JAN 2 0 2010

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO FUNDING FOR DOMESTIC VIOLENCE AND SEX ASSAULT SERVICES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that even during these
- 2 difficult economic times, cuts in funding for domestic violence
- 3 and sexual assault services should be avoided where possible.
- 4 This is particularly true because downturns in the economy
- 5 increase the need for these services, and a lack of funding may
- 6 eliminate the only chance to reach and help a crime victim.
- 7 Funding for domestic violence and sexual assault, however,
- 8 has recently suffered deep budget cuts. During the last fiscal
- 9 year, the judiciary cut thirty per cent of its budget for
- 10 domestic violence programs, representing a \$600,000 reduction.
- 11 The affected services include legal services, court outreach,
- 12 advocacy and case management services, support groups, and
- 13 community outreach. These cuts were made at a time when the
- 14 need for these services is more urgent than ever. Recession-
- 15 related domestic violence is on the rise across the nation due
- 16 to increased unemployment and financial strain on families. Job
- 17 loss and declines in income add even more strain on violent



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- 1 relationships. Hotline calls, shelter visits, and domestic
- 2 violence-related crimes have increased significantly, according
- 3 to recent reports. A study on recent domestic-violence
- 4 homicides in Massachusetts found that "limited access to
- 5 services for victims and unemployment for batterers" were key
- 6 risk factors of abuse. Loss of funding for domestic violence
- 7 services during periods of economic crisis, when services are
- 8 needed more than ever, is simply unconscionable.
- 9 Moreover, during the last fiscal year, the department of
- 10 the attorney general cut twenty per cent of its budget for sex
- 11 assault programs, representing a \$400,000 reduction in crisis,
- 12 ongoing counseling, and prevention education services to sexual
- 13 assault victims, who include men, women, and children. These
- 14 services to victims include telephone crisis response for
- 15 counseling, referral and information, long-term in-person crisis
- 16 counseling, legal systems advocacy, crisis counseling,
- 17 prevention education, and outreach and case management services
- 18 to coordinate ongoing care and encourage participation in
- 19 therapy. As with the domestic violence services, although
- 20 funding has been radically cut, the demand for services has
- 21 increased considerably. During the past year, there has been a
- 22 significant increase in the number of sex assault victims



- 1 seeking emergency medical assistance. On the Big Island, crisis
- 2 calls have increased by twenty-five per cent. On Maui and
- 3 Kauai, the sex assault programs have waiting lists for therapy
- 4 due to increased demand. Victims may be unable to obtain
- 5 services privately, due to the affects of the recession.
- 6 Providers have seen a sixty per cent increase in the number of
- 7 sex assault victims seeking counseling who have little or no
- 8 means to pay for these services. Additionally, sex assault
- 9 service providers are seeing more clients who have lost their
- 10 jobs and health benefits, and who cannot afford to continue in
- 11 treatment. Because of cuts to other mental health programs,
- 12 there has been an increase in the number of clients with
- 13 significant, multiple mental health issues who may not be
- 14 appropriate for sex assault services, but who are nonetheless
- 15 being referred to the sex assault programs for lack of a more
- 16 appropriate program to refer them to. Access to affordable and
- 17 appropriate crisis intervention and counseling services is
- 18 critical to provide victims with immediate and long-term
- 19 counseling and support, and cutting funding for such programs
- 20 leaves victims vulnerable to difficulties in interpersonal
- 21 relationships and the use of maladaptive coping mechanisms,
- 22 which may include substance abuse, eating disorders,

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- 1 prostitution, indiscriminate sexual behavior, and self-
- 2 mutilation.
- 3 The purpose of this Act is to restore funding for domestic
- 4 violence and sexual assault services to fiscal year 2008-2009
- 5 levels.
- 6 SECTION 2. There is appropriated out of the general
- 7 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so
- 8 much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2010-2011 to
- 9 restore funding for services relating to domestic violence to
- 10 fiscal year 2008-2009 levels.
- 11 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the judiciary for
- 12 the purposes of this Act.
- 13 SECTION 3. There is appropriated out of the general
- 14 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so
- 15 much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2010-2011 to
- 16 restore funding for services relating to sexual assault to
- 17 fiscal year 2008-2009 levels.
- 18 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the department of
- 19 the attorney general for the purposes of this Act.

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SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2010.

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INTRODUCED BY:

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Report Title:

Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault Services; Department of the Attorney General; Judiciary; Appropriation

Description:

Restores cuts in funding for domestic violence and sexual assault services to fiscal year 2008-2009 levels. Appropriates funds to the department of the attorney general for sexual assault services and to the judiciary for domestic violence services.

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