A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO OPIHI.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. In the past century, there was a ten-fold 2 decline in the amount of opihi available in markets, and the 3 average amount of opihi has further been halved in the past 4 forty years. The people of Hawaii, opihi harvesters, university 5 scientists, and marine resource managers agree that the 6 popularity of opihi as a delicacy has led to overharvesting 7 statewide and the decline of natural populations. Notably, the 8 island of Oahu has been hit especially hard, where Cellana 9 exarata and Cellana sandwicensis are rare, and Cellana talcosa 10 is functionally absent.

Opihi comprise four species of saltwater Hawaiian limpets and are found nowhere else on earth. The blackfoot opihi (*Cellana exarata*), also known as "opihi makaiauli", is found on the upper portion of wave-washed intertidal shores from Puhahonu (Gardner Pinnacles) to the island of Hawaii. The yellowfoot opihi (*Cellana sandwicensis*), also known as "opihi alinalina", is found on the middle-low portion of wave-washed intertidal



1 shores from Mokupapapa (French Frigate Shoals) to the island of 2 Hawaii. Opihi koele, also known as the "kneecap" opihi (Cellana 3 talcosa), is found from the shallow subtidal to the middle 4 intertidal zone on shores from Niihau and Kauai to Hawaii. The 5 greenfoot opihi (Cellana melanostoma) is commonly observed 6 throughout the intertidal zone from Puhahonu to Nihoa, and is 7 less commonly observed in the main Hawaiian Islands. 8 Although opihi can be collected year-round, opihi shells 9 must be at least one and one-fourth inches in the longest 10 dimension, or the meat must be at least a half-inch in length,

11 to be legally harvested in Hawaii.

12 The key to increasing the sustainable harvest of opihi 13 populations is protecting a portion of the populations so that 14 they may reproduce and create the next generation. Fisheries 15 replenishment/management areas are a promising management tool 16 to protect breeding populations, while allowing harvest in unprotected areas. The life history characteristics of opihi 17 are perfectly suited to this management strategy because the 18 19 adults will stay within the protected areas, and the opihi 20 larvae can disperse within an island and replenish both 21 harvested and protected areas.

2009-0322 HB SMA.doc

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1	The purpose of this Act is to rehabilitate the natural
2	populations of all Hawaiian opihi species and establish a new
3	direction for the management of the fishery. This Act is
4	intended to increase both long-term standing-stock opihi
5	abundance, as well as the amount of opihi available for use by
6	the people of Hawaii.
7	SECTION 2. Chapter 188, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
8	amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated
9	and to read as follows:
10	" <u>§188-</u> Opihi harvesting and possession, restricted. (a)
11	Except as provided in this section, it shall be unlawful for any
12	person at any time to take, harvest, or possess opihi from any
13	coastal area or nearshore waters of off-shore islets in the
14	State, including, but not limited to those islands listed in the
15	Atlas of Hawaii, Third Edition (1998), man-made jetties and
16	breakwaters, as well as fishery management areas (FMA),
17	fisheries replenishment areas (FRA), natural area reserves
18	(NAR), refuges, and marine life conservation districts (MLCD)
19	established by the department of land and natural resources,
20	division of aquatic resources.
21	(b) It shall be unlawful for any person at any time of the

22 year to take, harvest, or possess opihi from below the waterline



1	of any co	astal area or nearshore waters of the islands of the
2	State.	
3	(c)	It shall be unlawful for a person to be in possession
4	<u>of at lea</u>	st one item from each of the following paragraphs, at
5	the same	time:
6	(1)	Equipment or any apparatus that would allow a person
7		to see and remain underwater, such as a swimming mask,
8	-	snorkel, or self-contained underwater breathing
9		apparatus;
10	(2)	An instrument that is commonly used as a tool to
11		harvest or take opihi such as an opihi knife; and
12	(3)	Live opihi.
13	(d)	It shall be unlawful for any person to take or harvest
14	<u>opihi fro</u>	m above the waterline of the coastal areas or nearshore
15	waters of	the State or be in possession of opihi within the
16	State dur	ing the closed season from April 1st through September
17	30th, pro	vided that opihi taken or harvested from above the
18	waterline	during the open season from October 1st to March 31st
19	may be po	ssessed for sale or consumption during the closed
20	season.	
21	(e)	The division of aquatic resources of the department of
22	land and	natural resources shall monitor the population size and
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1	demography of each species of opihi to determine the
2	effectiveness of this section and shall submit an annual report
3	to the legislature not later than twenty days prior to each
4	regular session.
5	(f) As used in this section, "opihi" means all known
6	Hawaiian opihi species, including Cellana exarata (blackfoot),
7	Cellana sandwicencis (yellowfoot), Cellana talcosa (koele), and
8	Cellana melanostoma (greenfoot).
9	(g) The Kahoolawe island reserve commission shall govern
10	the taking, harvesting, or possessing of opihi in the Kahoolawe
11	island reserve, including the islands of Puukoae and Aleale.
12	(h) This section shall not affect any right, customarily
13	and traditionally exercised for subsistence, cultural, and
14	religious purposes and possessed by ahupuaa tenants who are
15	descendants of native Hawaiians who inhabited the Hawaiian
16	Islands prior to 1778, subject to the right of the State to
17	regulate such rights; provided that this section shall not apply
18	to the taking of opihi from below the waterline at anytime."
19	SECTION 3. Chapter 188, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
20	amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated
21	and to read as follows:



1	"§188- Opihi harvesting or taking; Oahu; prohibited.
2	Except as provided in section 188- (h), and notwithstanding any
3	other provision to the contrary, it shall be unlawful for any
4	person at any time to take or harvest opihi from the coastal
5	areas or nearshore waters of the island of Oahu."
6	SECTION 4. New statutory material is underscored.
7	SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect upon its approval;
8	provided that section 3 shall be repealed on June 30, 2014.
9	INTRODUCED BY:

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Report Title: Conservation and Resources; Resource Management; Opihi

Description:

Establishes a five year moratorium on the harvesting of opihi on Oahu. Establishes a ban on taking or harvesting opihi statewide, subject to open and closed seasons and the traditional rights of certain ahupuaa tenants.

