A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO HIGHWAY SAFETY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. The legislature finds that Act 171, Session
2	Laws of Hawaii 2008, established a state ignition interlock
3	program. The purpose of the program is to require drivers whose
4	licenses have been administratively revoked for, or who have
5	been convicted of, operating a vehicle under the influence of an
6	intoxicant to install an ignition interlock device on their
7	vehicles. The device will prevent these drivers from starting
8	or operating their vehicles when the driver has more than a
9	minimal alcohol concentration.
10	Act 171 also provided for the probationary supervision of
11	drivers convicted of operating a vehicle under the influence of
12	an intoxicant, stating:
13	This Act also provides for an extended period of
14	probation supervision of the driver while using
15	the ignition interlock device so that the person
16	cannot drink and drive during that period.
17	Attempts to do so will be recorded and reported
18	for appropriate action, including extensions of

1	the period of required ignition interlock device
2	use and other sanctions. Most importantly,
3	probation supervision, using test results and
4	other information generated by the device, can be
5	an important bridge to getting the driver into
6	treatment so that, once the device is removed,
7	the driver possesses the tools to refrain from
8	drinking and driving altogether.
9	Act 171 established an ignition interlock implementation
10	task force to study the issues surrounding implementation of the
11	program and to make recommendations to address them. The
12	ignition interlock implementation task force met numerous times
13	in committees and as a whole, had comprehensive discussions on a
14	multitude of issues relating to the implementation of the
15	ignition interlock program, and made recommendations for
16	statutory amendments necessary to implement the program.
17	The ignition interlock implementation task force also had
18	multiple discussions about probation supervision of convicted
19	offenders. These discussions resulted in a recommendation to
20	the legislature in 2009 that only second and third offenders be
21	supervised using a probationary model. The task force concluded
22	that these repeat offenders pose the greatest risk to themselves

- 1 and to the community because they have not shown a willingness
- 2 to change their behavior, despite intervention following their
- 3 first offense. This recommendation was adopted by the
- 4 legislature in Act 88, Session Laws of Hawaii 2009.
- 5 The legislature also finds, and the ignition interlock
- 6 implementation task force recognizes, that since the time Acts
- 7 171 and 88 established a probationary model of supervision for
- 8 convicted second and third offenders, the State's economy has
- 9 taken a significant downturn. While the ignition interlock
- 10 implementation task force still prefers the probationary model
- 11 of supervision for convicted second and third time offenders,
- 12 the task force also recognizes that the availability of
- 13 resources necessary for implementation of the probationary model
- 14 on January 1, 2011, is very uncertain, at best.
- 15 Accordingly, the ignition interlock implementation task
- 16 force amended its previous recommendation to the legislature and
- 17 proposed instead that probation be eliminated for convicted
- 18 second and third offenders and that an existing practice, known
- 19 as "proof of compliance," which is less intensive -- and less
- 20 expensive -- be used for all convicted offenders. The ignition
- 21 interlock implementation task force recommended that when the
- 22 State's fiscal outlook improves, the issue of probation for



1 convicted second and third offenders be revisited and 2 implemented. 3 The purpose of this Act is to make amendments to the State's ignition interlock law recommended by the ignition 4 5 interlock implementation task force pursuant to Act 171, Session Laws of Hawaii 2008. 6 7 SECTION 2. Chapter 291E, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended by adding three new sections to part IV to be 8 9 appropriately designated and to read as follows: 10 "§291E-A Circumvention of, or tampering with, an ignition interlock device by a person who has been restricted to 11 12 operating a vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device; 13 penalties. (a) No person whose driving privileges have been 14 restricted to operating a vehicle equipped with an ignition 15 interlock device shall knowingly: (1) Request, solicit, direct, or authorize another person 16 17 to blow into an ignition interlock device or start a 18 vehicle equipped with the device for the purposes of 19 providing an operable vehicle to a person who is

restricted by law to operating only a vehicle so

equipped; or

20

1	(2)	Tamper with an ignition interlock device with the
2		intent to render it inaccurate or inoperable.
3	(b)	Any person who violates subsection (a) shall be
4	sentenced	without possibility of probation or suspension of
5	sentence	as follows:
6	(1)	For a first offense, or any offense not preceded
7		within a five-year period by conviction under this
8		section or section 291E-62(a)(3):
9		(A) A term of imprisonment of not less than three
10		consecutive days but not more than thirty days;
11		(B) A fine of not less than \$250 but not more than
12		\$1,000; and
13		(C) Loss of the privilege to operate a vehicle
14		equipped with an ignition interlock device.
15	(2)	For an offense that occurs within five years of a
16	•	prior conviction for an offense under this section or
17		<pre>section 291E-62(a)(3):</pre>
18		(A) Thirty days imprisonment;
19	·	(B) A \$1,000 fine; and
20		(C) Loss of the privilege to operate a vehicle
21		equipped with an ignition interlock device.

1	(3)	For an offense that occurs within five years of two or
2		more prior convictions for offenses under this section
3		or section 291E-62(a)(3), or any combination thereof:
4		(A) One year imprisonment;
5		(B) A \$2,000 fine; and
6		(C) Loss of the privilege to operate a vehicle
7		equipped with an ignition interlock device.
8	<u>§291</u>	E-B Assisting or abetting the circumvention of, or
9	tampering	with, an ignition interlock device; penalties. (a)
10	No person	shall knowingly:
11	(1)	Blow into an ignition interlock device or start a
12		vehicle equipped with the device for the purposes of
13	,	providing an operable vehicle to a person who is
14		restricted by law to operating only a vehicle so
15		equipped;
16	(2)	Tamper with an ignition interlock device with the
17		intent to render it inaccurate or inoperable to permit
18		another person, who is restricted by law to operating
19		only a vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock
20		device, to operate the vehicle; or
21	(3)	Rent, lease, or lend a vehicle to a person who is
22	<u> ·</u>	restricted by law to operating only vehicles equipped

1	with an ignition interlock device, when the rented,
2	leased, or loaned vehicle is not equipped with a
3	functioning certified ignition interlock device.
4	(b) Subsection (a) shall not apply to any act taken for
5	the purpose of safety or mechanical repair of the device;
6	provided that the person who is restricted to operating only
7	vehicles equipped with an interlock device does not operate the
8	vehicle.
9.	(c) Any person who violates this section shall be fined:
10	(1) Not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned not more than
11	thirty days, or both, for a first offense; and
12	(2) Not less than \$500 but not more than \$1,000 or
13	imprisoned not more than one year, or both, if the
14	person has two or more prior convictions for this
15	offense in the preceding five year period.
16	§291E-C Ignition interlock user affordability. The
17	director of transportation shall contract with the selected
18	interlock vendor to provide partial financial relief on the
19	installation and the periodic calibration charges to offenders
20	who apply for such assistance and who are recipients, at the
21	time of license revocation or suspension, of benefits under the

supplemental nutrition assistance program or free services under 1 2 the Older Americans Act or Developmentally Disabled Act." SECTION 3. Section 286-133, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 3 4 amended to read as follows: 5 "§286-133 Unlawful to permit unauthorized person to drive. 6 (a) No person shall authorize or knowingly permit a motor 7 vehicle or moped owned by that person or under that person's 8 control to be driven upon any highway by any person who is not 9 authorized under law to drive the motor vehicle or moped. 10 (b) This section shall not apply to any person who 11 knowingly provides, lends, leases, or rents an operable vehicle, 12 which is equipped with an ignition interlock device, to a driver 13 whose driving privileges are restricted to operating vehicles 14 equipped with an ignition interlock device." SECTION 4. Section 287-20, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 15 16 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows: 17 "(a) Whenever a driver's license has been suspended or 18 revoked: 19 (1) Pursuant to section 291E-65 or part III of chapter 20 291E, except as provided in section [291E-41(f)] 291E-

41(e);

1	(2)	Upon a conviction of any offense pursuant to law[+].
2	,	except where the conduct giving rise to the instant
3		offense is also a violation of part III of chapter
4		291E and a requirement to furnish and maintain proof
5		of financial responsibility has already been imposed
6		pursuant to that part; or
7	(3)	In the case of minors, pursuant to part V of chapter
8		571,
9	the licen	se shall not at any time thereafter be issued to the
10	person wh	ose license has been suspended or revoked, nor shall
11	the perso	n thereafter operate a motor vehicle, unless and until
12	the perso	n has furnished and thereafter maintains proof of
13	financial	responsibility; provided that this section shall not
14	apply to	a license suspended pursuant to section 291E-61(b)(1)
15	or 291E-6	4(b)(1), any conviction of a moving violation, any
16	administr	ative license suspension pursuant to chapter 291A, or
17	the first	conviction within a five-year period for driving
18	without a	valid motor vehicle insurance policy.
19	This	subsection shall not apply to a suspension or
20	revocatio	n of a provisional license under section 286-102.6(d).
21	SECT	ION 5. Section 291E-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
22	amended a	s follows:

- 1. By adding a new definition to be appropriately inserted
- 2 and to read:
- 3 ""Valid license" means a license that:
- 4 (1) Is issued by an authorized licensing official in any
- 5 state;
- 6 (2) Authorizes an individual to operate a motor vehicle on
- 7 public_streets, roads, or highways; and
- 8 (3) Has not expired or been revoked, suspended, or
- 9 canceled."
- 10 2. By amending the definition of "ignition interlock
- 11 device" to read:
- ""Ignition interlock device" means a breath alcohol
- 13 ignition interlock device that is certified [by the director of
- 14 transportation and approved for use] pursuant to section 291E-6
- 15 and rules adopted thereunder that, when affixed to the ignition
- 16 system of a motor vehicle, prevents the vehicle from being
- 17 started without first testing, and thereafter from being
- 18 operated without periodically retesting, a deep-lung breath
- 19 sample of the person required to use the device that indicates
- 20 the person's alcohol concentration is less than .02."
- 21 3. By repealing the definition of "highly intoxicated
- 22 driver":

1	[" <u>"H</u>	ighly intoxicated driver" means a person whose
2	measurabl	e amount of alcohol is 0.15 or more grams of alcohol
3	per one h	undred milliliters or cubic centimeters of the person's
4	blood, or	0.15 or more grams of alcohol per two hundred ten
5	liters of	the person's breath."]
6	SECT	TION 6. Section 291E-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
7	amended t	o read as follows:
8	"§29	1E-3 Evidence of intoxication. (a) In any criminal
9	prosecuti	on for a violation of section 291E-61 or 291E-61.5 or
10	in any pr	oceeding under part III:
11	(1)	.08 or more grams of alcohol per one hundred
12		milliliters or cubic centimeters of the person's
13		blood;
14	(2)	.08 or more grams of alcohol per two hundred ten
15		liters of the person's breath; or
16	(3)	The presence of one or more drugs in an amount
17		sufficient to impair the person's ability to operate a
18		vehicle in a careful and prudent manner,
19	within th	ree hours after the time of the alleged violation as
20	shown by	chemical analysis or other approved analytical
21	technique	s of the person's blood, breath, or urine shall be

1	competent	evidence	that	the p	erson	was	under	the	influence	of	an
2	intoxicant	at the	time c	of the	alleg	ed v	violati	on.			

- 3 (b) In any criminal prosecution for a violation of section
- 4 291E-61 or 291E-61.5, the amount of alcohol found in the
- 5 defendant's blood or breath within three hours after the time of
- 6 the alleged violation as shown by chemical analysis or other
- 7 approved analytical techniques of the defendant's blood or
- 8 breath shall be competent evidence concerning whether the
- 9 defendant was under the influence of an intoxicant at the time
- 10 of the alleged violation and shall give rise to the following
- 11 presumptions:
- 12 (1) If there were .05 or less grams of alcohol per one
- hundred milliliters or cubic centimeters of
- 14 defendant's blood or .05 or less grams of alcohol per
- two hundred ten liters of defendant's breath, it shall
- 16 be presumed that the defendant was not under the
- influence of alcohol at the time of the alleged
- 18 violation; and
- 19 (2) If there were in excess of .05 grams of alcohol per
- 20 one hundred milliliters or cubic centimeters of
- 21 defendant's blood or .05 grams of alcohol per two
- 22 hundred ten liters of defendant's breath, but less



Ţ	than .u	grams of alcohol per one hundred milli	liters
2	or cubic	c centimeters of defendant's blood or .0	8 grams
3	of alcoh	nol per two hundred ten liters of defend	lant's
4	breath,	that fact may be considered with other	
5	competer	nt evidence in determining whether the	
6	defendar	nt was under the influence of alcohol at	the
7	time of	the alleged violation, but shall not of	itself
8	give ris	se to any presumption.	
9	[(c) In any	criminal prosecution for a violation of	<u>:</u>
10	section 291E-61 or	- in any proceeding under part III:	
11	(1) .15 or r	more grams of alcohol per one hundred	
12	millilit	ters or cubic centimeters of the person!	S
13	blood;	or	
14	(2) .15 or n	more grams of alcohol per two hundred to	:n
15	liters c	of the person's breath,	
16	within three hours	after the time of the alleged violation	n-as
17	shown by chemical	analysis or other approved analytical	
18	techniques of the	person's blood, breath, or urine shall	be
19	competent evidence	that the person was a highly intoxicat	.ed
20	driver at the time	e of the alleged violation.	
21	(d)] <u>(c)</u> Not	thing in this section shall be construed	. as
22	limiting the intro	oduction, in any criminal proceeding for	a

1	violation under section 291E-61 or 291E-61.5 or in any
2	proceeding under part III, of relevant evidence of a person's
3	alcohol concentration or drug content obtained more than three
4	hours after an alleged violation; provided that the evidence is
5	offered in compliance with the Hawaii rules of evidence."
6	SECTION 7. Section 291E-6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
7	amended to read as follows:
8	"§291E-6 Ignition interlock devices; certification. (a)
9	The director of transportation shall establish and administer a
10	statewide program relating to certification and monitoring of
11	ignition interlock devices installed pursuant to chapter 291E
12	and shall select a single vendor to install and maintain them.
13	(b) The program shall include standards and procedures for
14	the certification of ignition interlock devices installed
15	pursuant to chapter 291E. At a minimum, the standards shall
16	require that the devices:
17	(1) Be certified by [a nationally recognized certification
18	organization] an independent laboratory to meet or
19	exceed [all standards and specifications provided as]
20	the guidelines published by the National Highway
21	Traffic Safety Administration[. "Nationally
22	recognized certification organization" means a testing

1		+aboratory or analytical chemist not affiliated with a
2		manufacturer of ignition interlock devices that is
3		qualified to test ignition interlock devices or
4 *		reference samples and is approved by the United States
5		Department of Transportation. The nationally
6		recognized certification organization must be able to
7		administer performance tests of an ignition interlock
8		device or a sample provided by the vendor];
9	(2)	Operate using an alcohol-specific sensor technology;
10	(3)	Employ a digital camera by which a photograph of the
11		person using the device can be incorporated into the
12	`	electronic record generated by each use of the device;
13	(4)	Require a rolling retest by which the driver must,
14		within a specified period of time or distance driven
15		after starting the vehicle, be retested and found to
16		have an alcohol concentration of less than .02, with a
17		margin of error of .01; and
18	(5)	Generate a record of vehicle usage, including dates[7]
19	·	and times[, and distances] driven.
20	(c)	The program shall include standards and procedures for
21	the certi	fication of the vendor selected to install and maintain

1	ignition	interlock devices pursuant to chapter 291E. At a
2	minimum,	the standards shall require that the vendor:
3	(1)	Install only an ignition interlock device that is
4		certified pursuant to this section;
5	(2)	Offer or contract for ignition interlock device
6		installation and maintenance statewide;
7	(3)	Train drivers who are required to install an ignition
8		interlock device, pursuant to chapter 291E [or 804],
9		in how to use the device;
10	(4)	Schedule the driver for all necessary readings and
11		maintenance of the device; and
12	(5)	Provide periodic reports regarding the use of each
13		ignition interlock device installed pursuant to
14		chapter 291E, including incidents of test failure,
15		attempts to circumvent the device, and dates, times,
16		and distances the vehicle was driven.
17	(d)	The vendor selected for installation and maintenance
18	of igniti	ion interlock devices pursuant to chapter 291E shall be
19	(certific	ed] audited annually by the director of transportation
20	pursuant	to this section and the rules adopted thereunder. [The
21	vendor sl	hall pay a certification fee to the director of

transportation who shall deposit the fee into the ignition

1	interlock-special fund established pursuant to section 291E-5.
2	The director may require the vendor to pay for all or part of
3	the costs incurred in conducting the audit.
4	(e) The director of transportation shall adopt rules
5	pursuant to chapter 91 necessary for the purposes of this
6	section."
7	SECTION 8. Section 291E-7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
8	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
9	"(a) In addition to any other civil penalties ordered by
10	the court, a person who violates any offense under this part may
11	be ordered to pay a trauma system surcharge, provided that:
12	(1) The maximum of which may be \$10 if the violator is not
13	already required to pay a trauma system surcharge
14	pursuant to the violation of the offense;
15	(2) The maximum of which may be \$25 if the violation is ar
16	offense under [+]section[+] 291E-61(a)(1), 291E-
17	61(a)(3), or 291E-61(a)(4);
18	(3) The maximum of which may be \$50 if the violation is ar
19	offense under [+]section[+] 291E-61(a)(2) or 291E-61.5
20	or [the offense under [section] 291E-61(a)(3) or 291E-
21	61(a)(4) was committed by a highly intoxicated driver
22	as defined by section $291E-1$, or if the offense under

1	[-[]se	ection[+] 291E-61(a)(3) or 291E-61(a)(4) is a
2	secor	nd or subsequent offense that occurred within five
3	years	s of the first offense."
4	SECTION 9.	Section 291E-31, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
5	amended to read	d as follows:
6	"§291E-31	Notice of administrative revocation; effect. As
7	used in this pa	art, the notice of administrative revocation:
8	(1) Estak	olishes that the respondent's license and
9	privi	lege to operate a vehicle in the [State] state or
10	on or	in the waters of the State shall be terminated:
11	(A)	Thirty days after the date the notice of
12		administrative revocation is issued in the case
13		of an alcohol related offense;
14	(B)	Forty-four days after the date the notice of
15		administrative revocation is issued in the case
16		of a drug related offense; or
17	(C)	Such later date as is established by the director
18		under section 291E-38,
19	if th	ne director administratively revokes the
20	respo	ondent's license and privilege;
21	(2) Estab	olishes that the registration of any motor vehicle
22	regis	stered to a respondent who is a repeat intoxicated

1	`	driver [or a highly intoxicated driver] shall be
2		terminated thirty days after the date of an arrest
3		pursuant to section 291E-33(c);
4	(3)	Establishes the date on which administrative
5		revocation proceedings against the respondent were
6		initiated; [and]
7	(4)	Serves as a temporary permit, if applicable, to
8		operate a vehicle as provided in section 291E-33[-];
9		and
10	<u>(5)</u>	Notifies the respondent that the respondent shall keep
11		an ignition interlock device installed and operating
12		in any vehicle the respondent operates during the
13		revocation period if the respondent had a valid
14		license at the time of the arrest."
15	SECT	ION 10. Section 291E-33, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
16	amended by	y amending subsection (c) to read as follows:
17	"(C)	Whenever a respondent under this section is a repeat
18	intoxicate	ed driver [or highly intoxicated driver], the arresting
19	law enfor	cement officer shall take possession of the motor
20	vehicle re	egistration and, if the motor vehicle being driven by
21	the respon	ndent is registered to the respondent, remove the
22	number pla	ates and issue a temporary motor vehicle registration
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- 1 and temporary number plates for the motor vehicle. No temporary
- 2 motor vehicle registration or temporary number plates shall be
- 3 issued if the respondent's registration has expired or been
- 4 revoked. The applicable police department, upon determining
- 5 that the respondent is a repeat intoxicated driver [or highly
- 6 intoxicated driver], shall notify the appropriate county
- 7 director of finance to enter a stopper on the motor vehicle
- 8 registration files to prevent the respondent from conducting any
- 9 motor vehicle transactions, except as permitted under this
- 10 part."
- 11 SECTION 11. Section 291E-34, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 12 amended as follows:
- 13 1. By amending subsection (e) to read:
- "(e) The notice shall state that, if the respondent's
- 15 license and privilege to operate a vehicle, and motor vehicle
- 16 registration if applicable, are administratively revoked after
- 17 the review, a decision shall be mailed to the respondent, or to
- 18 the parent or guardian of the respondent if the respondent is
- 19 under the age of eighteen, that shall contain, at a minimum, the
- 20 following information:

1	(1)	The reasons why the respondent's license and privilege
2		to operate a vehicle, and motor vehicle registration
3		if applicable, were administratively revoked;
4	(2)	That the respondent may request the director, within
5		six days of the date the decision is mailed, to
6		schedule an administrative hearing to review the
7		administrative revocation;
8	(3)	That, if the respondent's request for an
9		administrative hearing is received by the director
10		within six days of the date the decision was mailed,
11		the hearing shall be scheduled to commence:
12		(A) No later than twenty-five days after the date of
13		the issuance of the notice of administrative
14		revocation in the case of an alcohol related
15		offense; and
16		(B) No later than thirty-nine days after the date of
17		the issuance of the notice of administrative
18		revocation in the case of a drug related offense;
19	(4)	The procedure to request an administrative hearing;
20	(5)	That failure to request an administrative hearing
21		within the time provided shall cause the
22		administrative revocation to take effect for the

T		period and under the conditions established by the
2		director in the decision;
3	(6)	That the respondent may regain the right to a hearing
4		by requesting the director, within sixty days after
5		the issuance of the notice of administrative
6		revocation, to schedule a hearing;
7	(7)	That the director shall schedule the hearing to
8		commence no later than thirty days after a request
9		under paragraph (6) is received, but that, except as
10		provided in section 291E-38(k), the temporary permit,
11		and temporary motor vehicle registration and temporary
12	•	number plates if applicable, shall not be extended if
13		the respondent fails to request an administrative
14		hearing within the initial six-day period provided for
15		that purpose;
16	(8)	That failure to attend the hearing shall cause the
17		administrative revocation to take effect for the
18		period and under the conditions indicated;
19	(9)	The duration of the administrative revocation and
20		other conditions that may be imposed, including[:]
21	•	referral to the driver's education program for an

1		assessment of the respondent's substance abuse or
2		dependence and the need for treatment; [and]
3	(10)	That, pursuant to section 291E-48, the director may
4		grant a special motor vehicle registration to a
5		qualified household member or to a co-owner of any
6		motor vehicle owned by the respondent, upon a
7		determination that the person is completely dependent
8		on the motor vehicle for the necessities of life;
9		provided that the special motor vehicle registration
10		shall not be valid for use by the respondent[+]; and
11	(11)	That the respondent shall obtain an ignition interlock
12		permit to operate a vehicle during the revocation
13		period if the respondent had a valid license at the
14		time of the arrest."
15	2. 1	By amending subsection (h) to read:
16	"(h)	The notice shall state that, if the administrative
17	revocation	n is sustained at the hearing, a written decision shall

21 (1) The effective date of the administrative revocation;

shall contain, at a minimum, the following information:

be mailed to the respondent, or to the parent or guardian of the

respondent if the respondent is under the age of eighteen, that

22 (2) The duration of the administrative revocation;



18

19

1	<u>(3)</u>	If applicable, the date by which any outstanding motor
2		vehicle number plates issued to the respondent must be
3		surrendered to the director;
4	(4)	If applicable, that failure to surrender any motor
5		vehicle number plates as required is a misdemeanor;
6	[-(3)-]	(5) Other conditions that may be imposed by law,
7		including the use of an ignition interlock device; and
8	[-(4) -]	(6) The right to obtain judicial review."
9	SECT	ION 12. Section 291E-38, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	amended b	y amending subsection (1) to read as follows:
11	"(1)	The director may grant a special motor vehicle
12	registrat	ion, pursuant to section 291E-48, to a qualified
13	household	member or a co-owner of any motor vehicle upon
14	determina	tion that [the]:
15	(1)	The person is completely dependent on the motor
16		vehicle for the necessities of life[+]; and
17	(2)	At the time of the application for a special motor
18		vehicle registration, the respondent does not have a
19		valid ignition interlock permit.
20	The speci	al motor vehicle registration shall not be valid for
21	use by th	e respondent."

- SECTION 13. Section 291E-41, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended to read as follows:

 "\$291E-41 Effective date and period of administrative revocation; criteria. (a) Unless an administrative revocation is reversed or the temporary permit [is], and temporary motor
- 6 vehicle registration and temporary number plates, if applicable,
- 7 are extended by the director, administrative revocation shall
- 8 become effective on the day specified in the notice of
- 9 administrative revocation. Except as provided in section [291E-
- 10 44, 291E-44.5, no license and privilege to operate a vehicle
- 11 shall be restored under any circumstances during the
- 12 administrative revocation period. Upon completion of the
- 13 administrative revocation period, the respondent may reapply and
- 14 be reissued a license pursuant to section 291E-45.
- (b) Except as provided in paragraph (5) and in section
- 16 291E-44.5, the respondent shall keep an ignition interlock
- 17 device installed and operating [on] in any vehicle the
- 18 respondent operates during the revocation period. [Except-as
- 19 provided in section 291E-5, installation and
- 20 maintenance of the ignition interlock device shall be at the
- 21 respondent's own expense. The periods of administrative
- 22 revocation with respect to a license and privilege to operate a



1	venicie,	and motor venicle registration if applicable, that
2	shall be	imposed under this part are as follows:
3	(1)	A one year revocation of license and privilege to
4		operate a vehicle, if the respondent's record shows no
5		prior alcohol enforcement contact or drug enforcement
6		contact during the five years preceding the date the
7		notice of administrative revocation was issued;
8	(2)	An eighteen month revocation of license and privilege
9		to operate a vehicle[$_{ au}$] and of the registration of any
10		motor vehicle registered to the respondent, if the
11		respondent's record shows one prior alcohol
12		enforcement contact or drug enforcement contact during
13		the five years preceding the date the notice of
14		administrative revocation was issued;
15	(3)	A two-year revocation of license and privilege to
16	`	operate a vehicle[-] and of the registration of any
17		motor vehicle registered to the respondent, if the
18		respondent's record shows two prior alcohol
19		enforcement contacts or drug enforcement contacts
20		during the five years preceding the date the notice of
21		administrative revocation was issued;

-	(-)	in militarium of 2200 years up to a maritman of terr years
2		revocation of license and privilege to operate a
3		vehicle[-] and of the registration of any motor
4		vehicle registered to the respondent, if the
5		respondent's record shows three or more prior alcohol
6		enforcement contacts or drug enforcement contacts
7		during the [five] ten years preceding the date the
8		notice of administrative revocation was issued; or
9	(5)	For respondents under the age of eighteen years who
10		were arrested for a violation of section 291E-61 or
11		291E-61.5, revocation of license and privilege to
12		operate a vehicle for the appropriate revocation
13		period provided in paragraphs (1) to (4) or in
14		subsection [(c);] <u>(d);</u> provided that the respondent
15		shall be prohibited from driving during the period
16		preceding the respondent's eighteenth birthday and
17		shall thereafter be subject to the ignition interlock
18		requirement of this subsection for the balance of the
19		revocation period;
20	(6)	For respondents, other than those excepted pursuant to
21		section 291E-44.5(b), who do not install an ignition
22		interlock device in [the respondent's vehicle] any

T	venicle the respondent operates during the revocation
2	period, revocation of license and privilege to operate
3	a vehicle for the period of revocation provided in
4	paragraphs (1) to (5) or in subsection $[\frac{(c)}{(c)}]$
5	provided that:
6	(A) The respondent shall be absolutely prohibited
7	from driving during the revocation period and
8	subject to the penalties provided by section
9	291E-62 if the respondent drives during the
10	revocation period; and
11	(B) The director shall not issue an ignition
12	interlock permit to the respondent pursuant to
13	section 291E-44.5;
14	provided that when more than one administrative revocation,
15	suspension, or conviction arises out of the same arrest, it
16	shall be counted as only one prior alcohol enforcement contact
17	or drug enforcement contact, whichever revocation, suspension,
18	or conviction occurs later.
19	(c) Whenever a motor vehicle registration is revoked under
20	this part, the director shall cause the revocation to be entered
21	electronically into the motor vehicle registration file of the
22	respondent.

1	$[\frac{(c)}{(c)}]$ If a respondent has refused to be tested after
2	being informed:
3	(1) That the person may refuse to submit to testing in
4	compliance with section 291E-11; and
5	(2) Of the sanctions of this part and then asked if the
6	person still refuses to submit to a breath, blood, or
7	urine test, in compliance with the requirements of
8	section 291E-15,
9	the revocation imposed under subsection (b)(1), (2), (3), or (4)
10	shall be for a period of two years, three years, four years, and
11	ten years, respectively.
12	[(d)] <u>(e)</u> Whenever a license and privilege to operate a
13	vehicle is administratively revoked under this part, the
14	respondent shall be referred to the driver's education program
15	for an assessment, by a certified substance abuse counselor, of
16	the respondent's substance abuse or dependence and the need for
17	treatment. The counselor shall submit a report with
18	recommendations to the director. If the counselor's assessment
19	establishes that the extent of the respondent's substance abuse
20	or dependence warrants treatment, the director shall so order.
21	All costs for assessment and treatment shall be paid by the
22	respondent.

1	[-(e) -] <u>(f)</u> Alcohol and drug enforcement contacts that
2	occurred	prior to January 1, 2002, shall be counted in
3	determini	ng the administrative revocation period.
4	[(£)	.] (g) The requirement to provide proof of financial
5	responsib	ility pursuant to section 287-20 shall not be based
6	upon a re	vocation under subsection (b)(1)."
7	SECT	ION 14. Section 291E-44.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
8	amended b	y amending subsections (a) and (b) to read as follows:
9	"(a)(1)	Except as provided in paragraph (2), upon proof that
10		the respondent has installed an ignition interlock
11		device in the respondent's vehicle, the director shall
12		issue an ignition interlock permit that will allow the
13		respondent to drive a vehicle equipped with an
14		ignition interlock device during the revocation
15		period; or
16	(2)	Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the
17		director shall not issue an ignition interlock permit
18		to:
19		(A) A respondent whose license is expired, suspended,
20		or revoked as a result of action other than the
21		instant revocation; [or]

1	<u>'</u>	(B) A respondent who does not hold a valid license at
2		the time of arrest for the violation of section
3		291E-61; or
4	[-4	(B) (C) A respondent who holds either a category 4
5		license under section 286-102(b) or a commercial
6		driver's license under section 286-239(b) unless
7		the ignition interlock permit is restricted to a
8		category 1, 2, or 3 license under section 286-
9		102(b).
10	(b) (1)	$[\overline{\text{The}}]$ Except as provided in subsection (a)(2), the
11	(director may issue a separate permit authorizing a
12	ī	respondent to operate a vehicle owned by the
13		respondent's employer during the period of revocation
14	7	without installation of an ignition interlock device
15	:	if the respondent is gainfully employed in a position
16	1	that requires driving and the respondent will be
17	(discharged if prohibited from driving a vehicle not
. 18	•	equipped with an ignition interlock device.
19	(2)	A request made pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be
20	ć	accompanied by:
21		(A) A sworn statement from the respondent containing
22		facts establishing that the respondent currently

1		is employed in a position that requires driving
2		and that the respondent will be discharged if
3		prohibited from driving a vehicle not equipped
4		with an ignition interlock device; and
5	(B)	A sworn statement from the respondent's employer
6		establishing that the employer will, in fact,
7		discharge the respondent if the respondent is
8		prohibited from driving a vehicle not equipped
9		with an ignition interlock device and identifying
10		the specific vehicle and hours of the day the
11		respondent will drive, not to exceed twelve hours
12		per day, for purposes of employment."
13	SECTION 1	5. Section 291E-45, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
14	amended by ame	nding subsection (b) to read as follows:
15	"(b) To	be eligible for reregistration of a motor vehicle,
16	if applicable,	after a period of administrative revocation has
17	expired, the p	erson shall:
18	(1) Subm	it proof to the director of compliance with all
19	cond	itions imposed by the director;
20	(2) Obta	in a certified statement from the director
21	indi	cating eligibility for registration of a motor
22	vehi	cle;

1	(3) Present the certified statement to the [appropriate
2	county] director of [finance;] the appropriate county
3	agency; and
4	(4) Successfully complete each requirement, as provided in
5	chapter 286, for obtaining a new certificate of
6	registration for a motor vehicle in this State,
7	including payment of all applicable fees."
8	SECTION 16. Section 291E-48, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
9	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
10	"(a) Anytime after the effective date of revocation or
11	after the administrative hearing decision is mailed pursuant to
12	section 291E-38(j), a qualified household member or co-owner of
13	a motor vehicle with a respondent who has had a motor vehicle
14	registration revoked under this part may submit a sworn
15	statement to the director requesting a special motor vehicle
16	registration. The director may grant the request upon
17	determining that the following conditions have been met:
18	(1) The applicant is a household member of the
19	respondent's or a co-owner of the vehicle;
20	(2) The applicant has a license that has not expired or
21	been suspended or revoked;

1	(3)	The applicant is completely dependent on the motor			
2		vehicle for the necessities of life; [and]			
3	(4)	The director finds that the applicant will take			
4		reasonable precautions to ensure that the respondent			
5		will not drive the vehicle[-]; and			
6	<u>(5)</u>	The respondent does not have a valid ignition			
7		interlock permit.			
8	A person	to whom a special motor vehicle registration has been			
9	granted shall apply to the appropriate county director of				
10	finance f	or special series number plates, as provided in section			
11	249-9.4."				
12	SECT	ION 17. Section 291E-61, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is			
13	amended to read as follows:				
14	"§29	1E-61 Operating a vehicle under the influence of an			
15	intoxican	t. (a) A person commits the offense of operating a			
16	vehicle u	nder the influence of an intoxicant if the person			
17	operates	or assumes actual physical control of a vehicle:			
18	(1)	While under the influence of alcohol in an amount			
19		sufficient to impair the person's normal mental			
20		faculties or ability to care for the person and guard			
21		against casualty;			

•	(2)	AATTTT	e ander the initiative of any aray that impairs the
2		pers	on's ability to operate the vehicle in a careful
3		and :	orudent manner;
4	. (3)	With	.08 or more grams of alcohol per two hundred ten
5		lite	rs of breath; or
6	(4)	With	.08 or more grams of alcohol per one hundred
7		mill	iliters or cubic centimeters of blood.
8	(b)	A pe	rson committing the offense of operating a vehicle
9	under the	infl	uence of an intoxicant shall be sentenced without
10	possibilit	y of	probation or suspension of sentence as follows:
11	(1)	For	the first offense, or any offense not preceded
12		with	in a five-year period by a conviction for an
13		offe	nse under this section or section 291E-4(a):
14		(A)	A fourteen-hour minimum substance abuse
15			rehabilitation program, including education and
16		٠	counseling, or other comparable program deemed
17			appropriate by the court;
18		(B)	One-year revocation of license and privilege to
19			operate a vehicle during the revocation period
20		•	and installation during the revocation period of
21			an ignition interlock device on any vehicle
22			operated by the person;

1	(C) Any one or more of the following:	
2	(i) Seventy-two hours of community serv	vice work;
3	(ii) Not less than forty-eight hours and	d not more
4	than five days of imprisonment; or	
5	(iii) A fine of not less than \$150 but no	ot more
6	than \$1,000;	
7	(D) A surcharge of \$25 to be deposited into	the
8	neurotrauma special fund; and	
9	(E) May be charged a surcharge of up to \$25	to be
10	deposited into the trauma system special	l fund if
11	the court so orders;	
12	(2) For an offense that occurs within five years	of a
13	prior conviction for an offense under this se	ection or
14	section 291E-4(a)[, and notwithstanding sect:	ion-706-
15	623, by probation for not less than eighteen	months
16	nor more than two years on the following cond	ditions]:
17	(A) Revocation for not less than eighteen mo	onths nor
18	more than two years of license and privi	ilege to
19	operate a vehicle during the [probation]]
20	revocation period and installation during	ng the
21	[probation] revocation period of an ign:	ition

1			interlock device on any vehicle operated by the
2			person;
3		(B)	Either one of the following:
4			(i) Not less than two hundred forty hours of
5			community service work; or
6			(ii) Not [more] less than five days but not more
7			than thirty days of imprisonment, of which
8			at least forty-eight hours shall be served
9			consecutively;
10		(C)	A fine of not less than \$500 but not more than
11			\$1,500;
12		(D)	A surcharge of \$25 to be deposited into the
13			neurotrauma special fund; and
14		(E)	[May be charged a] \underline{A} surcharge of up to \$50 $\underline{\text{if}}$
15			the court so orders, to be deposited into the
16			trauma system special fund [if the court so
17	•		orders];
18	(3)	For	an offense that occurs within five years of two
19		prio	or convictions for offenses under this section or
20		sect	tion 291E-4(a)[, and notwithstanding section 706
21		623 ,	by probation for two years on the following
22		cone	ditions]:

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1		(A)	A fine of not less than \$500 but not more than
2			\$2,500;
3		(B)	Revocation for two years of license and privilege
4			to operate a vehicle during the [probation]
5			revocation period and installation during the
6			[probation] revocation period of an ignition
7		,	interlock device on any vehicle operated by the
8			person;
9		(C)	[Up to five] Not less than ten days but not more
10			than thirty days imprisonment, of which at least
11			forty-eight hours shall be served consecutively;
12		(D)	A surcharge of \$25 to be deposited into the
13			neurotrauma special fund; and
14		(E)	[May be charged a] A surcharge of up to \$50 if
15			the court so orders, to be deposited into the
16	*.		trauma system special fund [if the court so
17			orders];
18	(4)	In a	ddition to a sentence imposed under paragraphs (1)
19		thro	ough (3), any person eighteen years of age or older
20		who	is convicted under this section and who operated a
21		vehi	cle with a passenger, in or on the vehicle, who
22		was	younger than fifteen years of age, shall be

1		sentenced to an additional mandatory fine of \$500 and
2		an additional mandatory term of imprisonment of forty-
3		eight hours; provided that the total term of
4	- ,	imprisonment for a person convicted under this
5		paragraph shall not exceed the maximum term of
6		imprisonment provided in paragraph (1), (2), or (3),
7		as applicable. Notwithstanding [paragraph] paragraphs
8		(1) and (2), the [probation] revocation period for a
9		person sentenced under this paragraph shall be not
10		less than two years; and
11	(5)	If the person demonstrates to the court that the
12		person:
13	•	(A) Does not own or have the use of a vehicle in
14		which the person can install an ignition
15		interlock device during the [probation]
16		revocation period; or
17		(B) Is otherwise unable to drive during the
18		[probation] revocation period,
19	the person	n shall be absolutely prohibited from driving during
20	the period	d of [probation] <u>applicable revocation</u> provided in
21	paragraph	s (1) to (4); provided that the court shall not issue
22	an igniti	on interlock permit pursuant to subsection (i) and the
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- 1 person shall be subject to the penalties provided by section
- 2 291E-62 if the person drives during the [probation] applicable
- 3 revocation period.
- 4 (c) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the
- 5 court shall not issue an ignition interlock permit to:
- 6 (1) A defendant whose license is expired, suspended, or
- 7 revoked as a result of action other than the instant
- 8 offense; [er]
- 9 (2) A defendant who does not hold a valid license at the
- time of the instant offense; or
- 11 $[\frac{(2)}{(2)}]$ (3) A defendant who holds either a category 4 license
- under section 286-102(b) or a commercial driver's
- license under section 286-239(b), unless the ignition
- interlock permit is restricted to a category 1, 2, or
- 15 3 license under section 286-102(b).
- (d) [The] Except as provided in subsection (c), the court
- 17 may issue a separate permit authorizing a defendant to operate a
- 18 vehicle owned by the defendant's employer during the period of
- 19 revocation without installation of an ignition interlock device
- 20 if the defendant is gainfully employed in a position that
- 21 requires driving and the defendant will be discharged if

1	prohibited	from	driving	a	vehicle	not	equipped	with	an	ignition

2 interlock device.

accompanied by:

3 (e) A request made pursuant to subsection (d) shall be

(1) A sworn statement from the defendant containing facts establishing that the defendant currently is employed in a position that requires driving and that the defendant will be discharged if prohibited from driving a vehicle not equipped with an ignition interlock device; and

establishing that the employer will, in fact,
discharge the defendant if the defendant is prohibited
from driving a vehicle not equipped with an ignition
interlock device and identifying the specific vehicle
and hours of the day, not to exceed twelve hours per
day, the defendant will drive for purposes of
employment.

(f) A permit issued pursuant to subsection (d) shall include restrictions allowing the defendant to drive:

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1	(1)	Only during specified hours of employment, not to
2		exceed twelve hours per day, and only for activities
3		solely within the scope of the employment;
4	(2)	Only the vehicle specified; and
5	(3)	Only if the permit is kept in the defendant's
6		possession while operating the employer's vehicle.
7	(g)	Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, any:
8,	(1)	Conviction under this section, section 291E-4(a), or
9	•	section 291E-61.5;
10	(2)	Conviction in any other state or federal jurisdiction
11		for an offense that is comparable to operating or
12		being in physical control of a vehicle while having
13		either an unlawful alcohol concentration or an
14		unlawful drug content in the blood or urine or while
15		under the influence of an intoxicant or habitually
16		operating a vehicle under the influence of an
17		intoxicant; or
18	(3)	Adjudication of a minor for a law violation that, if
19		committed by an adult, would constitute a violation of
20		this section or an offense under section 291E-4(a), or
21		section 291E-61.5;

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- 1 shall be considered a prior conviction for the purposes of
- 2 imposing sentence under this section. Any judgment on a verdict
- 3 or a finding of guilty, a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, or
- 4 an adjudication, in the case of a minor, that at the time of the
- 5 offense has not been expunged by pardon, reversed, or set aside
- 6 shall be deemed a prior conviction under this section. No
- 7 license and privilege [suspension or] revocation shall be
- 8 imposed pursuant to this section if the person's license and
- 9 privilege to operate a vehicle has previously been
- 10 administratively revoked pursuant to part III for the same act;
- 11 provided that, if the administrative [suspension or] revocation
- 12 is subsequently reversed, the person's license and privilege to
- 13 operate a vehicle shall be [suspended or] revoked as provided in
- 14 this section. There shall be no requirement for the
- 15 installation of an ignition interlock device pursuant to this
- 16 section if the requirement has previously been imposed pursuant
- 17 to part III for the same act; provided that, if the requirement
- 18 is subsequently reversed, a requirement for the installation of
- 19 an ignition interlock device shall be imposed as provided in
- 20 this section.
- 21 (h) Whenever a court sentences a person pursuant to
- 22 subsection (b), it also shall require that the offender be



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1	referred	to	the	driver's	education	program	for	an	assessment,	рy

- 2 a certified substance abuse counselor, of the offender's
- 3 substance abuse or dependence and the need for appropriate
- 4 treatment. The counselor shall submit a report with
- 5 recommendations to the court. The court shall require the
- 6 offender to obtain appropriate treatment if the counselor's
- 7 assessment establishes the offender's substance abuse or
- 8 dependence. All costs for assessment and treatment shall be
- 9 borne by the offender.
- (i) Upon proof that the defendant has [installed]:
- 11 (1) Installed an ignition interlock device in [the
- 12 defendant's any vehicle the defendant operates
- 13 pursuant to subsection (b) $[\tau]$; and
- 14 (2) Motor vehicle insurance or self-insurance that
- 15 complies with the requirements under either section
- 16 431:10C-104 or section 431:10C-105;
- 17 the court shall issue an ignition interlock permit that will
- 18 allow the defendant to drive a vehicle equipped with an ignition
- 19 interlock device during the revocation period.
- 20 (j) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary,
- 21 whenever a court revokes a person's driver's license pursuant to
- 22 this section, the examiner of drivers shall not grant to the



- 1 person a new driver's license until the expiration of the period
- 2 of revocation determined by the court. After the period of
- 3 revocation is completed, the person may apply for and the
- 4 examiner of drivers may grant to the person a new driver's
- 5 license.
- 6 (k) Any person sentenced under this section may be ordered
- 7 to reimburse the county for the cost of any blood or urine tests
- 8 conducted pursuant to section 291E-11. The court shall order
- 9 the person to make restitution in a lump sum, or in a series of
- 10 prorated installments, to the police department or other agency
- 11 incurring the expense of the blood or urine test. Except as
- 12 provided in section 291E-5, installation and maintenance of the
- 13 ignition interlock device required by subsection (b) shall be at
- 14 the defendant's own expense.
- 15 [(1) The requirement to provide proof of financial
- 16 responsibility pursuant to section 287 20 shall not be based
- 17 upon a sentence imposed under subsection (b) (1).
- 18 (m) (1) As used in this section, the term "examiner of
- 19 drivers has the same meaning as provided in section 286-2.
- 20 SECTION 18. Section 291E-62, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 21 amended to read as follows:

- 1 "§291E-62 Operating a vehicle after license and privilege have been suspended or revoked for operating a vehicle under the 2 3 influence of an intoxicant; penalties. (a) No person whose 4 license and privilege to operate a vehicle have been revoked, suspended, or otherwise restricted pursuant to this section or 5 to part III or section 291E-61 or 291E-61.5, or to part VII or 6 part XIV of chapter 286 or section 200-81, 291-4, 291-4.4, 291-7 8 4.5, or 291-7 as those provisions were in effect on December 31, 9 2001, shall operate or assume actual physical control of any 10 vehicle: In violation of any restrictions placed on the 11 (1)12 person's license; 13 While the person's license or privilege to operate a (2) 14 vehicle remains suspended or revoked; or Without installing an ignition interlock device 15 (3) 16 required by this chapter[- or **17** (4) After disabling or circumventing an ignition interlock
- 19 (b) Any person convicted of violating this section shall
 20 be sentenced as follows[+] without possibility of probation or
 21 suspension of sentence:

device required by this chapter].

18

1	(1)	For a first offense, or any offense not preceded
2		within a five-year period by conviction for an offense
3		under this section, or section 291E-A, or under
4		section 291-4.5 as that section was in effect on
5		December 31, 2001:
6		(A) A term of imprisonment of not less than three
7		consecutive days but not more than thirty days;
8		(B) A fine of not less than \$250 but not more than
9		\$1,000; [and]
10		(C) Revocation of license and privilege to operate a
11		vehicle for an additional year; and
12		(D) Loss of the privilege to operate a vehicle
13		equipped with an ignition interlock device, if
14		applicable;
15	(2)	For an offense that occurs within five years of a
16		prior conviction for an offense under this section, or
17	ć	section 291E-A, or under section 291-4.5 as that
18		section was in effect on December 31, 2001:
19		(A) Thirty days imprisonment;
20		(B) A \$1,000 fine; [and]
21		(C) Revocation of license and privilege to operate a
22		vehicle for an additional two years; and

1		<u>(D)</u>	Loss of the privilege to operate a vehicle
2			equipped with an ignition interlock device, if
3			applicable;
4		<u>and</u>	
5	(3)	For	an offense that occurs within five years of two or
6		more	prior convictions for offenses under this
7		sect	ion, section 291E-A, or under section 291-4.5 as
8		that	section was in effect on December 31, 2001[+], or
9	}	any	combination thereof:
10		(A)	One year imprisonment;
11		(B)	A \$2,000 fine; [and]
12		(C)	Permanent revocation of the person's license and
13			privilege to operate a vehicle[+]; and
14		(D)	Loss of the privilege to operate a vehicle
15	,		equipped with an ignition interlock device, if
16			applicable.
17	[The peri c	od o £	revocation shall commence upon the release of the
18	person fro	om-th	e period of imprisonment imposed pursuant to this
19	section.]		1
20	(c)	The_	applicable period of revocation in subsection (b)
21	shall com	mence	upon the release of the person from the period of
22	imprisonme	ent i	mposed pursuant to this section."
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- 1 SECTION 19. Section 706-623, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 amended by amending subsection (1) to read as follows: 3 "(1) When the court has sentenced a defendant to be placed 4 on probation, the period of probation shall be as follows, 5 unless the court enters the reason therefor on the record and 6 sentences the defendant to a shorter period of probation: 7 Ten years upon conviction of a class A felony; (a) 8 (b) Five years upon conviction of a class B or class C 9 felony; 10 (c) One year upon conviction of a misdemeanor; except that 11 upon a conviction under section 586-4, 586-11, or 709-12 906, the court may sentence the defendant to a period of probation not exceeding two years; or 13 14 (d) [Except as provided in paragraph (e), six] Six months 15 upon conviction of a petty misdemeanor; provided that 16 up to one year may be imposed upon a finding of good **17** cause[; or 18 (e) Eighteen months to two years upon conviction under 19 section 291E-61(b)(2), and two years upon a conviction 20 under section 291E-61(b)(3)]. The court, on application of a probation officer, on application 21
 - of the defendant, or on its own motion, may discharge the HB2752 HD3 HMS 2010-2296



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1	derendant at a	ny time. Prior to granting early discharge, the
2	court shall af	ford the prosecuting attorney an opportunity to be
3	heard. The te	rms of probation provided in this part, other than
4	in this sectio	n, shall not apply to sentences of probation
5	imposed under	section 706-606.3."
6	SECTION 2	0. Section 853-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
7	amended to rea	d as follows:
8	"§853 -4	Chapter not applicable; when. This chapter shall
9	not apply when	:
10	(1) The	offense charged involves the intentional, knowing,
11	reck	less, or negligent killing of another person;
12	(2) The	offense charged is:
13	(A)	A felony that involves the intentional, knowing,
14		or reckless bodily injury, substantial bodily
15		injury, or serious bodily injury of another
16		person; or
17	(B)	A misdemeanor or petty misdemeanor that carries a
18		mandatory minimum sentence and that involves the
19		intentional, knowing, or reckless bodily injury,
20		substantial bodily injury, or serious bodily
21		injury of another person;

1	(3)	The offense charged involves a conspiracy or
2		solicitation to intentionally, knowingly, or
3		recklessly kill another person or to cause serious
4		bodily injury to another person;
5	(4)	The offense charged is a class A felony;
6	(5)	The offense charged is nonprobationable;
7	(6)	The defendant has been convicted of any offense
8		defined as a felony by the Hawaii Penal Code or has
9		been convicted for any conduct that if perpetrated in
10		this State would be punishable as a felony;
11	(7)	The defendant is found to be a law violator or
12		delinquent child for the commission of any offense
13		defined as a felony by the Hawaii Penal Code or for
14		any conduct that if perpetrated in this State would
15		constitute a felony;
16	(8)	The defendant has a prior conviction for a felony
17		committed in any state, federal, or foreign
18		jurisdiction;
19	(9)	A firearm was used in the commission of the offense
20		charged;
21	(10)	The defendant is charged with the distribution of a
22		dangerous, harmful, or detrimental drug to a minor;

1	(11)	The defendant has been charged with a felony offense
2		and has been previously granted deferred acceptance of
3		guilty plea status for a prior offense, regardless of
4		whether the period of deferral has already expired;
5	(12)	The defendant has been charged with a misdemeanor
6		offense and has been previously granted deferred
7		acceptance of guilty plea status for a prior felony,
8		misdemeanor, or petty misdemeanor for which the period
9		of deferral has not yet expired;
10	(13)	The offense charged is:
11		(A) Escape in the first degree;
12		(B) Escape in the second degree;
13		(C) Promoting prison contraband in the first degree;
14		(D) Promoting prison contraband in the second degree;
- 15		(E) Bail jumping in the first degree;
16		(F) Bail jumping in the second degree;
17		(G) Bribery;
18		(H) Bribery of a witness;
19		(I) Intimidating a witness;
20		(J) Bribery of or by a juror;
21		(K) Intimidating a juror;
22		(L) Jury tampering;

1		(M)	Promoting prostitution in the first degree;
2		(N)	Promoting prostitution in the second degree;
3		(0)	Promoting prostitution in the third degree;
4		(P)	Abuse of family or household members;
5		(Q)	Sexual assault in the second degree;
6		(R)	Sexual assault in the third degree;
7		(S)	A violation of an order issued pursuant to
8			chapter 586;
9		(T)	Promoting child abuse in the second degree;
10		(U)	Promoting child abuse in the third degree;
11 ,		(V)	Electronic enticement of a child in the first
12			degree; or
13		`(W)	Electronic enticement of a child in the second
14			degree; [or
15		(X)	An offense under part IV, chapter 291E;
16	(14)	The	defendant has been charged with:
17		(A)	Knowingly or intentionally falsifying any report
18			required under chapter 11, subpart B of part XII
19			with the intent to circumvent the law or deceive
20			the campaign spending commission; or
21		(B)	Violating section 11-201 or 11-202; or

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1	(15) The defendant holds a commercial driver's license and
2	has been charged with violating a traffic control law,
3	other than a parking law, in connection with the
4	operation of any type of motor vehicle.
5	The court may adopt by rule other criteria in this area."
6	SECTION 21. In codifying the new sections added by section
7	2 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall substitute
8	appropriate section numbers for the letters used in designating
9	the new sections in this Act.
10	SECTION 22. This Act does not affect rights and duties
11	that matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that
12	were begun before its effective date.
13	SECTION 23. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
14	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

SECTION 24. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2020.

Report Title:

Highway Safety; Ignition Interlock Program

Description:

Enacts the recommendations of the Ignition Interlock Implementation Task Force made pursuant to Act 171, Session Laws of Hawaii 2008. Effective July 1, 2020. (HB2752 HD3)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.