THE SENATE TWENTY-FIFTH LEGISLATURE, 2010 STATE OF HAWAII

S.C.R. NO. <sup>40</sup> S.D. 1

## SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

EXPRESSING SUPPORT FOR ENFORCEMENT OF EXISTING OSHA REGULATIONS ON THE USE OF HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM AND URGING OSHA TO DEVELOP SAFER ALTERNATIVES AND BAN HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM.

1 WHEREAS, hexavalent chromium, also known as Chrome 6, is 2 highly toxic, hazardous, and a known carcinogen; and 3 4 WHEREAS, the International Agency for Research on Cancer has determined that there is decisive evidence for the 5 carcinogenicity of hexavalent chromium compounds in humans; and 6 7 WHEREAS, hexavalent chromium is commonly used in commercial 8 and industrial applications, including electroplating, welding, 9 industrial paints, shipbuilding, processing of chromite ore, 10 certain dying operations, wastewater treatment, certain inks, 11 plastic colorants, stainless steel production operations, 12 textile processing, and leather tanning; and 13 14 15 WHEREAS, the adverse effects of exposure to hexavalent chromium include lung cancer, ulceration of the nasal passages, 16 perforation of the nasal septum, asthma, allergic contact 17 dermatitis, irritant dermatitis, and ulceration of the skin; and 18 19 20 WHEREAS, Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) regulations limit acceptable levels for workplace 21 exposure to hexavalent chromium to five micrograms/m<sup>3</sup> for a 22 Time-Weighted Average of eight hours; and 23 24 WHEREAS, the Hawaii Occupational Safety and Health 25 Division, which is the state enforcement partner for OSHA, has 26 adopted penalties for noncompliance with the OSHA standards but, 27 28 due to a heavy workload, conducts inspections for hexavalent chromium violations only in response to complaints and not on a 29 30 regular basis; and 31



WHEREAS, safer industry and process-specific alternatives 1 2 to hexavalent chromium exist; now, therefore, 3 BE IT RESOLVED by the Senate of the Twenty-fifth 4 Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2010, the 5 6 House of Representatives concurring, that the Legislature 7 supports vigorous enforcement of existing OSHA regulations on hexavalent chromium until the goal of banning its use is 8 9 achieved; and 10 11 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislature urges OSHA to adopt meaningful enforcement mechanisms for OSHA regulations 12 regarding hexavalent chromium in the workplace; and 13 14 15 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislature recommends that OSHA work to develop and promote the use of safer alternatives 16 to hexavalent chromium with the goal of eventually banning 17 hexavalent chromium; and 18 19 20 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that certified copies of this Concurrent Resolution be transmitted to the Secretary for 21 Occupational Safety and Health, the Director of Labor and 22 Industrial Relations, and the Operations Manager of the Hawaii 23 24 Occupational Safety and Health Division.



