications	
17	commissioner special fund and may be filled without regard	
18	to chapter 76.	
19	SECTION 6159 . The Hawaii broadband	
20	commissionercommunications commission shall convene a work	
21	group to develop procedures for streamlined permitting	
22	functions that are applicable to the development of	
23	broadband services and broadband technology which are	
24	normally available to state and local governments for the	

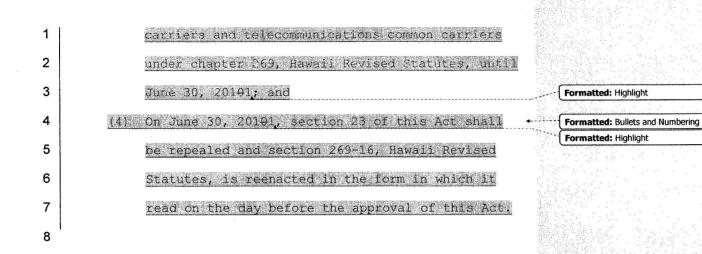
1	use or dev	velopment of broadband service or broadband
2	technology	y. Members of the work group shall include:
3	(1)	The Hawaii broadband commissioner communications
4		commission established in section 3 of this Act;
5	(2)	The mayor of the county of Hawaii, or the mayor's
6		designee;
7	(3)	The mayor of the city and county of Honolulu, or
8		the mayor's designee;
9	(4)	The mayor of the county of Kauai, or the mayor's
10		designee;
11	(5)	The mayor of the county of Maui, or the mayor's
12		designee;
13	(6)	The chairperson of the Hawaii broadband task
14		force established by Act 2, First Special Session
15		Laws of Hawaii 2007; and
16	(7)	Two representatives of state agencies with
17		jurisdiction over land use and permitting at the
18		state level.
19 20 21		proposes to add 5 additional members to the work group who sent telecommunications, cable, and wireless internet industries.
22	SECT	ION 6260 . The work group established under
23	section 5	9 shall submit to the legislature no later than
24	January 1	, 2011 $\frac{1}{2}$, a report with its recommended procedures
25	for strea	mlining and expediting all permitting functions

1 normally available to state and local governments for the 2 use or development of broadband service or broadband 3 technology. The procedures shall be consistent across all 4 counties and shall provide that any permitting fees and 5 revenues traditionally accruing to the counties that relate to the use or development of broadband service or broadband 6 7 technology will continue to accrue to the counties once the 8 procedures go into effect.

9 SECTION 631. The legislative reference bureau shall 10 review all relevant laws in the Hawaii Revised Statutes 11 relating to broadband technology, telecommunications, 12 infrastructure development, permitting requirements, and 13 any other issues the legislative reference bureau deems 14 appropriate, including all acts passed by the legislature 15 during this regular session of 200910, whether enacted 16 before or after the effective date of this Act, unless such 17 acts specifically provide that this Act is being amended, 18 and make recommendations on how these laws may be amended 19 to conform to this Act or facilitate the implementation of 20 this Act. The legislative reference bureau shall submit a 21 report of its findings and recommendations, including 22 proposed legislation, to the legislature not later than 23 twenty days prior to the convening of the 2010 regular 24 session.

1	SECTION 642. Upon receipt of federal funds allocated	Formatted: Highlight
2	by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (P.L.	
3	111-5), section 106 of the Broadband Data Improvement Act	
4	(P.L. 110-385), and other federal stimulus acts, t_{\pm} there is	
5	appropriated out of the federal funds subaccount of the	
6	commissioner special fund-out of those funds the sum of	
7	\$ or so much thereof as may be necessary for	
8	fiscal year 2008-2009 and the sum of Sor so much	Comment [D6]: Conferees need to determine an appropriation amount, which can only
9	thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year $201009-20110$ to	estimate the broadband stimulus moneys that the State may obtain:
10	purchase broadband facilities, services, or equipment or to	
11	fund broadband-related infrastructure projects pursuant to	
12	this Act.	
13	The sums appropriated shall be expended by the Hawaii	
14	broadband commissioner communications commission for the	
15	purposes of this Act.	
16	SECTION 65. There is appropriated out of the	Formatted: Highlight
17	communications commission special fund the sum of §	
18	or so much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year	Formatted: Highlight
19	2010-2011 to enable the Hawaii communications commission to	
20	effectuate the purposes of this Act.	
21	The sums appropriated shall be expended by the Hawaii	
22	communications commission for the purposes of this Act.	
23 24 25	Note: DCCA inserted the appropriation section to authorize the commission to expend moneys and to establish an initial expenditure ceiling for the program.	(Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.5"
	188	

1 2	SECTION 663 . Statutory material to be repealed is	
3	bracketed and stricken. New statutory material is	
4	underscored.	
5	SECTION 674. This Act shall take effect on July 1,	
6	2050201009, to promote further discussion on various	
7	segments of this Act; provided that:	
8	(1) A-ony decision or order executed by the public	
9	utilities commission prior to the enactment of	
10	this Act shall remain in full force and effect	
11	until such time as the Hawaii broodhand	
12	commissioner communications commission may amend	
13	or repeal the decision or order under the Hawaii	
14	broadband commissioner comminications commission's	
		The second
15	jurisdiction;	Comment [D7]: Not be necessary as Section 55 of the bill already addresses this issue.
15 16	jurisdiction; - (2) The provisions relating to the regulation of	
		55 of the bill already addresses this issue.
16	(2) The provisions relating to the regulation of	55 of the bill already addresses this issue.
16 17	(2) The provisions relating to the regulation of telecommunications carriers and	55 of the bill already addresses this issue.
16 17 18	(2) The provisions relating to the regulation of telecommunications carriers and telecommunications common carriers contained in	55 of the bill already addresses this issue.
16 17 18 19	(2) The provisions relating to the regulation of telecommunications carriers and telecommunications common carriers contained in sections -31 to -51, in part II of the new	55 of the bill already addresses this issue.
16 17 18 19 20	(2) The provisions relating to the regulation of telecommunications carriers and telecommunications common carriers contained in sections -31 to -51, in part II of the new Hawaii Revised Statutes chapter created in	55 of the bill already addresses this issue.
16 17 18 19 20 21	(2) The provisions relating to the regulation of telecommunications carriers and telecommunications common carriers contained in sections -31 to -51, in part II of the new Hawaii Revised Statutes chapter created in section 3 of this Act shall take effect on July	65 of the bill already addresses this issue. Formatted: Highlight
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	(2) The provisions relating to the regulation of telecommunications carriers and telecommunications common carriers contained in sections -31 to -51, in part II of the new Hawaii Revised Statutes chapter created in section 3 of this Act shall take effect on July 1, 20101;	65 of the bill already addresses this issue. Formatted: Highlight



POLICE DEPARTMENT

CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU

801 SOUTH BERETANIA STREET · HONOLULU, HAWAII 96813 TELEPHONE: (808) 529-3111 · INTERNET: www.honolulupd.org

MUFI HANNEMANN Mayor



LOUIS M. KEALOHA CHIEF

DELBERT T. TATSUYAMA RANDAL K. MACADANGDANG DEPUTY CHIEFS

OUR REFERENCE MC-LS

February 3, 2010

The Honorable Angus L. K. McKelvey, Chair and Members Committee on Economic Revitalization, Business, and Military Affairs The Honorable Robert N. Herkes, Chair and Members Committee on Consumer Protection and Commerce House of Representatives State Capitol Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

Dear Chairs McKelvey and Herkes and Members:

Subject: House Bill No. 2698, Relating to Technology

I am Marie McCauley, Major of the Communications Division of the Honolulu Police Department (HPD), City and County of Honolulu.

The HPD strongly opposes House Bill No. 2698. We understand from this proposal that the current Wireless Enhanced 9-1-1 fund will be used to help start and pay for a Broadband Technology fund. The use of the 9-1-1 fund for this purpose will conflict with Public Law 110-283, The New and Emerging Technologies 9-1-1 Improvement, which directs states to use the fund for 9-1-1 purposes only.

We support broadband technology. However, we have serious concerns that the Wireless Enhanced 9-1-1 fund, which has been raided once and may be raided again this year, has barely enough funds to cover our current Public Safety Answering Points' expenses.

The HPD has had to reprioritize its requests for upgrades to the Next Generation 9-1-1 project. These upgrades must be completed before moving on to the broadband technology as described. Each step must be accomplished so that public safety is not

The Honorable Angus L. K. McKelvey and Members The Honorable Robert N. Herkes and Members Page 2 February 3, 2010

jeopardized. It is imperative that we have stable, reliable, and up-to-date 9-1-1 services to ensure the well-being of our residents and visitors.

Thank you for giving us the opportunity to express our strong opposition to this bill.

Sincerely,

MARIE A MCCAULEY, Major Communications Division

APPROVED:

Chief of Police

DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU

650 SOUTH KING STREET, 5TH FLOOR HONOLULU, HAWAII 96813 Phone: (808) 768-7684 [] Fax: (808) 527-6272 [] Internet: www.honolulu.gov



GORDON J. BRUCE DIRECTOR & CIO

MUFI HANNEMANN MAYOR

TESTIMONY

GORDON J. BRUCE, DIRECTOR AND CHIEF INFORMATION OFFICER

Department of Information Technology

City and County of Honolulu

before the

COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC REVITALIZATION, BUSINESS & MILITARY AFFAIRS

and the

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER PROTECTION & COMMERCE

on Wednesday, February 3, 2010 2:30 p.m. State Capitol, Conference Room 325

In consideration of HB 2698, RELATING TO TECHNOLOGY

Chair McKelvey, Vice Chair Choy, and Members of the Committee on Economic Revitalization, Business & Military Affairs; and Chair Herkes, Vice Chair Wakai, and Members of the Committee on Consumer Protection & Commerce.

As Director of the Department of Information Technology for the City & County of Honolulu, I support the creation of the Hawaii Communications Commission. However, I cannot support yet another raid on the Wireless Enhanced 911 fund to support the creation of the Hawaii Communications Commission.

With that in mind, however, the Hawaii Communications Commission could be vested with the responsibility as the Executive Director of the Wireless Enhanced 911 Board. Funds presently used to fund an outside service provider could be reallocated to the commission for the provision of this service.

Thank you for the opportunity to submit testimony on House Bill 2698.

Respectfully submitted,

Gordor Bruce

Director and Chief Information Officer

200 Akamainui Street Mililani, Hawaii 96789-3999 Tel: 808-625-2100 Fax: 808-625-5888



February 3, 2010

Honorable Angus McKelvey Chair, House Committee on Economic Revitalization, Business & Military Affairs

Honorable Robert Herkes Chair, House Committee on Consumer Protection & Commerce

<u>Re: HB 2698, Relating to Technology</u> EBM/CPC Hearing, Wednesday, February 3, 2010, 2:30 p.m., Room 325

Aloha Chairs McKelvey and Herkes, Vice Chairs Choy and Wakai and Members of the Committees:

I am Nate Smith, President of Oceanic Time Warner Cable ("Oceanic"). On behalf of Oceanic, which provides a diverse selection of entertainment, information, and communication services, and currently employs more than 1,000 highly-trained individuals, we appreciate the opportunity to submit written testimony today. Oceanic supports the intent of HB 2698.

This bill establishes the Hawaii communications commission and the Hawaii broadband commissioner. Among other responsibilities, the bill requires the commission and commissioner to work towards various goals, including increasing broadband availability in the state, providing increased, flexible, timely and responsible access to public rights of way and public facilities for broadband service providers, and providing a more streamlined permit approval process that reduces the time and cost of broadband infrastructure deployment.

As the largest broadband provider in the state, Oceanic recognizes that advanced broadband services are important for our residents and are essential for the advancement of education, health, public safety, research, innovation, civic participation, and many other areas. Accordingly, Oceanic, in particular, supports the bill's intent to promote broadband availability, provide flexible, timely and responsible access for broadband infrastructure, and to find ways to streamline the permit approval process for broadband deployment.

Finally, as the committee is aware, the FCC is in the midst of developing a national broadband policy, and there will be further discussions among all affected stakeholders on the most efficient and cost-effective ways to accomplish the goals articulated in the

bill. Accordingly, detailed regulatory proposals are premature, and Oceanic therefore supports the bill's approach to establish a broadband commission (and commissioner) in order to establish a forum and process to fully and carefully consider various policy and operational issues that will arise in connection with fulfilling the objectives of the bill.

For the foregoing reasons, Oceanic supports the intent of HB 2698. As always, I appreciate the opportunity to share our views with you.

Sincerely,

Nate Smith President



Dan YoumansAT&T Services, IrPresident – Washington/HawaiiP.O. Box 97061External AffairsRTC1

AT&T Services, Inc. P.O. Box 97061 RTC1 Redmond, WA 98073-9761 T: 425-580-1833 F: 425-580-8652 daniel.youmans@att.com www.att.com

February 3, 2010

The Honorable Rep. Angus McKelvey Chair, Committee on Economic Revitalization, Business & Military Affairs

The Honorable Rep. Robert Herkes Chair, Committee on Consumer Protection & Commerce

RE: Opposition to House Bill 2698

Dear Rep. McKelvey, Rep. Herkes, and Members of the Committees:

AT&T opposes House Bill 2698, especially the provision in this legislation that would fund a new Hawaii Broadband Commission and Commissioner with state Wireless E911 funds. With all due respect, we think this would be a blatant misuse of taxes paid by wireless consumers. These funds should only be used for public safety purposes, and specifically for E911.

If there are surpluses in the state Wireless E911 account, the appropriate action would be to reduce the tax rate currently being paid by wireless consumers. These funds were never intended to pay for new state agencies or to balance the general fund budget.

AT&T understands the Legislature's concern for deployment of broadband services in Hawaii. We also place a high value on the benefits of high speed Internet services. In fact, AT&T believes there should be 100 percent availability of broadband in the U.S. in the next five years.

We do not believe it is necessary, however, to create a whole new state bureaucracy – funded by taxes intended for public safety – to meet this goal. Many other states, which also face budget deficits like Hawaii, are using existing state agencies, with the possible addition of advisory committees or other third-party organizations to bring in expertise from the private sector. Many states are also utilizing federal stimulus funds for broadband programs. AT&T urges the Hawaii Legislature to take a similar approach.

In addition, AT&T is concerned about the emphasis that this legislation places on "strategies for sharing new and existing utilities infrastructure and conduits to provide broadband access." Telecommunications providers have invested millions of dollars in their networks, and any policy that would mandate sharing of these facilities would be detrimental to consumers and discourage further investment by providers. We would rather see the emphasis placed on public-private partnerships, which would be mutually beneficial to all stakeholders, especially consumers.

AT&T does support the recognition in the legislation that permitting processes should be improved at the state and local level to facilitate the deployment of broadband services.

Thank you for considering our comments. We invite a dialogue about how the State of Hawaii can best move forward to encourage the deployment of broadband services. We do not think House Bill 2698 is the answer, and urge your opposition.

Respectfully Submitted,

Dan Youmans, AT&T

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC REVITALIZATION, BUSINESS AND MILITARY AFFAIRS

And

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER PROTECTION & COMMERCE

February 3, 2010

House Bill 2698 Relating to Technology

Chair McKelvey, Chair Herkes, members of the House Committee on Economic Revitalization, Business and Military Affairs and members of the House Committee on Consumer Protection and Commerce, I am Rick Tsujimura, representing T-Mobile USA, Inc.

T Mobile opposes section 3 of House Bill 2698, which would take money from the E911 fund to finance the broadband commission and commissioner. It must be clearly noted that the monies collected for the E911 fund come from consumers as a fee for the use of their cellular phones. It is a fee intended to benefit cellular phone users by being able to determine their location for first responders. The diversion of monies to the broadband commission and commissioner will not benefit cellular phone users, and if it does it will only be in a peripheral way. This diversion then will turn a legal regulatory fee into an arguably unconstitutional tax as determined in the decision by the Hawaii Supreme Court in HIC v Lingle. Although in this case the E911 fees are not being diverted into the general fund, the use of the monies collected for one purpose for another purpose is highly suspect and undermines the purpose of those funds – public safety.

Forcing only cellular phone users to pay for a commission and commissioner which serves all technologies, including cable and telephonic internet providers, as well as competing wireless internet providers is not only legally suspect but, as a matter of public policy, is unfair and an unjustified tax on a certain population for the benefit of the larger society. The legislature must exercise discipline in avoiding raids of funds which exist for one purpose for the benefit of society as a whole. This contradiction is made clearer when the preamble in section 1 of the measure speaks to lowering prices and increasing services by providing increased broadband availability to low income and other disadvantaged groups and using the fees collected from cellular phone users who include those same individuals who are disadvantaged and poor to fund the broadband system which will benefit the state by paying for the commission's cost as well as the salary of the commissioner. The inconsistency is made even more problematic when no other revenue source is identified including any funds from the state's general fund or any other special fund which has or had been established for such a purpose, including any state funds in the various state departments.

On behalf of T-Mobile's customers who have paid this fee and continue to pay this fee into the E911 fund, we respectfully request that this committee reject section 3 of this measure and consider an alternative funding mechanism. Thank you for the opportunity to present this testimony.



Verizon Wireless 15505 Sand Canyon Avenue Irvine, CA 92618 Phone 949 286-8668 Mobile 949 233-0925 Fax 949 286-8009 joyce.masamitsu @VerizonWireless.com

February 3rd, 2010

The Honorable Representative Angus McKelvey, Chair, Committee on Economic Revitalization, Business and Military Affairs

The Honorable Representative Robert Herkes Chair, Committee on Consumer Protection and Commerce

RE: Opposition to House Bill 2698

Dear Rep. McKelvey, Rep. Herkes, and Members of the Committees:

On behalf of Verizon Wireless, I am writing to respectfully express our strong opposition to HB 2698, legislation which seeks to establish the Hawaii Communications Commission, and concurrently a Hawaii Broadband Commission.

While Verizon Wireless applauds the legislature's goals to ensure successful deployment of broadband services throughout the State, and agree with the key finding stated in HB 2698 that: "advanced broadband services are essential infrastructure for an innovative economy and a knowledgeable and competitive society," we believe that the bill as drafted, jeopardizes another important goal for the citizens of Hawaii, which is to ensure that they have reliable and accessible E9-1-1 service available through their wireless device.

Verizon Wireless continues to invest millions annually in its network in Hawaii, and is not only the largest wireless carrier in the nation, but also has the largest 3G network. Verizon Wireless is the only wireless carrier to consistently invest between \$5 and \$7 billion in our network operations nationwide, year over year, for the past decade. In 2009 alone, Verizon Wireless invested over \$28 million in our network operations in the state of Hawaii, and over \$214 million since 2000. This represents "private" investment dollars Verizon Wireless has dedicated to deliver exceptional service to the residents, business operators and visitors of this state, without a drain on public funds.

Our entire network in the State is broadband capable and broadband ready. To continue to ensure that our broadband network can expand and better serve the citizens of the State, we need continued cooperation from local governmental entities to ensure the expeditious deployment of cell sites, which we are pleased to pursue cooperatively with affected communities. Verizon Wireless is currently working on the development of its next generation broadband systems, known as LTE, which will be supported globally and will produce broadband speeds many times current capabilities. We want to continue to be a strong partner with Hawaii and other states to lead our industry and lead the nation with wireless broadband.

However, we also recognize the importance of wireless technology and equipment for supporting E9-1-1, and strongly object to language in the legislation which states that: "In addition to any other sources of funding, money from the Wireless Enhanced 9-1-1 fund shall be used to fund the Commission and the Commissioners."

Such action risks jeopardizing the safety of Hawaii residents and visitors, who use wireless Enhanced 911 services to save lives, locate missing children and prevent numerous crimes. Therefore, the diversion of E9-1-1 funds for use outside of wireless emergency services is inappropriate. Our customers are billed with a line item description *"HI State 911 surcharge"* applied to their account every month, under the assumption that monies collected would be used for Wireless E9-1-1 services. It would be unfair to wireless customers to bill them for a purpose for which the money is not used. The wireless E9-1-1 fund was intended to support the deployment of emergency wireless 911 infrastructure and services essential to the safety of the public to and not just simple access to broadband. While Verizon Wireless continues to be dedicated to the expansion, upgrade and maintenance of our network, we believe that the use of Wireless E9-1-1 funds is an inappropriate source of money to fund the Broadband Commission.

The wireless E9-1-1 fund provides a consistent funding resource for operators who accept emergency calls, Public Safety Answering Points (PSAPs) to ensure their emergency systems are maintained and upgraded appropriately. During these trying economic times, city and county budgets are under siege, thus making the Wireless E9-1-1 fund increasingly important to ensure public safety has access to resources needed to support critical emergency services, today and in the future.

Emergency 911 calls are increasingly placed by wireless users to report life-threatening emergencies. Today, 911 services are limited to voice calls however future technologies will allow PSAP's to receive text messaging and possibly picture and video messaging. Such advanced service capabilities, will allow operators receiving emergency communications for wireless users to more accurately assess the kind of emergency, and to determine the appropriate equipment, personnel or expertise first responders will need to best deal with the emergency. Local Public Safety agencies will need additional funding beyond Phase I and Phase II implementation to accommodate the deployment of Next Generation of 9-1-1 Services in the very near future.

Currently, PSAPS have a long lead time in procurement process for the counties to proceed with acquisition of equipment and services lead to the fund being in excess of what the maximum expenditure per year which is set at 9 million. The PSAPS have gathered data that has a 5 year plan for maintenance and also new projects which the E9-1-1 board has reviewed and accepted. At the current rate, the maximum expenditure will have to be raised to 15 million in order for the PSAPS to procure new equipment to meet NG9-1-1 within the next 5 years. Any subsequent raid of the fund will have damaging effects on the PSAPS and their capability to provide service to the state with their current operating situation. The constant drain and raiding of the Wireless E9-1-1 fund will leave PSAPs without access to vital resources necessary to deploy such critical services essential to the safety of Hawaiian families who contribute, in good faith, to the E9-1-1 fund on their monthly bills, and who will suffer the consequences when advanced wireless 911 services are not available.

Verizon Wireless is committed to supporting the needs of Public Safety needs in the state of Hawaii to ensure the ongoing availability, maintenance and upgrade of Wireless 9-1-1 services. We are also committed to continuing to heavily invest in our wireless broadband network. We believe that the State can move forward with its goals for broadband working with the private sector, without risking weakening the 911 system by diverting funds. To this end, we respectfully ask Chairman McKelvey, Chairman Herkes and Members of the Committees to not pass House Bill 2698 in its current form.

Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely,

tycemasamitsu

Joyce Masamitsu



Written Statement of YUKA NAGASHIMA Executive Director & CEO High Technology Development Corporation before the HOUSE COMMITTEES ON ECONOMIC REVITALIZATION, BUSINESS & MILITARY AFFAIRS AND CONSUMER PROTECTION & COMMERCE February 3, 2010 2:30 PM State Capitol, Conference Room 325

In consideration of **HB 2698 RELATING TO TECHNOLOGY.**

Chairs McKelvey and Herkes, Vice Chairs Choy and Wakai, and Members of the House Committees on Economic Revitalization, Business and Military Affairs, and Consumer Protection and Commerce.

The High Technology Development Corporation (HTDC) supports HB 2698, as we recognize the significance of the role of ubiquitous broadband in Hawaii and for its economic development.

While some may regard broadband as "nice to have", technological advances have made regular utility services available via broadband and vice versa. As seen in court battles from the 1990s, the issue of open access and broadband has been a hot topic which required government intervention, as broadband is now the utility of the 21st century. The state of Hawaii has one of the most liberal telecommunication laws. We have an obligation to leverage it and to ensure that Hawaii does not become a "fly over state" in terms of broadband. To pursue that goal, the State requires a dedicated committee to discuss and implement broadband policies and initiatives recommended by the State's Broadband Task Force and according to best practices considered by other states, and nations, such as studies by the Intelligent Community Forum and The Information Technology and Innovation Foundation, all outlining how broadband is one of the fundamental utilities to establish an innovation-based economy.

Further, establishing a structure like the Hawaii Communications Commission, would proactively address permitting bureaucracy that the public has criticized the State in the past.

Thank you for the opportunity to submit testimony on this bill.