THE SENATE TWENTY-FIFTH LEGISLATURE, 2010 STATE OF HAWAII

S.B. NO. 2086

JAN 2 0 2010

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO INTOXICATING LIQUOR.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECTION 1. Studies have established that alcohol
 advertising exposure influences a youth's beliefs about alcohol
 and his or her intention to drink. Studies also suggest that
 advertising may have a direct impact on youth drinking practices
 and drinking problems.

6 A national study published in 2006 concluded that greater 7 exposure to alcohol advertising contributes to an increase in 8 drinking among underage youth. The study specifically found 9 that for each additional advertisement a youth saw over the 10 monthly average of twenty-three, he or she drank one per cent 11 more.

12 A study from South Dakota found that exposure to in-store 13 beer displays in grade seven predicted onset of drinking by 14 grade nine, and exposure to magazine advertising for alcohol and 15 to beer concessions at sports or music events predicted 16 frequency of drinking in grade nine.

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1 An econometric analysis using data from the National 2 Longitudinal Survey of Youth 1997 estimated that a twenty-eight 3 per cent reduction in alcohol advertising would reduce youth 4 monthly alcohol participation from twenty-five per cent to 5 between twenty-four per cent and twenty-one per cent, and would 6 reduce youth participation in binge drinking from twelve per 7 cent to between eleven per cent and eight per cent.

A review of the neuroscience, psychology, and marketing 8 literatures concluded that youth, because of how the human brain 9 develops, may be particularly attracted to branded products such 10 as alcohol that are association with risky behavior and that 11 provide, in their view, immediate gratification, thrills, or 12 social status. A USA Today survey found that youth say 13 advertisements have a greater influence on their desire to drink 14 in general than on their desire to buy a particular brand of 15 16 alcohol.

17 Three youth are killed each day when they drink alcohol and 18 drive, and at least six more die each day from other alcohol-19 related causes. Alcohol use plays a substantial role in all 20 three leading causes of death among youth: unintentional 21 injuries (including motor vehicle fatalities and drowning), 22 suicides, and homicides. The United States Centers for Disease



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Control and Prevention estimates that 4,554 underage deaths each
 year are due to excessive alcohol use. Among youth, binge
 drinkers and heavy drinkers are more than twice as likely as
 non-drinkers to report having attempted to injure themselves or
 having contemplated or attempted to commit suicide.

6 The purpose of this Act is to limit in-store alcohol7 advertising to black and white, text only advertisements.

8 This Act is consistent with the First Amendment to the 9 United States Constitution. The limitations included will 10 directly and materially advance the State's substantial interest 11 in reducing the number of youth who participate in underage 12 drinking and in preventing the life-threatening consequences 13 associated with underage drinking. Less restrictive approaches have not and will not be effective, and these reasonable 14 limitations will lead to a significant decrease in the number of 15 16 youth drinking and binge drinking.

SECTION 2. Section 281-44, Hawaii Revised Statutes, isamended to read as follows:

19 "§281-44 Advertisements and signs upon licensed premises.
20 (a) All licensed premises shall post a sign in or about the
21 premises containing and notifying all customers and other
22 persons of the possible sanctions that may be imposed for



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operating a vehicle under the influence of an intoxicant under
 sections 291E-41 and 291E-61. The sign shall be conspicuously
 positioned in order to be seen by an ordinarily observant
 person.

5 (b)[The] Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, 6 the liquor commission may prescribe the character and extent of 7 all other advertisements, posters, or signs which may be posted 8 or maintained in or about the licensed premises [-]; provided 9 that any advertisement, poster, or sign which advertises any 10 intoxicating liquor and is posted or maintained in or about the 11 licensed premises shall consist of only black text on a white 12 background, unless the advertisement, poster, or sign is posted 13 or maintained in an adults-only facility and is not visible from 14 outside the facility.

15 (c) For the purposes of this section, "adults-only
16 <u>facility</u>" shall mean any facility where the retailer ensures
17 <u>that no minor is present, or permitted to enter, at any time.</u>"
18 SECTION 3. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
19 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

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SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2010.

INTRODUCED BY: France Ohm Clarkland D. Lidani h. P. DI. 4 XB hh cmaga Om



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Report Title:

Keiki Caucus; Intoxicating Liquor Advertisements; Limitations

Description:

Requires that any intoxicating liquor advertisement located in a retail store for which a liquor license has been issued only consist of black text on a white background; excepts adults-only facilities where minors are not permitted.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

