HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES TWENTY-FIFTH LEGISLATURE, 2010 STATE OF HAWAII H.R. NO. 30

## HOUSE RESOLUTION

URGING CONGRESS AND THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES TO SUPPORT THE PASSAGE OF S. 1337, THE FILIPINO VETERANS FAMILY REUNIFICATION ACT OF 2009, OR SIMILAR LEGISLATION, TO EXPEDITE FAMILY REUNIFICATION FOR CERTAIN FILIPINO VETERANS OF WORLD WAR II.

1 WHEREAS, on December 8, 1941, thousands of Filipino men and 2 women responded to President Roosevelt's call for help to 3 preserve peace, democracy, and freedom for America and the 4 world; and

6 WHEREAS, at that time, the Philippines was a commonwealth 7 associated with the United States and its citizens were 8 nationals of the United States, similar to the status of 9 Hawaii's residents prior to statehood and the current status of 10 American Samoa's residents; and

WHEREAS, during the dark days of World War II, nearly 13 100,000 soldiers of the Philippine Commonwealth Army provided a 14 ray of hope in the Pacific as they fought alongside United 15 States and Allied forces for four long years to defend and 16 reclaim the Philippine Islands from Japanese aggression; and 17

18 WHEREAS, thousands more Filipinos joined the United States
19 Armed Forces immediately after the war and served in
20 occupational duty throughout the Pacific theater; and

WHEREAS, valiant Filipino soldiers fought, died, and
suffered in some of the bloodiest battles of World War II,
defending beleaguered Bataan and Corregidor, and thousands of
Filipino prisoners of war endured the infamous Bataan Death
March and years of captivity; and

28 WHEREAS, their many guerrilla actions slowed the Japanese 29 takeover of the Western Pacific region and allowed United States 30 forces the time to build and prepare for the allied 31 counterattack on Japanese forces; and 32



5

11

21

27

## H.R. NO. 30

2

WHEREAS, Filipino troops fought side by side with American 1 forces to secure their islands as the strategic base from which 2 3 the final effort to defeat Japan was launched; and 4 5 WHEREAS, in February of 1946, Congress enacted the 1946 Rescission Act, which denied World War II Filipino veterans 6 rights to veterans benefits equal to those enjoyed by other 7 8 veterans and soldiers of more than sixty-six other countries who were similarly inducted into the United States military; and 9 10 WHEREAS the Rescission Act discriminated against Filipinos, 11 making them the only national group singled out for denial of 12 13 full United States veterans status and benefits, including rights of immigration and naturalization; and 14 15 16 WHEREAS, decades later, in recognition of the courage and loyalty of the Filipino troops who fought alongside our armed 17 forces in the Pacific during World War II, the United States 18 Congress enacted legislation in 1990 that provided a waiver from 19 certain immigration and naturalization requirements for these 20 Filipino veterans; and 21 22 WHEREAS, as a result of that legislation, many of those 23 24 Filipino veterans have become proud citizens and residents of 25 this country; and 26 WHEREAS, despite the granting of citizenship, these World 27 War II Filipino veterans are still denied equal treatment and 28 29 status as American veterans by the Rescission Act; and 30 WHEREAS, the 1990 legislation did not go far enough in 31 extending those immigration and naturalization benefits to the 32 33 children of those veterans, resulting in years of long separation between the veterans and their children remaining in 34 the Philippines awaiting the issuance of immigrant visas; and 35 36 WHEREAS, President William J. Clinton proclaimed October 37 20, 1996, as a day honoring the Filipino Veterans of World War 38 II, recalling the courage, sacrifice, and loyalty of Filipino 39 veterans of World War II in defense of democracy and liberty; 40 and 41 42 43 WHEREAS, on April 1, 2008, the Hawaii State Legislature adopted House Resolution No. 91 requesting Congress and the 44 HR LRB 10-0347.doc



## H.R. NO. 30

President of the United States to enact the Filipino Veterans 1 Equity Act to provide veterans benefits to Filipino veterans who 2 served our nation during World War II; and 3 4 WHEREAS, on February 17, 2009, Senator Daniel Akaka, along 5 with Senator Daniel Inouye and others, introduced S. 671, the 6 7 Filipino Veterans Family Reunification Act, to amend the Immigration and Naturalization Act to exempt children of certain 8 Filipino World War II veterans from the numerical limitation on 9 immigrant visas; and 10 11 12 WHEREAS, Representative Mazie Hirono, Representative Neil Abercrombie, and others have expressed an interest or intent to 13 introduce or co-sponsor a House companion bill to S. 671 to 14 facilitate family reunification of certain Filipino veterans of 15 16 World War II; and 17 WHEREAS, H.R. 1, the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act 18 of 2009, was signed into law, among many other things, to 19 formally recognize and set the historical record straight by 20 declaring the service of Filipino World War II veterans as 21 active United States military service in the Armed Forces for 22 23 purposes of this law; and 24 WHEREAS, decades after their heroic service under the 25 command of their leaders and General Douglas MacArthur, men and 26 women of Filipino-American national heritage are still being 27 denied the benefits and privileges provided to their American 28 compatriots who fought side by side with them; and 29 30 WHEREAS, the World War II Filipino veterans that survive, 31 are now in their 70s and 80s, and many are permanently disabled 32 33 and would, except for the Rescission Act, be eligible for full federal veterans benefits and services; and 34 35 36 WHEREAS, correction of this injustice to the Filipino 37 veterans who served our nation courageously in the fight for freedom and democracy during World War II is long overdue; now, 38 39 therefore, 40 BE IT RESOLVED by the House of Representatives of the 41 Twenty-fifth Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session 42 of 2010, that the President of the United States and United 43 States Congress are urged to support the passage of S. 1337, The 44 HR LRB 10-0347.doc з



4

19 20 21

## H.R. NO. 30

Filipino Veterans Family Reunification Act of 2009, or similar
 legislation, to expedite family reunification for certain
 Filipino veterans of World War II; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that certified copies of this 5 Resolution be transmitted to the President of the United States, 6 7 President of the Republic of the Philippines, Majority Leader of the United States Senate, Speaker of the United States House of 8 Representatives, Chair of the Committee on the Judiciary of the 9 10 United States Senate, Chair of the Committee on the Judiciary of 11 the United States House of Representatives, Director of the Bureau of United States Citizenship and Immigration Services, 12 13 United States Secretary of Veterans Affairs, each member of Hawaii's congressional delegation, the respective Chairs of the 14 Senate Committee on Human Services, the House Committee on Human 15 Services, the Senate Committee on Tourism, and the House 16 17 Committee on Tourism, Culture, and International Affairs of the 18 Hawaii State Legislature.

OFFERED BY: omila FEB 0 5 2010

