#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO PSYCHOLOGISTS.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 The legislature finds that there is limited SECTION 1. 2 access to mental health care treatment services for citizens in the rural areas of the State. The delivery of comprehensive, 3 accessible, and affordable mental health medical care may be 4 5 enhanced by providing trained medical psychologists, licensed in Hawaii, with limited prescriptive authority for the specific 6 7 purpose of providing care in federally qualified health centers. 8 The legislature has previously authorized prescription 9 privileges to advanced practice registered nurses, optometrists, dentists, podiatrists, osteopaths, and physician assistants. 10

Psychologists with appropriate credentials have been allowed to prescribe medications to active duty military personnel and their families in federal facilities and the Indian Health Service for years. Recently, Louisiana and New Mexico adopted legislation authorizing prescriptive authority for qualified psychologists without regard to the service setting.



Since 2000, fourteen psychologists in Hawaii, have received 1 psychopharmacological training through the Tripler Army Medical 2 Center, Native Hawaiian Psychology Training Program. These 3 psychologists actively collaborate with primary care physicians 4 to provide combined therapy and psychopharmacological care to a 5 medically underserved patient population at seven federally 6 qualified health centers at the Bay Clinic on the island of 7 Hawaii; Hana, Maui; in Waianae, Kalihi-Palama, and Waimanalo on 8 Oahu; and on Molokai and Kauai, as well as two native Hawaiian 9 healthcare systems clinics located in federally designated 10 medically underserved areas on Kauai and Molokai. 11

To date, thousands of native Hawaiians and other ethnic 12 minorities have received the necessary combined therapy and 13 psychopharmacological care that was sorely lacking to address 14 significant mental and behavioral health care needs. For 15 example, psychologists at the Waianae Coast Comprehensive Health 16 Center completed approximately three thousand eight hundred 17 forty patient encounters in 2004; seventy per cent of these 18 patients received necessary psychotropic medication for the 19 20 treatment of mental illness. Psychologists in several federally qualified health centers in the State have formed successful 21



Page 3

## collaborative relationships with primary care physicians for mental health treatment of the underserved.

H.B. NO. 257\_

Psychologists are licensed health professionals with an 3 4 average of seven years of post-baccalaureate study and three thousand hours of post-graduate supervised practice in the 5 6 diagnosis and treatment of mental illness. Because the current scope of psychologists' practice does not include prescribing 7 medications, patients must consult with and pay for another 8 healthcare provider to obtain the requisite prescription. 9 However, physicians are not readily available in some areas and 10 11 for some populations.

This is a particular hardship for patients of the federally 12 qualified health centers on Oahu and the neighbor islands. 13 Patients of federally qualified health centers include the 14 15 uninsured (thirty-six per cent), the poor (fifty-six per cent), native Hawaiians (twenty-seven per cent, sixty per cent in rural 16 areas), other Pacific Islanders (seven per cent), and the 17 homeless (five per cent). Timely, efficient, and cost-effective 18 19 treatment of mental illnesses in federally qualified health centers could avoid the significantly greater social, economic, 20 21 and medical costs of delayed treatment or non-treatment for 22 these underserved populations.



## H.B. NO. 252

1 Research data soundly demonstrates that there are not 2 enough prescribing mental health care providers available to 3 serve the needs of all the people in Hawaii. Further, the 4 economically disadvantaged and medically underserved would 5 receive little or no mental health services if not for the 6 federally qualified health centers and the services provided by 7 clinical psychologists. At present, only three federally 8 qualified health centers have psychiatrists on staff. In 9 contrast, 2004 data from the Hawaii Primary Care Association 10 indicates that there are 9.71 psychologists employed in full- or part-time positions to provide mental and behavioral health 11 12 service in nine of the thirteen federally qualified health centers. The most recent expansion of these services has 13 14 occurred within the short span of four years.

15 Since 1988, federal law has recognized the extraordinarily poor health of native Hawaiians. In Hawaii, native Hawaiians 16 17 have the highest rate of untreated medical and psychological concerns, and higher rates than other indigenous and minority 18 19 individuals in the United States. Recent concerns include the impact of the crystal methamphetamine epidemic and related 20 substance abuse issues such as those occurring in Waianae, 21 22 Molokai, and Waimanalo. This epidemic, coupled with the



## H.B. NO. 252

5

1 economic and cultural distress of the native Hawaiian 2 population, has created unprecedented demands for services from 3 an already overtaxed mental health system. Further exacerbating the dire need for mental health 4 treatment in underserved areas is the fact that patients from 5 diverse cultural backgrounds are reluctant to seek treatment due 6 to the stigma of mental health problems. Timely access to 7 8 accurate diagnosis and effective treatment of emotional and 9 behavioral disorders may contribute substantially to the State's responsibilities to Hawaii's "Felix" children and needy adults 10 11 in underserved rural areas. 12 The United States Congress, through the Native Hawaiian Health Care Professions Scholarship program, requires 13 scholarship recipients to work in federally designated medically 14 underserved areas for a duration equal to the number of years 15 16 they received scholarship funding (typically four years). Under this program, psychologists of native Hawaiian ancestry are now 17 using modern training and education to deliver health care in a 18 culturally appropriate manner to other native Hawaiians through 19 20 their placement in federally qualified health centers, native

Hawaiian health systems clinics, and other federally designatedhealth clinics in medically underserved areas.



# H.B. NO. 252

1	The American Psychological Association has developed a
2	model curriculum for the education and training of prescribing
3	psychologists. Independent evaluations of the Department of
4	Defense Psychopharmacological Demonstration Project by the
5	United States General Accounting Office and the American College
6	of Neuropsychopharmacology have found that appropriately trained
7	medical psychologists prescribe safely and effectively.
8	The purpose of this Act is to authorize appropriately
9	trained and supervised licensed medical psychologists practicing
10	in federally qualified health centers, to prescribe psychotropic
11	medications for the treatment of mental illness.
12	SECTION 2. Chapter 465, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
13	amended by adding a new part to be appropriately designated and
14	to read as follows:
15	"PART . PRESCRIPTION CERTIFICATION
16	§465-A Definitions. As used in this part, unless the
17	context otherwise requires:
18	"Narcotics" means natural and synthetic opioid analgesics,
19	and their derivatives used to relieve pain.
20	"Psychotropic medication" means only those agents related
21	to the diagnosis and treatment of mental and emotional
22	disorders, including controlled substances except narcotics.



7

1	"Sup	pervising physician" means a medically trained and
2	licensed	physician or psychiatrist who accepts professional
3	responsib	oility for the provision of psychopharmacotherapy.
4	§ <b>4</b> 65	-B Conditional prescription certificate; application.
5	(a) A ps	ychologist may apply to the board for a conditional
6	prescript	ion certificate. The application shall be made on a
7	form appr	oved by the board, and be accompanied by evidence
8	satisfact	ory to the board, that the applicant:
9	(1)	Holds a current license in good standing to practice
10		psychology in the State of Hawaii;
11	(2)	Has successfully completed a planned sequence of
12		psychopharmacological training from a regional
13		accredited institution of higher learning. The
14		training shall be consistent with the American
15		Psychological Association's Recommended Postdoctoral
16		Training in Psychopharmacology for Prescription
17		Privileges. The training shall include a two-year
18		postdoctoral program of no less than forty-four credit
19		hours (six hundred sixty hours of classroom
20		instruction) in at least the following core areas of
21		instruction:
22		(A) Anotomy and physical agus

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- (A) Anatomy and physiology;



Page 7

1		(B)	Biochemistry;
2		(C)	Neurosciences (neuroanatomy, neurochemistry,
3			neurophysiology);
4		(D)	Pharmacology and clinical pharmacology;
5		(E)	Psychopharmacology;
6		(F)	Pathophysiology;
7		(G)	Health assessment, including relevant physical
8			and laboratory assessment; and
9		(H)	Clinical pharmacotherapeutics;
10	(3)	Has s	successfully completed twelve credit hours
11		const	isting of a supervised practicum:
12		(A)	Of at least one year;
13		(B)	Involving four hundred hours treating a diverse
14			population of no fewer than one hundred patients
15			with mental disorders;
16		(C)	Supervised by a medically trained and licensed
17			physician or psychiatrist who accepts
18			professional responsibility for the provision of
19			psychopharmacotherapy and who is not in the
20			employ of the person being directed or
21			supervised; and



1		(D) Including at least two hours of weekly
2		supervision;
3	(4)	Has passed a national proficiency examination approved
4		by the board that tests the applicant's knowledge of
5		pharmacology in the diagnosis, care, and treatment of
6		mental disorders; provided that the board shall
7		establish what constitutes a passing score and the
8		number of times an applicant may re-take the
9		examination within a specific time period;
10	(5)	Has applied for a federal Drug Enforcement
11		Administration registration number for limited use as
12		restricted by state law;
13	(6)	Has malpractice insurance in place, sufficient to
14		satisfy the rules adopted by the board, that will
15		cover the applicant during the period the conditional
16		prescription certificate is in effect;
17	(7)	Is employed or contracted by, and shall practice the
18		prescribing authority at a federally qualified health
19		center established under Title 42 United States Code
20		Section 1396; and



## H.B. NO. 252

1	(8)	Meets all other requirements, as determined by rules
2		adopted by the board pursuant to chapter 91, for
3		obtaining a conditional prescription certificate.
4	(b)	The board shall issue a conditional prescription
5	certifica	te if it finds that the applicant has met all of the
6	requireme	nts of subsection (a).
7	(C)	The conditional prescription certificate shall be
8	immediate	ly relinquished by the psychologist if the psychologist
9	no longer	meets the requirements of subsection (a).
10	§465	-C Conditional prescription certificate; powers,
11	duties, a	nd responsibilities. (a) A psychologist holding a
12	condition	al prescription certificate shall:
13	(1)	Continue to hold a current license to practice
14		psychology in Hawaii and continue to maintain
15		malpractice insurance;
16	(2)	Inform the board of the name of the supervising
17		physician under whose supervision the psychologist
18		will prescribe psychotropic medication and the name of
19		the federally qualified health center; provided that
20		the psychologist shall promptly inform the board of
21		any change of the supervising physician; and

HB LRB 09-0592.doc

## H.B. NO. 252

(3) Maintain an ongoing collaborative relationship with 1 the doctor of medicine who oversees the patient's 2 3 general medical care. A psychologist holding a conditional prescription 4 (b) 5 certificate may: Administer and prescribe psychotropic medication 6 (1)within the recognized scope of the profession; 7 provided that those medications are not prohibited by 8 9 the exclusionary formulary list, pursuant to section 10 465-G; and (2) Prescribe only those medications in paragraph (1) to 11 patients under the care of the psychologist and who 12 are enrolled at the federally qualified health center 13 identified to the board. 14 When prescribing psychotropic medication for a 15 (C) 16 patient, a psychologist holding a conditional prescription 17 certificate shall maintain an ongoing collaborative relationship with the doctor of medicine who oversees the patient's general 18 19 medical care to ensure supervision so that: Necessary medical examinations are conducted; 20 (1)21 The psychotropic medication is appropriate for the (2) patient's medical condition; and 22



#### H.B. NO. 252

1	(3)	Significant changes in the patient's medical or
2		psychological condition are discussed.
3	(d)	A prescription written by a psychologist holding a
4	condition	al prescription certificate shall:
5	(1)	Comply with applicable state and federal laws;
6	(2)	Be identified as issued by the psychologist as
7		"psychologist certified to prescribe"; and
8	(3)	Include the psychologist's board number or the
9		identification number assigned by the department of
10		commerce and consumer affairs.
11	(e)	A psychologist holding a conditional prescription
12	certifica	te shall not delegate prescriptive authority to any
13	person.	Records of all prescriptions shall be maintained in the
14	prescribi	ng psychologist's patient records.
15	(f)	When authorized to prescribe controlled substances, a
16	psycholog	ist holding a conditional prescription certificate
17	shall fil	e with the board, in a timely manner, all individual
18	federal D	rug Enforcement Administration registration numbers.
19	§465	-D Prescription certificate. (a) A psychologist may
20	apply to	the board for a prescription certificate. The

21 application shall be made on a form approved by the board and be



accompanied by evidence satisfactory to the board that the 1 applicant: 2 (1) Has been issued a conditional prescription certificate 3 and has successfully completed two years of 4 prescribing psychotropic medication as certified by 5 the supervising physician; 6 Has successfully undergone a process of independent (2) 7 peer review approved by the board of medical examiners 8 and the Hawaii Primary Care Association; 9 Holds a current license to practice psychology in the (3) 10 State of Hawaii; 11 Has malpractice insurance in place, sufficient to (4) 12 satisfy the rules adopted by the board, that will 13 cover the applicant as a prescribing psychologist; and 14 Meets all other requirements, as determined by rules (5) 15 adopted by the board pursuant to chapter 91, for 16 obtaining a prescription certificate. 17 The board shall issue a prescription certificate if it (b) 18 finds that the applicant has met all of the requirements of 19 subsection (a). 20 A psychologist with a prescription certificate may 21 (C)

22 prescribe psychotropic medication if the psychologist:



## H.B. NO. 252

1	(1)	Continues to hold a current license to practice
2		psychology in Hawaii and continues to maintain
3		malpractice insurance;
4	(2)	Annually satisfies the continuing education
5		requirements for prescribing psychologists, as set by
6		the board, which shall be no fewer than twenty hours
7		each year, at least half of which shall be in
8		pharmacology or psychopharmacology; and
9	(3)	Continues to maintain an ongoing collaborative
10		relationship with the doctor of medicine who oversees
11		the patient's general medical care to ensure
12		supervision so that:
13		(A) Necessary medical examinations are conducted;
14		(B) Psychotropic medication prescribed is appropriate
15		for the patient's medical condition; and
16		(C) Significant changes in the patient's medical or
17		psychological condition are discussed.
18	§465	-E Administration. (a) The board shall adopt rules
19	pursuant	to chapter 91 establishing the procedures to be
20	followed	to obtain a conditional prescription certificate, a
21	prescript	ion certificate, and renewal of a conditional



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prescription certificate and prescription certificate. The 1 board may set reasonable application and renewal fees. 2 The board shall adopt rules pursuant to chapter 91 3 (b) establishing the grounds for denial, suspension, or revocation 4 of conditional prescription certificates and prescription 5 certificates, including provisions for suspension or revocation 6 of a license to practice psychology upon suspension or 7 revocation of a conditional prescription certificate or 8 prescription certificate. Actions of denial, suspension, or 9 revocation of a conditional prescription certificate or a 10 prescription certificate shall be in accordance with this 11 12 chapter. The board shall maintain current records on every 13 (C)

13 (c) The board shart maintain and 14 prescribing psychologist, including federal registrations and 15 numbers.

(d) The board shall provide to the board of pharmacy an
annual list of psychologists holding a conditional prescription
certificate or prescription certificate that contains the
information agreed upon between the board and the board of
pharmacy. The board shall promptly provide the board of
pharmacy with the names of any psychologists who are added or
deleted from the list.



Page 15

## H.B. NO. 252

1	§465-F Narcotics; prohibited. This part shall not be
2	construed to permit a psychologist holding a conditional
3	prescription certificate or prescription certificate to
4	administer or prescribe a narcotic.
5	§465-G Exclusionary formulary list. The exclusionary
6	formulary list shall specify the types of medications that
7	psychologists holding either a conditional prescription
8	certificate or a prescription certificate shall be prohibited
9	from prescribing or administering. The exclusionary formulary
10	list shall include the following types of medications:
11	(1) All narcotics;
12	(2) All monoamine oxidase inhibitors;
13	(3) All anti-psychotic medications;
14	(4) All amphetamines;
15	(5) All non-psychotropic medications;
16	(6) Lithium; and
17	(7) Serzone.
18	§465-H Joint formulary advisory committee; establishment,
19	composition, and duties. (a) The department of commerce and
20	consumer affairs shall establish a joint formulary advisory
21	committee to periodically review the exclusionary formulary list
22	under section 465-G.



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The joint formulary advisory committee shall recommend (b) 1 amendments to the exclusionary formulary list as it deems fit, 2 subject to the limitations set forth in section 465-G. The 3 board shall adopt the recommended exclusionary formulary list as 4 established by the joint formulary advisory committee in its 5 rules. 6 The joint formulary advisory committee shall review (C) 7 the exclusionary formulary list no less than once per quarter, 8 and as frequently as it deems necessary. 9 The joint formulary advisory committee shall consist (d) 10 of: 11 Two persons licensed as physicians specializing in (1)12 psychiatry under chapter 453; 13 Two persons licensed as psychologists under chapter (2)14 465 working at federally qualified health centers; 15 One person licensed as a pharmacist under chapter 461; (3) 16 and 17 The medical director of a federally qualified health (4) 18 center in the State." 19 SECTION 3. Chapter 465, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 20 amended by designating sections 465-1 to 465-15 as part I and to 21 read as follows: 22 HB LRB 09-0592.doc

Page 17

18

1	"PART I. GENERAL PROVISIONS"
2	SECTION 4. Section 465-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
3	amended to read as follows:
4	"\$465-3 Exemptions. (a) This chapter shall not apply to:
5	(1) Any person teaching, lecturing, consulting, or
6	engaging in research in psychology insofar as the
7	activities are performed as part of or are dependent
8	upon employment in a college or university; provided
9	that the person shall not engage in the practice of
10	psychology outside the responsibilities of the
11	person's employment;
12	(2) Any person who performs any, or any combination of the
13	professional services defined as the practice of
14	psychology under the direction of a licensed
15	psychologist in accordance with rules adopted by the
16	board; provided that the person may use the term
17	"psychological assistant", but shall not identify the
18	person's self as a psychologist or imply that the
19	person is licensed to practice psychology;
20	(3) Any person employed by a local, state, or federal
21	government agency in a school psychologist or
22	psychological examiner position, or a position that
	HB LRB 09-0592.doc

Page 18

#### H.B. NO. 252

does not involve diagnostic or treatment services, but 1 only at those times when that person is carrying out 2 the functions of such government employment; 3 Any person who is a student of psychology, a (4) 4 psychological intern, or a resident in psychology 5 preparing for the profession of psychology under 6 supervision in a training institution or facility and 7 who is designated by a title as "psychology trainee", 8 "psychology student", "psychology intern", or 9 "psychology resident", that indicates the person's 10 training status; provided that the person shall not 11 identify the person's self as a psychologist or imply 12 that the person is licensed to practice psychology; 13 Any person who is a member of another profession 14 (5) licensed under the laws of this jurisdiction to render 15 or advertise services, including psychotherapy, within 16 the scope of practice as defined in the statutes or 17 rules regulating the person's professional practice; 18 provided that, notwithstanding section 465-1, the 19 person does not represent the person's self to be a 20 psychologist or does not represent that the person is 21 licensed to practice psychology; 22



#### H.B. NO. 252

Any person who is a member of a mental health 1 (6) profession not requiring licensure; provided that the 2 person functions only within the person's professional 3 capacities; and provided further that the person does 4 not represent the person to be a psychologist, or the 5 person's services as psychological; or 6 Any person who is a duly recognized member of the 7 (7) clergy; provided that the person functions only within 8 9 the person's capacities as a member of the clergy; and

10 provided further that the person does not represent 11 the person to be a psychologist, or the person's 12 services as psychological.

(b) Nothing in this chapter shall in any way restrict any person from carrying on any of the psychological activities as defined in section 465-1; provided that such person does not offer psychological services as defined in this chapter except as such activities are incidental to the person's lawful occupational purpose.

(c) A person may use the title of
industrial/organizational psychologist[7]; provided that the
person registers with the board, and:



## H.B. NO. 252

1	(1)	Is professionally competent in the practice of
2		industrial/organizational psychology; [and]
3	(2)	Holds a doctoral degree from an accredited institution
4		of higher education with training and education in
5		industrial/organizational psychology, satisfactory to
6		the board; and
7	(3)	Provides psychological service or consultation to
8		organizations which does not involve the delivery or
9		supervision of direct psychological services to
10		individuals or groups of individuals, without regard
11		to the source or extent of payment for services
12		rendered.
13	(d)	Nothing in this chapter shall prevent the provision of
14	expert te	stimony by a psychologist who is otherwise exempted by
15	this chap	ter.
16	[ <del>(c)</del>	Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as
17	permittin	g the administration or prescription of drugs, or in
18	any way e	ngaging in the practice of medicine as defined in the
19	<del>laws of t</del>	he State.]"
20	SECT	ION 5. The Hawaii state health planning and
21	developme	nt agency shall submit to the legislature a report,
22	including	any proposed legislation, no later than twenty days
	HB LRB 09	-0592.doc

## H.B. NO. 252

1	prior to the convening of the regular session of 2014,
2	evaluating the status of mental health care in the State after
3	providing prescriptive authority to certain psychologists. To
4	assist the legislature in assessing the viability of continuing
5	prescriptive authority for psychologists, the report shall
6	include recommendations on whether prescriptive authority for
7	psychologists should be amended, repealed, or continued.
8	SECTION 6. In codifying the new sections added by section
9	2 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall substitute
10	appropriate section numbers for the letters used in designating
11	the new sections in this Act.
12	SECTION 7. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
13	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
14	SECTION 8. This Act shall take effect upon approval;
15	provided that:
16	(1) Prescriptive authority for qualified psychologists
17	shall not be granted until July 1, 2009;
18	(2) Section 5 of this Act shall take effect on July 1,
19	2010; and
20	(3) On July 1, 2015, this Act shall be repealed and
21	section 465-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, shall be



1 reenacted in the form in which it read on the day
2 before the effective date of this Act.
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INTRODUCED BY:

JAN 2 2 2009



#### Report Title:

Prescriptive Authority; Psychologists

#### Description:

Authorizes prescriptive authority for qualified psychologists who practice at a federally qualified health center.

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