A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. The purpose of this Act is to increase the
2	"wholesale" rates under the general excise, use, and public
3	service company taxes from one-half per cent to one per cent.
4	SECTION 2. Section 237-8.6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
5	amended by amending subsection (d) to read as follows:
6	"(d) No county surcharge on state tax shall be established
7	on any:
8	(1) Gross income or gross proceeds taxable under this
9	chapter at the [one-half] one per cent tax rate;
10	(2) Gross income or gross proceeds taxable under this
11	chapter at the 0.15 per cent tax rate; or
12	(3) Transactions, amounts, persons, gross income, or gross
13	proceeds exempt from tax under this chapter."
14	SECTION 3. Section 237-13, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
15	amended to read as follows:
16	"§237-13 Imposition of tax. There is hereby levied and
17	shall be assessed and collected annually privilege taxes against
18	persons on account of their business and other activities in the HB LRB 10-0479.doc

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1 State measured by the application of rates against values of

2 products, gross proceeds of sales, or gross income, whichever is

3 specified, as follows:

4 (1) Tax on manufacturers.

(A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within

the State in the business of manufacturing,

including compounding, canning, preserving,

packing, printing, publishing, milling,

processing, refining, or preparing for sale,

profit, or commercial use, either directly or

through the activity of others, in whole or in

part, any article or articles, substance or

substances, commodity or commodities, the amount

of the tax to be equal to the value of the

articles, substances, or commodities,

manufactured, compounded, canned, preserved,

packed, printed, milled, processed, refined, or

prepared for sale, as shown by the gross proceeds

derived from the sale thereof by the manufacturer

or person compounding, preparing, or printing

them, multiplied by [one-half of] one per cent.

(C)

(B)	The measure of the tax on manufacturers is the
	value of the entire product for sale, regardless
	of the place of sale or the fact that deliveries
	may be made to points outside the State.

If any person liable for the tax on manufacturers
ships or transports the person's product, or any
part thereof, out of the State, whether in a
finished or unfinished condition, or sells the
same for delivery to points outside the State
(for example, consigned to a mainland purchaser
via common carrier f.o.b. Honolulu), the value of
the products in the condition or form in which
they exist immediately before entering interstate
or foreign commerce, determined as hereinafter
provided, shall be the basis for the assessment
of the tax imposed by this paragraph. This tax
shall be due and payable as of the date of entry
of the products into interstate or foreign
commerce, whether the products are then sold or
not. The department shall determine the basis
for assessment, as provided by this paragraph, as
follows:

1	(i)	If the products at the time of their entry
2		into interstate or foreign commerce already
3		have been sold, the gross proceeds of sale,
4		less the transportation expenses, if any,
5		incurred in realizing the gross proceeds for
6		transportation from the time of entry of the
7		products into interstate or foreign
8		commerce, including insurance and storage in
9 .		transit, shall be the measure of the value
10		of the products;
11	(ii)	If the products have not been sold at the
12		time of their entry into interstate or
13		foreign commerce, and in cases governed by
14		clause (i) in which the products are sold
15		under circumstances such that the gross
16		proceeds of sale are not indicative of the
17		true value of the products, the value of the
18		products constituting the basis for
19		assessment shall correspond as nearly as
20		possible to the gross proceeds of sales for
21		delivery outside the State, adjusted as
22		provided in clause (i), or if sufficient

1		data are not available, sales in the State,
2		of similar products of like quality and
3		character and in similar quantities, made by
4		the taxpayer (unless not indicative of the
5		true value) or by others. Sales outside the
6		State, adjusted as provided in clause (i),
7		may be considered when they constitute the
8		best available data. The department shall
9		prescribe uniform and equitable rules for
10		ascertaining the values;
11	(iii)	At the election of the taxpayer and with the
12		approval of the department, the taxpayer may
13		make the taxpayer's returns under clause (i)
14		even though the products have not been sold
15		at the time of their entry into interstate
16		or foreign commerce; and
17	(iv)	In all cases in which products leave the
18	·	State in an unfinished condition, the basis
19		for assessment shall be adjusted so as to
20		deduct the portion of the value as is
21		attributable to the finishing of the goods
22		outside the State.

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(2) Tax on business of selling tangible personal property; producing.

> Upon every person engaging or continuing in the business of selling any tangible personal property whatsoever (not including, however, bonds or other evidence of indebtedness, or stocks), there is likewise hereby levied, and shall be assessed and collected, a tax equivalent to four per cent of the gross proceeds of sales of the business; provided that insofar as the sale of tangible personal property is a wholesale sale under section [+]237-4(a)(8)[+], the sale shall be subject to section 237-13.3. Upon every person engaging or continuing within this State in the business of a producer, the tax shall be equal to [one-half of] one per cent of the gross proceeds of sales of the business, or the value of the products, for sale, if sold for delivery outside the State or shipped or transported out of the State, and the value of the products shall be determined in the same manner as the value of

1	manufactured	products	covered	in	the	cases	under
2	paragraph (1)(C).					

- (B) Gross proceeds of sales of tangible property in interstate and foreign commerce shall constitute a part of the measure of the tax imposed on persons in the business of selling tangible personal property, to the extent, under the conditions, and in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution of the United States and the Acts of the Congress of the United States which may be now in force or may be hereafter adopted, and whenever there occurs in the State an activity to which, under the Constitution and Acts of Congress, there may be attributed gross proceeds of sales, the gross proceeds shall be so attributed.
- (C) No manufacturer or producer, engaged in such business in the State and selling the manufacturer's or producer's products for delivery outside of the State (for example, consigned to a mainland purchaser via common carrier f.o.b. Honolulu), shall be required to

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pay the tax imposed in this chapter for the privilege of so selling the products, and the value or gross proceeds of sales of the products shall be included only in determining the measure of the tax imposed upon the manufacturer or producer.

(D) When a manufacturer or producer, engaged in such business in the State, also is engaged in selling the manufacturer's or producer's products in the State at wholesale, retail, or in any other manner, the tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling the products in the State shall apply to the manufacturer or producer as well as the tax for the privilege of manufacturing or producing in the State, and the manufacturer or producer shall make the returns of the gross proceeds of the wholesale, retail, or other sales required for the privilege of selling in the State, as well as making the returns of the value or gross proceeds of sales of the products required for the privilege of manufacturing or producing in the State. The

1		manufacturer or producer shall pay the tax
2		imposed in this chapter for the privilege of
3		selling its products in the State, and the value
4		or gross proceeds of sales of the products, thus
5 .		subjected to tax, may be deducted insofar as
6		duplicated as to the same products by the measure
7		of the tax upon the manufacturer or producer for
8		the privilege of manufacturing or producing in
9		the State; provided that no producer of
10		agricultural products who sells the products to a
11		purchaser who will process the products outside
12		the State shall be required to pay the tax
13		imposed in this chapter for the privilege of
14		producing or selling those products.
15	(E)	A taxpayer selling to a federal cost-plus
16		contractor may make the election provided for by
17		paragraph (3)(C), and in that case the tax shall
18		be computed pursuant to the election,
19		notwithstanding this paragraph or paragraph (1)
20		to the contrary.
21	(F)	The department, by rule, may require that a
22		seller take from the purchaser of tangible

1	personal property a certificate, in a form
2	prescribed by the department, certifying that the
3	sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
4	(i) Any purchaser who furnishes a certificate
5	shall be obligated to pay to the seller,
6	upon demand, the amount of the additional
7	tax that is imposed upon the seller whenever
8	the sale in fact is not at wholesale; and
- 9	(ii) The absence of a certificate in itself shall
10	give rise to the presumption that the sale
11	is not at wholesale unless the sales of the
12	business are exclusively at wholesale.
13	(3) Tax upon contractors.
14	(A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within
15	the State in the business of contracting, the tax
16	shall be equal to four per cent of the gross
17	income of the business.
18	(B) In computing the tax levied under this paragraph,
19	there shall be deducted from the gross income of
20	the taxpayer so much thereof as has been included
21	in the measure of the tax levied under
22	subparagraph (A), on:

1	(i) Another taxpayer who is a contractor, as
2	defined in section 237-6;
3	(ii) A specialty contractor, duly licensed by the
4	department of commerce and consumer affairs
5	pursuant to section 444-9, in respect of the
6	specialty contractor's business; or
7	(iii) A specialty contractor who is not licensed
8	by the department of commerce and consumer
9	affairs pursuant to section 444-9, but who
10	performs contracting activities on federal
11	military installations and nowhere else in
12	this State;
13	provided that any person claiming a deduction
14	under this paragraph shall be required to show in
15	the person's return the name and general excise
16	number of the person paying the tax on the amount
17	deducted by the person.
18	(C) In computing the tax levied under this paragraph
19	against any federal cost-plus contractor, there
20	shall be excluded from the gross income of the
21	contractor so much thereof as fulfills the
22	following requirements:

1	(i)	The gross income exempted shall constitute
2		reimbursement of costs incurred for
3		materials, plant, or equipment purchased
4	•	from a taxpayer licensed under this chapter
5		not exceeding the gross proceeds of sale of
6		the taxpayer on account of the transaction;
7		and
8	(ii)	The taxpayer making the sale shall have
9		certified to the department that the
10		taxpayer is taxable with respect to the
11		gross proceeds of the sale, and that the
12		taxpayer elects to have the tax on gross
13		income computed the same as upon a sale to
14		the state government.
15	(D) A pe	erson who, as a business or as a part of a
16	busi	ness in which the person is engaged, erects,
17	cons	structs, or improves any building or
18	stru	acture, of any kind or description, or makes,
19	cons	structs, or improves any road, street,
20	side	ewalk, sewer, or water system, or other
21	impi	covements on land held by the person (whether

held as a leasehold, fee simple, or otherwise),

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1	upon the sale or other disposition of the land or
2.	improvements, even if the work was not done
3	pursuant to a contract, shall be liable to the
4	same tax as if engaged in the business of
5	contracting, unless the person shows that at the
6	time the person was engaged in making the
7	improvements the person intended, and for the
8	period of at least one year after completion of
9 .	the building, structure, or other improvements
10	the person continued to intend to hold and not
11	sell or otherwise dispose of the land or
12	improvements. The tax in respect of the
13	improvements shall be measured by the amount of
14 .	the proceeds of the sale or other disposition
15	that is attributable to the erection,
16	construction, or improvement of such building or
17	structure, or the making, constructing, or
18	improving of the road, street, sidewalk, sewer,
19	or water system, or other improvements. The
20	measure of tax in respect of the improvements
21	shall not exceed the amount which would have been
22	taxable had the work been performed by another,

1	subject as in other cases to the deductions
2	allowed by subparagraph (B). Upon the election
3	of the taxpayer, this paragraph may be applied
4	notwithstanding that the improvements were not
5	made by the taxpayer, or were not made as a
6	business or as a part of a business, or were ma
7	with the intention of holding the same. Howeve
8	this paragraph shall not apply in respect of an
9	proceeds that constitute or are in the nature o
10	rent; all such gross income shall be taxable
11	under paragraph (9); provided that insofar as t
12	business of renting or leasing real property
13	under a lease is taxed under section 237-16.5,
14	the tax shall be levied by section 237-16.5.

- (4) Tax upon theaters, amusements, radio broadcasting stations, etc.
 - (A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within the State in the business of operating a theater, opera house, moving picture show, vaudeville, amusement park, dance hall, skating rink, radio broadcasting station, or any other place at which amusements are offered to the public, the tax

x	sharr be equal to rour per cent or the gross
2	income of the business, and in the case of a sale
3	of an amusement at wholesale under section 237-
. 4	4(a)(13), the tax shall be subject to section
5	237-13.3.
6 (B)	The department may require that the person
7	rendering an amusement at wholesale take from the
8	licensed seller a certificate, in a form
9	prescribed by the department, certifying that the
10 ,	sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
11	(i) Any licensed seller who furnishes a
12	certificate shall be obligated to pay to the
13	person rendering the amusement, upon demand,
14	the amount of additional tax that is imposed
15	upon the seller whenever the sale is not at
16	wholesale; and
17	(ii) The absence of a certificate in itself shall
18	give rise to the presumption that the sale
19	is not at wholesale unless the person
20	rendering the sale is exclusively rendering
21	the amusement at wholesale.

1	(5)	Tax upon sales representatives, etc. Upon every
2		person classified as a representative or purchasing
3		agent under section 237-1, engaging or continuing
4		within the State in the business of performing
5		services for another, other than as an employee, there
6		is likewise hereby levied and shall be assessed and
7		collected a tax equal to four per cent of the
8 .		commissions and other compensation attributable to the
9		services so rendered by the person.

- (6) Tax on service business.
 - (A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within the State in any service business or calling including professional services not otherwise specifically taxed under this chapter, there is likewise hereby levied and shall be assessed and collected a tax equal to four per cent of the gross income of the business, and in the case of a wholesaler under section 237-4(a)(10), the tax shall be equal to [one-half-of] one per cent of the gross income of the business.
 - Notwithstanding the foregoing, a wholesaler under

1	•	sect	ion 237-4(a)(10) shall be subject to section
2		237-	13.3.
3 ·	· · (B)	The	department may require that the person
4		rend	ering a service at wholesale take from the
5		lice	nsed seller a certificate, in a form
6		pres	cribed by the department, certifying that the
7	•	sale	is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
8		(i)	Any licensed seller who furnishes a
9		•	certificate shall be obligated to pay to the
10			person rendering the service, upon demand,
11			the amount of additional tax that is imposed
12			upon the seller whenever the sale is not at
13	·		wholesale; and
14		(ii)	The absence of a certificate in itself shall
15			give rise to the presumption that the sale
16			is not at wholesale unless the person
17			rendering the sale is exclusively rendering
18			services at wholesale.
19	(C)	Wher	e any person is engaged in the business of
20	·	sell	ing interstate or foreign common carrier
21		tele	communication services within and without the
22		Stat	e, other than as a home service provider, the

1			tax shall be imposed on that portion of gross
2			income received by a person from service which is
3			originated or terminated in this State and is
4		•	charged to a telephone number, customer, or
5			account in this State notwithstanding any other
6			state law (except for the exemption under section
7			237-23(a)(1)) to the contrary. If, under the
8			Constitution and laws of the United States, the
9			entire gross income as determined under this
10			paragraph of a business selling interstate or
11			foreign common carrier telecommunication services
12			cannot be included in the measure of the tax, the
13			gross income shall be apportioned as provided in
14			section 237-21; provided that the apportionment
15			factor and formula shall be the same for all
16	•		persons providing those services in the State.
17		(D)	Where any person is engaged in the business of a
18			home service provider, the tax shall be imposed
19			on the gross income received or derived from
20			providing interstate or foreign mobile
21			telecommunications services to a customer with a

place of primary use in this State when such

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1	services originate in one state and terminate in
2	another state, territory, or foreign country;
3	provided that all charges for mobile
4	telecommunications services which are billed by
5	or for the home service provider are deemed to be
6	provided by the home service provider at the
7	customer's place of primary use, regardless of
8	where the mobile telecommunications originate,
9	terminate, or pass through; provided further that
10	the income from charges specifically derived from
11	interstate or foreign mobile telecommunications
12	services, as determined by books and records that
13	are kept in the regular course of business by the
14	home service provider in accordance with section
15	239-24, shall be apportioned under any
16	apportionment factor or formula adopted under
17	subparagraph (C). Gross income shall not
18	include:
19	(i) Gross receipts from mobile
20	telecommunications services provided to a
21	customer with a place of primary use outside
22	this State;



1	(ii) Gross receipts from mobile
2	telecommunications services that are subject
3	to the tax imposed by chapter 239;
4	(iii) Gross receipts from mobile
. 5	telecommunications services taxed under
6	section 237-13.8; and
7	(iv) Gross receipts of a home service provider
8	acting as a serving carrier providing mobile
9 .	telecommunications services to another home
10	service provider's customer.
11	For the purposes of this paragraph, "charges for
12	mobile telecommunications services", "customer",
13	"home service provider", "mobile
14	telecommunications services", "place of primary
15	use", and "serving carrier" have the same meaning
16	as in section 239-22.
17	(7) Tax on insurance producers. Upon every person engaged
18	as a licensed producer pursuant to chapter 431, there
19	is hereby levied and shall be assessed and collected a
. 20	tax equal to 0.15 per cent of the commissions due to
21	that activity.

T	(8)	Tax on receipts of sugar benefit payments. Upon the
2		amounts received from the United States government by
3		any producer of sugar (or the producer's legal
4		representative or heirs), as defined under and by
5		virtue of the Sugar Act of 1948, as amended, or other
6	1	Acts of the Congress of the United States relating
7		thereto, there is hereby levied a tax of [one-half-of]
8		one per cent of the gross amount received; provided
9		that the tax levied hereunder on any amount so
10		received and actually disbursed to another by a
11		producer in the form of a benefit payment shall be
12		paid by the person or persons to whom the amount is
13		actually disbursed, and the producer actually making a
14	•	benefit payment to another shall be entitled to claim
15		on the producer's return a deduction from the gross
16		amount taxable hereunder in the sum of the amount so
17		disbursed. The amounts taxed under this paragraph
18	,	shall not be taxable under any other paragraph,
19		subsection, or section of this chapter.
20	(9)	Tax on other business. Upon every person engaging or
21		continuing within the State in any business, trade,
22		activity, occupation, or calling not included in the

1	preceding paragraphs or any other provisions of this
2	chapter, there is likewise hereby levied and shall be
3	assessed and collected, a tax equal to four per cent
4	of the gross income thereof. In addition, the rate
5	prescribed by this paragraph shall apply to a business
6	taxable under one or more of the preceding paragraphs
7	or other provisions of this chapter, as to any gross
8	income thereof not taxed thereunder as gross income or
9	gross proceeds of sales or by taxing an equivalent
10	value of products, unless specifically exempted."
11	SECTION 4. Section 237-13.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
12	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
13	"(a) Sections 237-4(a)(8), 237-4(a)(10), 237-4(a)(13),
14	237-13(2)(A), 237-13(4)(A), and 237-13(6)(A) to the contrary
15	notwithstanding, instead of the tax levied under section 237-
16	13(2)(A) on wholesale sales subject to section 237-4(a)(8)(B),
17	under section 237-13(4)(A) on a wholesaler subject to section
18	237-4(a)(13), and under section 237-13(6)(A) on a wholesaler
19	subject to section 237-4(a)(10) at $[\frac{\text{one-half-of}}{\text{one}}]$ one per cent,
20	during the period January 1, 2000, to December 31, 2005, the tax
21	shall be as follows:

In calendar year 2000, 3.5 per cent;

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        (2) In calendar year 2001, 3.0 per cent;
              In calendar year 2002, 2.5 per cent;
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              In calendar year 2003, 2.0 per cent;
              In calendar year 2004, 1.5 per cent;
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         (6)
              In calendar year 2005, 1.0 per cent; and
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         (7)
              In calendar year 2006 and thereafter, the tax shall be
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              0.5 per cent[-]; except for the period from July 1,
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              2010, to June 30, 2015, when the rate shall be 1.0 per
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              cent."
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         SECTION 5. Section 237-18, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
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    amended by amending subsection (c) to read as follows:
               Where, through the activity of a person taxable under
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    section 237-13(6), a product has been milled, processed, or
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    otherwise manufactured upon the order of another taxpayer who is
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    a manufacturer taxable upon the value of the entire manufactured
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    products, which consists in part of the value of the services
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    taxable under section 237-13(6), so much gross income as is
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    derived from the rendering of the services shall be subjected to
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    tax on the person rendering the services at the rate of [one-
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    half of one per cent, and the value of the entire product shall
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    be included in the measure of the tax imposed on the other
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    taxpayer as elsewhere provided."
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1	SECTION 6. Section 238-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended to read as follows:
3	"§238-2 Imposition of tax on tangible personal property;
4	exemptions. There is hereby levied an excise tax on the use in
5	this State of tangible personal property which is imported by a
6	taxpayer in this State whether owned, purchased from an
7	unlicensed seller, or however acquired for use in this State.
8	The tax imposed by this chapter shall accrue when the property
9	is acquired by the importer or purchaser and becomes subject to
10	the taxing jurisdiction of the State. The rates of the tax
11	hereby imposed and the exemptions thereof are as follows:
12	(1) If the importer or purchaser is licensed under chapter
13	237 and is:
14	(A) A wholesaler or jobber importing or purchasing
15	for purposes of sale or resale; or
16	(B) A manufacturer importing or purchasing material
-17	or commodities which are to be incorporated by
18	the manufacturer into a finished or saleable
19	product (including the container or package in
20	which the product is contained) wherein it will
21	remain in such form as to be perceptible to the
22	senses, and which finished or saleable product is

1		to be sold in such manner as to result in a
2		further tax on the activity of the manufacturer
3		as the manufacturer or as a wholesaler, and not
4		as a retailer,
5		there shall be no tax; provided that if the
6	,	wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer is also engaged in
7		business as a retailer (so classed under chapter 237),
8		paragraph (2) shall apply to the wholesaler, jobber,
9		or manufacturer, but the director of taxation shall
10		refund to the wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer, in
11	v	the manner provided under section 231-23(c) such
12		amount of tax as the wholesaler, jobber, or
13		manufacturer shall, to the satisfaction of the
14		director, establish to have been paid by the
15		wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer to the director
16		with respect to property which has been used by the
17		wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer for the purposes
18		stated in this paragraph;
19	(2)	If the importer or purchaser is licensed under chapter
20		237 and is:

1	(A)	A retailer or other person importing or
2		purchasing for purposes of sale or resale, not
3		exempted by paragraph (1);
4	(B)	A manufacturer importing or purchasing material
5		or commodities which are to be incorporated by
6		the manufacturer into a finished or saleable
7		product (including the container or package in
8		which the product is contained) wherein it will
9	*	remain in such form as to be perceptible to the
10		senses, and which finished or saleable product is
[1		to be sold at retail in this State, in such
12		manner as to result in a further tax on the
13		activity of the manufacturer in selling such
14		products at retail;
15	(C)	A contractor importing or purchasing material or
16		commodities which are to be incorporated by the
17		contractor into the finished work or project
18		required by the contract and which will remain in
19		such finished work or project in such form as to
20		be perceptible to the senses;
) 1	(D)	A person engaged in a service business or calling

as defined in section 237-7, or a person

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1	rurnishing transfert accommodations subject to
2	the tax imposed by section 237D-2, in which the
3	import or purchase of tangible personal property
4	would have qualified as a sale at wholesale as
5	defined in section 237-4(a)(8) had the seller of
6	the property been subject to the tax in chapter
7	237; or
8	(E) A publisher of magazines or similar printed
9	materials containing advertisements, when the
10	publisher is under contract with the advertisers
11	to distribute a minimum number of magazines or
. 12	similar printed materials to the public or
13	defined segment of the public, whether or not
14	there is a charge to the persons who actually
15	receive the magazines or similar printed
16	materials,
17	the tax shall be [ene-half of] one per cent of the
18	purchase price of the property, if the purchase and
. 19	sale are consummated in Hawaii; or, if there is no

purchase price applicable thereto, or if the purchase

or sale is consummated outside of Hawaii, then [one-

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              half of] one per cent of the value of such property;
2
              and
 3
              In all other cases, four per cent of the value of the
         (3)
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              property.
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         For purposes of this section, tangible personal property is
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    property that is imported by the taxpayer for use in this State,
7
    notwithstanding the fact that title to the property, or the risk
8
    of loss to the property, passes to the purchaser of the property
9
    at a location outside this State."
         SECTION 7. Section 238-2.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10
11
    amended to read as follows:
12
         "$238-2.3 Imposition of tax on imported services or
13
    contracting; exemptions. There is hereby levied an excise tax
14
    on the value of services or contracting as defined in section
15
    237-6 that are performed by an unlicensed seller at a point
16
    outside the State and imported or purchased for use in this
17
            The tax imposed by this chapter shall accrue when the
    State.
18
    service or contracting as defined in section 237-6 is received
19
    by the importer or purchaser and becomes subject to the taxing
20
    jurisdiction of the State. The rates of the tax hereby imposed
21
    and the exemptions from the tax are as follows:
```

i	(1)	II t	he importer or purchaser is licensed under chapter
2		237	and is:
3		(A)	Engaged in a service business or calling in which
4			the imported or purchased services or contracting
5	• .		become identifiable elements, excluding overhead,
6			of the services rendered by the importer or
7			purchaser, and the gross income of the importer
8	,		or purchaser is subject to the tax imposed under
9			-chapter 237 on services at the rate of [one-half
10			of one per cent or the rate of tax imposed under
11		•	section 237-13.3; or
12		(B)	A manufacturer importing or purchasing services
13			or contracting that become identifiable elements,
14			excluding overhead, of a finished or saleable
15			product (including the container or package in
16	·		which the product is contained) and the finished
17	-		or saleable product is to be sold in a manner
18			that results in a further tax on the manufacturer
19			as a wholesaler, and not a retailer;
20		ther	e shall be no tax imposed on the value of the
21		impo	rted or purchased services or contracting;
22		prov	ided that if the manufacturer is also engaged in

	business as a retailer as classified under chapter
	237, paragraph (2) shall apply to the manufacturer,
	but the director of taxation shall refund to the
	manufacturer, in the manner provided under section
	231-23(c), that amount of tax that the manufacturer,
•	to the satisfaction of the director, shall establish
	to have been paid by the manufacturer to the director
	with respect to services that have been used by the
	manufacturer for the purposes stated in this
\	paragraph.

- (2) If the importer or purchaser is a person licensed under chapter 237 and is:
 - (A) Engaged in a service business or calling in which the imported or purchased services or contracting become identifiable elements, excluding overhead, of the services rendered by the importer or purchaser, and the gross income from those services when sold by the importer or purchaser is subject to the tax imposed under chapter 237 at the highest rate;
 - (B) A manufacturer importing or purchasing services or contracting that become identifiable elements,

1		excluding overhead, of the finished or saleable
2		manufactured product (including the container or
3		package in which the product is contained) and
4		the finished or saleable product is to be sold in
, 5		a manner that results in a further tax under
6		chapter 237 on the activity of the manufacturer
7		as a retailer; or
8		(C) A contractor importing or purchasing services or
9	•	contracting that become identifiable elements,
10		excluding overhead, of the finished work or
11		project required, under the contract, and where
12		the gross proceeds derived by the contractor are
13		subject to the tax under section 237-13(3) as a
14		contractor,
15		the tax shall be [one-half of] one per cent of the
16		value of the imported or purchased services or
17		contracting; and
18	(3)	In all other cases, the importer or purchaser is
19		subject to the tax at the rate of four per cent on the
20		value of the imported or purchased services or
21		contracting."

1	SECTION 8. Section 238-2.6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended by amending subsection (c) to read as follows:
3	"(c) No county surcharge on state tax shall be established
4	upon any use taxable under this chapter at the [one-half] one
5	per cent tax rate or upon any use that is not subject to
6	taxation or that is exempt from taxation under this chapter."
7	SECTION 9. Section 239-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
8	amended by amending subsection (c) to read as follows:
9	"(c) Notwithstanding subsection (a), the rate of tax upon
10	the portion of the gross income of:
11	(1) A public utility that consists of the receipts from
12	the sale of its products or services to another public
13	utility that resells such products or services shall
14	be [one-half of] one per cent; or
15	(2) A public utility engaged in the business of selling
16	telecommunication services to a person defined in
17	section 237-13(6)(C) who resells such products or
18	services, shall be as follows:
19	(A) In calendar year 2000, 5.5 per cent;
20	(B) In calendar year 2001, 5.0 per cent;
21	(C) In calendar year 2002, 4.5 per cent;
22	(D) In calendar year 2003, 4.0 per cent;

1	(E) In calendar year 2004, 3.5 per cent;
2	(F) In calendar year 2005, 3.0 per cent;
3	(G) In calendar year 2006, 2.5 per cent; and
4	(H) In calendar year 2007, and thereafter, 0.5 per
5	cent; except for the period from July 1, 2010, to
6	June 30, 2015, when the rate shall be 1.0 per
· 7	cent;
8	provided that the resale of the products, services, or
9	telecommunication services is subject to taxation under this
10	section or subject to taxation at the highest rate under section
11	237-13(6); and provided further that the public utility's
12	exemption from real property taxes imposed by chapter 246 shall
13	be reduced by the proportion that its public utility gross
14	income described herein bears to its total public utility gross
15	income. Whenever the public utility has other public utility
16	gross income, the gross income from the sale of its products or
17	services to another public utility or a person subject to
18	section 237-13(6)(C) shall be included in applying subsection
19	(a) in determining the rate of tax upon the other public utility
20	gross income. The department shall have the authority to
21	implement the tax rate changes in paragraph (2) by prescribing
22	tax forms and instructions that require tax reporting and

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1
    payment by deduction, allocation, or any other method to
2
    determine tax liability with due regard to the tax rate
3
    changes."
4
         SECTION 10. Section 239-6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
    amended by amending subsection (d) to read as follows:
5
6
         "(d) Notwithstanding subsections (a), (b), and (c), the
    rate of tax upon the portion of the gross income of a motor
    carrier which consists of the receipts from the sale of its
8
9
    products or services to a contractor shall be as follows:
10
              In calendar year 2000, 3.5 per cent;
         (1)
11
              In calendar year 2001, 3.0 per cent;
         (2)
              In calendar year 2002, 2.5 per cent;
12
         (3)
13
              In calendar year 2003, 2.0 per cent;
         (4)
14
       (5)
              In calendar year 2004, 1.5 per cent;
15
       (6)
              In calendar year 2005, 1.0 per cent; and
16
        (7)
              In calendar year 2006, and thereafter, 0.5 per cent;
17
              except for the period from July 1, 2010, to June 30,
18
              2015, when the rate shall be 1.0 per cent;
    provided that there is a resale of the products or services and
19
20
    the resale by the contractor is subject to taxation at the
21
    highest rate under section 237-13; the gross income of the motor
22
    carrier is not divided as provided in the definition of "gross
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- 1 income" in section 239-2 for the tax imposed under this chapter
- 2 or chapter 237; and the gross income of the motor carrier from
- 3 the sale of its products or services to the contractor is not
- 4 subject to a deduction under chapter 237 by the contractor; and
- 5 in the case of services provided by the motor carrier, the
- 6 benefit of the service passes to the customer of the contractor
- 7 as an identifiable element of the contracting or service
- 8 provided by the contractor and does not constitute overhead as
- 9 defined in section 237-1.
- 10 The department shall have the authority to implement the
- 11 tax rate changes in paragraphs (1) through (7) by prescribing
- 12 tax forms and instructions that require tax reporting and
- 13 payment by deduction, allocation, or any other method to
- 14 determine tax liability with due regard to the tax rate changes.
- 15 For purposes of this subsection, "contractor" has the same
- 16 meaning as defined in section 237-6."
- 17 SECTION 11. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 18 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 19 SECTION 12. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2010,
- 20 and shall be repealed on June 30, 2015; provided that sections
- **21** 237-8.6, 237-13, 237-13.3, 237-18, 238-2, 238-2.3, 238-2.6,
- 22 239-5, and 239-6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, shall be reenacted in



- 1 the form in which they read on the day before the effective date
- 2 of this Act.

INTRODUCED BY:

uc KK. May

JAN 2 7 2010

Report Title:

General Excise, Use, Public Service Company Taxes; Wholesale Rates

Description:

Increases the "wholesale" rates under the general excise, use, and public service company taxes to one per cent from one-half per cent. Effective 7/1/10; repealed 6/30/15.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.