### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO THE SUNSHINE LAW.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the Sunshine Law,
- 2 part I of chapter 92, Hawaii Revised Statutes, was intended to
- 3 create transparency in government operations by public
- 4 officials, both elected and appointed, and to establish
- 5 procedures to prevent business discussions between sub-groups of
- 6 officials in private meetings.
- 7 The legislature recognizes that there are many public
- 8 gatherings and community events that officials of deliberating
- 9 bodies are invited to, or may wish to attend for educational
- 10 purposes and community participation.
- 11 The legislature also recognizes that there are professional
- 12 association conferences and professional development activities
- 13 that public officials are invited to based on their expertise or
- 14 participation in public policy deliberative bodies to help
- 15 develop insight and exchange ideas to enhance their knowledge,
- 16 skills, and abilities to better perform their jobs.
- 17 The purpose of this Act is to:

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1	(1)	Allow the participation by two or more members of a
2		public policy deliberative body in a public gathering
3		or community event not tied to matters currently under
4		official deliberation or pending action; and
5	(2)	Allow the participation by two or more members of a
6		public policy deliberative body in professional
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- public policy deliberative body in professional association conferences and professional development activities with a publicly accessible report of their activities.
- 10 SECTION 2. Section 92-2.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 11 amended to read as follows:
- "§92-2.5 Permitted interactions of members. (a) Two
  members of a board may discuss between themselves matters
  relating to official board business to enable them to perform
  their duties faithfully, as long as no commitment to vote is
  made or sought and the two members do not constitute a quorum of
  their board.
- (b) Two or more members of a board, but less than the number of members which would constitute a quorum for the board, may be assigned to:
- (1) Investigate a matter relating to the official businessof their board; provided that:

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1		(A)	The scope of the investigation and the scope of
2			each member's authority are defined at a meeting
3			of the board;
4		(B)	All resulting findings and recommendations are
5			presented to the board at a meeting of the board;
6			and
7		(C)	Deliberation and decisionmaking on the matter
8			investigated, if any, occurs only at a duly
9			noticed meeting of the board held subsequent to
10			the meeting at which the findings and
11			recommendations of the investigation were
12			presented to the board; or
13	(2)	Pres	ent, discuss, or negotiate any position which the
14		boar	d has adopted at a meeting of the board; provided
15		that	the assignment is made and the scope of each
16		memb	er's authority is defined at a meeting of the
17		boar	d prior to the presentation, discussion, or
18		nego	tiation.
19	<u>(c)</u>	Two	or more members of a board, but less than the
20	number of	memb	ers which would constitute a quorum for the board,
21	may atten	d a p	ublic gathering or community event; provided that
22	the public	c gat	hering or community event does not relate to any

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- 1 matter over which the board is currently exercising its
- 2 adjudicatory function; and provided further that their
- 3 attendance as an invitee or interested member of the community
- 4 is presented to the board at a meeting of the board prior to
- 5 their attendance.
- 6 (d) Two or more members of a board, but less than the
- 7 number of members which would constitute a quorum for the board,
- 8 may attend professional association conferences and professional
- 9 development activities; provided that the attending members
- 10 shall post a publicly accessible report of their conference and
- 11 training activities.
- 12 [<del>(c)</del>] (e) Discussions between two or more members of a
- 13 board, but less than the number of members which would
- 14 constitute a quorum for the board, concerning the selection of
- 15 the board's officers may be conducted in private without
- 16 limitation or subsequent reporting.
- 17 [-(d)-] (f) Discussions between the governor and one or more
- 18 members of a board may be conducted in private without
- 19 limitation or subsequent reporting; provided that the discussion
- 20 does not relate to a matter over which a board is exercising its
- 21 adjudicatory function.

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- 1  $[\frac{(e)}{(e)}]$  (g) Discussions between two or more members of a board and the head of a department to which the board is 2
- administratively assigned may be conducted in private without 3
- 4 limitation; provided that the discussion is limited to matters
- 5 specified in section 26-35.
- 6 [<del>(f)</del>] (h) Communications, interactions, discussions,
- 7 investigations, and presentations described in this section are
- 8 not meetings for purposes of this part."
- 9 SECTION 3. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 10 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval. 11

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INTRODUCED BY:

### Report Title:

Public Agencies; Sunshine Law

#### Description:

Allows the participation by 2 or more members of a public policy deliberative body: (1) in a public gathering or community event not tied to matters currently under official deliberation or pending action; and (2) in professional association conferences and professional development activities with a publicly accessible report of their activities.

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