A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CHILD PROTECTIVE ACT.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by
2	adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read
3	as follows:
4	"CHAPTER
5	CHILD PROTECTIVE ACT
6	PART I. SHORT TITLE, PURPOSE, CONSTRUCTION,
7	GUIDING PRINCIPLES, AND DEFINITIONS
8	§ -1 Short title. This chapter shall be known and cited
9	as the Child Protective Act.
10	§ -2 Purpose; construction. This chapter creates within
11	the jurisdiction of the family court a child protective act to
12	make paramount the safety and health of children who have been
13	harmed or are in life circumstances that threaten harm.
14	Furthermore, this chapter makes provisions for the service,
15	treatment, and permanent plans for these children and their
16	families.
17	The legislature finds that children deserve and require
18	competent, responsible parenting and safe, secure, loving, and
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- 1 nurturing homes. The legislature finds that children who have
- 2 been harmed or are threatened with harm are less likely than
- 3 other children to realize their full educational, vocational,
- 4 and emotional potential, and become law-abiding, productive,
- 5 self-sufficient citizens, and are more likely to become involved
- 6 with the mental health system, the juvenile justice system, or
- 7 the criminal justice system, as well as become an economic
- 8 burden on the State. The legislature finds that prompt
- 9 identification, reporting, investigation, services, treatment,
- 10 adjudication, and disposition of cases involving children who
- 11 have been harmed or are threatened with harm are in the
- 12 children's, their families', and society's best interests
- 13 because the children are defenseless, exploitable, and
- 14 vulnerable. The legislature recognizes that many relatives are
- 15 willing and able to provide a nurturing and safe placement for
- 16 children who have been harmed or are threatened with harm.
- 17 The policy and purpose of this chapter is to provide
- 18 children with prompt and ample protection from the harms
- 19 detailed herein, with an opportunity for timely reconciliation
- 20 with their families if the families can provide safe family
- 21 homes, and with timely and appropriate service or permanent

- 1 plans to ensure the safety of the child so they may develop and
- 2 mature into responsible, self-sufficient, law-abiding citizens.
- 3 The service plan shall effectuate the child's remaining in the
- 4 family home, when the family home can be immediately made safe
- 5 with services, or the child's returning to a safe family home.
- 6 The service plan shall be carefully formulated with the family
- 7 in a timely manner. Every reasonable opportunity should be
- 8 provided to help the child's legal custodian to succeed in
- 9 remedying the problems that put the child at substantial risk of
- 10 being harmed in the family home. Each appropriate resource,
- 11 public and private, family and friend, should be considered and
- 12 used to maximize the legal custodian's potential for providing a
- 13 safe family home for the child. Full and careful consideration
- 14 shall be given to the religious, cultural, and ethnic values of
- 15 the child's legal custodian when service plans are being
- 16 discussed and formulated. Where the court has determined, by
- 17 clear and convincing evidence, that the child cannot be returned
- 18 to a safe family home, the child shall be permanently placed in
- 19 a timely manner.

1	The	policy and purpose of this chapter includes the
2	protectio	n of children who have been harmed or are threatened
3	with harm	by:
4	(1)	Providing assistance to families to address the causes
5		for abuse and neglect;
6	(2)	Respecting and using each family's strengths,
7		resources, culture, and customs;
8	(3)	Ensuring that families are meaningfully engaged and
9		children are consulted in an age-appropriate manner in
10		case planning;
11	(4)	Enlisting the early and appropriate participation of
12		family and the family's support networks;
13	(5)	Respecting and encouraging the input and views of
14		caregivers; and
15	(6)	Ensuring a permanent home through timely adoption or
16		other permanent living arrangement,
17 .	if safe r	eunification with the family is not possible.
18	The	child protective services under this chapter shall be
19	provided	with every reasonable effort to be open, accessible,
20	and commun	nicative to the persons affected by a child protective

1	proceeding without endangering the safety and best interests	οf
2	the child under this chapter.	
3	This chapter shall be liberally construed to serve the	best
4	interests of the children affected and the purpose and police	ies
5	set forth herein.	
6	§ -3 Guiding principles for children in foster care.	
7	(a) The department or an authorized agency, as resource fam	ily
8	or permanent custodian, shall abide by the following guiding	
9	principles and ensure that a child in foster care:	
10	(1) Lives in a safe and healthy home, free from physic	al,
11	psychological, sexual, and other abuse;	
12	(2) Has adequate:	
13	(A) Food that is nutritious and healthy;	
14	(B) Clothing;	
15	(C) Medical care, dental and orthodontic services	,
16	and corrective vision care; and	
17	(D) Mental health services;	
18	(3) Has supervised or unsupervised in-person, telephon	e,
19	or other forms of contact with the child's parents	ano
20	siblings while the child is in foster care, unless	
21	prohibited by court order;	

1	(4)	has in-person contact with the child's assigned child
2		protective services worker, guardian ad litem, and if
. 3		applicable, the child's probation officer;
4	(5)	Meets with the presiding judge in the child's case;
5	(6)	Is enrolled in a comprehensive health insurance plan
6		and, within forty-five days of out-of-home placement,
7		is provided with a comprehensive health assessment and
8.		treatment as recommended;
9	(7)	May freely exercise the child's own religious beliefs,
10		including the refusal to attend any religious
11		activities and services;
12	(8)	Has a personal bank account and assistance in managing
13		the child's personal income consistent with the
14		child's age and development, unless safety or other
15		concerns require otherwise;
16	(9)	Has the right to attend school and participate in
17		appropriate extracurricular activities and, if the
18		child is moved during a school year, has the right to
19		complete the school year at the same school, if
20		practicable; and

1	(10)	Beginning at age twelve, is provided with age-
2		appropriate life skills training and a transition plan
3		for appropriately moving out of the foster care
4		system, as well as written information concerning
5		independent living programs, foster youth
6		organizations, transitional planning services, and
7		independent living case management programs that are
8 .		available to all children in foster care who are
9		twelve years of age or older and their resource
10		families.

- (b) Sua sponte or upon appropriate motion, the family

 court may issue any necessary orders to any party, including the

 department, department of education, or department of health, to

 ensure adherence to the guiding principles enumerated in

 subsection (a) above.
- 16 § -4 Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:
- "Abandoned infant" means a child who is three years old or
 younger and:
- (1) The child's parents, regardless of any incidentalcontact or communication with the child, have

1		demonstrated an extreme disinterest in or lack of
2		commitment for assuming parental responsibility for
3		the child;
4	(2)	The persons with whom the child resides have not known
5		the identity or whereabouts of the child's parents for
6		sixty days or more, and reasonable efforts have been
7		made to identify or locate the child's parents; or
8	(3).	The child's mother also falls under the provisions of
9		paragraph (1) or (2), and the child's presumed or
10		alleged father has failed to assert a claim or
11	•	interest as a parent for sixty days or more; provided
12		that the child's father has knowledge of the child's
13		birth and that he is the child's presumed or alleged
14		father.
15	"Adjı	idication" means a finding by a court that is supported
16	by a prepo	onderance of the evidence that the child has been
17	harmed or	is subjected to threatened harm by the acts or
18	omissions	of the child's family.
19	"Agg:	ravated circumstances" means that:
20	(1)	The parent has murdered, or has solicited, aided,
21		abetted, attempted, or conspired to commit the murder

1		or voluntary manslaughter of, another child of the				
2		parent;				
3	(2)	The parent has committed a felony assault that results				
4		in serious bodily injury to the child or another child				
5		of the parent;				
6	(3)	The parent's rights regarding a sibling of the child				
7		have been judicially terminated or divested;				
8	(4)	The parent has tortured the child; or				
9	(5)	The child is an abandoned infant.				
10	"Aut	horized agency" means the department, other public				
11	agency, or a person or organization that is licensed by the					
12	department or approved by the court to receive children for					
13	control,	care, maintenance, or placement.				
14	"Bir	th parent" and "biological parent" can be used				
15	interchan	geably and mean the biological parents of the child.				
16	The term	"birth", as used in this chapter, is interchangeable				
17	with the	term "natural", as that term is used in chapter 578.				
18	"Car	egiver" means an adult who is not a child's parent or				
19	legal and	physical custodian, and with whom the child has been				
20	residing	for at least six months with the verbal or written				
21	consent o	f the child's legal and physical custodian. The status				

- 1 of "caregiver" as used in this chapter does not pertain to
- 2 court-ordered or voluntary foster placement.
- 3 "Case plan" means the combined safe family home factors and
- 4 the service plan or permanent plan.
- 5 "Child" means a person who is born alive and is less than
- 6 eighteen years of age.
- 7 "Clear and convincing evidence" means the degree of proof
- 8 that will produce in the mind of the trier of fact a firm belief
- 9 or conviction that the fact sought to be proved is true. This
- 10 measure falls between the preponderance standard of typical
- 11 civil cases and the beyond-a-reasonable-doubt standard of
- 12 criminal cases.
- "Court" means one of the family courts established pursuant
- 14 to chapter 571.
- "Court-appointed special advocate" means a responsible
- 16 adult volunteer who has been trained and is supervised by a
- 17 court-appointed special advocate program recognized by the
- 18 court, and who, when appointed by the court, serves as an
- 19 officer of the court in the capacity of a guardian ad litem.
- "Criminal history record check" means an examination of an
- 21 individual's criminal history through fingerprint analysis or



- 1 name inquiry into state and national criminal history records
- 2 and files, including the files of the Hawaii criminal justice
- 3 data center.
- 4 "Date of entry into foster care" means the date a child was
- 5 first placed in foster custody by the court or sixty days after
- 6 the child's actual removal from the home, whichever is earlier.
- 7 "Default" means the status found by the court when a party
- 8 who has been properly served or notified of a scheduled hearing
- 9 fails to appear at court for the hearing or fails to plead or
- 10 otherwise defend, thereby allowing the court to proceed without
- 11 the absent party.
- 12 "Department" means the department of human services and its
- 13 authorized representatives.
- "Family" means each legal parent of a child; the birth
- 15 mother, unless the child has been legally adopted; the concerned
- 16 birth father as provided in section 578-2(a)(5), unless the
- 17 child has been legally adopted; each parent's spouse or former
- 18 spouse; each sibling or person related by blood or marriage;
- 19 each person residing in the dwelling unit; and any other person
- 20 or legal entity with:

- (1) Legal or physical custody or guardianship of the
 child, or
- 3 (2) Responsibility for the child's care.
- 4 For purposes of this chapter, the term "family" does not apply
- 5 to an authorized agency that assumes the foregoing legal status
- 6 or relationship with a child.
- 7 "Family home" means the home of the child's legal
- 8 custodian.
- 9 "Family supervision" means the legal status in which a
- 10 child's legal custodian is willing and able, with the assistance
- 11 of a service plan, to provide the child with a safe family home.
- 12 "Foster care" means continuous twenty-four-hour care and
- 13 supportive services provided for a child by an authorized agency
- 14 or the court, including, the care, supervision, guidance, and
- 15 rearing of a child by a resource family.
- 16 "Foster custodian" means the authorized agency that has
- 17 foster custody of the child.
- 18 "Foster custody" means the legal status created when the
- 19 department places a child outside of the family home with the
- 20 agreement of the legal custodian or pursuant to court order,
- 21 after the court has determined that the child's family is not

- 1 presently willing and able to provide the child with a safe
- 2 family home, even with the assistance of a service plan.
- 3 "Foster parent" or "foster family" means a person or family
- 4 licensed by the department or another authorized agency to
- 5 provide foster care services for children and can be used
- 6 interchangeably with "resource family".
- 7 "Guardian ad litem" means any person who is appointed by
- 8 the court under this chapter to protect and promote the needs
- 9 and interests of a child or a party, including a court-appointed
- 10 special advocate.
- 11 "Hanai relative" means an adult, other than a blood
- 12 relative, whom the court or department has found by credible
- 13 evidence to perform or to have performed a substantial role in
- 14 the upbringing or material support of a child, as attested to by
- 15 the written or oral designation of the child or of another
- 16 person, including other relatives of the child.
- 17 "Harm" means damage or injury to a child's physical or
- 18 psychological health or welfare, where:
- 19 (1) The child exhibits evidence of injury, including, but
- 20 not limited to:
- 21 (A) Substantial or multiple skin bruising;

1		(B) Substantial external or internal bleeding;
2		(C) Burn or burns;
3		(D) Malnutrition;
4		(E) Failure to thrive;
5		(F) Soft tissue swelling;
6	•	(G) Extreme pain;
7		(H) Extreme mental distress;
8		(I) Gross degradation;
9		(J) Poisoning;
10		(K) Fracture of any bone;
11		(L) Subdural hematoma; or
12		(M) Death;
13		and the injury is not justifiably explained, or the
14		history given concerning the condition or death is not
15	v.	consistent with the degree or type of the condition or
16		death, or there is evidence that the condition or
17		death may not be the result of an accident;
18	(2)	The child has been the victim of sexual contact or
19		conduct, including sexual assault; sodomy;
20		molestation; sexual fondling; incest; prostitution;
21 .		obscene or pornographic photographing, filming, or

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1	•	depiction; or other similar forms of sexual			
2		exploitation;			
3	(3)	The child's psychological well-being has been injured			
4		as evidenced by a substantial impairment in the			
5		child's ability to function;			
6	(4)	The child is not provided in a timely manner with			
7		adequate food; clothing; shelter; supervision; or			
8		psychological, physical, or medical care; or			
9	(5)	The child is provided with dangerous, harmful, or			
10		detrimental drugs as defined in section 712-1240,			
11		except when a child's family administers drugs to the			
12		child as directed or prescribed by a practitioner as			
13		defined in section 712-1240.			
14	"Imm	inent harm" means that without intervention within the			
15	next nine	ty days, there is reasonable cause to believe that harm			
16	to the ch	ild will occur or reoccur.			
17	"Incapacitated person" means a person who, even with				
18	appropriate and reasonably available assistance, is unable to				
19	substantia	ally:			
20	(1)	Comprehend the legal significance of the issues or			

nature of the proceedings under this chapter;

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- 1 (2) Consult with counsel; and
- 2 (3) Assist in preparing the person's case or strategy.
- Incapacity shall not be based solely on a person's status
- 4 as a minor.
- 5 "Ohana conference" means a family-focused, strength-based
- 6 meeting conducted by trained community facilitators that is
- 7 designed to build and enhance the network of protection for a
- 8 child who is subject to a proceeding under this chapter. Ohana
- 9 conferences include extended family members and other important
- 10 people in the child's life and rely on them to participate in
- 11 making plans and decisions. The purpose of the ohana conference
- 12 is to establish a plan that provides for the safety and
- 13 permanency needs of the child.
- "Parent" means any legal parent of a child; the birth
- 15 mother, unless the child has been legally adopted; the
- 16 adjudicated, presumed, or concerned birth father of the child as
- 17 provided in section 578-2(a)(5), unless the child has been
- 18 legally adopted; or the legal quardians or any other legal
- 19 custodians of the child.
- 20 "Party" means an authorized agency; a child who is subject
- 21 to a proceeding under this chapter; the child's parents and

- 1 guardian ad litem; any other person who is alleged in the
- 2 petition or who is subsequently found at any child protective
- 3 proceeding to be encouraging, causing, or contributing to the
- 4 acts or conditions that brought the child within the scope of
- 5 this chapter; and may include any other person, including the
- 6 child's current foster parent or current resource family, if the
- 7 court finds that such person's participation is in the best
- 8 interest of the child; provided that the court may limit a
- 9 party's right to participate in any child protective proceeding
- 10 if the court deems such limitation of such party's participation
- 11 to be consistent with the best interests of the child and such
- 12 party is not a family member who is required to be summoned
- 13 pursuant to section -13, except as otherwise provided in this
- 14 chapter.
- 15 "Permanent custody" means the legal status created by order
- 16 of the court after the termination of parental rights as set
- 17 forth in this chapter.
- 18 "Permanent plan" means a specific, comprehensive written
- 19 plan prepared pursuant to section -32.
- 20 "Police officer" means a person employed by any county in
- 21 the State of Hawaii to enforce the laws and ordinances for

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- 1 preserving the peace and maintaining safety and order in the
- 2 community, or an employee authorized by the director of public
- 3 safety under section 329-51 or 353C-4 to exercise the powers set
- 4 forth in this chapter.
- 5 "Preponderance of the evidence" means the degree of proof,
- 6 which as a whole, convinces the trier of fact that the fact
- 7 sought to be proved is more probable than not. "Preponderance
- 8 of the evidence" shall be the standard of proof required in any
- 9 proceeding, unless otherwise specified.
- 10 "Protective custody" means the legal status of a child
- 11 whose physical custody is assumed by a police officer under this
- 12 chapter.
- 13 "Reasonable cause to believe" means the degree of proof
- 14 that would cause a person of average caution to believe the
- 15 evidence is reasonably trustworthy.
- 16 "Relative" means a person related to a child by blood or
- 17 adoption, or a hanai relative as defined in this chapter, who,
- 18 as determined by the court or the department, is willing and
- 19 able to safely provide support to the child and the child's
- 20 family.

1 "Resource family" means a person or family licensed by the 2 department or another authorized agency to provide foster care 3 services for children and can be used interchangeably with 4 "foster parent" and "foster family". 5 "Safe family home factors" means a list of criteria that 6 must be considered in determining whether a parent is able to 7 provide a safe family home as set out herein in section 8 "Service plan" means a specific, comprehensive written plan 9 prepared by an authorized agency pursuant to section 10 "Temporary family supervision" means a legal status created 11 under this chapter pursuant to court order after the department 12 has filed a petition for temporary foster custody, and the court 13 finds it more appropriate to return the child to the child's 14 family home pending an adjudication determination. **15** "Temporary foster custody" means a legal status created 16 under this chapter with or without a court order, whereby the 17 department temporarily assumes the duties and rights of a foster **18** custodian of a child.

"Termination of parental rights" means the severance of

parental rights.

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1	"Inreatened narm" means any reasonably foreseeable
2	substantial risk of harm to a child.
3	PART II. JURISDICTION AND VENUE
4	§ -5 Jurisdiction. Pursuant to section 571-11(9), the
5	court shall have exclusive original jurisdiction in a child
6	protective proceeding concerning any child who is or was found
7	within the state at the time specified facts and circumstances
8	occurred, are discovered, or are reported to the department.
9	These facts and circumstances constitute the basis for the
10	court's finding that the child's physical or psychological
11	health or welfare is subject to imminent harm, has been harmed,
12	or is subject to threatened harm by the acts or omissions of the
13	child's family.
14	§ -6 Venue. A child protective proceeding under this
15	chapter may be filed in the county in which a child is found or
16	resides when the petition is filed, or in the county in which a
17	parent having legal custody of the child resides or is domiciled
18	when the petition is filed.
19	PART III. SAFE FAMILY HOME FACTORS AND
20	PRE-PETITION PROCEDURES

1	S	-7 s	afe family home factors. (a) The following
2	factors s	hall	be fully considered when determining whether a
3	child's f	amily	is willing and able to provide the child with a
4	safe fami	ly ho	me:
5	. (1)	Fact	s relating to the child's current situation, which
6		shal	l include:
7		(A)	The child's age, vulnerability, and special needs
8			that affect the child's attachment, growth, and
9			development;
10		(B)	The child's developmental, psychological,
11			medical, and dental health status and needs,
12	•		including the names of assessment and treatment
13			providers;
14		(C)	The child's peer and family relationships and
15			bonding abilities;
16		(D)	The child's educational status and setting, and
17			the department's efforts to maintain educational
18			stability for the child in out-of-home placement;
19		(E)	The child's living situation;
20		(F)	The child's fear of being in the family home;
21		(G)	The impact of out-of-home placement on the child;

1		(H) Services provided to the child and family; and
2		(I) The department's efforts to maintain connections
3		between the child and the child's siblings, if
4		they are living in different homes;
5	(2)	The initial and any subsequent reports of harm and
6		threatened harm to the child;
7	(3)	Dates and reasons for the child's out-of-home
8		placement; description, appropriateness, and location
9	•	of the placement; and who has placement
10		responsibility;
11	(4)	Facts regarding the alleged perpetrators of harm to
12		the child, the child's parents, and other family
13		members who are parties to the court proceedings,
14		which facts shall include:
15		(A) Birthplace and family of origin;
16		(B) Manner in which the alleged perpetrator of harm
17		was parented;
18		(C) Marital and relationship history; and
19		(D) Prior involvement in services;
20	(5)	Results of psychiatric, psychological, or
21		developmental evaluations of the child the alleged

1		perpetrators, and other family members who are
2		parties;
3	(6)	Whether there is a history of abusive or assaultive
4		conduct by the child's family members and others who
5		have access to the family home;
6	(7)	Whether there is a history of substance abuse by the
7		child's family or others who have access to the family
8		home;
9	(8)	Whether any alleged perpetrator has completed services
10		in relation to any history identified in paragraphs
11		(6) and (7), and acknowledged and accepted
12		responsibility for the harm to the child;
13	(9)	Whether any non-perpetrator who resides in the family
14		home has demonstrated an ability to protect the child
15		from further harm and to ensure that any current
16		protective orders are enforced;
17	(10)	Whether there is a support system available to the
18		child's family, including adoptive and hanai
19		relatives, friends, and faith-based or other community
20		networks;

1	(11)	Attempts to locate and involve extended family,
2		friends, and faith-based or other community networks;
3	(12)	Whether the child's family has demonstrated an
4		understanding of and involvement in services that have
5		been recommended by the department or court-ordered as
6		necessary to provide a safe family home for the child;
7.	(13)	Whether the child's family has resolved identified
8		safety issues in the family home within a reasonable
9		period of time; and
10	(14)	The department's assessment, which shall include the
11		demonstrated ability of the child's family to provide
12		a safe family home for the child, and recommendations.
13.	(b)	The court shall consider the likelihood that the
14	current s	ituation presented in the safe family home factors set
15	forth in	subsection (a) will continue in the reasonably
16	foreseeab	le future.
17	S	-8 Protective custody by police officer without court
18	order. (a) A police officer shall assume protective custody of
19	a child w	ithout a court order and without the consent of the
20	child's f	amily, if in the discretion of the police officer, the
21	officer d	etermines that:

1	(1)	The child is subject to imminent harm while in the
2		custody of the child's family;
3	(2)	The child has no parent, as defined in this chapter,
4		who is willing and able to provide a safe family home
5		for the child;
6	(3)	The child has no caregiver, as defined in this
7		chapter, who is willing and able to provide a safe and
8		appropriate placement for the child; or
9	(4)	The child's parent has subjected the child to harm or
10		threatened harm and the parent is likely to flee with
11		the child.
12	(b)	The department shall assume temporary foster custody
13	of the ch	ild when a police officer has completed the transfer of
14	protectiv	e custody of the child to the department as follows:
15	(1)	A police officer who assumes protective custody of a
16		child shall complete transfer of protective custody to
17		the department by presenting physical custody of the
18		child to the department; or
19	(2)	If the child is or will be admitted to a hospital or
20		similar institution, the police officer shall
21		immediately complete the transfer of protective

1		custody to the department by notifying the department
2		and receiving an acknowledgment from the hospital or
3		similar institution that it has been informed that the
4		child is under the temporary foster custody of the
5		department.
6	\$	-9 Temporary foster custody without court order. (a)
7	When the	department receives protective custody of a child from
8	the polic	ce, the department shall:
9	(1)	Assume temporary foster custody of the child if, in
10		the discretion of the department, the department
11		determines that the child is subject to imminent harm
12		while in the custody of the child's family;
13	(2)	Make every reasonable effort to inform the child's
14		parents of the actions taken, unless doing so would
15		put another person at risk of harm;
16	(3)	Unless the child is admitted to a hospital or similar
17		institution, place the child in emergency foster care
18		while the department conducts an appropriate
19		investigation, with placement preference being given
20		to an approved relative;

T	(4)	with authorized agencies, make reasonable efforts to
2		identify and notify all relatives within thirty days
3		of assuming temporary foster custody of the child; and
4	(5)	Within three days, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and
5		holidays:
6		(A) Relinquish temporary foster custody, return the
7		child to the child's parents, and proceed
8		pursuant to section -11(3), -11(4), or -11(5);
9	•	(B) Secure a voluntary placement agreement from the
10		child's parents to place the child in foster
11		care, and proceed pursuant to section -11(5)
12		or -11(7); or
13		(C) File a petition with the court.
14	(b).	Upon the request of the department and without regard
15	to parenta	l consent, any physician licensed or authorized to
16	practice :	edicine in the State shall perform an examination to
17	determine	the nature and extent of harm or threatened harm to
18	the child	under the department's temporary foster custody.
19	S	10 Relatives; foster placement. (a) The department
20	shall pro	ide the child's relative an application to be the
21	child's re	source family within fifteen days of the relative's

1	request	to	provide	foster	placement	for	the	child.	Ιf	the

- 2 application is submitted and denied, the department shall
- 3 provide the applicant with the specific reasons for the denial
- 4 and an explanation of the procedures for an administrative
- 5 appeal.
- 6 (b) The department and authorized agencies shall make
- 7 reasonable efforts to identify and notify all relatives of the
- 8 child within thirty days after assuming foster custody of the
- 9 child.
- 10 § -11 Investigation; department powers. Upon receiving
- 11 a report that a child is subject to imminent harm, has been
- 12 harmed, or is subject to threatened harm, the department shall
- 13 cause such investigation to be made as it deems to be
- 14 appropriate. In conducting the investigation, the department
- 15 may:
- 16 (1) Enlist the cooperation and assistance of appropriate
- state and federal law enforcement authorities, who may
- 18 conduct an investigation and, if an investigation is
- 19 conducted, shall provide the department with all
- 20 preliminary findings, including the results of a

1	•	criminal history record check of an alleged
2		perpetrator of harm or threatened harm to the child;
3	(2)	Interview the child without the presence or prior
4		approval of the child's family and temporarily assume
5		protective custody of the child for the purpose of
6		conducting the interview;
7	(3)	Resolve the matter in an informal fashion that it
8		deems appropriate under the circumstances;
9	(4)	Close the matter if the department finds, after an
10		assessment, that the child is residing with a
11		caregiver who is willing and able to meet the child's
12		needs and provide a safe and appropriate placement for
13		the child;
14	(5)	Immediately enter into a service plan:
15		(A) To safely maintain the child in the family home;
16		or
17 .		(B) To place the child in voluntary foster care
18		pursuant to a written agreement with the child's
19		parent.
20		If the child is placed in voluntary foster care and
21		the family does not successfully complete the service

1		plan within three months after the date on which the
2		department assumed physical custody of the child, the
3		department shall file a petition. The department is
4		not required to file a petition if the parents agree
5		to adoption or legal guardianship of the child and the
6		child's safety is ensured; provided that the adoption
7		or legal guardianship hearing is conducted within six
8		months of the date on which the department assumed
9		physical custody of the child;
10	(6)	Assume temporary foster custody of the child and file
11		a petition with the court within three days, excluding
12		Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, after the date on
13		which the department assumes temporary foster custody
14		of the child, with placement preference being given to
15		an approved relative; or
16	(7)	File a petition or ensure that a petition is filed by
17		another appropriate authorized agency in court under
18		this chapter.
19	P	ART IV. COURT PROCEEDINGS, EVIDENCE, AND ORDERS
20	S	-12 Petition. (a) A petition invoking the
21	jurisdict	ion of the court under this chapter shall:

1	(1)	se verified and set forth:	
2		(A) A concise statement of the basis for	each
3		allegation of harm or threatened harm	ı that brings
4		a child within this chapter;	
5		B) The name, birth date, gender, and res	idential
6		address of the child;	
7		C) The names and last known residential	addresses of
8		the parents and other persons to be m	nade parties
9		to the proceedings under this chapter	; and
10		D) Whether the child is under the tempor	ary foster
11		custody or foster custody of the depart	irtment and,
12		if so, the date on which the departme	ent assumed
13		physical custody of the child;	
14	(2)	State whether any of the facts required by	this
15		section cannot be determined prior to fili	ng the
16		etition; provided that the petition may b	e based on
17		nformation and belief, but shall state th	e basis
18		hereof; and	
19	(3)	nclude the warning that, if the petition	is granted,
20		parental rights may be terminated unless t	he family is
21		villing and able, with the assistance of a	service

1		plan, to provide the child with a safe family home
2		within a reasonable period of time.
3	(b)	If the court determines that the child is subject to
4	imminent	harm while in the custody of the child's family, the
5	court sha	ll order that a police officer immediately take the
6	child int	o protective custody and that the department
7	immediate	ly assume temporary foster custody of the child.
8	(c)	The court shall conduct:
9	(1)	A temporary foster custody hearing, pursuant to
10		section -26, within two days after the petition is
11		filed, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays; or
12	(2)	A return hearing, pursuant to section -28, within
13		fifteen days after the petition is filed or the date a
14		decision is announced by the court during a temporary
15		foster custody hearing, if the petition requests
16		foster custody or family supervision of the child.
17	(d)	The court may adopt rules concerning the titles,
18	filing, i	nvestigation, and form and content of petitions and
19	other ple	adings and proceedings in cases under this chapter, or
20	any other	matter arising in child protective proceedings.

1	S	-13 Summons and service of summons. (a) After a
2	petition	has been filed, the court shall issue a summons
3	requiring	the presence of the parents and other persons to be
4	parties t	o the proceeding, as follows:
5	(1)	A copy of the petition shall be attached to each
6		summons;
7	(2)	The summons shall notify the parties of their right to
8		retain and be represented by counsel; and
9	(3)	The summons shall state: "YOUR PARENTAL AND CUSTODIAL
10		DUTIES AND RIGHTS CONCERNING THE CHILD OR CHILDREN WHO
11		ARE THE SUBJECT OF THE ATTACHED PETITION MAY BE
12		TERMINATED IF YOU FAIL TO APPEAR ON THE DATE SET FORTH
13		IN THIS SUMMONS."
14	(b)	The court may issue a summons to a parent or any
15	person ha	ving physical custody of the child to bring the child
16	before th	e court at the temporary foster custody hearing or the
17	return he	aring.
18	(c)	The sheriff or other authorized person shall serve the
19	summons b	y personally delivering a certified copy to the person
20	or legal	entity being summoned. A return on the summons shall

- be filed, showing the date and time and to whom service was
 made; provided that:
- 3 (1) If the party to be served does not reside in the
 4 State, service shall be made by registered or
 5 certified mail addressed to the party's last known
 6 address; or
- 7 (2) If the court finds that it is impracticable to 8 personally serve the summons, the court may order service by registered or certified mail addressed to 10 the party's last known address, or by publication, or When publication is used, the summons shall be 11 12 published once a week for four consecutive weeks in a 13 newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the party was last known to have resided. 14 the order for publication of the summons, the court 15 16 shall designate the publishing newspaper and shall set the date of the last publication at no less than **17** twenty-one days before the return date. 18 publication shall have the same force and effect as 19 **20** personal service of the summons.

T	(d) Service shall be completed no less than twenty-four
2	hours prior to the time set forth in the summons for a temporary
3	foster custody hearing, or no less than forty-eight hours prior
4	to the time set forth in the summons for any other hearing,
5	unless the party was present when ordered by the court to appear
6	at the hearing.
7	(e) The court may issue a warrant for the appearance of a
8	person or child, as well as issue an order pursuant to section
9	-16(b), if:
10	(1) The summons cannot be personally served;
11	(2) The person served fails to obey the summons;
12	(3) The court finds that service will not be effective; or
13	(4) The court finds that the best interests of the child
14	require that the child be brought into the custody of
15 .	the court.
16	§ -14 Notice of hearings; participation of resource
17	family. (a) Notice of hearings shall be served on the parties;
18	provided that no further notice is required for any party who
19	defaulted or was given actual notice of a hearing while present
20	in court. Notice of hearings shall be served no less than

- 1 forty-eight hours before the scheduled hearing, subject to a
- 2 shortening of time as ordered by the court.
- 3 (b) The child's current resource family shall be served
- 4 written notice of hearings no less than forty-eight hours before
- 5 a scheduled hearing; provided that no further notice shall be
- 6 provided to a resource family that was given actual notice of a
- 7 hearing while present in court, subject to a shortening of time
- 8 as ordered by the court.
- 9 (c) No hearing shall be held until the child, the child's
- 10 current resource family, and all other parties are given notice
- 11 of the hearing or are served, as required by this section.
- (d) The child's current resource family is entitled to
- 13 participate in the proceedings to provide information to the
- 14 court, either in person or in writing, concerning the current
- 15 status of the child in their care.
- (e) The court may not convene a hearing under this chapter
- 17 unless the court enters a finding that each of the parties
- 18 required to be notified of the hearing has been served with a
- 19 copy of the petition; provided that if a party is required to be
- 20 summoned to a temporary foster custody or return hearing and has

1	not been	served with the summons, the court may proceed with the
2	hearing i	f:
3	(1)	A reasonable effort has been made to effect personal
4		service;
5	(2)	It would not be in the best interests of the child to
6		postpone the proceeding until service can be
7		effectuated; and
8	(3)	The child is represented by a guardian ad litem or
9		counsel.
10	(f)	For purposes of this section, "party" or "parties"
11	shall inc	lude the current foster parents.
12	<u>\$</u>	-15 Duties, rights, and liability of authorized
13	agencies.	(a) If an authorized agency has family supervision,
14	it has th	e following duties and rights, subject to such
15	condition	s or restrictions as the court deems to be in the best
16	interests	of a child:
17	(1)	Monitoring and supervising the child and the child's
18		family members who are parties. Monitoring and

supervision shall include reasonable access to each of

the family members who are parties and reasonable

access into the child's family home; and

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	(2)	Placement of the child in loster care and thereby
2		assuming temporary foster custody or foster custody o
3		the child. The authorized agency shall immediately
4		notify the court when such placement occurs. Upon
5		notification, the court shall set the case for:
6		(A) A temporary foster custody hearing within three
7		days, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays
8		
9		(B) If jurisdiction has been established, a periodic
10	1 1 1 1 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	review hearing within ten days of the child's
11		placement.
12		The temporary foster custody hearing or the periodic
13		review hearing may be held at a later date, only if
14		the court finds it to be in the best interests of the
15		child.
16	(b)	If an authorized agency has foster custody it has the
17	following	duties and rights:
18	(1)	Determining where and with whom the child shall be
19		placed in foster care; provided that the child shall
20		not be placed in foster care outside the State without
21		prior order of the court;

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1	(2)	Permitting the child to return to the family from
2		which the child was removed, unless otherwise ordered
3		by the court. The child's return may occur only if no
4		party objects to such placement and prior written
5	v	notice is given to the court and to all parties
6		stating that there is no objection of any party to the
7		child's return. Upon the child's return to the
8	X.	family, temporary foster custody or foster custody
9		shall be automatically revoked, and the child and the
10		child's family members who are parties shall be placed
11		under temporary family supervision or the family
12		supervision of the authorized agency;

- (3) Ensuring that the child is provided with adequate food, clothing, shelter, psychological care, physical care, medical care, supervision, and other necessities in a timely manner;
- (4) Monitoring whether the child is being provided with an appropriate education;
- (5) Providing required consents for the child's physical
 or psychological health or welfare, including ordinary
 medical, dental, psychiatric, psychological,

1.		educational, employment, recreational, or social
2		needs;
3	(6)	Providing consents for any other medical or
4		psychological care or treatment, including surgery, if
5		the persons who are otherwise authorized to provide
6		consent are unable or unwilling to consent. Before
7		being provided to the child, this care or treatment
8		shall be deemed necessary for the child's physical or
9		psychological health or welfare by two physicians or
10		two psychologists, as appropriate, who are licensed or
11.		authorized to practice in the State;
12	(7)	Providing consent for the child's application for a
13		driver's instructional permit, provisional driver's
14		license, or driver's license;
15 .	(8)	Providing consent to the recording of a statement
16		pursuant to section -21; and
17	(9)	Providing the court with information concerning the
18		child.
19	The	court, in its discretion, may vest foster custody of a
20	child in	any authorized agency or subsequently authorized
21	agencies,	if the court finds that it is in the child's best

- 1 interests to do so. The rights and duties that are so assumed
- 2 by an authorized agency shall supersede the rights and duties of
- 3 any legal or permanent custodian of the child.
- 4 (c) Unless otherwise provided in this section or as
- 5 otherwise ordered by the court, a child's family shall retain
- 6 the following rights and responsibilities after a transfer of
- 7 temporary foster custody or foster custody, to the extent that
- 8 the family possessed the rights and responsibilities prior to
- 9 the transfer of temporary foster custody or foster custody:
- 10 (1) The right of reasonable supervised or unsupervised
- visitation at the discretion of the authorized agency
- or the court;
- 13 (2) The right to consent to adoption, to marriage, or to
- major medical or psychological care or treatment; and
- 15 (3) The continuing responsibility to support the child,
- 16 including repayment for the cost of any care,
- 17 treatment, or other service provided by the authorized
- agency or the court for the child's benefit.
- 19 (d) If an authorized agency has permanent custody, it has
- 20 the following duties and rights:

1.	(1)	Assuming the parental and custodial duties and rights
2		of a legal custodian and family member;
3	(2)	Determining where and with whom the child shall live;
4	•	provided that the child shall not be placed outside
5		the State without prior order of the court;
6	(3)	Ensuring that the child is provided with adequate
7		food, clothing, shelter, psychological care, physical
8		care, medical care, supervision, and other necessities
9		in a timely manner;
10	(4)	Monitoring whether the child is being provided with an
11		appropriate education;
12	(5)	Providing all required consents for the child's
13	<u>.</u>	physical or psychological health or welfare, including
14		medical, dental, psychiatric, psychological,
15		educational, employment, recreational, and social
16		needs;
17	(6)	Providing consent for the child's application for a
18		driver's instructional permit, provisional driver's
19		license, or driver's license;
20	(7)	Providing consent to adoption, change of name, and
21		marriage; and

1	(8)	Submitting a written report to the court if the child
2		leaves the home of the permanent custodian for a
3		period of seven consecutive days or more. The report
4		shall state the child's current situation and shall be
5		submitted on or before the tenth day, excluding
6		Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, after the child
7		leaves the home.

- 8 (e) An authorized agency shall not be liable to third 9 party persons for the acts of the child solely by reason of the 10 agency's status as foster custodian or permanent custodian of 11 the child.
- § -16 Guardian ad litem. (a) The court shall appoint a guardian ad litem for a child to serve throughout the pendency of child protective proceedings under this chapter.
- (b) The court may appoint a guardian ad litem for an incapacitated adult party, as set forth below:
- 17 (1) Upon the request of any party or sua sponte, the court

 18 may order a professional evaluation of an adult party

 19 to determine the party's capacity to substantially:
- (A) Comprehend the legal significance of the issues
 and nature of the proceedings under this chapter;

1		(B) Cons	ult with counsel; and
2		(C) Assi	st in preparing the party's case or strategy;
3	(2)	If the co	urt orders a professional evaluation, the
4		party sha	ll be examined by a physician, psychologist,
5		or other	individual appointed by the court who is
6		qualified	to evaluate the party's alleged impairment:
7.		(A) Unle	ss otherwise directed by the court, the
8		exam	iner shall promptly file with the court a
9		writ	ten report which shall contain:
10		(i)	A description of the nature, type, and
11			extent of the party's specific cognitive and
12			functional capabilities and limitations;
13		(ii)	An evaluation of the party's mental and
14			physical condition and, if appropriate,
15	· · · · · ·		educational potential, adaptive behavior,
16			and social skills;
17		(iii)	A prognosis for improvement and a
18			recommendation as to the appropriate
19			treatment or habilitation plan; and
20		(iv)	The dates of any assessments or examinations
21			upon which the report is based;

1	(B) Upon the request of any party or sua sponte, and
2	after such hearing as the court deems
3	appropriate, the court may appoint a guardian ad
4	litem for an adult party only after a
5	determination, by clear and convincing evidence,
6	that:
7	(i) The party is an incapacitated person; and
8	(ii) The party's identified needs cannot be met
9	by less restrictive means, including the us
10	of appropriate and reasonably available
11	assistance.
12	(c) A guardian ad litem shall, unless otherwise ordered b
13	the court:
14	(1) Have access to the child or incapacitated adult;
15	(2) Have the authority to inspect and receive copies of
16	any records, notes, and electronic recordings
17	concerning the child or incapacitated adult that are
18	relevant to the proceedings filed under this chapter.
19	This authority shall exist even without the consent o
20	the child, incapacitated adult, or individuals and
21	authorized agencies that have control of the child or

1		incapacitated adult; provided that nothing in this
2		section shall override any attorney-client or attorney
3		work product privilege;
4	(3)	Be given notice of all hearings and proceedings
5		involving the child or incapacitated adult, whether
6		civil or criminal, including grand juries, and shall
7		protect the best interests of the child or
8		incapacitated adult;
9.	(4)	Make face-to-face contact with the child or
10		incapacitated adult in the child's or incapacitated
11		adult's family or resource family home at least once
12		every three months;
13	(5)	Report to the court and all parties in writing at six-
14		month intervals, or as ordered by the court, regarding
15		such guardian ad litem's actions taken to ensure the
16		child's or incapacitated adult's best interest, and
17		recommend how the court should proceed in the best
18		interest of that child or incapacitated adult; and
19	(6)	Inform the court of the child's opinions and requests.
20		If the child's opinions and requests differ from those
21		being advocated by the guardian ad litem, the court

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1		shall evaluate and determine whether it is in the
2	•	child's best interests to appoint an attorney to serve
3		as the child's legal advocate concerning such issues
4	•	and during such proceedings as the court deems to be
5		in the best interests of the child.
6	(d)	The court shall, for an incapacitated adult:
7	(1)	Grant a guardian ad litem only those powers
8		necessitated by the incapacitated adult's limitations
9		and demonstrated needs; and
10	(2)	Make appointive and other orders that will encourage
11		the development of the incapacitated adult's maximum
12		self-reliance and independence.
13	(e)	Unless otherwise ordered by the court, the attorney
14	for an in	capacitated adult shall take instructions from the
15	incapacit	ated adult's guardian ad litem. The guardian ad litem
16	for an in	capacitated adult shall inform the court of the
17	incapacit	ated adult's opinions and requests and may recommend
18	how the c	ourt should proceed in the best interest of the
19	incapacit	ated adult.

The fees and costs of a guardian ad litem appointed

pursuant to this section may be paid by the court, unless the

(f)

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- 1 party for whom counsel is appointed has an independent estate
- 2 sufficient to pay such fees and costs. The court may order the
- 3 appropriate parties to pay or reimburse the fees and costs of
- 4 the quardian ad litem and any attorney appointed for the child.
- 5 § -17 Court-appointed attorneys. (a) The court may
- 6 appoint an attorney to represent a legal parent who is indigent
- 7 based on court-established guidelines. The court may also
- 8 appoint an attorney to represent another indigent party based on
- 9 court-established guidelines, if it is deemed to be in the
- 10 child's best interest. Attorneys who are appointed by the court
- 11 to represent indigent legal parents and other indigent
- 12 qualifying parties may be paid by the court, unless the legal
- 13 parent or party for whom counsel is appointed has an independent
- 14 estate sufficient to pay such fees and costs. The court may
- 15 order the appropriate legal parent or party to pay or reimburse
- 16 the fees and costs of an attorney appointed for the child or
- 17 incapacitated adult.
- 18 (b) Unless otherwise ordered by the court, the attorney
- 19 for an incapacitated adult shall take instructions from the
- 20 incapacitated adult's guardian ad litem.

1	S	-18 Reports to be submitted by the department and
2	authorize	d agencies. (a) Unless otherwise ordered by the
3	court, the	e department or other authorized agencies shall file
4	written r	eports with the court:
5	(1)	Concurrent with the filing of a petition invoking the
6		jurisdiction of the court under this chapter; and
7	(2)	No less than fifteen days before a scheduled return
8		hearing, periodic review hearing, permanency hearing,
9		or termination of parental rights hearing; provided
10		that additional information may be submitted to the
11		court up to the date of the hearing; provided that the
12		department or other authorized agencies make a good
13		cause showing that such additional information was not
14		available to the department or other authorized agency
15		before the fifteen day deadline.
16	(b)	The reports shall include:
17	(1)	An assessment of each safe family home factor and the
18		family's progress with recommended or court-ordered
19		services;
20	(2)	A recommended generica plan or nermanent plan that

references the pertinent safe family home factors; and

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- (3) A recommendation documenting the basis for any other
 orders, including protective orders.
- 3 (c) The department or other authorized agencies shall
- 4 submit to the court each report, in its entirety, pertaining to
- 5 the child or the child's family that has been prepared by a
- 6 child protective services multidisciplinary team or consultant.
- 7 (d) A written report submitted pursuant to this section
- 8 shall be admissible and relied upon to the extent of its
- 9 probative value in any proceeding under this chapter, subject to
- 10 the right of any party to examine or cross-examine the preparer
- 11 of the report.
- 12 § -19 Testimony by department social worker. A person
- 13 employed by the department as a social worker in the area of
- 14 child protective services or child welfare services shall be
- 15 presumed to be qualified to testify as an expert on child
- 16 protective or child welfare services. Any party may move the
- 17 court to qualify a person employed by the department as a social
- 18 worker in the area of child protective services or child welfare
- 19 services called to testify as an expert on child protective or
- 20 child welfare services.

1	S	-20	Inadmissibility	οf	evidence	in	other	state	actions

- 2 or proceedings. The court may order that testimony or other
- 3 evidence produced by a party in a proceeding under this chapter
- 4 shall be inadmissible as evidence in any other state civil or
- 5 criminal action or proceeding if the court deems such an order
- 6 to be in the best interests of the child.
- 7 § -21 Admissibility of evidence; testimony by a child.
- 8 (a) Any statement relating to an allegation of imminent harm,
- 9 harm, or threatened harm that a child has made to any person
- 10 shall be admissible as evidence.
- 11 (b) In deciding in temporary foster custody hearings
- 12 whether there is reasonable cause to believe that a child is
- 13 subject to imminent harm the court may consider relevant hearsay
- 14 evidence when direct testimony is unavailable or when it is
- 15 impractical to subpoena witnesses who will be able to testify to
- 16 facts based on personal knowledge.
- 17 (c) A child's recorded statement shall be admissible in
- 18 evidence in any proceeding under this chapter; provided that:
- 19 (1) The statement is recorded on film, audiotape, or
- videotape, or by other reliable electronic means;

1	(2)	The recording equipment used is capable of producing
2		an accurate recording, was operated by a competent
3		person, and the recording is accurate and has not been
4		altered; and

- 5 (3) Every person on the recording is identified.
- (d) A child may be directed by the court to testify under circumstances deemed by the court to be in the best interests of the child and the furtherance of justice. These circumstances may include an on-the-record interview of the child in chambers, with only those parties present during the interview as the court deems to be in the best interests of the child.
- § -22 Unavailability of specified privileges. The

 following privileges shall not be available to exclude evidence

 of imminent harm, harm, or threatened harm in any proceeding

 under this chapter:
- 16 (1) The physician-patient privilege;
- 17 (2) The psychologist-client privilege;
- 18 (3) The spousal privilege; and
- 19 (4) The victim-counselor privilege.
- 20 § -23 Effect of oral orders. Orders stated orally by
- 21 the court on the record in a proceeding under this chapter shall

- 1 have full force and effect from the date of the hearing until
- 2 further order of the court. All oral orders shall be reduced to
- 3 writing as soon as is practicable.
- 4 § -24 Motions to vacate or modify prior orders brought
- 5 or decided upon pursuant to Rule 59, Hawaii Family Court Rules.
- 6 In considering a party's motion to vacate or modify prior orders
- 7 brought or decided upon pursuant to Rule 59, Hawaii Family Court
- 8 Rules, the court need not commence a trial or hearing de novo,
- 9 but rather, after such further hearing as the court deems to be
- 10 appropriate, may proceed to enter such orders as are in the best
- 11 interests of the child.
- 12 § -25 Conduct of hearing in child protective
- 13 proceedings. (a) The court shall hear child protective
- 14 proceedings without a jury at a hearing separate from those for
- 15 adults.
- 16 (b) The general public shall be excluded from child
- 17 protective proceedings. Only parties found by the court to have
- 18 a direct interest in the case shall be admitted to the hearing.
- (c) The court has discretion to exclude the child from the
- 20 hearing at any time.

- 1 (d) If a party is without counsel or a guardian ad litem,
- 2 the court shall inform the party of the right to be represented
- 3 by counsel and the right to appeal.
- 4 § -26 Temporary foster custody hearing. (a) When the
- 5 department assumes temporary foster custody of a child and files
- 6 a petition pursuant to this chapter, the court shall conduct a
- 7 temporary foster custody hearing within two days after the
- 8 petition is filed, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays.
- 9 The purpose of a temporary foster custody hearing is to
- 10 determine whether a child's safety continues to require
- 11 protection prior to an adjudicatory determination at a return
- 12 hearing.
- 13 (b) The temporary foster custody hearing may be continued
- 14 for a period not to exceed fifteen days if the court determines
- 15 that further investigation would be in the child's best
- 16 interests.
- 17 (c) After reviewing the petition and any reports submitted
- 18 by the department and considering all information pertaining to
- 19 the safe family home factors, the court shall order:
- 20 (1) That the child be immediately released from the
- department's temporary foster custody, placed in

_		comporary ramitry supervision, and recarned to the
2		child's family home with the assistance of services,
3		upon finding that the child's family is able to
4		provide a safe family home with services; or
5	(2)	That the child continue in the department's temporary
6		foster custody, upon finding that there is reasonable
7		cause to believe that continued placement in foster
8		care is necessary to protect the child from imminent
9		harm; provided that in making this determination, the
10		court shall consider whether:
11		(A) The department made reasonable efforts to prevent
12	(or eliminate the need for removing the child from
13		the child's family home before the child was
14	<i>l</i>	placed in foster care;
15		(B) The alleged or potential perpetrator of imminent
16		harm, harm, or threatened harm should be removed
17		from the family home rather than continuing the
18		child's placement in foster care. The child's
19		family shall have the burden of establishing that
20	•	it is in the shildle best interests to remove the

1		child, rather than the alleged or potential
2		perpetrator, from the family home; and
3		(C) Every reasonable effort has been or is being made
4		to place siblings or psychologically-bonded
5		children together, unless such placement is not
6		in the children's best interests.
7	(d)	The court shall conduct a return hearing on the
8	petition	within fifteen days after the temporary foster custody
9	hearing.	
10	(e)	The court may further order that:
11	(1)	Any party undergo a physical, developmental,
12		psychological, or psychiatric evaluation and that a
13		written or oral report be submitted or communicated to
14		the court and all parties before the next court
15		hearing;
16	(2)	The child's family members who are parties provide the
17		department or another authorized agency the names and
18		addresses of other relatives and friends who are
19		potential visitation supervisors or resource families
20		for the child.

1	(3)	THE CHILD B LUMILLY MEMBELD WITE ALE PALETON SE
2		permitted reasonable supervised or unsupervised
3		visitation with the child at the discretion of the
4	•	child's guardian ad litem, the department, or another
5		authorized agency;
6	(4)	The court and the parties view a video or listen to an
7		audio recording of the child's statements at such time
8		and in such manner as the court deems appropriate;
9	(5)	A criminal history record check be conducted by the
10		department or another authorized agency on a party who
11		is an alleged or potential perpetrator of imminent
12		harm, harm, or threatened harm to the child;
13	(6)	A protective order be entered;
14	(7)	The department or another authorized agency prepare a
15		written supplemental report;
16	(8)	The child's guardian ad litem visit the child's family
17		home and resource family home, be present during
18		supervised visitation, and prepare a written report
19		that includes specific recommendations concerning
20		services and assistance to the family; and

(9)

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2		necessary and in the best interests of the child.
3	(f)	Any party may file a motion requesting, or the court
4	may order	sua sponte, a temporary foster custody hearing or
5	rehearing	at any time after a petition is filed, to determine
6	whether th	ne child should be placed in temporary foster custody
7	to ensure	the child's safety pending a scheduled return hearing.
8	§ -	-27 Service plan. (a) The service plan shall
9	provide:	
10	(1)	The specific steps necessary to facilitate the return
11		of the child to a safe family home, if the proposed
12		placement of the child is in foster care under foster
13		custody. These specific steps shall include treatment
14		and services that will be provided, actions completed,
15		specific measurable and behavioral changes that must

Any other orders be entered that the court deems

- (2) Whether an ohana conference will be conducted for fact finding and family group decision making;
- 19 (3) The respective responsibilities of the child, the
 20 parents, legal guardian or custodian, the department,
 21 other family members, and treatment providers, and a

be achieved, and responsibilities assumed;

ı		description and expected outcomes of the services
2		required to achieve the permanency goal;
3	(4)	The required frequency and types of contact between
4		the assigned social worker, the child, and the family;
5	(5)	The time frames during which services will be
6		provided, actions must be completed, and
7		responsibilities must be discharged;
8	(6)	Notice to the parents that their failure to
9		substantially achieve the objectives described in the
10		service plan within the time frames established may
11		result in termination of their parental rights;
12	(7)	Notice to the parents that if the child has been in
13		foster care under the responsibility of the department
14		for an aggregate of fifteen out of the most recent
15		twenty-two months from the child's date of entry into
16		foster care, the department is required to file a
17		motion to set a termination of parental rights
18		hearing, and the parents' failure to provide a safe
19		family home within two years from the date when the
20		child was first placed under foster custody by the

1	court,	may	result	in	the	parents'	parental	rights
2	being t	termi	inated;	and	i	• •		

- 3 (8) Any other terms and conditions that the court or the
 4 authorized agency deem necessary to the success of the
 5 service plan.
- 6 (b) Services and assistance to the family that are
 7 required by a service plan shall be presented in a manner that
 8 can be understood by and does not overwhelm the parties.
 - (c) The court shall ensure that each term, condition, and consequence of the service plan has been thoroughly explained to, understood by, and agreed to by each member of the child's family whom the authorized agency deems to be necessary to the success of the service plan. The court shall thereafter order the service plan into effect and order the distribution of copies to each family member or person who is a party to the service plan. If a member of a child's family whom the authorized agency deems to be necessary to the success of the service plan cannot understand or refuses to agree to the terms, conditions, and consequences of the service plan, the court shall conduct a hearing to determine the terms, conditions, and

1	consequences of a service plan that will ensure a safe home for
2	the child.
3	§ -28 Return hearing. (a) When a petition has been
4	filed, the court shall conduct a return hearing within fifteen
5	days of:
6	(1) The filing of the petition; or
7	(2) The date a decision is announced by the court during a
8	temporary foster custody hearing.
9	(b) At the return hearing, if it is established that a
10	party required to be notified has not been served prior to the
11	hearing, the court shall:
12	(1) Order the method of service of summons that the court
13	deems to be appropriate, based upon the available
14	information; and
15	(2) Set a continued return hearing and:
16	(A) May waive the appearance of any party at the
17	continued return hearing; and
18	(B) If service of summons is ordered to be made by
19	mail or publication, shall set the continued
20	return hearing no less than twenty-one days after
21	the date of service as evidenced by the signature

_		of the recipient on a return receipt of the date
2		of the last publication.
3	(c)	At a continued return hearing, the court shall:
4	(1)	Enter the default of the party who was served but
5		failed to appear at the continued return hearing;
6	(2)	Order the party who was served to appear on the date
7		of the next scheduled hearing in the case; or
8	(3)	Set a hearing on the oral motion to vacate prior
9		orders, if a party appears at the hearing and moves
10		the court to vacate or modify prior orders. The
11		moving party shall file a written motion and serve the
12		other parties with proper written notice of the motion
13		and the hearing date.
14	(d)	At the return hearing, the court shall decide:
15	(1)	Whether the child's physical or psychological health
16		or welfare has been harmed or is subject to threatened
17		harm by the acts or omissions of the child's family;
18	(2)	Whether the child should be placed in foster custody
19		or under family supervision; and
20	(3)	What services should be provided to the child's
21		parents.

1	(e)	If the court finds that the child's physical or
2	psycholog	ical health or welfare has been harmed or is subject to
3	threatene	d harm by the acts or omissions of the child's family,
4	the court	:
5	(1)	Shall enter a finding that the court has jurisdiction
6		pursuant to section -5;
7	(2)	Shall enter a finding regarding whether, before the
8		child was placed in foster care, the department made
9		reasonable efforts to prevent or eliminate the need to
10	•	remove the child from the child's family home;
11	(3)	Shall enter orders:
12		(A) That the child be placed in foster custody if the
13		court finds that the child's remaining in the
14		family home is contrary to the welfare of the
15		child and the child's parents are not willing and
16		able to provide a safe family home for the child,
17		even with the assistance of a service plan; or
18		(B) That the child be placed in family supervision if
19		the court finds that the child's parents are
20		willing and able to provide the child with a safe

1		family home with the assistance of a service
2		plan;
3.	(4)	Shall determine whether aggravated circumstances are
4		present.
5		(A) If aggravated circumstances are present, the
6		court shall:
7		(i) Conduct a permanency hearing within thirty
8		days, and the department shall not be
9		required to provide the child's parents with
10		an interim service plan or interim
11		visitation; and
12		(ii) Order the department to file, within sixty
13		days after the court's finding that
14		aggravated circumstances are present, a
15		motion to set the case for a termination of
16		parental rights hearing.
17		(B) If aggravated circumstances are not present, the
18		court shall order that the department make
19		reasonable efforts to reunify the child with the
20		child's parents and order an appropriate service
21		plan;

1	(3)	Sharr Order reasonable supervised or unsupervised
2		visits for the child and the child's family, including
3		with the child's siblings, unless such visits are
4		determined to be unsafe or detrimental to, and not in
5		the best interests of, the child;
6	(6)	Shall order each of the child's birth parents to
7		complete the medical information forms and release the
8		medical information required under section 578-14.5,
9		to the department. If the child's birth parents
10		refuse to complete the forms or to release the
11		information, the court may order the release of the
12		information over the parents' objections;
13	(7)	Shall determine whether each party understands that
14		unless the family is willing and able to provide the
15		child with a safe family home, even with the
16		assistance of a service plan, within the reasonable
17 .		period of time specified in the service plan, their
18		respective parental and custodial duties and rights
19		shall be subject to termination;
20	(8)	Shall determine the child's date of entry into foster
21		care as defined in this chapter;

1	(9)	Shall set a periodic review hearing to be conducted no
2		later than six months after the date of entry into
3		foster care and a permanency hearing to be held no
4		later than twelve months after the date of entry into
5		foster care;
6	(10)	Shall set a status conference, as the court deems
7		appropriate, to be conducted no later than ninety days
8	·	after the return hearing; and
9	(11)	May order that:
10		(A) Any party participate in, complete, be liable
11	<i>c</i>	for, and make every good faith effort to arrange
12		payment for such services or treatment as are
13		authorized by law and that are determined to be
14		in the child's best interests;
15		(B) The child be examined by a physician, surgeon,
16		psychiatrist, or psychologist; and
17		(C) The child receive treatment, including
18		hospitalization or placement in other suitable
19		facilities, as is determined to be in the child's
20		best interests.

- 1 (f) If the court finds that the child's physical or
- 2 psychological health or welfare has not been harmed or subjected
- 3 to threatened harm by the acts or omissions of the child's
- 4 family, the court shall enter an order to dismiss the petition
- 5 and shall state the grounds for dismissal.
- 6 (g) Nothing in this section shall prevent the court from
- 7 setting a termination of parental rights hearing at any time the
- 8 court deems appropriate.
- 9 Show cause hearing. At any stage of the
- 10 proceeding, the court may set a show cause hearing at which a
- 11 child's parents shall have the burden of presenting evidence as
- 12 to why the case should not be set for a termination of parental
- 13 rights or legal guardianship hearing.
- 14 § -30 Periodic review hearing. (a) The court shall set
- 15 a periodic review hearing to be conducted no later than six
- 16 months after a child's date of entry into foster care.
- 17 Thereafter, the court shall conduct periodic review hearings at
- 18 intervals of no longer than six months until the court's
- 19 jurisdiction is terminated. The court may set a case for a
- 20 periodic review hearing upon the motion of a party at any time,

1	if	the	court	deems	the	hearing	to	be	in	the	best	interests	of
2	the	e chi	ild.					٠	•				

- 3 (b) At each periodic review hearing, the court shall
- 4 review the status of the case to determine whether the child is
- 5 receiving appropriate services and care, whether the case plan
- 6 is being properly implemented, and whether the department's or
- 7 authorized agency's activities are directed toward a permanent
- 8 placement for the child. At the hearing, the court shall:
- 9 (1) Determine whether the child is safe;
- 10 (2) Determine the continued need for and appropriateness
 11 of the out-of-home placement;
- 12 (3) Determine the extent to which each party has complied
 13 with the case plan and the family's progress in making
 14 their home safe for the child;
- 15 (4) Determine the family's progress in resolving the
 16 problems that caused the child harm or to be
 17 threatened with harm and, if applicable, the necessity
 18 for continued out-of-home placement of the child;
- 19 (5) Project a likely date for:
- 20 (A) The child's return to a safe family home; or

1		(B) The child's permanent placement out of the family
2		home in the following order of preference:
3		(i) Adoption;
4		(ii) Legal guardianship; or
5		(iii) Other permanent out-of-home placement;
6	(6)	Evaluate visitation arrangements; and
7	(7)	Issue such further or other appropriate orders as it
8		deems to be in the best interests of the child.
9	(c)	If the child has been in foster care under the
10	responsib	ility of the department for an aggregate of fifteen out
11	of the mo	st recent twenty-two months from the date of entry into
12	foster ca	re, the department shall file a motion to set the
13	matter fo	r a termination of parental rights hearing, unless:
14	(1)	The department has documented in the safe family home
15		factors or other written report submitted to the court
16		a compelling reason why it is not in the best interest
17		of the child to file a motion; or
18	(2)	The department has not provided to the family of the
19		child, consistent with the time period required in the
20		service plan, such services as the department deems

1	necessary	for	the	safe	return	of	the	child	to	the

- family home.
- 3 (d) Nothing in this section shall prevent the department
- 4 from filing a motion to set a termination of parental rights
- 5 hearing if the department determines that the criteria for
- 6 terminating parental rights are present.
- 7 § -31 Permanency hearing. (a) A permanency hearing
- 8 shall be conducted within twelve months of the child's date of
- 9 entry into foster care or within thirty days of a judicial
- 10 determination that the child is an abandoned infant or that
- 11 aggravated circumstances are present. A permanency hearing
- 12 shall be conducted at least every twelve months thereafter for
- 13 as long as the child remains in foster care under the placement
- 14 responsibility of the department.
- 15 (b) The court shall review the status of the case to
- 16 determine whether the child is receiving appropriate services
- 17 and care, that case plans are being properly implemented, and
- 18 that activities are directed toward a permanent placement for
- 19 the child.
- 20 (c) At each permanency hearing, the court shall make
- 21 written findings pertaining to:

1	(_)	The extent to which each party has compiled with the
2		service plan and progressed in making the home safe;
3	(2)	Whether the current placement of the child continues
4		to be appropriate and in the best interests of the
5		child or if another in-state or out-of-state placement
6		should be considered;
7	(3)	The court's projected timetable for reunification or,
8		if the current placement is not expected to be
9		permanent, placement in an adoptive home, with a legal
10		guardian, or under the permanent custody of the
11		department;
12	(4)	Whether the department has made reasonable efforts, in
13		accordance with the safety and well-being of the
14		child, to:
15		(A) Place siblings who have been removed from the
16		family home with the same resource family,
17	• .	adoptive placement, or legal guardians; and
18		(B) Provide for frequent visitation or other on-going
19		interactions with siblings who are not living in
20		the same household;

1	(5)	The appropriate permanency goal for the child,
2		including whether a change in goal is necessary;
3	(6)	Whether the department has made reasonable efforts to
4		finalize the permanency goal in effect for the child
5		and a summary of those efforts;
6	(7)	The date by which the permanency goal for the child is
7	•	to be achieved;
8	(8)	In the case of a child who has attained sixteen years
9		of age, the services needed to assist the child with
10		the transition from foster care to independent living;
11		and
12	(9)	Consultations with the child in an age-appropriate
13		manner about the proposed plan for permanency or
14		transition from foster care to independent living.
15	(d)	At each permanency hearing, the court shall order:
16	(1)	The child's reunification with a parent or parents;
17	(2)	The child's continued placement in foster care, where:
18		(A) Reunification is expected to occur within a time
19		frame that is consistent with the developmental
20		needs of the child; and

		(D)	The safety and hearth of the chifd can be
2			adequately safeguarded; or
3	(3)	A pe	rmanent plan with a goal of:
4		(A)	Placing the child for adoption and when the
5			department will file a motion to set the matter
6			for the termination if parental rights;
7		(B)	Placing the child for legal guardianship if the
8			department documents and presents to the court a
9			compelling reason why termination of parental
10			rights and adoption are not in the best interests
11			of the child; or
12		(C)	Awarding permanent custody to the department or
13			an authorized agency, if the department documents
14			and presents to the court a compelling reason why
15			adoption and legal guardianship are not in the
16			best interests of the child.
17	(e)	At e	ach permanency hearing where a permanent plan is
18	ordered,	the c	ourt shall make appropriate orders to ensure
19	timely in	mpleme	ntation of the permanent plan and to ensure that
20	the plan	is ac	complished within a specified period of time.

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1	(f)	A perm	nanency	hearing	may	be	held	concurrently	with	а
2	periodic	review	hearing	g.						

3	(g) If the child has been in foster care under the
4	responsibility of the department for a total of twelve
5	consecutive months or an aggregate of fifteen out of the most
6	recent twenty-two months from the date of entry into foster
7	care, the department shall file a motion to set the matter for a

termination of parental rights hearing unless:

- (1) The department has documented in the safe family home factors or other written report submitted to the court, a compelling reason why it is not in the best interest of the child to file a motion; or
- (2) The department has not provided to the family of the child, consistent with the time period required in the service plan, such services as the department deems necessary for the safe return of the child to the family home.

Nothing in this section shall prevent the department from filing a motion to set a termination of parental rights hearing if the department determines that the criteria for terminating parental rights are present.

1	8	-32 Permanent plan. (a) The permanent plan shall:
2	(1)	State whether the permanency goal for the child will
3		be achieved through adoption, legal guardianship, or
4		permanent custody;
5	(2)	Establish a reasonable period of time by which the
6		adoption or legal guardianship shall be finalized;
7	(3)	Document:
8		(A) A compelling reason why legal guardianship or
9		permanent custody is in the child's best
10		interests if adoption is not the goal; or
11		(B) A compelling reason why permanent custody is in
12		the child's best interests if adoption or legal
13		guardianship is not the goal;
14	(4)	Establish other related goals, including those
15	S	pertaining to the stability of the child's placement,
16		education; health; therapy; counseling; relationship
17		with the child's birth family, including visits, if
18		any; cultural connections; and preparation for
19		independent living;

1	(5)	If a child has reached the age of sixteen, describe
2		the services needed to assist the child with the
3		transition from foster care to independent living; and
4	(6)	Describe the methods for achieving the goals and
5		objectives set forth in paragraphs (4) and (5).
6	(b)	A permanent plan prepared for a periodic review
7	hearing o	r a permanency hearing shall describe:
8	(1)	Progress toward achieving the goal of the plan;
9	(2)	Proposed revisions to the goal of the plan and reasons
10		for the revisions; and
11	(3)	Proposed revisions to the methods for achieving the
12		goals of the plan and objectives and the reasons for
13		the revisions.
14	S	-33 Termination of parental rights hearing. (a) At a
15	terminati	on of parental rights hearing, the court shall
16	determine	whether there exists clear and convincing evidence
17	that:	
18	(1)	A child's parent whose rights are subject to
19		termination is not presently willing and able to
20		provide the parent's child with a safe family home,
21		even with the assistance of a service plan.

1	(2)	It is not leasonably toleseeable that the third s
2		parent whose rights are subject to termination will
3		become willing and able to provide the child with a
4		safe family home, even with the assistance of a
5		service plan, within a reasonable period of time,
6		which shall not exceed two years from the child's date
7		of entry into foster care;
8	(3)	The proposed permanent plan is in the best interests
9		of the child. In reaching this determination, the
10		court shall:
11		(A) Presume that it is in the best interests of the
12		child to be promptly and permanently placed with
13		responsible and competent substitute parents and
14	·	family in a safe and secure home; and
15		(B) Give greater weight to the presumption that the
16		permanent plan is in the child's best interest,
17		the younger the child is upon the child's date of
18		entry into foster care;
19		and
20	(4)	The child consents to the permanent plan if the child
21		is at least fourteen years old, unless the court

1		consults with the child in camera and finds that it is
2		in the best interest of the child to proceed without
3		the child's consent.
4	(b)	If the court determines that the criteria set forth in
5	subsectio	n (a) are established by clear and convincing evidence
6	and the g	oal of the permanent plan is for the child to be
7	adopted o	r remain in permanent custody, the court shall order:
8	(1)	That the child's parent's parental rights be
9		terminated;
10	(2)	Termination of the existing service plan and
11		revocation of the prior award of foster custody;
12	(3)	That permanent custody of the child be awarded to an
13		appropriate authorized agency;
14	(4)	An appropriate permanent plan; and
15	(5)	The entry of any other orders the court deems to be in
16		the best interests of the child, including restricting
17		or excluding unnecessary parties from participating in
18		adoption or other subsequent proceedings;
19	(c)	Unless otherwise ordered by the court or until the
20	child is	adopted, the child's family member shall retain, to the
21	extent th	at the family member possessed the responsibility prior

- 1 to the termination of parental rights, the continuing
- 2 responsibility to support the child, including repaying the cost
- 3 of any and all care, treatment, or any other service provided by
- 4 the permanent custodian, any subsequent permanent custodian,
- 5 other authorized agency, or the court for the child's benefit.
- 6 (d) A family member may be permitted visitation with the
- 7 child at the discretion of the permanent custodian. The court
- 8 may review the exercise of such discretion and may order that a
- 9 family member be permitted such visitation as is in the best
- 10 interests of the child.
- 11 (e) An order for the termination of parental rights
- 12 entered under this chapter shall not operate to terminate the
- 13 mutual rights of inheritance of the child and the child's family
- 14 members or any other benefit to which the child may be entitled,
- 15 until the child has been adopted.
- 16 (f) The court, in its discretion, may vest permanent
- 17 custody of a child in an authorized agency or in subsequently
- 18 authorized agencies, as the court deems to be in the best
- 19 interests of the child.
- 20 (q) If the department receives a report that the child has
- 21 been harmed or is subject to threatened harm by the acts or

- 1 omissions of the permanent custodians of the child, the
- 2 department may automatically assume either family supervision
- 3 over the child and the child's permanent custodian or foster
- 4 custody of the child. The department shall immediately notify
- 5 the court, and the court shall set the case for a permanency
- 6 hearing within ten days after the department receives such a
- 7 report, unless the court deems a later date to be in the best
- 8 interests of the child.
- 9 (h) If the court determines that the criteria set forth in
- 10 subsection (a) are not established by clear and convincing
- 11 evidence, the court shall order:
- 12 (1) The preparation of a plan to achieve permanency for
- 13 the child;
- 14 (2) The entry of any orders that the court deems to be in
- the best interests of the child;
- 16 (3) A periodic review hearing to be held within six months
- after the date of the last permanency hearing; and
- 18 (4) A permanency hearing to be held within twelve months
- of the date of the last permanency hearing.
- 20 (i) Absent compelling reasons, if the child has been in
- 21 foster care under the department's responsibility for an

- 1 aggregate of fifteen out of the most recent twenty-two months
- 2 from the date of entry into foster care, the department shall
- 3 file a motion to set the matter for a termination of parental
- 4 rights hearing.
- 5 § -34 Reinstatement of parental rights. (a) A child
- 6 who is subject to an active proceeding under this chapter, the
- 7 child's guardian ad litem, the child's attorney, if any, or the
- 8 department, may file a motion to reinstate the terminated
- 9 parental rights of the child's parents in a proceeding under
- 10 this chapter, where the following circumstances exist:
- 11 (1) The child has been in permanent custody for at least
- 12 twelve months; and
- 13 (2) The child is fourteen years of age or older.
- 14 (b) A motion to reinstate parental rights shall be filed
- 15 with the court and shall describe the factors supporting a
- 16 reinstatement of parental rights. The court shall order a
- 17 preliminary hearing to be held within ninety days and shall give
- 18 prior notice to:
- 19 (1) The former parent whose rights are sought to be
- 20 reinstated;
- 21 (2) The child's guardian ad litem;

(3)

The department; and

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		·
2	(4)	The child's resource family.
3	(c)	The motion shall be denied if the parent whose rights
4	are sough	t to be reinstated cannot be located.
5	(d)	Within seven days before the preliminary hearing on
6	the motio	n, the department and the child's guardian ad litem
7	shall sub	mit reports to the court that address:
8	(1)	The material change in circumstances since the
9		termination of parental rights;
10	(2)	The reasons parental rights were terminated and the
11		date of the termination order;
12	(3)	A parent's willingness to resume contact with the
13		child and to have parental rights reinstated;
14	(4)	The child's willingness to resume contact with the
15		parent and to have parental rights reinstated;
16	(5)	A parent's willingness and ability to be involved in
17		the child's life and to accept physical custody of the
18		child; and

(6) Other relevant information.

19

. 1	(e)	At a preliminary hearing on the motion, the court may
2	order a t	rial home placement and a temporary reinstatement of
3	parental	rights upon finding that:
, 4	(1)	There has been a material change in circumstances;
5	(2)	A parent is willing to provide care for the child;
6	(3)	A parent is able to provide a safe family home or the
7		home can be made safe with the assistance of services;
8		and
9	(4)	A trial home placement is in the child's best
10		interests.
11	(f)	If the court issues a temporary order of reinstatement
12	of parent	al rights:
13	(1)	The child shall be conditionally placed in the
14		physical care of the parent for a period not to exceed
15		six months;
16	(2)	The department shall develop a permanent plan for
17		reunification and shall ensure that transition
18		services are provided to the family, as appropriate;
19		and

1	(3) The	e court shall hold a hearing on the motion to
2	re	instate parental rights after the child has been
3	pla	aced with the parent for six months.
4	(g) The	e department has the authority to assess the trial
5	home placemer	nt and to rescind the trial home placement according
6	to the child	s best interests.
7	(h) At	a final hearing on the motion to reinstate parental
8	rights, the o	court may issue a final order of reinstatement of
9	parental righ	nts and terminate its jurisdiction if the trial home
10	placement has	s been successful. In making its final decision,
11	the court sha	all determine whether the moving party has proven by
° 12	clear and con	vincing evidence that:
13	(1) Rei	nstatement of parental rights is in the best
14	int	erests of the child, taking into consideration:
15	(A)	Whether a parent has remedied the conditions that
16		caused the termination of parental rights;
17	(B)	The age and maturity of the child and the child's
18		ability to express a preference; and
19	(C)	The likelihood of risk to the health, safety, or
20		welfare of the child;

1	(2)	A parent is able to provide the child with a safe
2		family home;
3	(3)	Both the parent and child consent to the reinstatement
4		of parental rights; and
5	(4)	The permanent plan goals for the child have not been
6		and are not likely to be achieved.
7	(i)	A proceeding to reinstate parental rights shall be a
8	separate	action from the proceeding for the termination of
9	parental	rights. The granting of the motion to reinstate
10	parental	rights shall not affect the validity of the original
11	terminat	ion order.
12	S	-35 Retention of jurisdiction. Except as otherwise
13	provided	in this chapter, the court may retain jurisdiction
14	under th	is chapter until the full term for which any order
15	entered o	expires or until the child attains nineteen years of
16	age, which	chever comes first.
17	S	-36 Appeal. An interested party aggrieved by any
18	order or	decree of the court under this chapter may appeal as
19	provided	in section 571-54.

MISCELLANEOUS

20

1	§ -37 Failure to comply with terms and conditions of an
2	order of the court. If a party fails to comply with the terms
3	and conditions of an order issued by the court under this
4	chapter, the court may apply the provisions of section 710-1077
5	and any other provisions available under the law.
6	§ -38 Protective order. (a) After a petition has been
7	filed with the court under this chapter, the court, upon such
8	hearing as the court deems to be appropriate, may issue a
9	protective order to restrain any party from contacting,
10	threatening, or physically abusing any other party or a child,
11	if the court finds that a protective order is necessary to
12	prevent domestic abuse (as that term and its component terms are
13	defined in section 586-1) or a recurrence of domestic abuse.
14	(b) The protective order shall enjoin a party to be
15	restrained from performing any combination of the following
16	acts:
17	(1) Contacting, threatening, or physically abusing any
18	protected party or child;
19	(2) Contacting, threatening, or physically abusing any
20	person residing at the dwelling or residence of any
21	protected party or child; and

- (3) Entering or visiting the dwelling or residence of any
 protected party or child.
- 3 (c) The protective order may provide for further relief as
- 4 the court deems necessary to prevent the occurrence or
- 5 recurrence of domestic abuse.
- 6 (d) The protective order may require a party to leave the
- 7 party's dwelling or residence during the period of time in which
- 8 the protective order is in effect.
- 9 (e) The protective order shall be binding upon not only
- 10 any party against whom the protective order is directed, but
- 11 also upon each such party's officers, agents, servants,
- 12 employees, attorneys, and any other persons in active concert or
- 13 participation with each such party.
- 14 (f) The court may order that an individual be made a party
- 15 for the limited purpose of issuing a protective order against
- 16 that individual.
- 17 (q) Upon application and a hearing, the court may modify
- 18 the terms of, or terminate, an existing protective order.
- 19 (h) Any party may provide to appropriate law enforcement
- 20 authorities a copy of a protective order issued pursuant to this
- 21 section.

- 1 (i) The protective order shall become effective upon
- 2 service pursuant to section -39(a).
- 3 § -39 Notice and service of protective order. (a) A
- 4 protective order issued pursuant to section -38 shall be
- 5 served either personally or by certified mail on each party to
- 6 be restrained. In the case where a party was present at the
- 7 hearing during which the protective order was issued, that party
- 8 shall be deemed to have notice of the order.
- 9 (b) The court may order the police department to serve a
- 10 protective order issued pursuant to section -38 upon each
- 11 party to be restrained, to accompany a protected party to that
- 12 party's dwelling or residence, and to place the protected party
- 13 in possession of that party's dwelling or residence.
- (c) Within twenty-four hours after its issuance, a
- 15 protective order issued pursuant to section -38 shall be
- 16 transmitted by the clerk of the court to the appropriate county
- 17 police department.
- 18 § -40 Court records. The court shall keep a record of
- 19 all child protective proceedings under this chapter. Written
- 20 reports, photographs, x-rays, or other information that are
- 21 submitted to the court may be made available to other

- 1 appropriate persons, who are not parties, only upon an order of
- 2 the court. The court may issue this order upon determining that
- 3 such access is in the best interests of the child or serves some
- 4 other legitimate purpose.
- 5 As set forth in rules adopted pursuant to chapter 91 by the
- 6 department of human services and consistent with applicable
- 7 laws, the department may disclose information in the court
- 8 record without order of the court, unless otherwise ordered by
- 9 the court.
- 10 § -41 Payment for service or treatment provided to a
- 11 party or for a child's care, support, or treatment. (a)
- 12 Whenever a service or treatment is provided to a party, or
- 13 whenever care, support, or treatment of a child is provided
- 14 under this chapter, the court may order the payment of such
- 15 expenses by the persons or legal entities who are legally
- 16 responsible for the same, after reasonable notice and hearing as
- 17 the court directs.
- 18 (b) The provisions of section 571-52 and all other
- 19 remedies available under the law shall be applicable to enforce
- 20 orders issued pursuant to this section.

1	§ -42 Educational, medical, dental, and recreational
2	needs. Upon the first day of placement, a child's resource
3	family shall have the authority, for the child placed in the
4	resource family's care:
5	(1) To consent to routine educational and recreational
6	needs and activities, except for purposes regulated
7	under title 8, chapters 60 and 61, of the Hawaii
8	Administrative Rules, or successor rules; and
9	(2) To seek and obtain ordinary medical and dental care,
10	immunizations, and well-baby and well-child medical
11	services.
12	§ -43 Child protective review panel. (a) The
13	department shall establish a child protective review panel to
14	review each case of child abuse or neglect that leads to near
15	fatality or death as a result of acts or omissions of the
16	child's legal caretaker. Based upon its review, the panel shall
17	submit a report of its findings and recommendations to the
18	director of the department. The department shall appoint
19	members of the child protective review panel, who may include:
20	(1) Any physician treating the child for abuse;

1	(2)	Any	child	protective	services	worker	assigned	to	the
2		case	and t	the worker's	s supervi:	sor;			

- 3 (3) The guardian ad litem for the child, appointed under
 4 section -16, if applicable;
- 5 (4) The members of the child's multidisciplinary team or a6 child protective services consultant; and
- 7 (5) Other child protective services workers and8 supervisors.
- 9 (b) Members of the child protective review panel shall
 10 serve without compensation and shall not be reimbursed for
 11 costs; provided that state employees serving within the scope of
 12 their employment shall receive compensation and reimbursement as
 13 provided by law or by collective bargaining.
- 14 (c) Members of the child protective review panel shall be
 15 immune from any liability for injuries and damages arising from
 16 the panel's report under subsection (a).
- 17 (d) This section shall not be construed as interfering

 18 with any authority of the department or the courts to remove, to

 19 place, or to order any disposition on custody of an abused child

 20 under this chapter."

1	SECTION 2. Chapter 346, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended by adding two new sections to be appropriately
3	designated and to read as follows:
4	"§346- Health assessment. The department shall ensure
5	the provision of a comprehensive health assessment for each
6	child in out-of-home placement forty-five days before or after
7	an initial placement.
8	§346- Motor vehicle insurance. The parents of a child
9	under foster care who has obtained a driver's license shall pay
10	the costs of the child's motor vehicle insurance, unless the
11	court determines the parents to be financially unable to pay the
12	costs, in which case the child's insurance costs shall be paid
13	pursuant to sections 431:10C-407 and 431:10C-410."
14	SECTION 3. Chapter 350, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
15	amended by adding two new sections to be appropriately
16	designated and to read as follows:
17	"§350- Authorization for color photographs, x-rays, and
18	radiological or other diagnostic examination. (a) Any health
19	professional or paraprofessional, physician licensed or
20	authorized to practice medicine in this State, registered nurse
21	or licensed practical nurse, hospital or similar institution's

- 1 personnel engaged in the admission, examination, care, or
- 2 treatment of patients, and any medical examiner, coroner, social
- 3 worker, or police officer, who has before the person a child the
- 4 person reasonably believes has been harmed, shall make every
- 5 good faith effort to take or cause to be taken color photographs
- 6 of the areas of trauma visible on the child. If medically
- 7 indicated, such person may take or cause to be taken x-rays of
- 8 the child or cause a radiological or other diagnostic
- 9 examination to be performed on the child.
- 10 (b) Color photographs, x-rays, radiological, or other
- 11 diagnostic examination reports that show evidence of imminent
- 12 harm, harm, or threatened harm to a child shall immediately be
- 13 forwarded to the department.
- 14 §350- Disclosure of records. (a) The department shall
- 15 disclose to resource parents and the foster child's principal
- 16 treating physician copies of the foster child's complete medical
- 17 records in the department's physical custody and relevant social
- 18 history within thirty days of foster placement.
- (b) If a child is active in the child protective services
- 20 system, physicians may share with other physicians, orally or in
- 21 writing, or both, medical information without parental consent.

1	(c) Any records or information released to a foster
2	child's resource parents, or the foster child's principal
3	treating physician pursuant to subsection (a), or any
4	information shared by one physician with another physician
. 5	pursuant to subsection (b), shall remain confidential in
6	accordance with section 350-1.4."
7	SECTION 4. Section 578-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
8	amended to read as follows:
9	"§578-1 Who may adopt; jurisdiction; venue. Any proper
10	adult person, not married, or any person married to the legal
11	father or mother of a minor child, or a husband and wife
12	jointly, may petition the family court of the circuit in which
13	the person or persons reside or are in military service or the
14	family court of the circuit in which the individual to be
15	adopted resides or was born or in which a child placing
16	organization approved by the department of human services under
17	the provisions of section 346-17 having legal custody (as
18	defined in section 571-2) of the child is located, for leave to
19	adopt an individual toward whom the person or persons do not
20	sustain the legal relationship of parent and child and for a
21	change of the name of the individual. When adoption is the goa

.1	or a permanent	plan recommended by the department of human			
2	services and o	rdered pursuant to section $[\frac{587-73}{}]$ 31, the			
3	department may	petition for adoption on behalf of the proposed			
4	adoptive paren	ts. The petition shall be in such form and shall			
5	include such i	nformation and exhibits as may be prescribed by			
6	the family cou	rt."			
7	SECTION 5. Section 578-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is				
8	amended by ame	nding subsection (c) to read as follows:			
9	"(c) Per	sons as to whom consent not required or whose			
10	consent may be	dispensed with by order of the court.			
11	(1) Pers	ons as to whom consent not required:			
12	(A)	A parent who has deserted a child without			
13		affording means of identification for a period of			
14		ninety days;			
15	(B)	A parent who has voluntarily surrendered the care			
16		and custody of the child to another for a period			
17		of two years;			
18	(C)	A parent of the child in the custody of another,			
19		if the parent for a period of at least one year			
20		has failed to communicate with the child when			
21		able to do so;			

1		(D)	A parent of a child in the custody of another, if
2			the parent for a period of at least one year has
3			failed to provide for the care and support of the
4			child when able to do so;
5		(E)	A natural father who was not married to the
6			child's mother at the time of the child's
7			conception or birth and who does not fall within
8			the provisions of subsection (a)(3), (4), or (5);
9		(F)	A parent whose parental rights have been
10	γ		judicially terminated under the provisions of
11			sections 571-61 to 571-63, or under the
12		• .	provisions of any other state or other law by a
13			court or other agency having jurisdiction to take
14			the action;
15		(G)	A parent judicially declared mentally ill or
16			mentally retarded and who is found by the court
17			to be incapacitated from giving consent to the
18			adoption of the child;
19		(H)	Any legal guardian or legal custodian of the
20			child sought to be adopted, other than a parent,
21			who has failed to respond in writing to a request

1		for consent for a period of sixty days of who,
2		after examination of the person's written reasons
3		for withholding consent, is found by the court to
4		be withholding the person's consent unreasonably
5	(I)	A parent of a child who has been in the custody
6		of a petitioner under this chapter for a period
7		of at least one year and who entered the United
8		States of America as a consequence of
9		extraordinary circumstances in the child's
10		country of origin, by reason of which
11		extraordinary circumstances the existence,
12		identity, or whereabouts of the child's parents
13		is not reasonably ascertainable or there is no
14		reasonable means of obtaining suitable evidence
15		of the child's identity or availability for
16		adoption;
17	(J)	Any parent of the individual to be adopted, if
18		the individual is an adult eligible for adoption
19		under subsection (b); and
20	(K)	A parent whose parental and custodial duties and
21		rights have been divested by an award of

1		permanent custody pursuant to section [867-75.]
2		-33;
3	(2)	Persons whose consent may be dispensed with by order
4		of the court. The court may dispense with the consent
5		of a parent who comes within subsection (a)(3), (4),
6		or (5) herein, upon finding that:
7		(A) The petitioner is the stepfather of the child and
8		the child has lived with the child's legal mother
9		and the petitioning stepfather for a period of at
10		least one year;
11		(B) The father is a concerned father as provided by
12	\ \	subsection (a)(5), herein, and has not filed a
13		petition to adopt the child, or the petition to
14		adopt the child filed by the father has been
15		denied; or
16		(C) The father is an adjudicated, presumed, or
17		concerned father as provided by subsections
18		(a)(3), (4), or (5), herein, and is not a fit and
19		proper person or is not financially or otherwise
20		able to give the child a proper home and
21		education."

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- 1 SECTION 6. Section 578-14.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 2 amended as follows:
- 3 1. By amending subsection (c) to read:
- 4 "(c) Whenever possible, a completed form with the required
- 5 information on each natural parent shall accompany any document,
- 6 to be filed with the family court, which requests the
- 7 relinquishment, termination, or divestiture of parental rights,
- 8 as provided under sections 571-61 and $[\frac{587-73(b)(3)}{7}]$ -31,
- 9 and the petition for adoption under this chapter. If available,
- 10 a copy of the hospital or other facility's medical records under
- 11 subsection (b) shall also accompany the document to be filed in
- 12 the family court. This copy shall not be disseminated to the
- 13 parties and shall be sealed by the family court pending
- 14 transmittal to the department of health."
- 15 2. By amending subsection (e) to read:
- 16 "(e) If the natural parents have been court ordered to
- 17 complete the forms required in subsection (c) pursuant to
- 18 section [587-71(n)] -28(e)(6) and have either failed to
- 19 complete the forms or have failed to return the completed forms
- 20 to the department of human services, the requirement in
- 21 subsection (c) shall be waived."

- 1 SECTION 7. Effective upon the approval of this Act,
- 2 sections 321-342, 321-471, 325-101, 346-16, 346-65, 350-2, 350-
- **3** 3, 560:5-205, 560:5-206, 571-2, 571-11, 571-41, 577-28, 586-
- 4 10.5, 626-1, Rule 505.5, and 706-606.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
- 5 are amended by replacing the reference to chapter 587, Hawaii
- 6 Revised Statutes, with the reference to the new replacement
- 7 chapter in section 1 of this Act.
- 8 SECTION 8. Chapter 587, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 9 repealed.
- 10 SECTION 9. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 11 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 12 SECTION 10. This Act shall take effect on September 1,
- **13** 2010.

14

Report Title:

Child Protective Act

Description:

Establishes child protective provisions in the Hawaii Revised Statutes that are consistent with federal Title IV-E provisions. Effective September 1, 2010. (CD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.