THE SENATE TWENTY-FIFTH LEGISLATURE, 2010 STATE OF HAWAII S.B. NO. ²⁵⁵⁹ S.D. 2

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that non-recyclable, 2 non-biodegradable, single-use plastic checkout bags and 3 non-recyclable paper checkout bags present a hazard to the 4 natural environment. Non-biodegradable, single-use plastic 5 checkout bags are not only a source of unsightly litter, they are a significant source of environmental degradation because 6 they crowd landfills with non-biodegradable waste, endanger 7 8 marine life, and require fossil fuel to manufacture. The legislature finds that businesses that prefer to provide 9 10 consumers with plastic bags should transition to providing a less toxic biodegradable alternative. Non-recyclable paper bags 11 also crowd landfills and require fossil fuel to manufacture. 12 13 The legislature finds that businesses that prefer to provide 14 consumers with paper bags should transition to providing a less 15 toxic biodegradable alternative.

16 The legislature further finds that the State of Hawaii has 17 a compelling interest in protecting its precious natural 18 environment by decreasing the amount of waste that flows into 2010-1337 SB2559 SD2 SMA-1.doc

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1 its landfills. Ample precedent supports this Act; several 2 countries, international cities, domestic cities, and counties have laws that discourage or ban the use of non-biodegradable 3 4 plastic checkout bags and non-recyclable paper checkout bags. Because the State's economy, culture, and the livelihood of its 5 6 people depend heavily on preserving its natural environment, the 7 legislature finds that the State will benefit from the reduction of waste. 8 9 The purpose of this Act is to reduce the State's production 10 of waste and, therefore, reduce the State's negative impact on

11 its natural environment. The Act does not affect all businesses 12 or prohibit all plastic bag distribution.

13 SECTION 2. Chapter 342H, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 14 amended by adding a new part to be appropriately designated and 15 to read as follows:

16 "PART . USE OF RECYCLABLE PLASTIC BAGS
17 §342H-A Definitions. As used in this part, unless the
18 context otherwise requires:

19 "Biodegradable plastic" means plastic for which the 20 degradation results from the action of naturally occurring 21 microorganisms such as bacteria, fungi, and algae. The ultimate 22 products of this process should be carbon dioxide, water, and

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1 harmless, non-toxic compost (humus) in time frames consistent with the ambient conditions of the disposal method. 2 3 "Business" means any commercial enterprise or 4 establishment, including sole proprietorships, joint ventures, 5 partnerships, and corporations, or any other legally cognizable entities, whether for profit or not-for-profit, and includes all 6 7 employees of the business or any independent contractors 8 associated with the business. 9 "Department" means the department of the health. "Director" means the director of health. 10 11 "Person" means an individual, trust, firm, joint stock 12 company, corporation, cooperative, partnership, limited 13 liability company, or association. 14 "Reusable bag" means a bag with handles that is 15 specifically designed and manufactured for multiple reuse and 16 is: 17 (1)Made of cloth or other machine washable fabric; or 18 (2) Made of other durable material suitable for reuse, 19 including plastic that is at least 2.25 millimeters 20 thick.

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1	"Single-use plastic checkout bag" means a carryout bag that						
2	is provided by a business to a customer at the point of sale,						
3	which:						
4	(1) Does not satisfy the definition for "reusable bag,"						
5	regardless of how many times it can be used; and						
6	(2) Is not made of biodegradable plastic.						
7	§342H-B Prohibition on non-biodegradable, single-use						
8	checkout bags. (a) Beginning January 1, 2012, businesses with						
9	annual gross sales of over \$300,000 are prohibited from						
10	distributing single-use plastic checkout bags to their customers						
11	at the point of sale.						
12	(b) Any person who violates this section shall be subject						
13	to:						
14	(1) For a first violation, a fine of not more than \$100;						
15	(2) For a second violation within one year, a fine of not						
16	more than \$200; and						
17	(3) For a third or subsequent violation within one year, a						
18	fine of not more than \$500.						
19	(c) Nothing in this part shall preclude businesses from						
20	making reusable bags available for sale to customers.						
21	§324H-C Exemptions. This section shall not apply to any						
22	bag provided by stores and restaurants for:						
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1	(1) Raw meat, poultry, or seafood;						
2	(2) Frozen foods;						
3	(3) Fresh produce and food sold in bulk;						
4	(4) Baked goods sold without packaging; and						
5	(5) Prepared foods.						
6	§342H-D Rules. The director shall adopt rules under						
7	chapter 91 as may be necessary for the purpose of this part.						
8	§342H-E Administrative penalties. In addition to any						
9	other civil or judicial remedy provided by this part or by rules						
10	adopted pursuant to this part, the director is authorized to						
11	impose by order the following administrative penalties:						
12	(1) For a first violation, a fine of not more than \$200;						
13	(2) For a second violation within one year, a fine of not						
14	more than \$400; and						
15	(3) For a third or subsequent violation within one year, a						
16	fine of not more than \$600.						
17	§342H-F Injunctive and other relief. The director may						
18	institute a civil action in any court of competent jurisdiction						
19	for injunctive and other relief to prevent any violation of this						
20	part, any rule adopted pursuant to this part, to collect						
21	administrative penalties, or to obtain other relief. The court						

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shall have power to grant relief in accordance with the Hawaii
 rules of civil procedure."

3 SECTION 3. Exemptions. The State may exempt an entity 4 from this Act for an interim period no longer that one year upon 5 sufficient showing by a person, as defined in section 342H-A, Hawaii Revised Statutes, that implementation of the provisions 6 of this Act would cause undue hardship. The person shall submit 7 8 a request for an exemption in writing to the director of health. 9 The term "undue hardship" may include, but is not limited to, 10 the following:

(1) Situations where there are no acceptable alternatives to single-use plastic checkout bags, as defined in section 342H-A, Hawaii Revised Statutes, for reasons that are unique to the person; and

15 (2) Situations where compliance with the requirements of
16 this Act would deprive a person of a legally-protected
17 right.

18 SECTION 4. Nothing in this Act shall be interpreted or 19 applied so as to create any requirement, power, or duty in 20 conflict with any federal or state law.

21 SECTION 5. In codifying the new sections added by
22 section 2 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall substitute

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1	appropriate sect	ion numbers fo	r the letters	used in	designating
2	the new sections	in this Act.			
3	SECTION 6.	This Act shal	l take effect	on July	1, 2050.

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Report Title:

Environmental Protection; Plastic Bags, Prohibited

Description:

Requires businesses in the State to distribute only reusable or biodegradable checkout bags. Effective 7/1/50. (SD2)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

