HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES TWENTY-FIFTH LEGISLATURE, 2010 STATE OF HAWAII H.R. NO. 96

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HOUSE RESOLUTION

URGING THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES, IN CONSULTATION WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, TO DEVELOP A PROGRAM TO ENCOURAGE BREASTFEEDING AMONG MOTHERS WHO RECEIVE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE FROM MEDICAID.

WHEREAS, although the health benefits of breastfeeding are 1 well-established, few budget analysts consider breastfeeding as 2 a health cost-savings strategy; and 3 4 5 WHEREAS, the United States Department of Agriculture's Economic Research Service estimates that at least \$3,600,000,000 6 7 in medical expenses could be saved each year if the number of children breastfed for at least six months increased from forty-8 three per cent for babies born in 2006, to fifty per cent, as 9 10 recommended by the United States Surgeon General; and 11 WHEREAS, a study reported in Pediatrics concluded that, for 12 every one thousand babies who are not breastfed, there are 2,033 13 more medical office visits, 212 extra days of hospitalization, 14 15 and 609 excess prescriptions; and 16 17 WHEREAS, breastfed infants experience fewer or less severe cases of diarrhea, respiratory infections, pneumonia, urinary 18 infections, and ear infections. Breastfeeding also is 19 associated with a lower risk of asthma, childhood obesity, 20 diabetes, childhood leukemia, and sudden infant death syndrome; 21 22 and 23 WHEREAS, in addition to the benefits to babies, mothers who 24 breastfeed experience less postpartum bleeding, an earlier 25 26 return to pre-pregnancy weight, a reduced risk of ovarian cancer and premenopausal breast cancer, and a lower risk of 27 osteoporosis; and 28 29 30 WHEREAS, forty-one per cent of births in the country are covered by Medicaid, and increasing breastfeeding rates among 31 these infants may be one potential strategy for state budget 32 33 savings; and



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2 WHEREAS, young mothers, those with less formal education, 3 and African-American mothers are the least likely to breastfeed. 4 In 2006, only twenty-four per cent of mothers under age twenty 5 breastfed their infants at six months of age, compared with 50.4 6 per cent of mothers age thirty or older; and 7

8 WHEREAS, the National Business Group on Health notes that 9 workplace breastfeeding programs may reduce health care costs by 10 decreasing the risk of some health issues for women and 11 children, reducing lost productivity and reducing absenteeism 12 associated with caring for a sick child; and

14 WHEREAS, in the current fiscally challenging environment, 15 the State would be wise to seek additional ways to reduce health 16 care costs by considering the economic benefits of 17 breastfeeding; now, therefore,

BE IT RESOLVED by the House of Representatives of the Twenty-fifth Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2010, that the Department of Human Services, in consultation with the Department of Health, is urged to develop a program to encourage breastfeeding among mothers who receive medical assistance from Medicaid; and

26 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that certified copies of this 27 Resolution be transmitted to the Directors of Human Services and 28 Health. 29

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