A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO AQUARIUM AQUATIC LIFE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the aquarium aquatic
- 2 life collecting industry has operated for over fifty years
- 3 without limits or constraints on its catch or the number of
- 4 collectors in the State.
- 5 The aquarium industry focuses on juvenile reef fish and
- 6 small invertebrates and export eighty-two per cent of their
- 7 catch to the mainland United States. However, with expanding
- 8 Asian markets, collectors are targeting more remote and deeper
- 9 reefs as evidenced by the species sold on many internet
- 10 websites. Endemic species such as the bandit angelfish and the
- 11 masked angelfish sell for hundreds or even thousands of
- 12 dollars each, with no regulation or limit.
- 13 Home aquaria in China reflect the new prosperity there,
- 14 with large aquariums covering multiple walls that display adult
- 15 eels and other large animals from Hawaii's reefs. Aquarium
- 16 collecting is having major impacts on Oahu and Hawaii reefs and
- 17 moderate impacts on Maui reefs where over-harvesting is
- 18 occurring reducing the marine tourism experience. Many coral



- 1 reef fish and invertebrates have complicated relationships to
- 2 the overall ecology of the reef. Their removal may affect the
- 3 long-term stability of these ecosystems. Significant population
- 4 declines and major shifts in species diversity are now evident
- 5 in coral reef areas where collection is occurring. The aquarium
- 6 catch is mostly herbivore. Their removal could result in
- 7 increased algal growth, due to a lack of grazers to keep the
- 8 algae in check, with a corresponding decrease in coral cover.
- 9 No constraint on collecting allows the industry to meet the
- 10 growing demand for color, shape, and rarity. The Hawaiian
- 11 cleaner wrasse is one of the most popular fish species
- 12 collected and is known for its radiant color and lively
- 13 movement. These fish pick parasites from many other fish, are
- 14 found nowhere else in the world, and are collected and shipped
- 15 without limitation daily. The Hawaiian cleaner wrasse will not
- 16 eat fish food in captivity and eventually dies of starvation.
- 17 Likewise, coral-eating butterfly fishes, prized by aquarists for
- 18 their beauty, starve in a short period of time.
- 19 The purpose of this Act is to enhance and improve the
- 20 regulation of aquarium aquatic life collecting to protect and
- 21 preserve Hawaii's aquatic life and marine environment.



- 1 SECTION 2. Chapter 188, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated 3 and to read as follows: "§188- Aquarium aquatic life; collection. (a) As used 4 5 in this section, unless the context requires otherwise: 6 "Aquarium collecting gear" means any equipment used to 7 collect aquarium fish or animals including, but not limited to, 8 hand nets, fence or barrier nets, fiberglass or metal "tickle 9 sticks", catch buckets, keeps, or baskets. 10 "Aquarium purpose" means to hold saltwater fish, 11 freshwater non-game fish, or other aquatic life alive in a 12 state of captivity as pets, for scientific study, or for public exhibition or display, or for sale for these purposes. 13 "Collect" means to take, catch, harvest, confine, or to 14 15 attempt to take, catch, harvest, or confine aquatic life. The 16 use of any aquarium collecting gear to take, catch, capture, 17 harvest, or confine, or to attempt to take, catch, capture, 18 harvest, or confine aquatic life by any person who is on or 19 about the shores of Hawaii or in a vessel in Hawaiian waters 20 shall be construed as collecting under this section. 21 "Department" means the department of land and natural
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resources.

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1	"End	emic" or "endemic species" means any aquatic life	
2	specimen	found nowhere else other than Hawaii.	
3	(b)	The department shall develop and maintain an aquarium	
4	collectin	ng white list of aquatic species for each county. No	
5	aquatic s	species shall be collected or sold for aquarium	
6	purposes	in the State unless the species appears on the aquarium	
7	collecting white list of the county where the species is		
8	collected	or sold.	
9	(c)	The aquarium collecting white list shall only include	
10	species that are shown by an official, published department		
11	or equivalent federal agency study that meets the following		
12	criteria:		
13	(1)	The species can survive capture, transport, and	
14		captivity for at least one hundred eighty days; and	
15	(2)	Based on historical evidence, the specie is part of a	
16		stable or increasing population trend in the area the	
17		species is being collected.	
18	(d)	In addition to the requirements of subsection (c), the	
19	following	criteria shall apply:	
20	(1)	The collection of the species in a county shall not	
21		exceed the average annual collection in that county	

1		for the calendar years 2005 through 2007, based on	
2		department collection reports for those years;	
3	(2)	The removal of the specie does not negatively impact	
4		the reef ecosystem by contributing to algae overgrowth	
5		for herbivores, parasite overload on other reef fishes	
6		for cleaner wrasses and cleaner shrimps, or other	
7		harmful results; and	
8	(3)	The specie is not endemic to Hawaii.	
9	(e)	Native Hawaiian (kanaka maoli) traditional and	
10	customary	rights with regard to marine resources for	
11	subsisten	ce, cultural, or religious purposes may be recognized	
12	pursuant	to rules adopted by the department.	
13	<u>(f)</u>	The department shall inform all permit holders under	
14	section 1	88-31 (both commercial and recreational), of the	
15	species i	ncluded in the aquarium collecting white list and the	
16	penalties for failure to comply with the restrictions		
17	regarding	g the collection of aquatic life.	
18	(g)	Any person who collects or possesses aquatic life for	
19	aquarium j	purposes not on the aquarium collecting white list	
20	shall be	fined \$1,000 for each specimen collected or possessed.	

1	(h)	In addition to any other penalty or fine provided by	
2	law, any	person violating this section shall be sentenced as	
3	follows:		
4	(1)	For a first violation, a fine of not more than \$1,000	
5		or thirty days imprisonment, or both;	
6	(2)	For a second violation within five years of a	
7		previous violation, a fine of not more than \$2,000 or	
8		sixty days imprisonment, or both; and	
9	(3)	For a third or subsequent violation within five years	
10		of a previous violation, a fine of not more than	
11		\$3,000 or ninety days imprisonment, or both."	
12	SECTION 3. This Act does not affect rights and duties that		
13	matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were		
14	begun, before its effective date.		
15	SECT	ION 4. New statutory material is underscored.	
16	SECT	ION 5. This Act shall take effect on June 1, 2009.	
17		INTRODUCED BY: JAN 2 3 2009	

Report Title:

Aquarium Aquatic Life; DLNR

Description:

Enhances the regulation of aquarium aquatic life collection in the State.