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A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The purpose of this Act is to adopt changes to 2 Hawaii's tax law that will allow Hawaii to participate in the national streamlined sales and use tax agreement. 3 This 4 agreement simplifies state tax systems, removes burdens to 5 interstate commerce that are defined in the United States 6 Supreme Court decision in Quill Corp. v. North Dakota, 504 U.S. 298 (1992), and "levels the playing field" between local and 7 out-of-state retailers. At its core, the Streamlined Sales Tax 8 9 Project uses technology to accurately identify tax rates, 10 collect taxes, and remit state tax revenues. Since 2005, outof-state retailers have voluntarily collected and remitted over 11 \$350,000,000 in taxes to participating states that would have 12 otherwise likely gone uncollected by the states. 13

Hawaii's use tax, chapter 238, Hawaii Revised Statutes, has been on the books for over forty years and is similar to use tax laws in forty-five other states. Most Hawaii consumers do not realize that they owe the State a four per cent tax on their

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out-of-state purchases via catalog, direct mail, or the
 internet, and it's virtually impossible for the department of
 taxation to calculate and collect what individual taxpayers owe
 on those purchases.

In 2003, the State of Hawaii became a participant in the
national Streamlined Sales Tax Project by enacting the Hawaii
Simplified Sales and Use Tax Administration Act (Act 173,
Session Laws of Hawaii 2003).

9 In 2005, to advance the State's efforts to comply with the 10 terms and conditions of the conforming legislation reflected in 11 the Streamlined Sales Tax Project's model agreement and act, the 12 legislature enacted Act 3, Special Session Laws of Hawaii 2005. 13 Act 3 also established a technical advisory group to assist the 14 department of taxation in identifying and resolving issues 15 necessary for Streamlined Sales Tax Project compliance. A joint 16 house-senate legislative oversight committee was formed to provide additional tax policy support and quidance. 17

18 During the 2006-2008 legislative sessions, legislation was 19 introduced to implement conforming amendments to Hawaii's tax 20 laws to implement the streamlined sales and use tax agreement in 21 Hawaii. In 2009, the legislature adopted streamlined sales and 22 use tax legislation that was subsequently vetoed by the



1 administration (Governor's Message 835, July 15, 2009). The 2 2010 legislation is a culmination of prior efforts to adopt 3 conforming legislation for the State to participate in and 4 become a full member of the Streamlined Sales Tax Project. This 5 Act will finally allow the State to begin collecting use taxes 6 that currently exist under chapter 238, Hawaii Revised Statutes, 7 which are presently going uncollected on the majority of out-of-8 state purchases.

To participate and become a full member in the streamlined 9 10 sales and use tax agreement, Hawaii must amend its tax law to be 11 in conformity with the streamlined sales and use tax agreement. 12 The State must also adopt a single rate of general excise tax, 13 Hawaii's substitute for a sales tax, to conform to the 14 streamlined sales and use tax agreement. In accordance with 15 advice received from the Streamlined Sales Tax Governing Board 16 and COST, a national organization representing businesses, this 17 was accomplished by:

18 (1) Moving the one-half of one per cent tax rate for
19 wholesale transactions to a new chapter;
20 (2) Adding a new chapter on the taxation of imports of
21 property, services, and contracting;



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4

1	(3) Moving the 0.15 per cent tax on insurance producers to
2	a new chapter; and
3	(4) Eliminating the tax on businesses owned by disabled
4	persons.
5	This Act also provides for destination-based sourcing and
6	amnesty.
7	The contents of this Act are updated to reflect the
8	Streamlined Sales Tax Governing Board's amendments to the
9	Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement through 2009. The State
10	of Hawaii would benefit tremendously by adopting legislation
11	that would enable the State to be in compliance with the
12	Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement at the same time that
13	federal legislation is being re-introduced in 2010.
14	SECTION 2. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by
15	adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read
16	as follows:
17	"CHAPTER
18	TAX ON WHOLESALERS, SERVICE BUSINESSES, AND CONTRACTORS
19	SA-1 Definitions. "Department" means the department of
20	taxation.
21	The definitions contained in sections 237-1, 237-2, and

22 237-3 shall apply to this chapter.



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1	§A-2	"Wholesaler" and "jobber" defined. (a) "Wholesaler"
2	or "jobbe	r" applies only to a person making sales at wholesale.
3	Only the	following are sales at wholesale:
4	(1)	Sales to a licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other
5		licensed seller for purposes of resale;
6	(2)	Sales to a licensed manufacturer of materials or
7		commodities that are to be incorporated by the
8		manufacturer into a finished or saleable product
9		(including the container or package in which the
10		product is contained) during the course of its
11		preservation, manufacture, or processing, including
12		preparation for market, and that will remain in a
13		finished or saleable product in a form as to be
14		perceptible to the senses, which finished or saleable
15		product is to be sold and not otherwise used by the
16		manufacturer;
17	(3)	Sales to a licensed producer or cooperative
18		association of materials or commodities that are to be
19		incorporated by the producer or by the cooperative
20		association into a finished or saleable product that
21		is to be sold and not otherwise used by the producer
22		or cooperative association, including specifically



1 materials or commodities expended as essential to the 2 planting, growth, nurturing, and production of commodities that are sold by the producer or by the 3 4 cooperative association; Sales to a licensed contractor of materials or 5 (4) 6 commodities that are to be incorporated by the contractor into the finished work or project required 7 by the contract and that will remain in a finished 8 9 work or project in a form as to be perceptible to the 10 senses; Sales to a licensed producer, or to a cooperative 11 (5) 12 association described in section 237-23(a)(7) for sale to a licensed producer, or to a licensed person 13 14 operating a feed lot, of poultry or animal feed, 15 hatching eggs, semen, replacement stock, breeding services for the purpose of raising or producing 16 17 animal or poultry products for disposition as described in section A-3 or for incorporation into a 18 19 manufactured product as described in paragraph (2) or 20 for the purpose of breeding, hatching, milking, or egg laying other than for the customer's own consumption 21 of the meat, poultry, eggs, or milk so produced; 22



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1 provided that in the case of a feed lot operator, only 2 the segregated cost of the feed furnished by the feed 3 lot operator as part of the feed lot operator's 4 service to a licensed producer of poultry or animals to be butchered or to a cooperative association 5 6 described in section 237-23(a)(7) of these licensed 7 producers shall be deemed to be a sale at wholesale; and provided further that any amount derived from the 8 9 furnishing of feed lot services, other than the 10 segregated cost of feed, shall be deemed taxable at 11 the service business rate specified in section 12 A-6(a)(4). This paragraph shall not apply to the sale of feed for poultry or animals to be used for hauling, 13 14 transportation, or sports purposes; 15 (6) Sales to a licensed producer, or to a cooperative

association described in section 237-23(a)(7) for sale
to the producer, of seed or seedstock for producing
agricultural and aquacultural products, or bait for
catching fish (including the catching of bait for
catching fish), which agricultural and aquacultural
products or fish are to be disposed of as described in

1 section A-3 or to be incorporated in a manufactured 2 product as described in paragraph (2); 3 (7)Sales to a licensed producer, or to a cooperative 4 association described in section 237-23(a)(7) for sale 5 to a licensed producer; of polypropylene shade cloth; 6 of polyfilm; of polyethylene film; of cartons and 7 other containers, wrappers, and sacks, and binders to 8 be used for packaging eggs, vegetables, fruits, and other agricultural and aquacultural products; of 9 seedlings and cuttings for producing nursery plants or 10 11 aquacultural products; or of chick containers; which 12 cartons and other containers, wrappers, and sacks, binders, seedlings, cuttings, and containers are to be 13 14 used as described in section A-3, or to be 15 incorporated in a manufactured product as described in 16 paragraph (2); 17 (8) Sales of tangible personal property where:

18 (A) Tangible personal property is sold upon the order
19 or request of a licensed seller for the purpose
20 of rendering a service in the course of the
21 person's service business or calling, or upon the
22 order or request of a person subject to tax under



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1		sect	ion 237D-2 for the purpose of furnishing
2		tran	sient accommodations;
3		(B) The	tangible personal property becomes or is used
4		as a	n identifiable element of the service
5		rende	ered; and
6		(C) The	cost of the tangible personal property does
7		not	constitute overhead to the licensed seller;
8	(9)	Sales to	a licensed leasing company of capital goods
9		that have	a depreciable life, are purchased by the
10		leasing c	ompany for lease to its customers, and are
11		thereafte	r leased as a service to others;
12	(10)	Sales of	services to a licensed seller engaging in a
13		business	or calling whenever:
14		(A) Eith	er:
15		(i)	In the context of a service-to-service
16			transaction, a service is rendered upon the
17			order or request of a licensed seller for
18			the purpose of rendering another service in
19			the course of the seller's service business
20			or calling;
21		(íi)	In the context of a service-to-tangible
22			personal property transaction, a service is
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1	rendered upon the order or request of a
2	licensed seller for the purpose of
3	manufacturing, producing, or preparing
4	tangible personal property to be sold;
5	(iii) In the context of a service-to-contracting
6	transaction, a service is rendered upon the
7	order or request of a licensed contractor as
8	defined in section 237-6 for the purpose of
9	assisting that licensed contractor; or
10	(iv) In the context of a service-to-transient
11	accommodations rental transaction, a service
12	is rendered upon the order or request of a
13	person subject to tax under section 237D-2
14	for the purpose of furnishing transient
15	accommodations;
16	(B) The benefit of the service passes to the customer
17	of the licensed seller, licensed contractor, or
18	person furnishing transient accommodations as an
19	identifiable element of the other service or
20	property to be sold, the contracting, or the
21	furnishing of transient accommodations;



11

1		(C)	The cost of the service does not constitute
2			overhead to the licensed seller, licensed
3			contractor, or person furnishing transient
4			accommodations;
5		(D)	The gross income of the licensed seller is not
6			divided between the licensed seller and another
7			licensed seller, contractor, or person furnishing
8			transient accommodations for imposition of the
9			tax under this chapter or chapter 237;
10		(E)	The gross income of the licensed seller is not
11		·	subject to a deduction under this chapter,
12			chapter 237, or chapter 237D; and
13		(F)	The resale of the service, tangible personal
14			property, contracting, or transient
15			accommodations is subject to the tax imposed
16			under this chapter or chapter 237 at the highest
17			rate;
18	(11)	Sale	s to a licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other
19		lice	nsed seller of bulk condiments or prepackaged
20		sing	le-serving packets of condiments that are provided
21		to c	ustomers by the licensed retail merchant, jobber,
22		or c	ther licensed seller;

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1 Sales to a licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other (12)2 licensed seller of tangible personal property that will be incorporated or processed by the licensed 3 4 retail merchant, jobber, or other licensed seller into 5 a finished or saleable product during the course of 6 its preparation for market (including disposable, nonreturnable containers, packages, or wrappers, in 7 8 which the product is contained and that are generally 9 known and most commonly used to contain food or 10 beverage for transfer or delivery), and which finished 11 or saleable product is to be sold and not otherwise 12 used by the licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other 13 licensed seller; 14 Sales of amusements subject to taxation under section (13) 15 A-6(a)(3) to a licensed seller engaging in a business 16 or calling whenever: 17 (A) Either: In the context of an amusement-to-service 18 (i) 19 transaction, an amusement is rendered upon 20 the order or request of a licensed seller 21 for the purpose of rendering another service

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1		in the course of the seller's service
2		business or calling;
3	(1	i) In the context of an amusement-to-tangible
4		personal property transaction, an amusement
5		is rendered upon the order or request of a
6		licensed seller for the purpose of selling
7		tangible personal property; or
8	(ii:	i) In the context of an amusement-to-amusement
9		transaction, an amusement is rendered upon
10		the order or request of a licensed seller
11		for the purpose of rendering another
12		amusement in the course of the person's
13		amusement business;
14	(B) T	he benefit of the amusement passes to the
15	с	ustomer of the licensed seller as an
16	i	dentifiable element of the other service,
17	t	angible personal property to be sold, or
18	a	musement;
19	(C) T	he cost of the amusement does not constitute
20	0	verhead to the licensed seller;
21	(D) T	he gross income of the licensed seller is not
22.	đ	ivided between the licensed seller and another
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1			licensed seller, person furnishing transient
2			accommodations, or person rendering an amusement
3			for imposition of the tax under chapter 237;
4		(E)	The gross income of the licensed seller is not
5			subject to a deduction under this chapter or
6			chapter 237; and
7		(F)	The resale of the service, tangible personal
8			property, or amusement is subject to the tax
9			imposed under this chapter or chapter 237.
10		As u	sed in this paragraph, "amusement" means
11		ente	rtainment provided as part of a show for which
12		ther	e is an admission charge; and
13	(14)	Sale	s by a printer to a publisher of magazines or
14		simi	lar printed materials containing advertisements,
15		when	the publisher is under contract with the
16		adve	rtisers to distribute a minimum number of
17		maga	zines or similar printed materials to the public
18		or d	efined segment of the public, whether or not there
19		is a	charge to the persons who actually receive the
20		maga	zines or similar printed materials.
21	(b)	If t	he use tax law under chapter B is finally held by
22	a court o	f com	petent jurisdiction to be unconstitutional or



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1 invalid insofar as it purports to tax the use or consumption of 2 tangible personal property imported into the State in interstate 3 or foreign commerce, or both, wholesalers and jobbers shall be 4 taxed thereafter under this chapter in accordance with the 5 following definition (which shall supersede the definitions for 6 "wholesaler" or "jobber" in subsection (a)): "Wholesaler" or "jobber" means a person, or an organized division thereof, 7 8 definitely organized to render and rendering a general 9 distribution service that buys and maintains at the person's 10 place of business a stock or lines of merchandise that the 11 person distributes; and that the person, through salespersons, 12 advertising, or sales promotion devices, sells to licensed retailers, to institutional, or licensed commercial or 13 14 industrial users, in wholesale quantities and at wholesale 15 rates. A corporation deemed not to be carrying on a trade or business in this State under section 235-6 shall nevertheless be 16 17 deemed to be a wholesaler and shall be subject to the tax 18 imposed by this chapter.

19 §A-3 "Producer" defined. (a) "Producer" means any person
20 engaged in the business of raising and producing agricultural
21 products in their natural state, or in producing natural
22 resource products, or engaged in the business of fishing or

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aquaculture, for sale, or for shipment or transportation out of
 the State, of the agricultural or aquaculture products in their
 natural or processed state, or butchered and dressed, or the
 natural resource products, or fish.

5 (b) As used in this section, "agricultural products"
6 include floricultural, horticultural, viticultural, forestry,
7 nut, coffee, dairy, livestock, poultry, bee, animal, and any
8 other farm, agronomic, or plantation products.

9 §A-4 Definitions; "contractor", "service business or
10 calling". The definitions contained in sections 237-6 and 237-7
11 shall be applicable for this chapter.

12 §A-5 Licensing; tax year. Sections 237-9, 237-9.5,
13 237-11, and 237-12 shall be applicable for this chapter.

14 §A-6 Imposition of tax. (a) There is hereby levied and 15 shall be assessed and collected annually privilege taxes against 16 persons on account of their business and other activities in the 17 State measured by the application of rates against values of 18 products, gross proceeds of sales, or gross income, whichever is 19 specified, as follows:

20

(1) Tax on manufacturers:

21 (A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within
22 the State in the business of manufacturing,



17

1 including compounding, canning, preserving, 2 packing, printing, publishing, milling, processing, refining, or preparing for sale, 3 profit, or commercial use, either directly or 4 through the activity of others, in whole or in 5 6 part, any article or articles, substance or substances, commodity or commodities, the amount 7 of the tax to be equal to the value of the 8 9 articles, substances, or commodities, 10 manufactured, compounded, canned, preserved, 11 packed, printed, milled, processed, refined, or 12 prepared for sale, as shown by the gross proceeds derived from the sale thereof by the manufacturer 13 14 or person compounding, preparing, or printing 15 them, multiplied by one-half of one per cent; The measure of the tax on manufacturers is the 16 (B) 17 value of the entire product for sale, regardless 18 of the place of sale or the fact that deliveries 19 may be made to points outside the State; (C) If any person liable for the tax on manufacturers 20 21 ships or transports the person's product, or any 22 part thereof, out of the State, whether in a



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1 finished or unfinished condition, or sells the 2 same for delivery to points outside the State (for example, consigned to a mainland purchaser 3 4 via common carrier f.o.b. Honolulu), the value of the products in the condition or form in which 5 they exist immediately before entering interstate 6 or foreign commerce, determined as hereinafter 7 provided, shall be the basis for the assessment 8 9 of the tax imposed by this paragraph. This tax 10 shall be due and payable as of the date of entry 11 of the products into interstate or foreign 12 commerce, whether the products are then sold or 13 not. The department shall determine the basis 14 for assessment, as provided by this paragraph, as 15 follows:

16 (i) If the products at the time of their entry
17 into interstate or foreign commerce already
18 have been sold, the gross proceeds of sale,
19 less the transportation expenses, if any,
20 incurred in realizing the gross proceeds for
21 transportation from the time of entry of the
22 products into interstate or foreign

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1	commerce, including insurance and storage in
2	transit, shall be the measure of the value
3	of the products;
4 (ii)	If the products have not been sold at the
5	time of their entry into interstate or
6	foreign commerce, and in cases governed by
7	clause (i) in which the products are sold
8	under circumstances such that the gross
9	proceeds of sale are not indicative of the
10	true value of the products, the value of the
11	products constituting the basis for
12	assessment shall correspond as nearly as
13	possible to the gross proceeds of sales for
14	delivery outside the State, adjusted as
15	provided in clause (i) or, if sufficient
16	data is not available, sales in the State of
17	similar products of like quality and
18	character and in similar quantities, made by
19	the taxpayer (unless not indicative of the
20	true value), or by others. Sales outside
21	the State, adjusted as provided in clause
22	(i), may be considered when they constitute



20

1			the best available data. The department
2			shall prescribe uniform and equitable rules
3			for ascertaining the values;
4		(iii)	At the election of the taxpayer and with the
5			approval of the department, the taxpayer may
6			make the taxpayer's returns under clause (i)
7			even though the products have not been sold
8			at the time of their entry into interstate
9			or foreign commerce; and
10		(iv)	In all cases in which products leave the
11			State in an unfinished condition, the basis
12			for assessment shall be adjusted so as to
13			deduct the portion of the value as is
14			attributable to the finishing of the goods
15			outside the State;
16	(2)	Tax on pr	oducers. Upon every person engaging or
17		continuin	g within this State in the business of a
18		producer,	the tax shall be equal to one-half of one
19		per cent	of the gross proceeds of sales of the
20		business,	or the value of the products, for sale, if
21		sold for	delivery outside the State or shipped or
22		transport	ed out of the State, and the value of the

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1 products shall be determined in the same manner as the 2 value of manufactured products covered in the cases 3 under paragraph (1)(C). No manufacturer or producer, 4 engaged in the business of manufacturing or producing 5 in the State and selling the manufacturer's or producer's products for delivery outside of the State 6 7 (for example, consigned to a mainland purchaser via common carrier f.o.b. Honolulu), shall be required to 8 9 pay the tax imposed in this chapter for the privilege of so selling the products, and the value or gross 10 11 proceeds of sales of the products shall be included 12 only in determining the measure of the tax imposed 13 upon the manufacturer or producer; Tax upon theaters, amusements, radio broadcasting 14 (3) 15 stations, etc. Upon every person engaging or 16 continuing within the State in the business of 17 operating a theater, opera house, moving picture show, 18 vaudeville, amusement park, dance hall, skating rink, 19 radio broadcasting station, or any other place at which amusements are offered to the public, at 20 21 wholesale, the tax shall be one-half of one per cent 22 of the gross proceeds of the business;

1	(4)	Tax on service business. Upon every person engaging
2		or continuing within the State in any service business
3		or calling including professional services not
4		otherwise specifically taxed under this chapter, as a
5		wholesaler under section A-2, the tax shall be equal
6		to one-half of one per cent of the gross proceeds of
7		the business;
8	(5)	Tax on sales by wholesalers:
9		(A) Upon every person who is engaged in the business
10		of a wholesaler or jobber under section A-2 or
11		selling any tangible personal property whatsoever
12		(not including, however, bonds or other evidences
13		of indebtedness, or stocks), there is hereby
14		levied, and shall be assessed and collected, a
15		tax equivalent to one-half of one per cent of the
16		gross proceeds of sales of the business as a
17		wholesaler or jobber as defined in section A-2;
18		and
19		(B) Gross proceeds of sales of tangible property in
20		interstate and foreign commerce shall constitute
21		a part of the measure of the tax imposed on
22		persons in the business of selling tangible



23

1 personal property as a wholesaler, to the extent, under the conditions, and in accordance with the 2 3 provisions of the Constitution of the United States and the Acts of Congress of the United 4 States that may be now in force or may be 5 6 hereafter adopted, and whenever there occurs in 7 the State an activity to which, under the Constitution and Acts of Congress, there may be 8 attributed gross proceeds of sales, the gross 9 proceeds shall be so attributed. 10

11 (b) When a manufacturer or producer, engaged in business in the State, also is engaged in selling the manufacturer's or 12 13 producer's products in the State at wholesale taxed under this chapter, retail under chapter 237, or in any other manner, the 14 15 tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling the products in the State shall apply to the manufacturer or 16 17 producer as well as the tax for the privilege of manufacturing or producing in the State, and the manufacturer or producer 18 19 shall make the returns of the gross proceeds of the wholesale, retail under chapter 237, or other sales required for the 20 privilege of selling in the State, as well as making the returns 21 22 of the value or gross proceeds of sales of the products required

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1 for the privilege of manufacturing or producing in the State. 2 The manufacturer or producer shall pay the tax imposed in this 3 chapter for the privilege of selling its products in the State, 4 and the value or gross proceeds of sales of the products, thus 5 subjected to tax, may be deducted insofar as duplicated as to 6 the same products by the measure of the tax upon the manufacturer or producer for the privilege of manufacturing or 7 8 producing in the State under this chapter; provided that no 9 producer of agricultural products who sells the products to a 10 purchaser who will process the products outside the State shall 11 be required to pay the tax imposed in this chapter for the 12 privilege of producing or selling those products.

13 SA-7 Resale certificates. (a) The department, by rule, 14 may require that a seller take from the purchaser of tangible 15 personal property a certificate, in a form prescribed by the 16 department, certifying that the sale is a sale at wholesale; 17 provided that:

18 (1) Any purchaser who furnishes a certificate shall be
19 obligated to pay to the seller, upon demand, the
20 amount of the additional tax that is imposed upon the
21 seller whenever the sale in fact is not at wholesale;
22 and



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1 The absence of a certificate in itself shall give rise (2) 2 to the presumption that the sale is not at wholesale 3 unless the sales of the business are exclusively at 4 wholesale. 5 The department may require that the person rendering (b) 6 an amusement at wholesale take from the licensed seller a 7 certificate, in a form prescribed by the department, certifying 8 that the sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that: Any licensed seller who furnishes a certificate shall 9 (1) 10 be obligated to pay to the person rendering the 11 amusement, upon demand, the amount of additional tax 12 that is imposed upon the seller whenever the sale is 13 not at wholesale; and 14 (2) The absence of a certificate in itself shall give rise 15 to the presumption that the sale is not at wholesale unless the person rendering the sale is exclusively 16 rendering the amusement at wholesale. 17 18 (c)The department may require that the person rendering a 19 service at wholesale take from the licensed seller a certificate, in a form prescribed by the department, certifying 20 that the sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that: 21

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(1) Any licensed seller who furnishes a certificate shall
 be obligated to pay to the person rendering the
 service, upon demand, the amount of additional tax
 that is imposed upon the seller whenever the sale is
 not at wholesale; and

6 (2) The absence of a certificate in itself shall give rise
7 to the presumption that the sale is not at wholesale,
8 unless the person rendering the sale is exclusively
9 rendering services at wholesale.

10 SA-8 Tax on receipts of sugar benefit payments. Upon the 11 amounts received from the United States government by any 12 producer of sugar (or the producer's legal representative or 13 heirs), as defined under and by virtue of the Sugar Act of 1948, 14 as amended, or other Acts of the Congress of the United States 15 relating thereto, there is hereby levied a tax of one-half of 16 one per cent of the gross amount received; provided that the tax levied hereunder on any amount so received and actually 17 18 disbursed to another by a producer in the form of a benefit 19 payment shall be paid by the person or persons to whom the 20 amount is actually disbursed, and the producer actually making a benefit payment to another shall be entitled to claim on the 21 22 producer's return a deduction from the gross amount taxable 2010-0440 HB SMA.doc

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hereunder in the sum of the amount so disbursed. The amounts
 taxed under this section shall not be taxable under any other
 paragraph, subsection, or section of this chapter or chapter
 237.

5 Segregation of gross income, etc., on records and in SA-9 6 returns. The imposition of taxes and the application of tax rates do not depend upon the business in which the taxpayer is 7 8 primarily engaged. One business may be subject to two or more 9 tax rates under this chapter and chapter 237. If a business is 10 within the purview of two or more of the paragraphs of section 11 237-13 or other provisions of this chapter or chapter 237, all 12 of them apply, each provision being applicable to the appropriate item of gross income, gross proceeds of sales, or 13 14 value of products. However, any person engaging or continuing 15 in a business having gross income, gross proceeds of sales, and 16 value of products, or any of these as the case may be, taxable 17 at different rates, shall be subject to taxation upon the 18 aggregate amount of the gross income, gross proceeds of sales, 19 and value of products of the business at the highest rate 20 applicable to any part of the aggregate, unless the person shall 21 segregate the parts taxable at different rates upon the person's

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1 records and in the person's returns, and shall sustain the 2 burden of proving that the segregation was correctly made. 3 SA-10 Assessment on generated electricity. Any other 4 provision of law to the contrary notwithstanding, the levy and 5 assessment of tax on the gross proceeds from the sale of electric power to a public utility company for resale to the 6 7 public, shall be made only as a tax on business of a producer, 8 at the rate assessed producers under section A-6(a)(2). 9 SA-11 Technicians. When technicians supply dentists or physicians with dentures, orthodontic devices, braces, and 10 11 similar items which have been prepared by the technician in accordance with specifications furnished by the dentist or 12 physician, and these items are to be used by the dentist or 13 14 physician in the dentist's or physician's professional practice 15 for a particular patient who is to pay the dentist or physician 16 for the same as a part of the dentist's or physician's professional services, the technician shall be taxed as though 17 18 the technician were a manufacturer selling a product under 19 A-6(a)(1) to a licensed retailer, rather than pursuant to 20 chapter 237, at the rate of four per cent that is generally 21 applied to professions and services.

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1 SA-12 Activity ordered by others. (a) Where, through the 2 activity of a person taxable under section 237-13(5), a product 3 has been milled, processed, or otherwise manufactured upon the 4 order of another taxpayer who is a manufacturer taxable upon the 5 value of the entire manufactured products, which consists in 6 part of the value of the services taxable under section 7 237-13(5), so much gross income as is derived from the rendering 8 of the services shall be subjected to tax on the person 9 rendering the services at the rate of one-half of one per cent, 10 and the value of the entire product shall be included in the 11 measure of the tax imposed on the other taxpayer as elsewhere 12 provided.

Where, through the activity of a person taxable under 13 (b) 14 section 237-13(5), there have been rendered to a cane planter 15 services consisting in the harvesting or hauling of the cane, or 16 consisting in road maintenance, under a contract between the 17 person rendering the services and the cane planter, covering the 18 services and also the milling of the sugar, the services of 19 harvesting and hauling the cane and road maintenance shall be 20 treated the same as the service of milling the cane, as provided 21 by subsection (a), and the value of the entire product,

22 manufactured or sold for the cane planter under the contract,



30

shall be included in the measure of the tax imposed on the
 persons as elsewhere provided.

SA-13 Sales of telecommunications services through prepaid
telephone calling service. (a) For the purposes of this
section, "prepaid telephone calling service" means the right to
exclusively purchase telecommunications services, paid for in
advance, that enables the origination of calls using an access
number or authorization code, whether manually or electronically
dialed.

10 (b) If the sale or recharge of a prepaid telephone calling 11 service does not take place at the vendor's place of business, 12 it shall be conclusively determined to take place at the 13 customer's shipping address; or if there is no item shipped, 14 then it shall be the customer's billing address.

(c) When a person licensed under this chapter sells prepaid telephone calling services to a licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other licensed seller for purposes of resale, the person shall be taxed as a wholesaler selling tangible personal property.

20 (d) For purposes of prepaid telephone calling services
21 only, all such services shall be taxed under this section and
22 shall be in lieu of taxation under chapter 239.



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1 §A-14 Apportionment. In the case of a tax upon the production of property in the State, the apportionment shall be 2 3 determined as in the case of the tax on manufacturers provided 4 in section A-6(a)(1). 5 §A-15 Conformity to constitution. Section 237-22 shall 6 apply to this chapter. **§A-16 Exemptions.** The exemptions provided in sections 7 237-23, 237-26, 237-27, 237-27.5, 237-29, 237-29.5, and 8 9 237-29.53 shall apply to this chapter. §A-17 Amounts not taxable. This chapter shall not apply 10 11 to the following amounts: 12 The amounts of taxes on cigarettes and tobacco (1) products imposed by chapter 245 on wholesalers or 13 14 dealers holding licenses under that chapter and 15 selling the products at wholesale; 16 (2) The amounts of federal taxes imposed on sugar manufactured in the State, paid by the manufacturer to 17 18 the federal government; Gross income received by any blind, deaf, or totally 19 (3) 20 disabled person engaging, or continuing, in any business, trade, activity, occupation, or calling 21 22 within the State; a corporation all of whose



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1		outs	tanding shares are owned by an individual or
2		indi	viduals who are blind, deaf, or totally disabled;
3		a ge	neral, limited, or limited liability partnership,
4		all	of whose partners are blind, deaf, or totally
5		disa	bled; or a limited liability company, all of whose
6		memb	ers are blind, deaf, or totally disabled; and
7	(4)	Amou	nts received by a producer of sugarcane from the
8		manu	facturer to whom the producer sells the sugarcane,
9		wher	e:
10		(A)	The producer is an independent cane farmer, so
11			classed by the Secretary of Agriculture under the
12			Sugar Act of 1948 (61 Stat. 922, Chapter 519) as
13			the Act may be amended or supplemented;
14		(B)	The value or gross proceeds of sale of the sugar,
15			and other products manufactured from the
16			sugarcane, is included in the measure of the tax
17			levied on the manufacturer under section
18			A-6(a)(1);
19		(C)	The producer's gross proceeds of sales are
20			dependent upon the actual value of the products
21			manufactured therefrom or the average value of



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1	all similar products manufactured by the
2	manufacturer; and
3	(D) The producer's gross proceeds of sales are
4	reduced by reason of the tax on the value or sale
5	of the manufactured products.
6	§A-18 Exemption for sale of tangible personal property for
7	resale at wholesale. (a) There shall be exempted from, and
8	excluded from the measure of, the taxes imposed by this chapter
9	all of the gross proceeds or gross income arising from the sale
10	of tangible personal property imported to Hawaii from a foreign
11	or domestic source to a licensed taxpayer for subsequent resale
12	for the purpose of sale at wholesale as defined under section
13	A-2.
14	(b) The department, by rule, may provide that a seller may
15	take from the purchaser of imported tangible personal property,
16	a certificate in a form that the department shall prescribe,
17	certifying that the purchaser of the imported tangible personal
18	property shall resell the imported tangible personal property at

20 furnishes a certificate shall be obligated to pay to the seller,

wholesale as defined under section A-2. Any purchaser who

21 upon demand, if the sale in fact is not a sale for the purpose

22 of resale at wholesale, the amount of the additional tax that is



imposed upon the seller. The absence of a certificate, unless
 the sales of the business are exclusively a sale for the purpose
 of resale at wholesale, in itself, shall give rise to the
 presumption that the sale is not a sale for the purpose of
 resale at wholesale.

6 §A-19 Administrative provisions. Sections 237-8, 237-20,
7 237-21, 237-30, 237-31, 237-32, 237-33, 237-33.5, 237-34,
8 237-35, 237-36, 237-37, 237-38, 237-39, 237-40, 237-41, 237-42,
9 237-43, 237-46, 237-47, 237-49, and 237-A to 237-F shall apply
10 to this chapter."

SECTION 3. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read as follows:

14

"CHAPTER

15 TAX ON IMPORT OF GOODS, SERVICES, AND CONTRACTING FOR RESALE
 16 §B-1 Definitions. Definitions contained in section 238-1
 17 shall apply to this chapter.

18 §B-2 Imposition of tax on tangible personal property;
19 exemptions. There is hereby levied an excise tax on the use in
20 this State of tangible personal property which is imported by a
21 taxpayer in this State whether owned, purchased from an
22 unlicensed seller, or however acquired for use in this State.



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1	The tax impose	d by this chapter shall accrue when the property	
2	is acquired by	the importer or purchaser and becomes subject to	
3	the taxing jur	isdiction of the State. The rate of the tax	
4	hereby imposed	and the exemptions thereof are as follows:	
5	(1) If t	he importer or purchaser is licensed under chapter	
6	A and is:		
7	(A)	A wholesaler or jobber importing or purchasing	
8		for purposes of sale or resale; or	
9	(B)	A manufacturer importing or purchasing material	
10		or commodities that are to be incorporated by the	
11		manufacturer into a finished or saleable product	
12		(including the container or package in which the	
13		product is contained) wherein it will remain in a	
14		form as to be perceptible to the senses, and the	
15		finished or saleable product is to be sold in a	
16		manner as to result in a further tax on the	
17		activity of the manufacturer as the manufacturer	
18		or as a wholesaler, and not as a retailer;	
19	ther	e shall be no tax; provided that if the	
20	whol	esaler, jobber, or manufacturer is also engaged in	
21	busi	ness as a retailer (so classed under chapter 237),	
22	para	graph (2) shall apply to the wholesaler, jobber,	



1		or ma	nufacturer, but the director of taxation shall	
2		refun	d to the wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer, in	
3		the manner provided under section 231-23(c) the amount		
4		of tax as the wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer		
5		shall establish, to the satisfaction of the director,		
6		to have been paid by the wholesaler, jobber, or		
7		manufacturer to the director with respect to property		
8		that	has been used by the wholesaler, jobber, or	
9		manufacturer for the purposes stated in this		
10		paragraph; and		
11	(2)	If the importer or purchaser is licensed under chapter		
12		237 a	and is:	
12 13			and is: A retailer or other person importing or	
		(A)		
13		(A)	A retailer or other person importing or	
13 14		(A)	A retailer or other person importing or purchasing for purposes of sale or resale, not	
13 14 15		(A)	A retailer or other person importing or purchasing for purposes of sale or resale, not exempted by paragraph (1);	
13 14 15 16		(A)	A retailer or other person importing or purchasing for purposes of sale or resale, not exempted by paragraph (1); A manufacturer importing or purchasing material	
13 14 15 16 17		(A)	A retailer or other person importing or purchasing for purposes of sale or resale, not exempted by paragraph (1); A manufacturer importing or purchasing material or commodities that are to be incorporated by the	
13 14 15 16 17 18		(A)	A retailer or other person importing or purchasing for purposes of sale or resale, not exempted by paragraph (1); A manufacturer importing or purchasing material or commodities that are to be incorporated by the manufacturer into a finished or saleable product	
13 14 15 16 17 18 19		(A)	A retailer or other person importing or purchasing for purposes of sale or resale, not exempted by paragraph (1); A manufacturer importing or purchasing material or commodities that are to be incorporated by the manufacturer into a finished or saleable product (including the container or package in which the	



1		retail in this State, in a manner as to result in
2		a further tax on the activity of the manufacturer
3		in selling the products at retail;
4	(C)	A contractor importing or purchasing material or
5		commodities that are to be incorporated by the
6.		contractor into the finished work or project
7		required by the contract and that will remain in
8		the finished work or project in a form as to be
9		perceptible to the senses;
10	(D)	A person engaged in a service business or calling
11		as defined in section 237-7, or a person
12		furnishing transient accommodations subject to
13		the tax imposed by section 237D-2, in which the
14		import or purchase of tangible personal property
15		would have qualified as a sale at wholesale as
16		defined in section A-2(a)(8) had the seller of
17		the property been subject to the tax in chapter
18		237; or
19	(E)	A publisher of magazines or similar printed
20		materials containing advertisements, when the
21		publisher is under contract with the advertisers
22		to distribute a minimum number of magazines or



1 similar printed materials to the public or 2 defined segment of the public, whether or not 3 there is a charge to the persons who actually 4 receive the magazines or similar printed 5 materials,

6 the tax shall be one-half of one per cent of the
7 purchase price of the property, if the purchase and
8 sale are consummated in Hawaii; or, if there is no
9 purchase price applicable thereto, or if the purchase
10 or sale is consummated outside of Hawaii, then one11 half of one per cent of the value of the property.

12 §B-3 Imposition of tax on imported services or 13 contracting; exemptions. There is hereby levied an excise tax 14 on the value of services or contracting as defined in section 15 237-6 that are performed by an unlicensed seller at a point 16 outside the State and imported or purchased for use in this 17 State. The tax imposed by this chapter shall accrue when the 18 service or contracting as defined in section 237-6 is received 19 by the importer or purchaser and becomes subject to the taxing 20 jurisdiction of the State. The rate of the tax hereby imposed 21 and the exemptions from the tax are as follows:



39 .

(1) If the importer or purchaser is licensed under chapter
 A and is:

- 3 (A) Engaged in a service business or calling in which 4 the imported or purchased services or contracting become identifiable elements, excluding overhead, 5 6 of the services rendered by the importer or 7 purchaser, and the gross income of the importer 8 or purchaser is subject to the tax imposed under 9 chapter A on services at the rate of one-half of 10 one per cent; or
- A manufacturer importing or purchasing services 11 (B) 12 or contracting that become identifiable elements, 13 excluding overhead, of a finished or saleable product (including the container or package in 14 which the product is contained) and the finished 15 16 or saleable product is to be sold in a manner that results in a further tax under chapter A on 17 18 the manufacturer as a wholesaler, and not a retailer; 19
- 20 there shall be no tax imposed on the value of the 21 imported or purchased services or contracting; 22 provided that if the manufacturer is also engaged in



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1 business as a retailer as classified under chapter 237, paragraph (2) of this section shall apply to the 2 manufacturer, but the director of taxation shall 3 refund to the manufacturer, in the manner provided 4 under section 231-23(c), that amount of tax that the 5 manufacturer, to the satisfaction of the director, 6 shall establish to have been paid by the manufacturer 7 to the director with respect to services that have 8 been used by the manufacturer for the purposes stated 9 10 in this paragraph; and If the importer or purchaser is a person licensed 11 (2) 12 under chapter 237 and is: (A) Engaged in a service business or calling in which 13 14 the imported or purchased services or contracting become identifiable elements, excluding overhead, 15 of the services rendered by the importer or 16 purchaser, and the gross income from those 17 18 services when sold by the importer or purchaser 19 is subject to the tax imposed under chapter 237; A manufacturer importing or purchasing services 20 (B) 21 or contracting that become identifiable elements, 22 excluding overhead, of the finished or saleable



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1 manufactured product (including the container or 2 package in which the product is contained) and 3 the finished or saleable product is to be sold in a manner that results in a further tax under 4 chapter 237 on the activity of the manufacturer 5 as a retailer; or 6 7 (C) A contractor importing or purchasing services or 8 contracting that become identifiable elements, excluding overhead, of the finished work or 9 10 project required under the contract, and where 11 the gross proceeds derived by the contractor are 12 subject to the tax under section 237-13(2) as a 13 contractor; 14 the tax shall be one-half of one per cent of the value 15 of the imported or purchased services or contracting. 16 **§B-4** Application of tax, etc. Section 238-3 shall apply 17 to this chapter. 18 **§B-5** Certain property used by producers. If a licensed 19 producer, or a cooperative association acting under the 20 authority of chapter 421, in order to sell to the producer, or a 21 licensed person, imports into the State or acquires in the State

22 commodities, materials, items, services, or living things



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enumerated in section A-2(a)(3) and (a)(5) to (a)(7), then 1 section A-2 shall apply. If section A-2 applies and the 2 3 producer is engaged in the sale of the producer's products at 4 retail or in any manner other than at wholesale, then the tax 5 upon use of property in the State imposed by section 238-2 shall 6 apply the same as in the case of a purchaser who is a licensed 7 retailer. In other cases no tax shall be imposed under this 8 chapter. §B-6 Administration. Sections 238-5, 238-6, 238-7, 238-8, 9 238-9, 238-9.5, 238-10, 238-11, 238-13, 238-14, and 238-16 shall 10 apply to this chapter." 11 12 SECTION 4. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by 13 adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read as follows: 14 15 "CHAPTER 16 INSURANCE PRODUCER'S TAX 17 §C-1 Definitions. The definitions contained in sections 237-1, 237-2, and 237-3 shall apply to this chapter. 18 19 §C-2 Tax on insurance producers. Upon every person 20 engaged as a licensed producer pursuant to chapter 431, there is hereby levied and shall be assessed and collected a tax equal to 21 22 0.15 per cent of the commissions due to that activity. 2010-0440 HB SMA.doc 42

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SC-3 Apportionment. Where insurance producers, who are not employees and are licensed pursuant to chapter 431, produce commissions that are divided between the insurance producers, the tax levied under section C-2 as to insurance producers shall apply to each producer with respect to the producer's portion of the commissions, and no more.

7 SC-4 Administrative provisions. Sections 237-8, 237-9,
8 237-9.5, 237-11, 237-12, 237-30, 237-31, 237-32, 237-33,
9 237-33.5, 237-34, 237-35, 237-36, 237-37, 237-38, 237-39,
10 237-40, 237-41, 237-42, 237-43, 237-46, 237-47, 237-49, and
11 237-A to 237-F shall apply to this chapter."

SECTION 5. Chapter 46, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated and to read as follows:

15 "<u>§46-</u> <u>County compliance with the streamlined sales and</u>
16 <u>use tax agreement.</u> The counties shall not adopt any ordinance
17 <u>or interpret any ordinance in a manner that violates the</u>
18 <u>streamlined sales and use tax agreement established by the</u>
19 <u>Streamlined Sales Tax Governing Board, Incorporated, and adopted</u>
20 <u>pursuant to chapter 255D.</u>"



1	SECTION 6	. Chapter 237, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended by add	ing six new sections to be appropriately
3	designated and	to read as follows:
4	" <u>§237-A</u>	General sourcing rules.
5	<u>(1)</u> The	retail sale, excluding lease or rental, of a
6	prod	uct shall be sourced as follows:
7	<u>(A)</u>	When the product is received by the purchaser at
8		a business location of the seller, the sale is
9		sourced to that business location;
10	<u>(B)</u>	When the product is not received by the purchaser
11		at a business location of the seller, the sale is
12		sourced to the location where receipt by the
13		purchaser (or the purchaser's designated donee)
14		occurs, including the location indicated by
15		instructions for delivery to the purchaser (or
16		designated donee), known to the seller;
17	<u>(C)</u>	When subparagraph (A) or (B) do not apply, the
18		sale is sourced to the location indicated by an
19		address for the purchaser that is available from
20		the business records of the seller that are
2 1		maintained in the ordinary course of the seller's



1		business when use of this address does not
2		constitute bad faith;
3	<u>(D)</u>	When subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) do not apply,
4		the sale is sourced to the location indicated by
5		an address for the purchaser obtained during the
6		consummation of the sale, including the address
7		of a purchaser's payment instrument, if no other
8		address is available, when use of this address
9		does not constitute bad faith; or
10	<u>(E)</u>	When none of the previous rules of subparagraph
11		(A), (B), (C), or (D) apply, including the
12		circumstance in which the seller is without
13		sufficient information to apply the previous
14		rules, then the location shall be determined by
15		the address from which tangible personal property
16		was shipped, from which the digital good or the
17		computer software delivered electronically was
18		first available for transmission by the seller,
19		or from which the service was provided
20		(disregarding for these purposes any location
21		that merely provided the digital transfer of the
22		product sold);



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1	(2)	The	lease or rental of tangible personal property,
2		othe	r than property identified in paragraph (3) or
3		(4),	shall be sourced as follows:
4		<u>(A)</u>	For a lease or rental that requires recurring
5			periodic payments, the first periodic payment is
6			sourced the same as a retail sale in accordance
7			with paragraph (1). Periodic payments made
8			subsequent to the first payment are sourced to
9			the primary property location for each period
10			covered by the payment. The primary property
11			location shall be as indicated by an address for
12			the property provided by the lessee that is
13			available to the lessor from its records
14			maintained in the ordinary course of business,
15			when use of this address does not constitute bad
16		·	faith. The property location shall not be
17			altered by intermittent use at different
18			locations, such as use of business property that
19			accompanies employees on business trips and
20			service calls; or
21		<u>(B)</u>	For a lease or rental that does not require
22			recurring periodic payments, the payment is



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1		sourced the same as a retail sale in accordance
2		with paragraph (1).
3		This paragraph does not affect the imposition or
4		computation of general excise or use tax on leases or
5		rentals based on a lump sum or accelerated basis, or
6		on the acquisition of property for lease;
7	(3)	The lease or rental of motor vehicles, trailers,
8		semi-trailers, or aircraft that do not qualify as
9		transportation equipment, as defined in paragraph (4),
10		shall be sourced as follows:
11		(A) For a lease or rental that requires recurring
12		periodic payments, each periodic payment is
13		sourced to the primary property location. The
14		primary property location shall be as indicated
15		by an address for the property provided by the
16		lessee that is available to the lessor from its
17		records maintained in the ordinary course of
18		business, when use of this address does not
19		constitute bad faith. This location shall not be
20		altered by intermittent use at different
21		locations; or



1		<u>(B)</u>	For a lease or rental that does not require
2			recurring periodic payments, the payment is
3			sourced the same as a retail sale in accordance
4			with paragraph (1).
5		This	paragraph does not affect the imposition or
6		comp	utation of general excise or use tax on leases or
7		rent	als based on a lump sum or accelerated basis, or
8		<u>on t</u>	he acquisition of property for lease; and
9	(4)	The	retail sale, including lease or rental, of
10		tran	sportation equipment shall be sourced the same as
11		<u>a re</u>	tail sale in accordance with paragraph (1),
12		notw	ithstanding the exclusion of lease or rental in
13		para	graph (1). "Transportation equipment" means any
14		<u>of t</u>	he following:
15		<u>(A)</u>	Locomotives and rail cars that are utilized for
16			the carriage of persons or property in interstate
17			commerce;
18		<u>(B)</u>	Trucks and truck-tractors with a gross vehicle
19			weight rating of ten thousand one pounds or
20			greater, trailers, semi-trailers, or passenger
21			buses that are:



1		<u>(i)</u>	Registered through the international
2			registration plan; and
3		(ii)	Operated under authority of a carrier
4			authorized and certificated by the United
5			States Department of Transportation or
6	、		another federal authority to engage in the
7			carriage of persons or property in
8			interstate commerce;
9	<u>(C)</u>	Airc	raft that are operated by air carriers
10		auth	orized and certificated by the United States
11		Depa	rtment of Transportation or another federal
12		<u>or a</u>	foreign authority to engage in the carriage
13		<u>of p</u>	ersons or property in interstate or foreign
14		comm	erce; and
15	<u>(D)</u>	Cont	ainers designed for use on and component
16		part	s attached or secured on the items set forth
17		<u>in s</u>	ubparagraphs (A) to (C).
18	<u>§237-B</u> G	enera	l sourcing definitions. For the purposes of
19	section 237-A(<u>1), t</u>	he terms "receive" and "receipt" mean:
20	<u>(1)</u> Taki	ng po	ssession of tangible personal property;
21	<u>(2)</u> <u>Maki</u>	ng fi	rst use of services; or

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1	(3) Taking possession or making first use of digital
2	gooda,
3	whichever comes first.
4	The terms "receive" and "receipt" do not include possession
5	by a shipping company on behalf of the purchaser.
6	§237-C Telecommunications sourcing rule. (a) Except for
7	the defined telecommunications services in subsection (c), the
8	sale of telecommunications service sold on a call-by-call basis
9	shall be sourced to:
10	(1) Each level of taxing jurisdiction where the call
11	originates and terminates in that jurisdiction; or
12	(2) Each level of taxing jurisdiction where the call
13	either originates or terminates and in which the
14	service address is also located.
15	(b) Except for the defined telecommunications services in
16	subsection (c), a sale of telecommunications service sold on a
17	basis other than a call-by-call basis, is sourced to the
18	customer's place of primary use.
19	(c) The sale of the following telecommunications services
20	shall be sourced to each level of taxing jurisdiction as
21	follows:



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1	(1)	A sale of mobile telecommunications service other than
2		air-to-ground radiotelephone service and prepaid
3		calling service, is sourced to the customer's place of
4		primary use as required by the Mobile
5		Telecommunications Sourcing Act;
6	(2)	A sale of post-paid calling service is sourced to the
7		origination point of the telecommunications signal as
8		first identified by either:
9		(A) The seller's telecommunications system; or
10		(B) Information received by the seller from its
11		service provider, where the system used to
12		transport such signals is not that of the seller;
13	(3)	A sale of prepaid calling service or a sale of a
14		prepaid wireless calling service is sourced in
15		accordance with section 237-A; provided that in the
16		case of a sale of prepaid wireless calling service,
17		section 237-A(1)(E) shall apply in addition to an
18		option to use the location associated with the mobile
19		telephone number; or
20	(4)	A sale of a private communication service is sourced
21		as follows:



1		(A)	Service for a separate charge related to a
2			customer channel termination point is sourced to
3			each level of jurisdiction in which the customer
4			channel termination point is located;
5		<u>(B)</u>	Service where all customer termination points are
6			located entirely within one jurisdiction or
7			levels of jurisdiction is sourced in the
8			jurisdiction in which the customer channel
9			termination points are located; or
10		<u>(C)</u>	Service for segments of a channel between two
11			customer channel termination points located in
12			different jurisdictions and which segment of a
13			channel are separately charged is sourced fifty
14			per cent in each level of jurisdiction in which
15			the customer channel termination points are
16			located.
17		Serv	ice for segments of a channel located in more than
18		one	jurisdiction or levels of jurisdiction and where
19		the	segments are not separately billed shall be
20		sour	ced in each jurisdiction based on the percentage
21		<u>dete</u>	rmined by dividing the number of customer channel
22		term	ination points in the jurisdiction by the total
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1	number of customer channel termination points in all
2	jurisdictions.
3	§237-D Telecommunications sourcing definitions. For the
4	purpose of section 237-C, the following definitions shall apply:
5	"Air-to-ground radiotelephone service" means a radio
6	service, as that term is defined in 47 C.F.R. 22.99, in which
7	common carriers are authorized to offer and provide radio
8	telecommunications service for hire to subscribers in aircraft.
9	"Call-by-call basis" means any method of charging for
10	telecommunications services where the price is measured by
11	individual calls.
12	"Communications channel" means a physical or virtual path
13	of communications over which signals are transmitted between or
14	among customer channel termination points.
15	"Customer":
16	(1) Means the person or entity that contracts with the
17	seller of telecommunications services. If the end
18	user of telecommunications services is not the
19	contracting party, the end user of the
20	telecommunications service is the customer of the
21	telecommunications service, but this sentence only



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1	applies for the purpose of sourcing sales of
2	telecommunications services under section 237-C; and
3	(2) Does not include a reseller of telecommunications
4	service or for mobile telecommunications service of a
5	serving carrier under an agreement to serve the
6	customer outside the home service provider's licensed
7	service area.
8	"Customer channel termination point" means the location
9	where the customer either inputs or receives the communications.
10	"End user" means the person who utilizes the
11	telecommunications service. In the case of an entity, "end
1 2	user" means the individual who utilizes the service on behalf of
13	the entity.
14	"Home service provider" has the same meaning as that term
15	is defined in section 124(5) of Public Law 106-252 (Mobile
16	Telecommunications Sourcing Act).
17	"Mobile telecommunications service" has the same meaning as
18	that term is defined in section 124(7) of Public Law 106-252
19	(Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act).
20	"Place of primary use" means the street address
21	representative of where the customer's use of the
22	telecommunications service primarily occurs, which shall be the

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1	residential street address or the primary business street
2	address of the customer. In the case of mobile
3	telecommunications services, "place of primary use" shall be
4	within the licensed service area of the home service provider.
5	"Post-paid calling service" means the telecommunications
6	service obtained by making a payment on a call-by-call basis
7	either through the use of a credit card or payment mechanism
8	such as a bank card, travel card, or debit card, or by charge
9	made to a telephone number that is not associated with the
10	origination or termination of the telecommunications service. A
11	post-paid calling service includes a telecommunications service,
12	except a prepaid wireless calling service, that would be a
13	prepaid calling service except it is not exclusively a
14	telecommunications service.
15	"Prepaid calling service" means the right to access
16	exclusively telecommunications services that must be paid in
17	exclusively cerecommunications belvices that must be part in
	advance and that enables the origination of calls using an
18	
18 19	advance and that enables the origination of calls using an
	advance and that enables the origination of calls using an access number or authorization code, whether manually or
19	advance and that enables the origination of calls using an access number or authorization code, whether manually or electronically dialed, and is sold in predetermined units or



1	<u>mobile wi</u>	celess service as well as other non-telecommunications
2	services,	including the download of digital products delivered
3	electronic	cally, content and ancillary services, which must be
4	paid for i	in advance and is sold in predetermined units or
5	dollars of	which the number declines with use in a known amount.
6	"Priv	vate communication service" means a telecommunications
7	service th	nat entitles the customer to exclusive or priority use
8	of a commu	unications channel or group of channels between or
9	among term	mination points, regardless of the manner in which the
10	<u>channel</u> or	c channels are connected, and includes switching
11	capacity,	extension lines, stations, and any other associated
12	<u>services</u> t	that are provided in connection with the use of the
13	channel or	channels.
14	<u>"Serv</u>	rice address" means:
15	<u>(1)</u>	The location of the telecommunications equipment to
16		which a customer's call is charged and from which the
17		call originates or terminates, regardless of where the
18		call is billed or paid;
19	(2)	If the location in paragraph (1) is not known, service
20		address means the origination point of the signal of
21		the telecommunications service first identified by
22		either the seller's telecommunications system or in
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1	information received by the seller from its service
2	provider, where the system used to transport the
3	signals is not that of the seller; or
4	(3) If the location in paragraphs (1) and (2) are not
5	known, service address means the location of the
6	customer's place of primary use.
7	§237-E Deduction for bad debts. (a) A seller shall be
8	allowed a deduction from taxable sales for bad debts. A seller
9	may deduct the amount of bad debts from the seller's gross
10	sales, rentals, or services used for the computation of the tax.
11	The amount of gross sales, rentals, or services deducted shall
12	be charged off as uncollectible on the books and records of the
13	seller at the time the debt becomes worthless and deducted on
14	the return for the period during which the bad debt is written
15	off as uncollectible in the claimant's books and records and
16	shall be eligible to be deducted for income tax purposes.
17	For the purposes of this section, a claimant who is not
18	required to file a federal income tax return may deduct a bad
19	debt on a return filed for the period in which the bad debt
20	becomes worthless and is written off as uncollectible in the
21	claimant's books and records and would be eligible for a bad



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1	debt deduction for federal income tax purposes if the claimant
2	was required to file a federal income tax return.
3	If a consumer or other person pays all or part of a bad
4	debt with respect to which a seller claimed a deduction under
5	this section, the seller is liable for the amount of taxes
6	deducted in connection with that portion of the debt for which
7.	payment is received and shall remit these taxes in the seller's
8	next payment to the department. Any payments made on a bad debt
9	shall be applied proportionally first to the taxable price of
10	the property and the tax on the property and second to any
11	interest, service, or other charge.
12	(b) Any claim for a bad debt deduction under this section
13	shall be supported by evidence required by the department. The
14	department shall review any change in the rate of taxation
15	applicable to any taxable sales, rentals, or services by a
16	seller claiming a deduction pursuant to this section and shall
17	ensure that the deduction on any bad debt does not result in the
18	seller claiming the deduction recovering any more or less than
19	the taxes imposed on the sale, rental, or service that
20	constitutes the bad debt.
21	(c) If a certified service provider assumed filing
22	responsibility under chapter 255D, the certified service

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1	provider may claim, on behalf of the seller, any bad debt
2	allowable to the seller and shall credit or refund that amount
3	of bad debt allowed or refunded to the seller.
4	(d) If the books and records of a seller who, under
5	chapter 255D claims a bad debt allowance, support an allocation
6	of the bad debts among member states of that agreement, the
7	seller may allocate the bad debt.
8	(e) As used in this section, "bad debt" means any portion
9	of a debt resulting from a seller's collection of the use tax
10	under chapter 255D on the purchase of tangible personal property
11	or services that is not otherwise deductible or excludable and
12	is eligible to be claimed, or could be eligible to be claimed if
13	the seller kept accounts on an accrual basis, as a deduction
14	pursuant to section 166 (with respect to bad debts) of the
15	Internal Revenue Code. A bad debt does not include any of the
16	following:
17	(1) Interest, finance charge, or use tax on the purchase
18	price;
19	(2) Uncollectible amounts on property that remains in the
20	possession of the seller until the full purchase price
21	is paid;



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1	(3) Expenses incurred in attempting to collect any account
2	receivable or any portion of the debt recovered;
3	(4) Any accounts receivable that have been sold to and
4	remain in the possession of a third party for
5	collection; or
6	(5) Repossessed property.
7	§237-F Direct mail sourcing. (a) Notwithstanding the
8	general sourcing provisions of section 237-A, a purchaser of
9	direct mail who is not a holder of a direct pay permit shall
10	provide to the seller, in conjunction with the purchase, either
11	a direct mail form or information to show the jurisdictions to
1 2	which the direct mail is delivered to recipients.
13	Upon receipt of the direct mail form, the seller shall be
14	relieved of all obligations to collect, pay, or remit the
15	applicable tax and the purchaser shall be obligated to pay or
16	remit the applicable tax on a direct pay basis. A direct mail
17	form shall remain in effect for all future sales of direct mail
18	by the seller to the purchaser until it is revoked in writing.
19	Upon receipt of information from the purchaser showing the
20	jurisdictions to which the direct mail is delivered to
21	recipients, the seller shall collect the tax according to the
22	delivery information provided by the purchaser. In the absence
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1	of bad faith, the seller shall be relieved of any further
2	obligation to collect tax on any transaction for which the
3	seller has collected tax pursuant to the delivery information
4	provided by the purchaser.
5	(b) If the purchaser of direct mail does not have a direct
6	pay permit and does not provide the seller with either a direct
7	mail form or delivery information as required under subsection
8	(a), the seller shall collect the tax. Nothing in this
9	subsection shall limit a purchaser's obligation for sales or use
10	tax to any state to which the direct mail is delivered.
11	(c) If a purchaser of direct mail provides the seller with
12	documentation of direct pay authority, the purchaser shall not
12 13	documentation of direct pay authority, the purchaser shall not be required to provide a direct mail form or delivery
13	be required to provide a direct mail form or delivery
13 14	be required to provide a direct mail form or delivery information to the seller.
13 14 15	be required to provide a direct mail form or delivery information to the seller. Receipts from sales of direct mail for distribution to
13 14 15 16	be required to provide a direct mail form or delivery <u>information to the seller</u> . <u>Receipts from sales of direct mail for distribution to</u> <u>out-of-state recipients and receipts from sales of direct-mail</u>
13 14 15 16 17	be required to provide a direct mail form or delivery information to the seller. Receipts from sales of direct mail for distribution to out-of-state recipients and receipts from sales of direct-mail processing services in connection with distribution of direct
13 14 15 16 17 18	<pre>be required to provide a direct mail form or delivery information to the seller. Receipts from sales of direct mail for distribution to out-of-state recipients and receipts from sales of direct-mail processing services in connection with distribution of direct mail to out-of-state recipients shall be exempt from taxation</pre>
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	be required to provide a direct mail form or delivery information to the seller. Receipts from sales of direct mail for distribution to out-of-state recipients and receipts from sales of direct-mail processing services in connection with distribution of direct mail to out-of-state recipients shall be exempt from taxation under this chapter. The exemption provided by this section



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1	out-of-state customers. The direct mail processing services
2	exemption provided under this section shall apply to receipts
3	from charges for all direct mail processing services for
4	distribution to out-of-state recipients, including but not
5	limited to preparing and maintaining mailing lists, addressing,
6	separating, folding, inserting, sorting, and packaging direct
7	mail materials, and transporting the direct mail to the point of
8	shipment by the mail service or other carrier."
9	SECTION 7. Section 237-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	amended by adding seven new definitions to be appropriately
11	inserted and to read as follows:
12	""Delivery charges" means charges by the seller for
13	preparation and delivery to a location designated by the
14	purchaser of personal property or services, including but not
15	limited to transportation, shipping, postage, handling, crating,
16	and packing. If a shipment includes both exempt and taxable
17	property, the seller shall allocate the delivery charge by
18	using:
19	(1) A percentage based on the total sales price of the
20	taxable property compared to the total sales price of
21	all property in the shipment; or



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1	(2)	A percentage based on the total weight of the taxable
2		property compared to the total weight of all property
3		in the shipment.
4	"Depa	artment" means the department of taxation.
5	" <u>Dir</u> e	ect_mail":
6	(1)	Means printed material delivered or distributed by
7		United States mail or other delivery service to a mass
8		audience or to addresses on a mailing list provided by
9		the purchaser, or at the direction of the purchaser,
10		in cases in which the cost of the items are not billed
11		directly to the recipients;
12	(2)	Includes tangible personal property supplied directly
13		or indirectly by the purchaser to the direct mail
14		seller for inclusion in the package containing the
15		printed material; and
16	(3)	Does not include multiple items of printed material.
17	"Lea:	se or rental":
18	(1)	Means any transfer of possession or control of
19		tangible personal property for a fixed or
20		indeterminate term for consideration;
21	(2)	May include future options to purchase or extend; and
22	(3)	Does not include:



1	<u>(A)</u>	<u>A transfer of possession or control of property</u>
2		under a security agreement or deferred payment
3		plan that requires the transfer of title upon
4		completion of the required payments;
5	<u>(B)</u>	A transfer of possession or control of property
6		under an agreement that requires the transfer of
7		title upon completion of required payments and
8		payment of an option price that does not exceed
9		the greater of \$100 or one per cent of the total
10		required payments;
11	<u>(C)</u>	Providing tangible personal property along with
12		an operator for a fixed or indeterminate period
13		of time. A condition of this exclusion is that
14		the operator is necessary for the equipment to
15		perform as designed. For the purpose of this
16		subparagraph, an operator shall do more than
17		maintain, inspect, or set-up the tangible
18		personal property; or
19	<u>(D)</u>	Agreements covering motor vehicles and trailers
20		where the amount of consideration may be
21		increased or decreased by reference to the amount
22		realized upon sale or disposition of the property



1	as defined in section 7701(h) (with respect to
2	motor vehicle operating leases) of the Internal
3	Revenue Code.
4	For the purposes of this chapter, the definition of "lease
5	or rental" shall be used regardless of whether a transaction is
6	characterized as a lease or rental under generally accepted
7	accounting principles, the federal Internal Revenue Code, or
8	other provisions of federal, state, or local law; provided that
9	this definition shall not apply to section 237-16.5 or 237-43.
10	"Purchase price" applies to the measure subject to use tax
11	and has the same meaning as sales price.
12	"Sales price" applies to the measure subject to tax and
13	means the total amount of consideration, including cash, credit,
14	property, and services for which personal property or services
15	are sold, leased, or rented, valued in money, whether money is
16	received or otherwise, without any deduction for the following:
17	(1) The seller's cost of the property sold;
18	(2) The cost of the materials used, labor or service cost,
19	losses, all costs of transportation to the seller, all
20	taxes imposed on the seller, and any other expense of
21	the seller;



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1	(3) Charges by the seller for any services necessary to
2	complete the sale, other than delivery and
3	installation charges;
4	(4) Delivery and installation charges; or
5	(5) Installation charges.
6	"Tangible personal property" means personal property that
7	can be seen, weighed, measured, felt, or touched, or that is in
8	any manner perceptible to the senses. Tangible personal
9	property includes gas, steam, and prewritten computer software."
10	SECTION 8. Chapter 239, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
11	amended by adding a new section to part II to be appropriately
12	designated and to read as follows:
13	"§239- Treatment of conflicts. In a case where the tax
13 14	"§239- Treatment of conflicts. In a case where the tax under chapter 237 and this part may be applied to the same gross
14	under chapter 237 and this part may be applied to the same gross
14 15	under chapter 237 and this part may be applied to the same gross income or gross proceeds, the tax shall only be levied,
14 15 16	under chapter 237 and this part may be applied to the same gross income or gross proceeds, the tax shall only be levied, assessed, and collected under chapter 237."
14 15 16 17	under chapter 237 and this part may be applied to the same gross income or gross proceeds, the tax shall only be levied, assessed, and collected under chapter 237." SECTION 9. Chapter 255D, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
14 15 16 17 18	under chapter 237 and this part may be applied to the same gross income or gross proceeds, the tax shall only be levied, assessed, and collected under chapter 237." SECTION 9. Chapter 255D, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended by adding nine new sections to be appropriately
14 15 16 17 18 19	under chapter 237 and this part may be applied to the same gross income or gross proceeds, the tax shall only be levied, assessed, and collected under chapter 237." SECTION 9. Chapter 255D, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended by adding nine new sections to be appropriately designated and to read as follows:
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	<pre>under chapter 237 and this part may be applied to the same gross income or gross proceeds, the tax shall only be levied, assessed, and collected under chapter 237." SECTION 9. Chapter 255D, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended by adding nine new sections to be appropriately designated and to read as follows: "§255D-A Relief from certain liability. All sellers and</pre>

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1	relieved from liability to the state and local jurisdictions for
2	having charged and collected the incorrect amount of sales or
3	use tax resulting from the seller or certified service provider
4	relying on erroneous data provided by the State on tax rates,
5	boundaries, or taxing jurisdiction assignments.
6	§255D-B Rounding rule. For the purpose of calculating the
7	amount of the sales or use tax:
8	(1) The tax computation shall be carried to the third
9	decimal place; and
10	(2) The tax shall be rounded to a whole cent using a
11	method that rounds up to the next cent whenever the
12	third decimal place is greater than four.
13	Sellers may elect to compute the tax due on a transaction
14	on an item or an invoice basis, and shall allow the rounding
15	rule to be applied to the aggregated state and local taxes.
16	<u>§255D-C</u> Amnesty for registration under this chapter. (a)
17	The department shall provide amnesty for uncollected or unpaid
18	sales tax under chapter 237 or use tax under chapter 238,
19	including any county surcharge, to a seller who registers to pay
20	or to collect and remit applicable sales or use tax on
21	transactions made to purchasers in the State in accordance with
22	the terms of the streamlined sales and use tax agreement;



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1	provided that the seller was not so registered in the State in
2	the twelve-month period preceding the effective date of the
3	State's participation in the streamlined sales and use tax
4	agreement.
5	(b) The amnesty shall preclude assessment for uncollected
6	or unpaid sales tax under chapter 237 or use tax under chapter
7	238 together with penalty or interest for sales made during the
8	period the seller was not registered in the State; provided
9	registration occurs within twelve months of the effective date
10	of the State's participation in the streamlined sales and use
11	tax_agreement.
12	(c) The amnesty shall not be available to a seller with
13	respect to any matter or matters for which the seller received
14	notice of the commencement of an audit and the audit is not yet
15	finally resolved including any related administrative and
16	judicial processes.
1 7	(d) The amnesty shall not be available for sales or use
18	taxes already paid or remitted to the State or to taxes
19	collected by the seller.
20	(e) The amnesty shall be fully effective, absent the
21	seller's fraud or intentional misrepresentation of a material
22	fact, as long as the seller continues registration and continues
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1	payment or collection and remittance of applicable sales or use
2	taxes for a period of at least thirty-six months. The statute
3	of limitations is tolled with respect to asserting a tax
4	liability during this thirty-six month period.
5	(f) The amnesty shall only apply to sales or use taxes due
6	from a seller in its capacity as a seller and not to sales or
7	use taxes due from a seller in its capacity as a buyer.
8	§255D-D Local rate and boundary changes. (a) Any rate
9	changes by a local jurisdiction shall be effective only on the
10	first day of a calendar quarter after a minimum of sixty days
11	notice to sellers.
12	(b) Any local tax rate changes relating to purchases from
13	printed catalogs wherein the purchaser computes the tax based
14	upon local tax rates published in the catalog shall be effective
15	only on the first day of a calendar quarter after a minimum of
16	one hundred twenty days notice to sellers.
17	(c) For sales and use tax purposes only, local
18	jurisdiction boundary changes apply only on the first day of a
19	calendar quarter after a minimum of sixty days notice to
20	sellers.
21	(d) The department shall provide and maintain a database
22	that describes boundary changes for all taxing jurisdictions.
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1	The database shall include a description of the change and the
2	effective date of the change for sales tax under chapter 237 and
3	use tax under chapter 238 purposes.
4	(e) The department shall provide and maintain a database
5	of all sales tax rates under chapter 237 and use tax rates under
6	chapter 238 for all of the jurisdictions levying taxes within
7	the State. For the identification of states, counties, and
8	cities, codes corresponding to the rates shall be provided
9	according to Federal Information Processing Standards as
10	developed by the National Institute of Standards and Technology.
11	For the identification of all other jurisdictions, codes
12	corresponding to the rates shall be in the format determined by
13	the Streamlined Sales Tax Governing Board, Incorporated.
14	(f) The department shall provide and maintain a database
15	that assigns each five digit and nine digit zip code within the
16	State to the proper tax rates and jurisdictions. The department
17	shall apply the lowest combined tax rate imposed in the zip code
18	area if the area includes more than one tax rate in any level of
19	taxing jurisdictions. If a nine digit zip code designation is
20	not available for a street address or if a seller or certified
21	service provider is unable to determine the nine digit zip code
22	designation of a purchaser after exercising due diligence to
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1	determine the designation, the seller or certified service
2	provider may apply the rate for the five digit zip code area.
3	For the purposes of this section, there is a rebuttable
4	presumption that a seller or certified service provider has
5	exercised due diligence if the seller has attempted to determine
6	the nine digit zip code designation by utilizing software
7	approved by the Streamlined Sales Tax Governing Board,
8	Incorporated, that makes this designation from the street
9	address and the five digit zip code of the purchaser.
10	(g) The State shall participate with other states in the
11	development of an address-based system for assigning taxing
12	jurisdictions. The system shall meet the requirements developed
13	pursuant to the federal Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act
14	(4 U.S.C. 116). If any state develops an address-based
15	assignment system pursuant to the Mobile Telecommunications
16	Sourcing Act, a seller may use that system in place of the
17	system provided for in subsection (e).
18	<pre>§255D-E Certified service provider; agent of the seller.</pre>
19	(a) A certified service provider is the agent of a seller, with
20	whom the certified service provider has contracted for the
21	collection and remittance of sales and use taxes. As the
22	seller's agent, the certified service provider is liable for



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1	sales and use tax due to the State on all sales transactions it
2	processes for the seller unless the seller made a material
3	misrepresentation or committed fraud.
4	(b) A seller that uses a certified automated system is
5	responsible and is liable to the State for reporting and
6	remitting tax.
7	§255D-F Confidentiality of records. (a) Except as
8	provided in subsection (c), a certified service provider shall
9	not retain or disclose the personally identifiable information
10	of consumers. A certified service provider's system shall be
11	designed and tested to ensure the privacy of consumers by
12	protecting their anonymity.
13	(b) A certified service provider shall provide clear and
14	conspicuous notice of its information practices to consumers,
15	including but not limited to what information it collects, how
16	it collects the information, how it uses the information, how
17	long it retains the information, and whether it discloses the
18	information to member states.
19	(c) A certified service provider's retention or disclosure
20	to member states of personally identifiable information is
21	limited to that required to ensure the validity of exemptions



1	claimed be	ecause of a consumer's status or intended use of the				
2	goods or services purchased.					
3	(d)	A certified service provider shall provide the				
4	necessary	technical, physical, and administrative safeguards to				
5	protect personally identifiable information from unauthorized					
6	access and	d disclosure.				
7	(e)	The privacy policy required under this section shall				
8	be subject	to enforcement by the attorney general.				
9	(f)	If personally identifiable information is retained by				
10	the State	for the purpose of subsection (c), in the absence of				
11	exigent circumstances, a person shall be afforded reasonable					
12	access to	their own data, with a right to correct inaccurately				
13	recorded o	lata.				
14	(g)	The agreement does not enlarge or limit the State's				
15	authority	to do any of the following:				
16	(1)	Conduct audits or other reviews as provided under the				
17		agreement or the State's law;				
18	(2)	Provide records pursuant to chapter 92F, disclosure				
19		laws with governmental agencies, or other regulations;				
20	(3)	Prevent, consistent with the State's law, disclosures				
21		of confidential taxpayer information;				



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1	(4)	Prevent, consistent with federal law, disclosures or
2		misuse of federal return information obtained under a
3		disclosure agreement with the Internal Revenue
4		Service; or
5	(5)	Collect, disclose, disseminate, or otherwise use
6		anonymous data for governmental purposes.
7	(h)	The department shall publish on the department's
8	website t	he State's policy relating to the collection, use, and
9	retention	of personally identifiable information obtained from a
10	certified	service provider under subsection (c).
11	<u>(i)</u>	The department shall destroy personally identifiable
12	informati	on obtained from a certified service provider when the
13	informati	on is no longer required for purposes under subsection
14	(c).	
15	<u>(j)</u>	If a person other than a member state or person
16	authorize	d by a member state's law or the agreement seeks to
17	discover	personally identifiable information about an individual
18	from the	State, the department shall make a reasonable and
19	timely ef	fort to notify that individual of the request.
20	(k)	As used in this section, "personally identifiable
21	informati	on" means information that identifies a specific
22	person.	



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1	<u>§</u> 255	D-G Liability for uncollected tax. (a) A seller			
2	registered under the agreement is not liable for any uncollected				
3	or nonremitted tax on transactions with purchasers in the State				
4	before th	e date of registration, if the seller was not licensed			
5	or regist	ered under chapter 237 in the twelve-month period			
6	preceding	the effective date of the State's participation in the			
7	agreement	. The seller is also not responsible for any penalty			
8	or interest that may be due on those transactions. This				
9	subsection applies only if the seller is registered in this				
10	State within twelve months of the effective date of this State's				
11	participation in the agreement.				
12	(b)	Subsection (a) does not apply to:			
13	(1)	Any tax liability of the registered seller for			
14		transactions that are subject to sales or use tax in			
15		the State in which the registered seller is the			
16		purchaser;			
17	(2)	Any sales or use taxes already paid or remitted to the			
18		State or to taxes collected by the seller; and			
19	(3)	Any transactions for which the seller received notice			
20		of the commencement of an audit and the audit is not			
21		finally resolved, including related administrative or			
22		judicial processes.			
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1	(c) Subsection (a) applies to the seller absent the				
2	seller's fraud or intentional misrepresentation of a material				
3	fact, only if the seller continues to be registered under the				
4	agreement and continues collection and remittance of applicable				
5	sales and use taxes in the State for at least thirty-six months.				
6	The statute of limitations applicable to assessing a tax				
7	liability shall be tolled during the thirty-six-month period.				
8	§255D-H Rate changes. (a) The department shall publish				
9	on its website a notification to sellers registered under the				
10	agreement of a change in tax rate or tax base within five				
11	business days of receiving notice of the changes to the tax rate				
12	or tax base or of an amendment to sales and use tax rules.				
13	Whenever possible, a tax rate or tax base change should occur on				
14	the first day of a calendar quarter.				
15	(b) The failure of a seller to receive notice under				
16	subsection (a) does not relieve the seller of its obligation to				
17	collect the sales or use tax.				
18	(c) The department shall complete a taxability matrix as				
19	provided for under section 328 of the agreement, maintain it in				
20	a database in a downloadable format approved by the Streamlined				
2 1	Sales Tax Governing Board, Incorporated, and provide notice of				
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1	§255D-I Customer refund procedures. A cause of action				
2	against a seller for overcollected sales or use taxes does not				
3	accrue until sixty days after a purchaser has provided written				
4	notice to the seller. The purchaser shall provide sufficient				
5	information in the notice to determine the validity of the				
6	request. In matters relating to the request, a seller is				
7	presumed to have a reasonable business practice if, in the				
8 .	collection of sales or use tax, the seller has a certified				
9	service provider or a system, including a proprietary system,				
10	certified by the department, and has remitted to this State all				
11	taxes collected, less any deductions, credits, or collection				
12	allowances."				
13	SECTION 10. Section 237-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is				
14	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:				
15	"(a) "Gross income" means the gross receipts, cash or				
16	accrued, of the taxpayer received as compensation for personal				
17	services and the gross receipts of the taxpayer derived from				
18	trade, business, commerce, or sales and the value proceeding or				
19	accruing from the sale of tangible personal property, or				
20	service, or both, and all receipts, actual or accrued as				
21	hereinafter provided, by reason of the investment of the capital				
22	of the business engaged in, including interest, discount,				
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1 rentals, royalties, fees, or other emoluments however designated 2 and without any deductions on account of the cost of property 3 sold, the cost of materials used, labor cost, taxes, royalties, 4 interest, or discount paid or any other expenses whatsoever. 5 Every taxpayer shall be presumed to be dealing on a cash basis 6 unless the taxpayer proves to the satisfaction of the department 7 of taxation that the taxpayer is dealing on an accrual basis and 8 the taxpayer's books are so kept, or unless the taxpayer employs 9 or is required to employ the accrual basis for the purposes of 10 the tax imposed by chapter 235 for any taxable year in which 11 event the taxpayer shall report the taxpayer's gross income for 12 the purposes of this chapter on the accrual basis for the same 13 period.

14 "Gross proceeds of sale" means the [value actually 15 proceeding from the sale of tangible personal property without 16 any deduction on account of the cost of property sold or 17 expenses of any kind.] sales price."

18 SECTION 11. Section 237-8.6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is19 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:

20 "(a) The county surcharge on state tax, upon the adoption 21 of county ordinances and in accordance with the requirements of 22 section 46-16.8, shall be levied, assessed, and collected as



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1 provided in this section on all gross proceeds and gross income 2 taxable under this chapter. No county shall set the surcharge 3 on state tax at a rate greater than one-half of one per cent of all gross proceeds and gross income taxable under this chapter. 4 5 All provisions of this chapter shall apply to the county surcharge on state tax. With respect to the surcharge, the 6 7 director of taxation shall have all the rights and powers 8 provided under this chapter. No county shall conduct an independent tax audit of sellers registered under the 9 10 streamlined sales and use tax agreement. In addition, the 11 director of taxation shall have the exclusive rights and power 12 to determine the county or counties in which a person is engaged 13 in business and, in the case of a person engaged in business in 14 more than one county, the director shall determine, through 15 apportionment or other means, that portion of the surcharge on 16 state tax attributable to business conducted in each county." 17 SECTION 12. Section 237-9, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 18 amended to read as follows:

19 "§237-9 Licenses; penalty. (a) Except as provided in
20 this section, any person who has a gross income or gross
21 proceeds of sales or value of products upon which a privilege
22 tax is imposed by this chapter, as a condition precedent to



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1 engaging or continuing in [such] the business, shall in writing 2 apply for and obtain from the department of taxation, upon a 3 one-time payment of the sum of \$20, a license to engage in and to conduct such business, upon condition that the person shall 4 5 pay the taxes accruing to the State under this chapter, and the 6 person shall thereby be duly licensed to engage in and conduct 7 the business. The license shall not be transferable and shall 8 be valid only for the person in whose name it is issued and for 9 the transaction of business at the place designated therein. 10 The license may be inspected and examined, and shall at all 11 times be conspicuously displayed at the place for which it is 12 issued.

A seller registered under the streamlined sales and use tax
agreement who is not otherwise obligated to obtain a license in
the State is not required to obtain a license because of that
registration.

17 (b) Licenses and applications therefor shall be in such
18 form as the department shall prescribe, except that where the
19 licensee is engaged in two or more forms of business of
20 different classification, the license shall so state on its
21 face. The license provided for by this section shall be
22 effective until canceled in writing. Any application for the
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reissuance of a previously canceled license identification
 number after December 31, 1989, shall be regarded as a new
 license application and subject to the payment of the one-time
 license fee of \$20. The director may revoke or cancel any
 license issued under this chapter for cause as provided by rules
 adopted pursuant to chapter 91.

7 (c) Any person who receives gross income or gross proceeds 8 of sales or value of products from engaging in business in the 9 State and who fails to obtain a license or receives gross income 10 or gross proceeds of sales or value of products from engaging in 11 business in the State without a license required under this 12 section may be fined not more than \$500; provided that a cash-13 based business may be fined not less than \$500 and not more than 14 \$2,000, as determined by the director or the director's 15 designee. The penalty under this subsection shall be in 16 addition to any other penalty provided under law and may be 17 waived or canceled upon a showing of good cause.

(d) If the license fee is paid, the department shall not
refuse to issue a license or revoke or cancel a license for the
exercise of a privilege protected by the First Amendment of the
Constitution of the United States, or for the carrying on of
interstate or foreign commerce, or for any privilege the



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exercise of which, under the Constitution and laws of the United
 States, cannot be restrained on account of nonpayment of taxes,
 nor shall section 237-46 be invoked to restrain the exercise of
 such a privilege, or the carrying on of [such] interstate or
 foreign commerce.

6 The director may permit a person engaged in network (e) 7 marketing, multi-level marketing, or other similar business to 8 obtain the license required under this section for purposes of 9 becoming a tax collection agent on behalf of its direct sellers. 10 The tax collection agent shall report, collect, and pay over the 11 taxes due under this chapter and chapter 238 on behalf of its 12 direct sellers who are covered by the tax collection agreement. 13 The tax collection agent's direct sellers shall be deemed to be 14 licensed under this chapter; provided that the licensure shall 15 apply solely to the business activity conducted directly through 16 the marketing arrangement. Under this section, a tax collection 17 agent shall:

18 (1) Notify all of its direct sellers making sales in the
19 State that it has been designated to collect, report,
20 and pay over the tax imposed by this chapter and
21 chapter 238 on their behalf on the business activity
22 conducted through the marketing arrangement;



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1	(2)	If required by the director as a condition of
2		obtaining the license, furnish with the annual return,
3		a list (including identification numbers) of all
4		direct sellers for the taxable year who have been
5		provided (by the tax collection agent) information
6		returns required under section 6041A (with respect to
7		returns regarding payments of remuneration for
8		services and direct sales) of the Internal Revenue
9		Code [of-1986, as-amended,] and any other information
10		that is relevant to ensure proper payment of taxes due
11		under this section; and
12	(3)	Be personally liable for the taxes due and collected
13		under the tax collection agreement if taxes are
14		collected, but not reported or paid, together with
15		penalties and interest as provided by law.
16	<u>(f)</u>	The director may authorize a person to assume the
17	obligatio	n of self-accruing and remitting tax due on purchases
18	<u>or leases</u>	or rentals directly to the department under a direct
19	payment a	uthorization, if the following conditions are met:
20	(1)	The authorization is to be used for the purchase or
21		lease of tangible personal property or services;



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1	(2)	The authorization is necessary because it is either	
2		impractical at the time of acquisition to determine	
3		the manner in which the tangible personal property or	
4		services will be used or it will facilitate improved	
5		compliance with the tax laws of the State; and	
6	(3)	The person requesting authorization for direct payment	
7		maintains accurate and complete records of all	
8		purchases or leases and uses of tangible personal	
9		property or services purchased pursuant to the direct	
10		payment authorization in a form acceptable to the	
11		department.	
12	The	department may identify items that are not eligible for	
13	a direct	payment authorization.	
14	[-(重)] (g) For the purposes of this section:	
15	"Cas	h-based business" has the same meaning as in section	
16	231-93.		
17	"Con	sumer product" shall include tangible consumer products	
18	and intan	gible consumer services.	
19	"Direct seller" means any person who is engaged in the		
20	trade or business of selling (or soliciting the sale of)		
21	consumer products:		

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1	(1)	To any buyer on a buy-sell basis, a deposit-commission	
2		basis, or any similar basis, that the director	
3		prescribes by rule adopted pursuant to chapter 91, for	
4		resale other than in a permanent retail establishment;	
5	(2)	Other than in a permanent retail establishment;	
6		provided that:	
7		(A) Substantially all the remuneration (whether or	
8		not paid in cash) for the sale of consumer	
9		products is directly related to sales or other	
10		output rather than to the number of hours worked;	
11		and	
12		(B) The sales of consumer products by the person are	
13		performed pursuant to a written contract that	
14		provides that the person will not be treated as	
15		an employee with respect to those sales for	
16		federal or state tax purposes.	
17	"Dir	ect seller" includes individuals who realize	
18	remunerat	ion dependent on the productivity of other individuals	
19	in the marketing arrangement.		
20	"Net	work marketing" or "multi-level marketing" means a	
21	marketing	g arrangement in which consumer products are distributed	

22 and sold to or through direct sellers."



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1 SECTION 13. Section 237-13, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 amended to read as follows: 3 "§237-13 Imposition of tax. There is hereby levied and 4 shall be assessed and collected annually privilege taxes against 5 persons on account of their business and other activities in the 6 State measured by the application of rates against values of 7 products, gross proceeds of sales, or gross income, whichever is 8 specified, as follows: 9 [-(1) Tax on manufacturers. 10 (A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within 11 the State in the business of manufacturing, 12 including compounding, canning, preserving, 13 packing, printing, publishing, milling, 14 processing, refining, or preparing for sale, 15 profit, or commercial use, either directly or 16 through the activity of others, in whole or in 17 part, any article or articles, substance or 18 substances, commodity or commodities, the amount 19 of the tax to be equal to the value of the 20 articles, substances, or commodities, 21 manufactured, compounded, canned, preserved, 22 packed, printed, milled, processed, refined, or



1		prepared for sale, as shown by the gross proceeds
2		derived from the sale thereof by the manufacturer
3		or person compounding, preparing, or printing
4		them, multiplied by one-half of one per-cent.
5	-(B) -	The measure of the tax on manufacturers is the
6		value-of-the-entire-product-for-sale,-regardless
7		of the place of sale or the fact that deliveries
8		may be-made to-points outside the-State.
9	-(C) -	If any person liable for the tax on manufacturers
10		ships or transports the person's product, or any
11		part thereof, out of the State, whether in a
12		finished or unfinished condition, or sells-the
13		same for delivery to points outside the State
14		(for example, consigned to a mainland purchaser
15		via common carrier f.o.b. Honolulu), the value of
16		the products-in the condition or form in which
17		they exist immediately before entering-interstate
18		or foreign commerce, determined as hereinafter
19		provided, shall be the basis for the assessment
20		of the tax-imposed-by-this paragraph. This-tax
21		shall be due and payable as of the date of entry
22		of the products into interstate or foreign



1	COMM	erce, whether the products are then sold or
2	not.	The department shall determine the basis
3	for-	assessment, as provided by this paragraph, as
4	foll	ows:
5	(i)	If the products at the time of their entry
6		into interstate or foreign commerce already
7		have been sold, the gross proceeds of sale,
8		less the transportation expenses, if any,
9		incurred in realizing the gross proceeds for
10		transportation-from the time of entry of the
11		products into interstate or foreign
12		commerce, including insurance and storage in
13		transit, shall be the measure of the value
14		of the products;
15	-(±±)	If the products have not been sold at the
16		time of their entry into interstate or
17		foreign commerce, and in cases governed by
18		clause (i) in which the products are sold
19		under circumstances-such that the gross
20		proceeds of sale-are not indicative of the
21		true value of the products, the value of the
22		products-constituting the basis for



1		assessment shall correspond as nearly as
2		possible to-the gross proceeds of sales for
3		delivery-outside-the State, adjusted as
4		provided in clause (i), or if sufficient
5		data are not available, sales in the State,
6		of similar products of like-quality and
7		character-and in similar quantities, made by
8		the taxpayer (unless not indicative of the
9		true value) or by others. Sales outside the
10		State, adjusted as provided in clause (i),
11		may be considered when they constitute the
12		best available data. The department shall
13		prescribe uniform and equitable rules for
14		ascertaining the values;
15	(111)	At the election of the taxpayer and with the
16		approval of the department, the taxpayer may
17		make the taxpayer's returns under clause (i)
18		even though the products have not been sold
19		at the time of their entry into interstate
20		or foreign commerce; and
21	(iv)	In all cases in which products leave the
22		State in an unfinished condition, the basis



1		for-assessment shall-be adjusted so as-to
2		deduct the portion of the value as is
3		attributable to the finishing of the goods
4		outside the State.
5	(2)] <u>(1)</u>	Tax on business of selling tangible personal
6	prop	erty[; producing.]:
7	(A)	Upon every person engaging or continuing in the
8		business of selling any tangible personal
9		property [whatsoever] (not including, however,
10		bonds or other evidence of indebtedness, or
11		stocks), unless subject to chapter A, there is
12		[likewise] hereby levied, and shall be assessed
13		and collected, a tax equivalent to four per cent
14		of the gross proceeds of sales of the business;
15		[provided that insofar as the sale of tangible
16		personal-property-is a wholesale-sale under
1 7		section [237-4(a)(8)], the sale shall be subject
18		to section 237-13.3. Upon every-person engaging
19		or continuing within this State in the business
20		of a producer, the tax shall be equal to one half
21		of one per cent of the gross proceeds of sales of
22		the business, or the value of the products, for



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1		sale, if-sold for-delivery outside-the State or
2		shipped or transported out of the State, and the
3		value of the products shall be determined in the
4		same manner as the value of manufactured products
5		covered in the cases under paragraph (1) (C).]
6	(B)	Gross proceeds of sales of tangible property,
7		unless subject to chapter A, in interstate and
8		foreign commerce shall constitute a part of the
9		measure of the tax imposed on persons in the
10		business of selling tangible personal property,
11		to the extent, under the conditions, and in
12		accordance with the provisions of the
13		Constitution of the United States and the Acts of
14		the Congress of the United States [which] <u>that</u>
15		may be now in force or may be hereafter adopted,
16		and whenever there occurs in the State an
17		activity to which, under the Constitution and
18		Acts of Congress, there may be attributed gross
19		proceeds of sales, the gross proceeds shall be so
20		attributed[-
21	- (C) -	No manufacturer or producer, engaged in such

21-(C)No manufacturer or producer, engaged in such22business in the State and selling the



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1		manufacturer's-or-producer's products for
2		delivery outside of the State (for example,
3		consigned-to a mainland purchaser via common
4		carrier f.o.b. Honolulu), shall be required to
5		pay the tax imposed in this chapter for the
6		privilege-of so selling the products, and the
7		value or gross proceeds of sales of the products
8		shall be-included-only in-determining the-measure
9		of the tax imposed upon the manufacturer or
10		producer.];
11	[-(Ð)-]	(C) When a manufacturer or <u>a</u> producer $[-7]$ <u>as</u>
12		defined under section A-3, engaged in [such] the
13		business of manufacturing or producing in the
14		State, also is engaged in selling the
15		manufacturer's or producer's products in the
16		State at wholesale $[\tau]$ and taxed under chapter A,
17		retail, or in any other manner, the tax for the
18		privilege of engaging in the business of selling
19		the products in the State shall apply to the
20		manufacturer or producer as well as the tax for
21		the privilege of manufacturing or producing in
22		the State, and the manufacturer or producer shall



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1 make the returns of the gross proceeds of the wholesale, retail, or other sales required for 2 3 the privilege of selling in the State, as well as making the returns of the value or gross proceeds 4 5 of sales of the products required for the privilege of manufacturing or producing in the 6 7 State. The manufacturer or producer shall pay 8 the tax imposed in this chapter for the privilege of selling its products in the State, and the 9 10 value or gross proceeds of sales of the products, 11 thus subjected to tax, may be deducted insofar as 12 duplicated as to the same products by the measure 13 of the tax upon the manufacturer or producer for 14 the privilege of manufacturing or producing in 15 the State [+] under chapter A; provided that no producer of agricultural products who sells the 16 17 products to a purchaser who will process the products outside the State shall be required to 18 19 pay the tax imposed in this chapter for the 20 privilege of producing or selling those 21 products [-]; and



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1	[(E)]	(D) A taxpayer selling to a federal cost-plus
2		contractor may make the election provided for by
3		paragraph $[-(3), (C), (2), (C), (C)$ and in that case the
4		tax shall be computed pursuant to the election,
5		notwithstanding this paragraph [or paragraph (1)]
6		to the contrary[-];
7	[(F)	The department, by rule, may require that a
8		seller-take from the purchaser of tangible
9		personal property a certificate, in a form
10		prescribed by the department, certifying that the
11		sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
12		(i) Any purchaser who furnishes a certificate
13		shall be obligated to pay to the seller,
14		upon demand, the amount of the additional
15		tax-that is imposed upon-the seller whenever
16		the sale in fact is not at wholesale; and
17	-	(ii) The absence of a certificate in itself shall
18		give rise-to-the presumption that the sale
19		is not at wholesale unless the sales of the
20		business-are exclusively-at-wholesale.
21	(3)] <u>(2)</u>	Tax upon contractors[-]:



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1	(A)	Upon	every person engaging or continuing within
2		the S	State in the business of contracting, the tax
3		shall	be equal to four per cent of the gross
4		incom	ne of the business [-] <u>;</u>
5	(B)	In co	omputing the tax levied under this paragraph,
6		there	e shall be deducted from the gross income of
7		the t	axpayer so much thereof as has been included
8		in th	ne measure of the tax levied under
9		subpa	aragraph (A), on:
10		(i)	Another taxpayer who is a contractor, as
11			defined in section 237-6;
12		(ii)	A specialty contractor, duly licensed by the
13			department of commerce and consumer affairs
14			pursuant to section 444-9, in respect of the
15			specialty contractor's business; or
16	(j	ii)	A specialty contractor who is not licensed
17			by the department of commerce and consumer
18			affairs pursuant to section 444-9, but who
19			performs contracting activities on federal
20			military installations and nowhere else in
21			this State;

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1	prov	rided that any person claiming a deduction
2	unde	er this paragraph shall be required to show in
3	the	person's return the name and general excise
4	numk	per of the person paying the tax on the amount
5	dedu	acted by the person $[-]$;
6	(C) In c	computing the tax levied under this paragraph
7	agai	nst any federal cost-plus contractor, there
8	shal	l be excluded from the gross income of the
9	cont	ractor so much thereof as fulfills the
10	foll	owing requirements:
11	(i)	The gross income exempted shall constitute
12		reimbursement of costs incurred for
13		materials, plant, or equipment purchased
14		from a taxpayer licensed under this chapter,
15		not exceeding the gross proceeds of sale of
16		the taxpayer on account of the transaction;
17		and
18	(ii)	The taxpayer making the sale shall have
19		certified to the department that the
20		taxpayer is taxable with respect to the
21		gross proceeds of the sale, and that the
22		taxpayer elects to have the tax on gross



1 income computed the same as upon a sale to 2 the state government [-]; 3 (D) A person who, as a business or as a part of a 4 business in which the person is engaged, erects, 5 constructs, or improves any building or structure, of any kind or description, or makes, 6 constructs, or improves any road, street, 7 8 sidewalk, sewer, or water system, or other 9 improvements on land held by the person (whether 10 held as a leasehold, fee simple, or otherwise), 11 upon the sale or other disposition of the land or 12 improvements, even if the work was not done 13 pursuant to a contract, shall be liable to the 14 same tax as if engaged in the business of 15 contracting, unless the person shows that at the 16 time the person was engaged in making the 17 improvements the person intended, and for the 18 period of at least one year after completion of 19 the building, structure, or other improvements 20 the person continued to intend to hold and not 21 sell or otherwise dispose of the land or 22 improvements. The tax in respect of the



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1 improvements shall be measured by the amount of 2 the proceeds of the sale or other disposition that is attributable to the erection, 3 4 construction, or improvement of [such] the 5 building or structure, or the making, 6 constructing, or improving of the road, street, 7 sidewalk, sewer, or water system, or other 8 improvements. The measure of tax in respect of 9 the improvements shall not exceed the amount 10 [which] that would have been taxable had the work been performed by another, subject as in other 11 12 cases to the deductions allowed by subparagraph 13 (B). Upon the election of the taxpayer, this paragraph may be applied notwithstanding that the 14 15 improvements were not made by the taxpayer, or 16 were not made as a business or as a part of a 17 business, or were made with the intention of 18 holding the same. However, this paragraph shall 19 not apply in respect of any proceeds that 20 constitute or are in the nature of rent; all 21 [such] gross income shall be taxable under 22 paragraph [(9); (6); provided that insofar as



1		the business of renting or leasing real property
2		under a lease is taxed under section 237-16.5,
3		the tax shall be levied by section 237-16.5[$-$];
4	[(4)] <u>(3)</u>	Tax upon theaters, amusements, radio broadcasting
5	stat	ions, etc.
6	[-(A) -]	Upon every person engaging or continuing within
7		the State in the business of operating a theater,
8		opera house, moving picture show, vaudeville,
9		amusement park, dance hall, skating rink, radio
10		broadcasting station, or any other place at which
11		amusements are offered to the public, <u>unless</u>
12		taxed under section A-6, the tax shall be equal
13		to four per cent of the gross income of the
14		business[, and in the case of a sale of an
15		amusement at wholesale under-section
16		237-4(a)(13), the tax shall be subject to section
17		237-13.3.
18	-(B) -	The-department may require that the person
19		rendering an amusement at wholesale take from the
20		licensed seller a certificate, in a form
21		prescribed by the department, certifying that the
22		sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:



1		(i)	Any licensed seller who furnishes a
2			certificate-shall-be-obligated to pay-to the
3			person rendering the amusement, upon demand,
4			the-amount-of additional tax-that is-imposed
5			upon the seller whenever the sale is not at
6			wholesale; and
7		(11)	The absence of a certificate in itself shall
8			give rise to the presumption that the sale
9			is not at wholesale unless the person
10			rendering the sale is exclusively rendering
11			the amusement at wholesale.]
12	[(5)]	<u>(4)</u> Tax	upon sales representatives, etc. Upon every
13		person cla	assified as a representative or purchasing
14		agent und	er section 237-1, engaging or continuing
15		within th	e State in the business of performing
16		services	for another, other than as an employee, there
17		is likewi	se hereby levied and shall be assessed and
18		collected	a tax equal to four per cent of the
19		commissio	ns and other compensation attributable to the
20		services	so rendered by the person[-], unless taxable
21		under cha	pter A or C;

22 [(6)] Tax on service business [-]:



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1	(A)	Upon every person engaging or continuing within
2		the State in any service business or calling
3		including professional services not otherwise
4		specifically taxed under this chapter, chapter A,
5		or chapter C, there is likewise hereby levied and
6		shall be assessed and collected a tax equal to
7		four per cent of the gross income of the
8		business[, and in the case of a wholesaler under
9		section 237-4(a)(10), the tax shall be equal to
10		one half-of one per cent of the gross income of
11		the business. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a
12		wholesaler under-section 237-4(a)(10) shall be
13		subject to section 237-13.3.
14	(B)	The department may require that the person
15		rendering a service at wholesale take from the
16		licensed seller a certificate, in a form
17		prescribed by the department, certifying that the
18		sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
19		(i) Any-licensed-seller-who furnishes a
20		certificate shall be obligated to pay to the
21		person rendering the service, upon demand,
22		the amount of additional tax that is imposed



1			upon the seller whenever the sale is not at
2			wholesale; and
3	-	(ii)	The absence of a certificate in itself shall
4			give rise to the presumption that the sale
5			is not at wholesale unless the person
6			rendering the sale is exclusively rendering
7			services at wholesale.];
8	[-(C) -]	<u>(B)</u>	Where any person is engaged in the business
9		of s	elling interstate or foreign common carrier
10		[tel	ecommunication] telecommunications services
11		with	in and without the State, other than as a
12		home	service provider, the tax shall be imposed
13		on t	hat portion of gross income received by a
14		pers	on from service which is originated or
15		term	inated in this State and is charged to a
16		tele	phone number, customer, or account in this
17		Stat	e notwithstanding any other state law (except
18		for	the exemption under section 237-23(a)(1)) to
19		the	contrary. If, under the Constitution and
20		laws	of the United States, the entire gross
21		inco	me as determined under this paragraph of a
22		busi	ness selling interstate or foreign common



1 carrier [telecommunication] telecommunications 2 services cannot be included in the measure of the 3 tax, the gross income shall be apportioned as 4 provided in section 237-21; provided that the 5 apportionment factor and formula shall be the 6 same for all persons providing those services in 7 the State[-]; [(₽)] 8 (C) Where any person is engaged in the business 9 of a home service provider, the tax shall be 10 imposed on the gross income received or derived from providing interstate or foreign mobile 11 12 telecommunications services to a customer with a 13 place of primary use in this State when [such] 14 the services originate in one state and terminate 15 in another state, territory, or foreign country; 16 provided that all charges for mobile 17 telecommunications services [which] that are 18 billed by or for the home service provider are 19 deemed to be provided by the home service 20 provider at the customer's place of primary use, 21 regardless of where the mobile telecommunications 22 originate, terminate, or pass through; provided



1	furtl	her that the income from charges specifically
2	deriv	ved from interstate or foreign mobile
3		_
		communications services, as determined by
4	books	s and records that are kept in the regular
5	cours	se of business by the home service provider
6	in ad	ccordance with section 239-24, shall be
7	appor	rtioned under any apportionment factor or
8	form	ula adopted under [subparagraph (C).]
9	subpa	aragraph (B). Gross income shall not
10	inclu	ude:
.11	(i)	Gross receipts from mobile
12		telecommunications services provided to a
13		customer with a place of primary use outside
14		this State;
15	(ii)	Gross receipts from mobile
16		telecommunications services that are subject
17		to the tax imposed by chapter 239;
18	(iii)	Gross receipts from mobile
19		telecommunications services taxed under
20		section 237-13.8; and
21	(iv)	Gross receipts of a home service provider
22		acting as a serving carrier providing mobile



1		telecommunications services to another home
2		service provider's customer.
3		For the purposes of this paragraph, ["charges for
4		<pre>mobile telecommunications services",] "customer",</pre>
5		"home service provider", "mobile
6		telecommunications services", and "place of
7		primary use"[, and "serving-carrier"] have the
8		same meaning as in section [239 22.] <u>237-D and</u>
9		"charges for mobile telecommunications services"
10		and "serving carrier" have the same meaning as in
11		section 239-22; and
12	[(7)	Tax on insurance producers. Upon every person engaged
13		as a licensed producer pursuant to chapter 431, there
14		is-hereby levied and shall be assessed and collected a
15		tax equal to 0.15 per cent of the commissions due to
16		that activity.
17	(8)	Tax on receipts of sugar benefit payments. Upon the
18		amounts received from the United States government by
19		any producer of sugar (or the producer's legal
20		representative or heirs), as defined under and by
21		virtue-of the Sugar Act of 1948, as amended, or other
22		Acts-of the-Congress-of-the United States-relating
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1		thereto, there is hereby levied a tax of one half of
2		one per-cent of the gross-amount received; provided
3		that-the tax levied hereunder on-any amount-so
4		received and actually disbursed to another by a
5		producer in the form of a benefit payment shall-be
6		paid by the person or persons to whom the amount is
7		actually disbursed, and the producer actually making a
8		benefit payment to another shall be entitled to claim
9		on the producer's return a deduction from the gross
10		amount taxable-hereunder in the sum of the amount so
11		disbursed. The amounts taxed under this paragraph
12		shall-not be taxable under-any other-paragraph,
13		subsection, or section of this-chapter.
14	(9)]	(6) Tax on other business. Upon every person
15		engaging or continuing within the State in any
16		business, trade, activity, occupation, or calling not
17		included in the preceding paragraphs or any other
18		provisions of this chapter, there is likewise hereby
19		levied and shall be assessed and collected, a tax
20		equal to four per cent of the gross income thereof.
21		In addition, the rate prescribed by this paragraph
22		shall apply to a business taxable under one or more of



1 the preceding paragraphs or other provisions of this
2 chapter, as to any gross income thereof not taxed
3 thereunder as gross income or gross proceeds of sales
4 or by taxing an equivalent value of products, unless
5 specifically exempted [-] or subject to tax under
6 chapter A or C."

7 SECTION 14. Section 237-13.8, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
8 amended by amending subsection (c) to read as follows:

9 "(c) When a person licensed under this chapter sells 10 prepaid telephone calling services to a licensed retail 11 merchant, jobber, or other licensed seller for purposes of 12 resale, the person shall be taxed as a wholesaler selling 13 tangible personal property[-,] <u>under section A-13.</u> All other 14 sales of prepaid telephone calling services shall be taxed as 15 retail sales of tangible personal property."

16 SECTION 15. Section 237-18, Hawaii Revised Statutes, 17 amended to read as follows:

18 "§237-18 Further provisions as to application of tax. (a)
19 Where a coin operated device produces gross income which is
20 divided between the owner or operator of the device, on the one
21 hand, and the owner or operator of the premises where the device
22 is located, on the other hand, the tax imposed by this chapter



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shall apply to each [such] person with respect to the person's
 portion of the proceeds, and no more.

Where gate receipts or other admissions are divided 3 (b) 4 between the person furnishing or producing a play, concert, 5 lecture, athletic event, or similar spectacle (including any 6 motion picture showing) on the one hand, and a promoter 7 (including any proprietor or other operator of a motion picture house) offering the spectacle to the public, on the other hand, 8 9 the tax imposed by this chapter, if the promoter is subject to the tax imposed by this chapter, shall apply only to the 10 11 promoter measured by the whole of the proceeds, and the promoter 12 shall be authorized to deduct and withhold from the portion of 13 the proceeds payable to the person furnishing or producing the spectacle the amount of the tax payable by the person upon such 14 15 portion. No tax shall apply to a promoter with respect to [such] the portion of the proceeds as is payable to a person 16 furnishing or producing the spectacle, who is exempted by 17 section 237-23 from taxation upon [such] the activity. 18

19 [-(c) Where, through the activity of a person taxable under 20 section 237-13(6), a product has been milled, processed, or 21 otherwise manufactured upon the order of another taxpayer who is 22 a manufacturer taxable upon the value of the entire manufactured 2010-0440 HB SMA.doc

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1	products, which consists in part of the value of the services
2	taxable under section 237-13(6), so much gross income as is
3	derived from the rendering of the services shall be subjected to
4	tax on the person rendering the services at the rate of one half
5	of one-per cent, and the value of the entire product shall be
6	included in the measure of the tax imposed on the other taxpayer
7	as elsewhere provided.
8	(d) Where, through the activity of a person taxable under
9	section 237-13(6), there have been rendered to a cane planter
10	services-consisting-in the harvesting-or-hauling-of the cane, or
11	consisting in road maintenance, under a contract between the
12	person rendering the services and the cane planter, covering the
13	services and also the milling of the sugar, the services of
14	harvesting and hauling the cane and road-maintenance shall be
15	treated the same as the service of milling the cane, as provided
16	by subsection (c), and the value of the entire product,
17	manufactured or sold for the cane planter under the contract,
18	shall-be-included in the measure of the tax imposed on the
19	person-as elsewhere provided.
20	(c) Where [insurance agents, including general
21	agents, subagents, or solicitors, who are not employees and are
22	licensed pursuant to chapter 431, or] real estate brokers or
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1 salespersons, who are not employees and are licensed pursuant to 2 chapter 467, produce commissions [which] that are divided 3 between [such general agents, subagents, or solicitors, or 4 between such] real estate brokers or salespersons, [as-the case 5 may be,] the tax levied under section [237 13(6)] 237-13(5) as 6 to real estate brokers or salespersons [,-or under-section 7 237-13(7) as to insurance general agents, subagents, or 8 solicitors] shall apply to each [such] person with respect to 9 the person's portion of the commissions, and no more.

10 [(f)] (d) Where tourism related services are furnished 11 through arrangements made by a travel agency or tour packager 12 and the gross income is divided between the provider of the 13 services and the travel agency or tour packager, the tax imposed 14 by this chapter shall apply to each [such] person with respect 15 to [such] the person's respective portion of the proceeds, and 16 no more.

As used in this subsection, "tourism related services"
means catamaran cruises, canoe rides, dinner cruises, lei
greetings, transportation included in a tour package,
sightseeing tours not subject to chapter 239, admissions to
luaus, dinner shows, extravaganzas, cultural and educational
facilities, and other services rendered directly to the customer 2010-0440 HB SMA.doc



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or tourist, but only if the providers of the services other than
 air transportation are subject to a four per cent tax under this
 chapter or chapter 239.

4 [(g)] (e) Where transient accommodations are furnished 5 through arrangements made by a travel agency or tour packager at 6 noncommissioned negotiated contract rates and the gross income 7 is divided between the operator of transient accommodations on 8 the one hand and the travel agency or tour packager on the other 9 hand, the tax imposed by this chapter shall apply to each [such] 10 person with respect to [such] the person's respective portion of 11 the proceeds, and no more.

12 As used in this subsection, the words "transient 13 accommodations" and "operator" shall be defined in the same 14 manner as they are defined in section 237D-1.

15 [-(h)-] (f) Where the transportation of passengers or 16 property is furnished through arrangements between motor 17 carriers, and the gross income is divided between the motor 18 carriers, any tax imposed by this chapter shall apply to each 19 motor carrier with respect to each motor carrier's respective 20 portion of the proceeds.

21

As used in this subsection:



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1 "Carrier" means a person who engages in transportation, and
2 does not include a person such as a freight forwarder or tour
3 packager who provides transportation by contracting with others,
4 except to the extent that [such] the person [oneself] engages in
5 transportation.

6 "Contract carrier" means a person other than a public
7 utility as defined under section 239-2 or taxicab, which under
8 contracts or agreements, engages in the transportation of
9 persons or property for compensation, by land, water, or air.

10 "Motor carrier" means a common carrier or contract carrier 11 transporting persons or property for compensation on the public 12 highways, other than a public utility as defined under section 13 239-2 or taxicab.

14 "Public highways" has the meaning defined by section 264-1
15 including both state and county highways, but operation upon
16 rails shall not be deemed transportation on the public
17 highways."

18 SECTION 16. Section 237-21, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 19 amended to read as follows:

20 "§237-21 Apportionment. If any person[, other than
 21 persons liable to the tax on manufacturers as provided by
 22 section 237 13(1),] is engaged in business both within and 2010-0440 HB SMA.doc



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without the State or in selling goods for delivery outside the 1 2 State, and if under the Constitution or laws of the United 3 States or section 237-29.5 the entire gross income of [such] the 4 person cannot be included in the measure of this tax, there 5 shall be apportioned to the State and included in the measure of 6 the tax that portion of the gross income [which] that is derived 7 from activities within the State, to the extent that the 8 apportionment is required by the Constitution or laws of the 9 United States or section 237-29.5. [In the case of a tax upon 10 the production of property in the State the apportionment shall be determined as in the case of the tax on manufacturers.] 11 In 12 other cases, if and to the extent that the apportionment cannot be accurately made by separate accounting methods, there shall 13 14 be apportioned to the State and included in the measure of this 15 tax that proportion of the total gross income, so requiring 16 apportionment, which the cost of doing business within the State, applicable to the gross income, bears to the cost of 17 doing business both within and without the State, applicable to 18 19 the gross income."

20 SECTION 17. Section 237-24, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
21 amended to read as follows:



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1	"§23'	7-24 Amounts not taxable. This chapter shall not
2	apply to t	the following amounts:
3	(1)	Amounts received under life insurance policies and
4		contracts paid by reason of the death of the insured;
5	(2)	Amounts received (other than amounts paid by reason of
6		death of the insured) under life insurance, endowment,
7		or annuity contracts, either during the term or at
8		maturity or upon surrender of the contract;
9	(3)	Amounts received under any accident insurance or
10		health insurance policy or contract or under workers'
11		compensation acts or employers' liability acts, as
12		compensation for personal injuries, death, or
13		sickness, including also the amount of any damages or
14		other compensation received, whether as a result of
15		action or by private agreement between the parties on
16		account of the personal injuries, death, or sickness;
17	(4)	The value of all property of every kind and sort
18		acquired by gift, bequest, or devise, and the value of
19		all property acquired by descent or inheritance;
20	(5)	Amounts received by any person as compensatory damages
21		for any tort injury to the person, or to the person's
22		character reputation, or received as compensatory
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1		damages for any tort injury to or destruction of
2		property, whether as the result of action or by
3		private agreement between the parties (provided that
4		amounts received as punitive damages for tort injury
5		or breach of contract injury shall be included in
6		gross income);
7	(6)	Amounts received as salaries or wages for services
8		rendered by an employee to an employer;
9	(7)	Amounts received as alimony and other similar payments
10		and settlements;
11	(8)	Amounts collected by distributors as fuel taxes on
12		"liquid fuel" imposed by chapter 243, and the amounts
13		collected by such distributors as a fuel tax imposed
14		by any Act of the Congress of the United States;
15	(9)	Taxes on liquor imposed by chapter 244D on dealers
16		holding permits under that chapter;
17	[(10)-	The amounts-of-taxes on-eigarettes and tobacco
18		products-imposed-by-chapter-245-on-wholesalers or
19		dealers holding licenses-under that-chapter and
20		selling the products at wholesale;

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1	(11)]	(10) Federal excise taxes imposed on articles sold at
2		retail and collected from the purchasers thereof and
3		paid to the federal government by the retailer;
4	[.(12) -	The amounts-of federal taxes-under chapter 37 of the
5		Internal Revenue Code, or similar federal taxes,
6		imposed on-sugar manufactured in the State, paid-by
7		the manufacturer to the federal government;
8	-(13) -	An-amount up-to, but not in excess of, \$2,000 a year
9		of-gross income]
10	(11)	Amounts received by any blind, deaf, or totally
11		disabled person engaging, or continuing, in any
12		business, trade, activity, occupation, or calling
13		within the State; a corporation all of whose
14		outstanding shares are owned by an individual or
15		individuals who are blind, deaf, or totally disabled;
16		a general, limited, or limited liability partnership,
17		all of whose partners are blind, deaf, or totally
18		disabled; or a limited liability company, all of whose
19		members are blind, deaf, or totally disabled;
20	[(14)	Amounts-received-by a producer of sugarcane from-the
2 1		manufacturer to whom the producer sells the sugarcane,
22		where:



1		-(A) -	The producer is an independent cane farmer, so
2			classed by the Secretary of Agriculture under the
3			Sugar Act of-1948 (61-Stat. 922, Chapter 519) as
4			the-Act may be amended or supplemented;
5		- (B) -	The value or gross proceeds of the sale of the
6			sugar, and other products manufactured from the
7			sugarcane, are included in the measure of the tax
8			levied on the manufacturer under section 237
9			13(1) or (2);
10		-(C) -	The producer's gross-proceeds of-sales are
11			dependent upon the actual value of the products
12			manufactured-therefrom-or-the average-value of
13			all similar products manufactured by the
14			manufacturer; and
15		- (D)-	The producer's gross-proceeds of sales-are
16			reduced by reason of the tax on the value or sale
17			of the manufactured products;
18	(15)]	(12)	Money paid by the State or eleemosynary child-
19		plac:	ing organizations to foster parents for their care
20		of cl	hildren in foster homes;
21	[(16)]	(13)	Amounts received by a cooperative housing
22		corpo	oration from its shareholders in reimbursement of

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1		fund	s paid by the corporation for lease rental, real
2		prop	erty taxes, and other expenses of operating and
3		main	taining the cooperative land and improvements;
4		prov	ided that the cooperative corporation is a
5		corp	oration:
6		(A)	Having one and only one class of stock
7			outstanding;
8		(B)	Each of the stockholders of which is entitled
9			solely by reason of the stockholder's ownership
10			of stock in the corporation, to occupy for
11			dwelling purposes a house, or an apartment in a
12			building owned or leased by the corporation; and
13		(C)	No stockholder of which is entitled (either
14			conditionally or unconditionally) to receive any
15			distribution not out of earnings and profits of
16			the corporation except in a complete or partial
17			liquidation of the corporation; and
18	[(17)]	(14)	Amounts received by a managed care support
19		cont	ractor of the TRICARE program that is established
20		unde	r Title 10 United States Code chapter 55, as
21		amen	ded, for the actual cost or advancement to third



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1		party health care providers pursuant to a contract
2		with the United States."
3	SECT	ION 18. Section 237-24.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4	amended t	o read as follows:
5	"§23	7-24.3 Additional amounts not taxable. In addition to
6	the amoun	ts not taxable under section 237-24, this chapter shall
7	not apply	to:
8	(1)	Amounts received from the loading, transportation, and
9		unloading of agricultural commodities shipped for a
10		producer or produce dealer on one island of this State
11		to a person, firm, or organization on another island
12		of this State. The terms "agricultural commodity",
13		"producer", and "produce dealer" shall be defined in
14		the same manner as they are defined in section 147-1;
15		provided that agricultural commodities need not have
16		been produced in the State;
17	(2)	Amounts received from sales of:
18		(A) Intoxicating liquor as the term "liquor" is
19		defined in chapter 244D;
20		(B) Cigarettes and tobacco products as defined in
21		chapter 245; and
22		(C) Agricultural, meat, or fish products;
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1		to a	ny person or common carrier in interstate or	
2		fore	ign commerce, or both, whether ocean-going or air,	,
3		for	consumption out-of-state on the shipper's vessels	
4		or a	irplanes;	
5	(3)	Amou	nts received by the manager, submanager, or board	
6		of d	irectors of:	
7		(A)	An association of owners of a condominium	
8			property regime established in accordance with	
9			chapter 514A or 514B; or	
10		(B)	A nonprofit homeowners or community association	
11			incorporated in accordance with chapter 414D or	
12			any predecessor thereto and existing pursuant to	
13			covenants running with the land,	
14		in r	eimbursement of sums paid for common expenses;	
15	(4)	Amou	nts received or accrued from:	
16		(A)	The loading or unloading of cargo from ships,	
17			barges, vessels, or aircraft, whether or not the	
18			ships, barges, vessels, or aircraft travel	
19			between the State and other states or countries	
20			or between the islands of the State;	
21		(B)	Tugboat services including pilotage fees	
22			performed within the State, and the towage of	
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1		ships, barges, or vessels in and out of state
2		harbors, or from one pier to another; and
3		(C) The transportation of pilots or governmental
4		officials to ships, barges, or vessels offshore;
5		rigging gear; checking freight and similar
б		services; standby charges; and use of moorings
7		and running mooring lines;
8	(5)	Amounts received by an employee benefit plan by way of
9		contributions, dividends, interest, and other income;
10		and amounts received by a nonprofit organization or
11		office, as payments for costs and expenses incurred
12		for the administration of an employee benefit plan;
13		provided that this exemption shall not apply to any
14		gross rental income or gross rental proceeds received
15		after June 30, 1994, as income from investments in
16		real property in this State; and provided further that
17		gross rental income or gross rental proceeds from
18		investments in real property received by an employee
19		benefit plan after June 30, 1994, under written
20		contracts executed prior to July 1, 1994, shall not be
21		taxed until the contracts are renegotiated, renewed,
22		or extended, or until after December 31, 1998,



1 whichever is earlier. For the purposes of this 2 paragraph, "employee benefit plan" means any plan as defined in section 1002(3) of title 29 of the United 3 4 States Code, as amended; 5 (6) Amounts received for purchases made with United States 6 Department of Agriculture food coupons under the 7 federal food stamp program, and amounts received for purchases made with United States Department of 8 9 Agriculture food vouchers under the Special 10 Supplemental Foods Program for Women, Infants and 11 Children; Amounts received by a hospital, infirmary, medical 12 (7) 13 clinic, health care facility, pharmacy, or a 14 practitioner licensed to administer the drug to an 15 individual for selling prescription drugs or 16 prosthetic devices to an individual; provided that 17 this paragraph shall not apply to any amounts received 18 for services provided in selling prescription drugs or 19 prosthetic devices. As used in this paragraph: 20 "Prescription drugs" are those drugs defined

under section 328-1 and dispensed by filling or
refilling a written or oral prescription by a



1	practitioner licensed under law to administer the drug
2	and sold by a licensed pharmacist under section 328-16
3	or practitioners licensed to administer drugs; and
4	"Prosthetic device" means [any_artificial device
5	or appliance, instrument, apparatus, or contrivance,
6	including-their-components, parts, accessories, and
7	replacements thereof, used to replace a missing or
8	surgically removed part of the human body, which is
9	prescribed by a licensed practitioner of medicine,
10	osteopathy, or podiatry and which is sold by the
11	practitioner or which is dispensed and sold by a
12	dealer of prosthetic devices; provided that
13	"prosthetic device" shall not mean any auditory,
14	ophthalmic, dental, or ocular device or appliance,
15	instrument, apparatus; or contrivance;] a replacement,
16	corrective, or supportive device including repair and
17	replacement parts for the device, worn on or in the
18	body to:
19	(A) Artificially replace a missing portion of the
20	body;
21	(B) Prevent or correct physical deformity or
22	malfunction; or



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1		(C) Support a weak or deformed portion of the body.
2		A prosthetic device does not include corrective
3		eyeglasses, contact lenses, hearing aids, and dental
4		prosthesis;
5	(8)	Taxes on transient accommodations imposed by chapter
6		237D and passed on and collected by operators holding
7		certificates of registration under that chapter;
8	(9)	Amounts received as dues by an unincorporated
9		merchants association from its membership for
10		advertising media, promotional, and advertising costs
11		for the promotion of the association for the benefit
12		of its members as a whole and not for the benefit of
13		an individual member or group of members less than the
14		entire membership;
15	(10)	Amounts received by a labor organization for real
16		property leased to:
17		(A) A labor organization; or
18		(B) A trust fund established by a labor organization
19		for the benefit of its members, families, and
20		dependents for medical or hospital care, pensions
21		on retirement or death of employees,



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1 apprenticeship and training, and other membership service programs. 2 3 As used in this paragraph, "labor organization" means 4 a labor organization exempt from federal income tax 5 under section 501(c)(5) (with respect to exemption from tax on corporations, certain trusts, etc.) of the 6 7 Internal Revenue [Code, as amended;] Code; Amounts received from foreign diplomats and consular 8 (11)9 officials who are holding cards issued or authorized 10 by the United States Department of State granting them 11 an exemption from state taxes; and 12 (12) Amounts received as rent for the rental or leasing of 13 aircraft or aircraft engines used by the lessees or 14 renters for interstate air transportation of passengers and goods. For purposes of this paragraph, 15 payments made pursuant to a lease shall be considered 16 rent regardless of whether the lease is an operating 17 18 lease or a financing lease. The definition of "interstate air transportation" is the same as in 49 19 U.S.C. 40102." 20 SECTION 19. Section 237-31, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 21

22 amended to read as follows:



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1 "§237-31 Remittances. All remittances of taxes imposed by 2 this chapter shall be made by money, bank draft, check, 3 cashier's check, money order, or certificate of deposit to the 4 office of the department of taxation to which the return was 5 transmitted. The department shall issue its receipts therefor 6 to the taxpayer and shall pay the moneys into the state treasury 7 as a state realization, to be kept and accounted for as provided 8 by law; provided that: 9 (1)The sum from all general excise tax revenues realized 10 by the State that represents the difference between 11 \$45,000,000 and the proceeds from the sale of any 12 general obligation bonds authorized for that fiscal 13 year for the purposes of the state educational 14 facilities improvement special fund shall be deposited in the state treasury in each fiscal year to the 15 16 credit of the state educational facilities improvement 17 special fund; [and]

18 (2) A sum, not to exceed \$5,000,000, from all general
19 excise tax revenues realized by the State shall be
20 deposited in the state treasury in each fiscal year to
21 the credit of the compound interest bond reserve
22 fund [-]; and



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1	(3) All tax revenues realized by the State under chapters
2	A, B, and C, respectively, shall be deposited in the
3	state treasury."
4	SECTION 20. Section 237-34, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
5	amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:
6	"(b) All tax returns and return information required to be
7	filed under this chapter, and the report of any investigation of
8	the return or of the subject matter of the return, shall be
9	confidential. It shall be unlawful for any person or any
10	officer or employee of the State to intentionally make known
11	information imparted by any tax return or return information
1 2	filed pursuant to this chapter, or any report of any
13	investigation of the return or of the subject matter of the
14	return, or to wilfully permit any [such] return, return
15	information, or report so made, or any copy thereof, to be seen
16	or examined by any person; provided that for tax purposes only
17	the taxpayer, the taxpayer's authorized agent, or persons with a
18	material interest in the return, return information, or report
19	may examine them. Unless otherwise provided by law, persons
20	with a material interest in the return, return information, or
21	report shall include:
22	(1) Trustees;



1	(2)	Partners;
2	(3)	Persons named in a board resolution or a one per cent
3		shareholder in case of a corporate return;
4	(4)	The person authorized to act for a corporation in
5		dissolution;
6	(5)	The shareholder of an S corporation;
7	(6)	The personal representative, trustee, heir, or
8		beneficiary of an estate or trust in case of the
9		estate's or decedent's return;
10	(7)	The committee, trustee, or guardian of any person in
11		paragraphs (1) to (6) who is incompetent;
12	(8)	The trustee in bankruptcy or receiver, and the
13		attorney-in-fact of any person in paragraphs (1) to
14		(7);
15	(9)	Persons duly authorized by the State in connection
16		with their official duties;
17	(10)	Any duly accredited tax official of the United States
18		or of any state or territory;
19	(11)	The Multistate Tax Commission or its authorized
20		representative;
2 1	(12)	Members of a limited liability company; [and]

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1 (13) A person contractually obligated to pay the taxes 2 assessed against another when the latter person is 3 under audit by the department [-]; and (14) The Streamlined Sales Tax Governing Board, Inc., or 4 5 its authorized representative. 6 Any violation of this subsection shall be a misdemeanor." 7 SECTION 21. Section 238-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 8 amended to read as follows: 9 "§238-2 Imposition of tax on tangible personal property; 10 exemptions. There is hereby levied an excise tax on the use in 11 this State of tangible personal property [which] that is 12 imported by a taxpayer in this State whether owned, purchased 13 from an unlicensed seller, or however acquired for use in this 14 State [-], unless subject to tax or exempt from tax under 15 chapter B. The tax imposed by this chapter shall accrue when 16 the property is acquired by the importer or purchaser and becomes subject to the taxing jurisdiction of the State. The 17 18 [rates] rate of the tax hereby imposed [and the exemptions 19 thereof are as follows: 20 (1) If the importer or purchaser is licensed under chapter

21



237 and is:

1	(A) A wholesaler or jobber importing or purchasing
2	for purposes of sale or resale; or
3	(B) A-manufacturer importing or purchasing material
4	or commodities which are to be incorporated by
5	the manufacturer into a finished or saleable
6	product (including the container or package in
7	which the product is contained) wherein it will
8	remain in such form as to be perceptible to the
9	senses, and which finished or saleable product is
10	to be sold in such-manner as to result in a
11	further tax on the activity of the manufacturer
12	as the manufacturer or as a wholesaler, and not
13	as a retailer,
14	there shall be no tax; provided that if the
15	wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer is also engaged in
16	business as a retailer (so classed under chapter 237),
17	paragraph (2) shall apply to the wholesaler, jobber,
18	or manufacturer, but the director of taxation shall
19	refund to the wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer, in
20	the manner provided under section 231 23(c) such
21	amount of tax as the wholesaler, jobber, or
22	manufacturer_shall,-to-the_satisfaction_of_the



1		dire	etor, establish-to have-been paid-by the
2		whol	esaler, jobber, or manufacturer to the director
3		wit h	respect to property which has been used by the
4		whol-	esaler, jobber, or manufacturer for the purposes
5		stat	ed-in-this-paragraph;
6	-(2) -	If t	he importer or purchaser is licensed under chapter
7		237	a nd-is:
8		-(A)-	A-retailer or other person-importing or
9			purchasing for purposes of sale or resale, not
10			exempted by paragraph (1);
11		-(B) -	A manufacturer importing or purchasing material
12			or commodities which are to be incorporated by
13			the-manufacturer into-a finished or saleable
14			product (including the container or package in
15			which the product is contained) wherein it will
16			remain in such form as to be perceptible to the
17			senses, and which finished or saleable product is
18			to be sold at retail in this State, in such
19			manner as to-result in a further tax on the
20			activity of the manufacturer in selling such
21			<pre>products at-retail;</pre>



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1	- (C) -	A-contractor importing or-purchasing-material-or
2		commodities which are to be incorporated by the
3		contractor into the finished work or project
4		required by the contract and which will remain in
5		such finished work or project in such form as to
6		be perceptible to the senses;
7	(D)-	A person-engaged in a service business or calling
8		as defined in section 237-7, or a person
9		furnishing-transient accommodations-subject to
10		the tax imposed by section 237D 2, in which the
11		import or purchase of tangible personal property
12		would have qualified as a sale at wholesale as
13		defined in section 237-4-(a)(8) had the seller of
14		the property been subject to the tax in chapter
15		237; or
16	- (E)-	A-publisher of magazines or similar printed
17		materials containing advertisements, when the
18		publisher is under contract with the advertisers
19		to distribute a-minimum number of magazines or
20		similar printed materials to the public or
21		defined segment of the public, whether or not
22		there-is a charge to the persons who actually



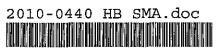
1	receive the magazines or similar printed
2	materials,
3	the tax shall be one half of one per cent of the
4	purchase price of the property, if the purchase and
5	sale-are consummated in Hawaii; or, if there is no
6	purchase price applicable thereto, or if the purchase
7	or sale is consummated outside of Hawaii, then-one-
8	half of one per cent of the value of such property;
9	and
10	(3) In-all other cases,] <u>is</u> four per cent of the value of
11	the property.
12	For purposes of this section, tangible personal property is
13	property that is imported by the taxpayer for use in this State,
14	notwithstanding the fact that title to the property, or the risk
15	of loss to the property, passes to the purchaser of the property
16	at a location outside this State."
17	SECTION 22. Section 238-2.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
18	amended to read as follows:
19	"§238-2.3 Imposition of tax on imported services or
20	contracting; exemptions. There is hereby levied an excise tax
21	on the value of services or contracting as defined in section
22	237-6 that are performed by an unlicensed seller at a point
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1	outside the Sta	ate and imported or purchased for use in this
2	State[+], unles	as subject to tax or exempt from tax under
3	<u>chapter B.</u> The	e tax imposed by this chapter shall accrue when
4	the service or	contracting as defined in section 237-6 is
5	received by the	e importer or purchaser and becomes subject to the
6	taxing jurisdic	ction of the State. The [rates] <u>rate</u> of the tax
7	hereby imposed	[and the exemptions from the tax are as follows:
8	(1) If t	e importer or purchaser is licensed under chapter
9	237 a	and is:
10	- (A) -	Engaged in a service business or calling in which
11		the imported or purchased services or contracting
12		become identifiable-elements, excluding overhead,
13		of the services rendered by the importer or
14		purchaser, and the gross income of the importer
15		or purchaser is subject to the tax imposed under
16		chapter 237 on services at the rate of one half
17		of one per cent or the rate of tax imposed under
18		section 237-13.3; or
19	- (B) -	A manufacturer importing or purchasing services
20		or contracting that become identifiable elements,
21		excluding overhead, of a finished or saleable
22		product-(including the container or package-in



4		
1		which the product is contained) and the finished
2		or saleable product is to be sold in a manner
3		that-results-in a further tax-on-the manufacturer
4		as a wholesaler, and not a retailer;
5		there-shall-be no tax-imposed on the value of the
6		imported or purchased services or contracting;
7		provided that-if the manufacturer is also-engaged in
8		business as a retailer as classified under chapter
9		237, paragraph (2) shall apply to the manufacturer;
10		but the director of taxation shall refund to the
11		manufacturer, in the manner provided under section
12		231-23(c), that amount of tax that the manufacturer,
13		to the satisfaction-of-the director, shall-establish
14		to have been paid by the manufacturer to the director
15		with respect to services that have been used by the
16		manufacturer for the purposes stated in this
17		paragraph.
18	(2)	If the importer or purchaser is a person licensed
19		under chapter-237 and is:
20		(A) Engaged in a service business or calling in which
21		the imported or purchased services or contracting
22		become identifiable elements, excluding overhead,



1		of the services rendered by the importer or
2		purchaser, and the gross income from those
3		services when sold by the importer or purchaser
4		is subject to the tax imposed under chapter 237
5		at the highest rate;
6	- (B) -	A-manufacturer importing or purchasing services
7		or contracting-that become identifiable-elements,
8		excluding overhead, of the finished or saleable
9		manufactured product (including the container or
10		package in which the product is contained) and
11		the finished or saleable product is to be sold in
12		a manner that results in a further tax under
13		chapter 237-on the activity of the manufacturer
14		as a retailer; or
15	-(C) -	A contractor importing or purchasing services or
16		contracting that become identifiable elements,
17		excluding-overhead, of the finished work or
18		project required, under the contract, and where
19		the gross proceeds derived by the contractor are
20		subject to the tax under section 237-13(3) as a
21		contractor,



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1	the tax shall be one half of one per-cent of the value
2	of the imported or purchased services or contracting;
3	and
4	(3) In all other cases, the importer or purchaser is
5	subject to the tax at the rate of] is four per cent on
6	the value of the imported or purchased services or
7	contracting."
8	SECTION 23. Section 238-2.6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
9	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
10	"(a) The county surcharge on state tax, upon the adoption
11	of a county ordinance and in accordance with the requirements of
12	section 46-16.8, shall be levied, assessed, and collected as
13	provided in this section on the value of property and services
14	taxable under this chapter. No county shall set the surcharge
15	on state tax at a rate greater than one-half <u>of one</u> per cent of
16	the value of property taxable under this chapter. All
17	provisions of this chapter shall apply to the county surcharge
18	on state tax. <u>No county shall conduct an independent audit of</u>
19	sellers registered under the streamlined sales and use tax
20	agreement. With respect to the surcharge, the director shall
21	have all the rights and powers provided under this chapter. In
22	addition, the director of taxation shall have the exclusive
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1 rights and power to determine the county or counties in which a
2 person imports or purchases tangible personal property and, in
3 the case of a person importing or purchasing tangible property
4 in more than one county, the director shall determine, through
5 apportionment or other means, that portion of the surcharge on
6 state tax attributable to the importation or purchase in each
7 county."

8 SECTION 24. Section 237-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is9 repealed.

10 ["§237-4_"Wholesaler", "jobber", defined. (a) 11 "Wholesaler" or "jobber" applies only to -a person-making sales 12 at wholesale. Only the following are sales at wholesale: 13 (1) Sales to a licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other 14 licensed-seller for purposes of resale; 15 Sales to a licensed manufacturer of materials or -(2)-16 commodities that are to be incorporated by the 17 manufacturer-into a finished or saleable-product 18 (including the container or package in which the product is contained) during the course of its 19 20 preservation, manufacture, or processing, including 21 preparation for market, and that will remain in such 22 finished or saleable product in such form as to be



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1		perceptible to the senses, which finished or-saleable
2		product is to be sold and not otherwise used by the
3		manufacturer;
4	(3)	Sales to a licensed producer or cooperative
5	·	association of materials or commodities that are to be
6		incorporated by the producer or by the cooperative
7		association into a finished or saleable product that
8		is to be sold and not otherwise used by the producer
9		or cooperative association, including specifically
10	·	materials or commodities expended as essential to the
11		planting, growth, nurturing, and production of
12		commodities that are sold by the producer or by the
13		cooperative association;
14	-(4)-	Sales to a licensed contractor, of materials or
15		commodities that are to be incorporated by the
16		contractor into the finished work or project required
17		by the contract and that will remain in such finished
18		work or project in such form as to be perceptible to
19		the senses;
19 20	-(5) -	the senses; Sales-to-a licensed producer, or to a cooperative
	-(5) -	



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1	operating-a-feed lot, of poultry or animal feed,
2	hatching eggs, semen, replacement stock, breeding
3	services for the purpose of raising or producing
4	animal or poultry products for disposition as
5	described in section 237-5 or for incorporation into a
6	manufactured product as described in paragraph (2) or
7	for the purpose of breeding, hatching, milking, or egg
8	laying other than for the customer's own consumption
9	of the meat, poultry, eggs, or milk so-produced;
10	provided that in the case of a feed lot operator, only
11	the segregated cost of the feed furnished by the feed
12	lot operator as part of the feed lot operator's
13	service to a licensed producer of poultry or animals
14	to be butchered or to a cooperative association
15	described in section 237 23(a)(7) of such licensed
16	producers shall be deemed to be a sale at wholesale;
17	and provided further that any amount derived from the
18	furnishing of feed lot services, other than the
19	segregated cost of feed, shall be deemed taxable at
20	the service-business-rate. This-paragraph-shall not
21	apply to the sale of feed for poultry or animals to be
22	used for hauling, transportation, or sports purposes;



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1	(6)	Sales to a licensed-producer, or to a cooperative
2		association described in section 237 23(a)(7) for sale
3		to the producer, of seed or seedstock for producing
4		agricultural and aquacultural products, or bait for
5		catching-fish (including the catching-of bait for
6		catching fish), which agricultural and aquacultural
7		products or fish are to be disposed of as described in
8		section 237 5 or to be incorporated in a manufactured
9		product as described in paragraph (2);
10	-(7) -	Sales to a licensed producer, or to a cooperative
11		association described in section 237-23(a)(7) for sale
12		to-such-producer; of polypropylene shade cloth; of
13		polyfilm; of polyethylene film; of cartons and such
14		other containers, wrappers, and sacks, and binders to
15		be used for packaging eggs, vegetables, fruits, and
16		other agricultural and aquacultural products; of
17		seedlings and cuttings for producing nursery plants or
18		aquacultural products; or of chick containers; which
19		cartons and such-other-containers, wrappers, and
20		sacks, binders, seedlings, cuttings, and containers
2 1		are to be used as described in section 237 5, or to be



1		incorporated in a manufactured product as described in			
2		paragraph-(2);			
3	-(8) -	Sales of tangible personal property where:			
4		- (A) -	Tangible personal property is sold upon the order		
5			or-request of a licensed seller for the purpose		
6			of rendering a service in the course of the		
7			person's service business or calling, or upon the		
8			order or request of a person subject to tax under		
9			scction 237D 2 for the purpose of furnishing		
10			transient accommodations;		
11		-(B) -	The tangible personal property becomes or is used		
12			as an identifiable element of the service		
13			rendered;—and		
14		(C)	The cost of the tangible personal property does		
15			not constitute overhead to the licensed seller;		
16		the-	sale-shall be subject to section 237-13.3;		
17	-(9)-	Sale	s-to-a licensed leasing-company-of-capital goods		
18		that	have a depreciable life, are purchased by the		
19		leas	ing company for lease to its customers, and are		
20		thereafter leased as a service to others;			
21	(10)	Sales of services to a licensed seller engaging in a			
22		busi	ness or calling whenever:		



1	- (A) -	Eith	er:
2		(i)	In the context of a service to service
3			transaction, a service is rendered upon the
4			order or request of a licensed seller for
5			the purpose of rendering another service in
6			the course of the seller's service business
7			or calling, including a dealer's furnishing
8			of goods or services to the purchaser of
9			tangible-personal property to fulfill a
10			warranty obligation of the manufacturer of
11			the property;
12	-	(ii)	In the context of a service to tangible
13			personal property transaction, a service is
14			rendered upon the order or request of a
15			licensed seller for the purpose of
16			manufacturing, producing, or preparing
17			tangible personal property to be sold;
18	-(-:	iii)	In the context of a scrvices-to contracting
19			transaction, a service is rendered upon the
20			order-or request of a licensed contractor as
21			defined in section 237-6 for the purpose of
22			assisting that licensed contractor; or



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1		(iv) In the context of a services-to-transient
2		accommodations rental transaction, a service
3		is rendered upon the order or request of a
4		person subject to tax under section 237D 2
5		for the purpose of furnishing transient
6		accommodations;
7	-(B) -	The benefit of the service passes to the customer
8		of the licensed seller, licensed contractor, or
9		person-furnishing transient accommodations as an
10		identifiable-element of the other-service or
11		property to be sold, the contracting, or the
12		furnishing of transient accommodations;
13	(C)	The cost of the service does not constitute
14		overhead-to-the licensed seller, licensed
15	ς.	contractor, or person furnishing transient
16		accommodations;
17	- (D) -	The gross income of the licensed seller is not
18		divided-between the licensed-seller and another
19		licensed seller, contractor, or person-furnishing
20		transient accommodations for imposition of the
21		tax under-this chapter;



1		(E)	The gross income of the licensed seller is not
2			subject to a deduction under this chapter or
3			chapter 237D; and
4		- (F) -	The resale of the service, tangible personal
5			property, contracting, or transient
6			accommodations is subject to the tax imposed
7			under this chapter at the highest tax rate.
8		Sal e	s-subject to this paragraph shall be subject to
9		sect	ion 237 13.3;
10	(11)-	Sale	s to a licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other
11		lic e	nsed seller of bulk-condiments-or prepackaged
12		sing	le serving packets of condiments that are provided
13		to c	ustomers by the licensed retail merchant, jobber,
14		or o	ther licensed seller;
15	(12)	Sale	s to a licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other
16		lic e	nsed seller of tangible personal property that
17		will	-be-incorporated or processed by the licensed
18		reta	il merchant, jobber, or other licensed seller into
19		a fi	nished or-saleable product during-the course of
20		its	preparation for market (including disposable,
21		nonr	eturnable containers, packages, or wrappers, in
22		whic	h the product is contained and that are generally



1		known and	most commonly used to contain food or
2		beverage -	for transfer or delivery), and which finished
3		or salcab	le product is to be sold and not otherwise
4		used_by_t	he licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other
5		licensed	seller;
6	(13)	Sales of	amusements-subject to-taxation under-section
7		237-13(4)	-to-a licensed-seller engaging in a business
8		or callin	g whenever:
9		(A) Eith	e r:
10		· - (i)	In the context of an amusement to service
11			transaction, an amusement is rendered upon
12			the order or request of a licensed seller
13			for the purpose of rendering another service
14			in the course of the seller's service
15			business or calling;
16		(11)	In the context of an amusement to tangible
17			personal property transaction, an amusement
18			is-rendered upon-the order or request of a
19			licensed seller for the purpose of selling
20			tangible personal property; or
21		(111) -	In the context of an amusement to amusement
22			transaction, an amusement is rendered upon



1		the order or request of a licensed seller
2		for the purpose of rendering another
3		amusement in the course of the person's
4		amusement business;
5	(B) -	The benefit of the amusement passes to the
6		customer of the licensed seller as an
7		identifiable element of the other service,
8		tangible personal property to be sold, or
9		amusement;
10	- (C) -	The cost of the amusement does not constitute
11		overhead to the licensed seller;
12	(D) -	The gross income of the licensed seller is not
13		divided between the licensed seller and another
14		licensed seller, person furnishing transient
15		accommodations, or-person rendering an amusement
16		for imposition of the tax under chapter 237;
17	(म्र)-	The gross income of the licensed seller is not
18		subject to a deduction under this chapter; and
19	(F)	The resale of the service, tangible personal
20		property, or amusement is subject to the tax
21		imposed under this chapter at the highest rate.



1		As used in this paragraph, "amusement" means
2		entertainment provided as part of a show for which
3		there is an admission charge. Sales subject to this
4		paragraph shall be subject to section 237 13.3; and
5	(14)	Sales by a printer to a publisher of magazines or
6		similar printed materials containing advertisements,
7		when-the-publisher is under contract with the
8		advertisers to-distribute a minimum number of
9		magazines or similar printed materials to the public
10		or defined segment of the public, whether or not there
11		is-a-charge to-the-persons who-actually receive-the
12		magazines or similar printed materials.
13	-(b)-	If the use tax law is finally held by a court of
14	competent	jurisdiction to be unconstitutional or invalid insofar
15	as it pur	ports-to-tax the use or-consumption of tangible
16	personal	property imported into the State in interstate or
17	foreign c	ommerce or both, wholesalers and jobbers shall be taxed
18	thereafte	r-under-this chapter in accordance with the following
19	definitio	n (which shall supersede the preceding paragraph
20	otherwise	defining "wholesaler" or "jobber"): "Wholesaler" or
21	"jobber"	means-a-person, or a definitely organized division
22	thercof,	definitely organized to render and rendering a general
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1	distribution service-that buys and maintains at the person's
2	place of business a stock or lines of merchandise that the
3	person distributes; and that the person, through salespersons,
4	advertising, or sales promotion-devices, sells to licensed
5	retailers, to institutional or licensed commercial or industrial
6	users, in wholesale quantities and at wholesale rates. A
7	corporation deemed not to be carrying on a trade or business in
8	this-State under-section-235 6 shall nevertheless be-deemed to
9	be a wholesaler and shall be subject to the tax imposed by this
10	chapter."]
11	SECTION 25. Section 237-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
12	repealed.
13	["§237-5-"Producer" defined. "Producer" means any person
14	engaged-in-the business of raising and producing agricultural
15	products in their natural state, or in producing-natural
16	resource products, or engaged in the business of fishing or
17	aquaculture, for sale, or for shipment or transportation out of
18	the State, of the agricultural or aquaculture products in their
19	natural or processed state, or butchered and dressed, or the
20	natural resource products, or fish.
21	As used in this section "agricultural products" include
22	floricultural, - horticultural, viticultural, forestry, nut;



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1	coffee, dairy, livestock, poultry, bee, animal, and any other
2	farm, agronomic, or plantation products."]
3	SECTION 26. Section 237-13.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4	repealed.
5	[" \$237 13.3 Application of sections 237-4(a)(8),
6	237-4(a)(10), 237-4(a)(13), 237-13(2)(A), 237-13(4)(A), and
7	237-13(6)(A). (a) Sections 237-4(a)(8), 237-4(a)(10),
8	237 4(a)(13), 237 13(2)(A), 237 13(4)(A), and 237-13(6)(A) to
9	the contrary notwithstanding, instead of the tax levied under
10	section 237-13(2)(A) on wholesale sales subject to section
11	237 4(a)(8)(B), under section 237 13(4)(A) on a wholesaler
12	subject to section 237-4(a)(13), and under section 237-13(6)(A)
13	on a wholesaler subject to section 237 4(a)(10) at one half of
14	one per cent, during the period January 1, 2000, to December 31,
15	2005, the tax-shall be as follows:
16	(1) In calendar year-2000, 3.5 per-cent;
17	(2) In-calendar year-2001, 3.0 per-cent;
18	(3) In calendar year 2002, 2.5 per cent;
19	(4) In calendar year 2003, 2.0 per cent;
20	(5) In calendar year 2004, 1.5 per cent;
21	(6) In calendar year 2005, 1.0 per-cent; and



1	(7) In calendar year 2006-and thereafter, the tax-shall be
2	0.5 per cent.
3	(b) The department shall have the authority to implement
4	the tax rate changes in subsection (a) by prescribing tax forms
5	and instructions that require tax reporting and payment by
6	deduction, allocation, or any other method to determine tax
7	liability with due regard to the tax rate changes."]
8	SECTION 27. Section 237-13.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
9	repealed.
10	["§237-13.5 Assessment on generated electricity. Any
11	other provision of the law-to the contrary notwithstanding, the
12	levy and assessment of the general excise tax on the gross
13	proceeds from the sale of electric power-to a public utility
14	company for-resale to the public, shall be made only as a tax-on
15	the business of a producer, at the rate assessed producers,
16	under section 237-13(2)(A)."]
17	SECTION 28. Section 237-15, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
18	repealed.
19	["§237-15 Technicians. When technicians supply dentists
20	or physicians with dentures, orthodontic devices, braces, and
21	similar items which have been prepared by the technician in
22	accordance with specifications furnished by the dentist or
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1	physician, and such items are to be used by the dentist or
2	physician in the dentist's or physician's professional practice
3	for a particular patient who is to pay the dentist or physician
4	for the same as a part of the dentist's or physician's
5	professional services, the technician shall-be-taxed as though
6	the technician were a manufacturer selling a product to a
7	licensed retailer, rather than at the rate of four per cent
8	which is generally applied to professions and services."]
9	SECTION 29. Section 237-17, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	repealed.
11	["§237-17-Persons with impaired sight, hearing, or who are
12	totally disabled. Anything in section 237-13 to the contrary
13	notwithstanding, the privilege tax levied, assessed, and
14	collected on account of the business or other activitics of
15	individuals who are blind, deaf, or totally disabled,
16	corporations all of whose outstanding shares are owned by
17	individuals who are blind, deaf, or totally disabled, general,
18	limited, or limited liability partnerships, all of whose
19	partners are blind, deaf, or totally disabled, or limited
20	liability companics, all of whose members are blind, deaf, or
21	totally disabled, shall not exceed one half of one per cent of
22	the proceeds, sales, income, or other receipts subject to tax.
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1	For the purpose of this chapter "blind", "deaf", or "totally
2	disabled" is defined as in section 235-1. The impairment of
3	sight or hearing, or the disability, shall be certified to as
4	provided in section 235-1."]
5	SECTION 30. Section 237-29.55, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
6	repealed.
7	["[\$237-29.55] Exemption for sale of tangible personal
8	property for resale at wholesale. (a)- There-shall be exempted
9	from, and excluded from the measure of, the taxes imposed by
10	this chapter all of the gross proceeds or gross income arising
11	from the sale of tangible personal property imported to Hawaii
12	from a foreign or domestic source to a licensed taxpayer for
13	subsequent resale for the purpose of wholesale as defined under
14	section 237 4.
15	(b) The department, by rule, may provide that a seller may
16	take-from-the purchaser of imported tangible-personal-property,
17	a-certificate, in a form that the department shall-prescribe,
18	certifying that the purchaser of the imported tangible personal
19	property shall-resell the imported tangible personal property at
20	wholesale-as defined-under section-237 4. Any purchaser who
21	furnishes a certificate shall be obligated to pay to the seller,
22	upon demand, if the sale in fact is not a sale for the purpose
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of resale at wholesale, the amount of the additional tax which 1 2 by-reason thereof is imposed upon the seller. The absence of a 3 certificate, unless the sales of the business are exclusively a 4 sale for the purpose of resale at wholesale, in itself, shall 5 give rise to the presumption that the sale is not a sale for the 6 purpose of resale at wholesale."] 7 SECTION 31. Section 238-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 8 repealed. 9 ["§238-4 Certain property used by producers. If a 10 licensed producer, or a cooperative association acting under the 11 authority of chapter 421-or-422, in-order to sell to such 12 producer, or a licensed person, imports into the State or 13 acquires in the State commodities, materials, items, services, 14 or-living things-enumerated-in-section-[237-4(a)(3)-and (5) to 15 (7)], then section 237-4-shall apply. If section 237 4-applies 16 and the producer is engaged in the sale of the producer's 17 products at retail or in any manner other than at wholesale, 18 then the tax upon use of property in the State imposed by section 238 2(2) shall apply the same as in the case of a 19 20 purchaser who is a licensed retailer. In other such cases no 21 tax shall be imposed under this chapter."]

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1 SECTION 32. (a) There is created a committee to oversee 2 the department of taxation's implementation and administration 3 of, and compliance with the streamlined sales and use tax 4 agreement. The committee shall be administratively attached to 5 the department of taxation. Members of the committee shall be 6 reimbursed by their appointing body for expenses, including 7 travel expenses.

8 The president of the senate and the speaker of the (b) 9 house of representatives shall appoint three members each, which 10 shall comprise a committee, the purpose of which is to hold 11 meetings necessary to carry out this Act and to serve as part of 12 the State's official delegation to the Streamlined Sales Tax 13 Governing Board when establishing the State's criteria for 14 compliance with the streamlined sales and use tax agreement. 15 The director of taxation, or a representative thereof, shall be 16 an ex officio member. The members of the committee may elect a 17 chair or co-chairs. Duties of the appointees shall include 18 attending meetings of the governing board, technical reviews of 19 Hawaii legislation and state tax operations, and working with 20 the department of taxation to ensure that all appropriate steps 21 are taken in order to have Hawaii certified as a state in full 22 compliance with the streamlined sales and use tax agreement.



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2 assistance that includes analysis of the fiscal and legal impacts of proposed conformance with the existing general excise 3 tax law and other laws and any other issues that might result 4 5 from the implementation of a streamlined sales and use tax under 6 the streamlined sales and use tax agreement, as well as for the 7 preparation of proposed legislation by contracting with legal 8 professionals that have a background and practice in taxation.

The department of taxation may seek technical

9 (d) The department of taxation shall secure the services 10 necessary to support the project in as expeditious a manner as 11 possible. The legislative reference bureau shall assist the 12 department of taxation or contractor in drafting any appropriate 13 legislation.

14 (e) In an effort to ensure that the State's application 15 for certification with the Streamlined Sales Tax Governing Board 16 is completed in as swift and seamless a manner as is possible, 17 the department of taxation shall work cooperatively with the 18 committee in gaining the committee's concurrence prior to 19 contracting for services with outside entities, agencies, or 20 persons for the implementation and administration of, or compliance with the streamlined sales and use tax agreement. 21



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1 The department of taxation may contract with outside (f) 2 entities, agencies, or persons for the purpose of collecting the 3 tax revenues owed by taxpayers pursuant to the streamlined sales and use tax agreement, as well as delinguent taxes owed by those 4 5 taxpayers, in implementing the streamlined sales and use tax 6 agreement in this State. The outside entities, agencies, or 7 persons that the department of taxation contracts with to 8 collect the tax revenues generated from the streamlined sales 9 and use tax agreement shall be paid from the tax revenues 10 collected under the streamlined sales and use tax agreement to 11 ensure that the cost of implementing and administering the 12 streamlined sales and use tax agreement for the State is 13 minimal.

SECTION 33. In codifying the new chapters and sections added to the Hawaii Revised Statutes, the revisor of statutes shall substitute appropriate section numbers for the letters used in designating the new chapters and sections.

18 SECTION 34. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed 19 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

20 SECTION 35. This Act shall take effect when the State
21 becomes a party to the streamlined sales and use tax agreement;
22 provided that:



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1	(1)	Section 32 shall take effect on approval;
2	(2)	The amendments made to section 237-9, Hawaii Revised
3		Statutes, by this Act shall not be repealed when that
4		section is reenacted on June 30, 2014, pursuant to
5		section 13(3), Act 134, Session Laws of Hawaii 2009;
6	(3)	The amendments made to section 237-24, Hawaii Revised
7		Statutes, by this Act shall not be repealed when that
8		section is reenacted on December 31, 2013, pursuant to
9		section 4, Act 70, Session Laws of Hawaii 2009; and
10	(4)	The amendments made to section 237-24.3, Hawaii
11		Revised Statutes, by this Act shall not be repealed
12		when that section is reenacted on December 31, 2010,
13		pursuant to section 4, Act 239, Session Laws of Hawaii
14		2007, as amended by section 5, Act 196, Session Laws
15		of Hawaii 2009.

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Mang 3 Sey John M. M INTRODUCED BY:

JAN 2 1 2010



Report Title: Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Amendments

Description:

Adopts amendments to Hawaii tax laws to implement the streamlined sales and use tax agreement. Effective when the State becomes a party to the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

