THE SENATE TWENTY-FIFTH LEGISLATURE, 2010 STATE OF HAWAII

S.B. NO. ²³⁵⁶ S.D. 2

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO LEAF BLOWERS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. Noise pollution creates a serious health risk according the World Health Organization. Studies have found 2 that noise causes stress and the body reacts with increased 3 4 adrenaline, changes in heart rate, and elevated blood pressure. 5 This stress has been shown to cause low-weight babies, depressed immunity, aggressive behavior, and greater risk of heart attack. 6 The average leaf blower measures seventy to seventy-five 7 8 decibels at fifty feet and can reach ninety to one hundred decibels for the operator's ears. The World Health Organization 9 recommends general daytime outdoor noise levels of fifty-five 10 decibels or less. The decibel scale is logarithmic, meaning 11 12 each increase of ten represents a noise ten times louder. Thus, leaf blowers create a great amount of noise pollution for the 13 operator and the listener, which can have great health risks for 14 15 all.

However, the noise pollution created by leaf blowers is notthe only source of health risks. The vibrations caused by

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1 carrying a commercial leaf blower on the back of the operator 2 can cause hearing damage. Additionally, the act of stirring up 3 dust and debris increases risks to asthma and allergy sufferers, 4 and increases the risk of breathing pesticides, animal feces, 5 and viruses. A landscaper in Long Island died after using a 6 leaf blower in an area with lots of rodents, because the blower 7 stirred up particles of rodent saliva, urine, and feces 8 containing the hantavirus, which when breathed by humans is 9 often fatal.

10 The legislature finds that the health risks associated with 11 the use of leaf blowers requires stricter limitations on their 12 use. Electric leaf blowers are dramatically quieter than the 13 typical gas-powered leaf blowers; thus, limiting usage to 14 electric blowers will reduce the risks associated with noise 15 pollution. However, the legislature hopes that citizens will 16 consider using a rake and broom, which in multiple tests in 17 California has proven to be more effective in cleaning areas and 18 comparable in time used.

19 The purpose of this Act is to:

20 (1) Prohibit the use of gas-powered leaf blowers in the
21 State;



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1	(2)	Restrict the use of electric leaf blowers within	
2		residential zones to certain hours to reduce	
3		interruptions to people at home;	
4	(3)	Prohibit the use of electric leaf blowers on Sundays,	
5		federal holidays, and state holidays;	
6	(4)	Limit the use of electric leaf blowers to avoid	
7		blowing dust and debris into neighbors' windows or air	
8		duct systems and onto the property of others;	
9	(5)	Limit the amount of time one can operate an electric	
10		leaf blower, based on the size of the property; and	
11	(6)	Exempt government entities from leaf blower	
12		restrictions.	
13	SECT	ION 2. Chapter 342F, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is	
14	amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated		
15	and to read as follows:		
16	" <u>§34</u>	2F- Leaf blowers; restrictions. (a) It shall be	
17	unlawful	for any person to operate a leaf blower within land	
18	zoned for	residential use or within one hundred feet of land	
19	zoned for residential use in the State, except between the hours		
20	of 8:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. on any day except Sunday or state and		
21	federal h	olidays; provided that:	



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1	(1)	No leaf blower shall be operated within a horizontal
2		distance of ten feet of any operable window, door, or
3		mechanical air intake opening or duct of a building;
4	(2)	Leaf blowers shall not be operated for more than
5		thirty minutes per day on parcels of less than one-
6		half acre; or for more than one hour per day on
7		parcels of one-half acre or more but less than one
8		acre; or for more than two hours per day on parcels of
9		one acre or more;
10	(3)	No more than one leaf blower may be operated
11		simultaneously per half acre per parcel; and
12	(4)	The maximum decibel level of 70 dba shall not be
13		exceeded.
14	(b)	It shall be unlawful at any time to operate a
15	gas-power	ed machine used to blow leaves, dirt, or other debris
16	off sidewa	ays, driveways, lawns, and other surfaces.
17	(c)	It shall be unlawful to operate a leaf blower on
18	Sundays,	federal holidays, or state holidays, as designated in
19	section 8	- <u>1.</u>
20	(d)	Violators shall be fined \$50 for the first violation,
21	\$100 for t	the second violation, \$200 for the third violation, and
22	\$500 for e	each subsequent violation.
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1	(e) Government entities, and agents acting on behalf of
2	government entities, shall not be subject to this section.
3	(f) For the purposes of this section:
4	"Leaf blower" means any electric-powered machine used to
5	blow leaves, dirt, or other debris off sidewalks, driveways,
6	lawns, and other surfaces.
7	"Parcel" means a legal lot of record. Contiguous parcels
8	owned by the same individual or entity shall be considered one
9	parcel for purposes of this section."
10	SECTION 3. Chapter 342H, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
11	amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated
12	and to read as follows:
13	" <u>§342H-</u> Leaf blower debris. (a) It shall be unlawful
	" <u>§342H-</u> Leaf blower debris. (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to use or operate a leaf blower in such a manner
14	
14 15	for any person to use or operate a leaf blower in such a manner
14 15 16	for any person to use or operate a leaf blower in such a manner as to blow, dispel, or make airborne dust, leaves, grass
14 15 16 17	for any person to use or operate a leaf blower in such a manner as to blow, dispel, or make airborne dust, leaves, grass cuttings, paper, trash, or any other type of unattached debris
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	for any person to use or operate a leaf blower in such a manner as to blow, dispel, or make airborne dust, leaves, grass cuttings, paper, trash, or any other type of unattached debris or material, beyond the boundaries of the parcel of property
14 15 16 17 18	for any person to use or operate a leaf blower in such a manner as to blow, dispel, or make airborne dust, leaves, grass cuttings, paper, trash, or any other type of unattached debris or material, beyond the boundaries of the parcel of property being cleaned, unless the consent of the adjoining owner or
14 15 16 17 18 19	for any person to use or operate a leaf blower in such a manner as to blow, dispel, or make airborne dust, leaves, grass cuttings, paper, trash, or any other type of unattached debris or material, beyond the boundaries of the parcel of property being cleaned, unless the consent of the adjoining owner or person in possession of the adjoining property is obtained.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	for any person to use or operate a leaf blower in such a manner as to blow, dispel, or make airborne dust, leaves, grass cuttings, paper, trash, or any other type of unattached debris or material, beyond the boundaries of the parcel of property being cleaned, unless the consent of the adjoining owner or person in possession of the adjoining property is obtained. (b) It shall be unlawful for any person to use or operate

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1	not owned, leased, or controlled by the leaf blower operator or
2	the employer or contractor of the leaf blower operator and to
3	allow the debris to remain there in excess of thirty minutes."
4	SECTION 4. New statutory material is underscored.
5	SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2011.
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Report Title:

Leaf Blowers; Noise Pollution; Debris; Violations

Description:

Prohibits the use of gas power leaf blowers; prohibits the use of leaf blowers on or near residential zones, except within allowed time periods; prohibits leaf blowing operations from blowing debris onto adjacent property without permission; effective 7/1/11. (SD2)

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