A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO EMPLOYMENT PRACTICES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECT	ION 1. 'Section 378-32, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended to read as follows:	
3	"§378-32 Unlawful suspension, discharge, or	
4	discrimin	ation. (a) It shall be unlawful for any employer to
5	suspend,	discharge, or discriminate against any of the
6	employer'	s employees:
7	(1)	Solely because the employer was summoned as a
8		garnishee in a cause where the employee is the debtor
9		or because the employee has filed a petition in
10		proceedings for a wage earner plan under Chapter XIII
11		of the Bankruptcy Act; [ex]
12	(2)	Solely because the employee has suffered a work injury
13		which arose out of and in the course of the employee's
14		employment with the employer and which is compensable
15		under chapter 386 unless the employee is no longer
16		capable of performing the employee's work as a result
17		of the work injury and the employer has no other
18		available work which the employee is capable of

	performing. Any employee who is discharged because of
	the work injury shall be given first preference of
	reemployment by the employer in any position which the
	employee is capable of performing and which becomes
	available after the discharge and during the period
	thereafter until the employee secures new employment.
	This paragraph shall not apply to any employer in
	whose employment there are less than three employees
	at the time of the work injury or who is a party to a
	collective bargaining agreement which prevents the
	continued employment or reemployment of the injured
	employee;
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- (3) Because the employee testified or was subpoenaed to testify in a proceeding under this part; or
- (4) Because an employee tested positive for the presence of drugs, alcohol, or the metabolites of drugs in a substance abuse on-site screening test conducted in accordance with section 329B-5.5; provided that this provision shall not apply to an employee who fails or refuses to report to a laboratory for a substance abuse test pursuant to section 329B-5.5.

- 1 (b) It shall be an unlawful practice for an employer or
- 2 labor organization to bar or discharge from employment, withhold
- 3 pay from, or demote an employee solely because the employee
- 4 legitimately uses accrued and available negotiated sick leave in
- 5 accordance with the employer's attendant and negotiated sick
- 6 leave policies, except for abuse of sick leave.
- 7 (c) Employers and labor organizations are not prohibited
- 8 from barring or discharging from employment, withholding pay
- 9 from, or demoting an employee if the employee is unable to
- 10 fulfill the essential job functions or requirements of the
- 11 employee's position.
- 12 (d) Subsections (b) and (c) shall only apply to employers
- 13 who have:
- 14 (1) A collective bargaining agreement with their
- employees; and
- 16 (2) One hundred or more employees."
- 17 SECTION 2. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
- 18 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
- 19 begun before its effective date.
- 20 SECTION 3. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 21 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 22 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2020.

SB2883 HD2 HMS 2010-2899



Report Title:

Employment Practices; Sick Leave Benefits

Description:

Makes it an unlawful practice for any employer or labor organization to bar or discharge from employment, withhold pay from, or demote an employee because the employee legitimately uses accrued and available sick leave. Limited to employers with one hundred or more employees and a collective bargaining agreement. Exempts cases where an employee is unable to fulfill essential job functions. Effective July 1, 2020. (SB2883 HD2)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.