#### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES TWENTY-FIFTH LEGISLATURE, 2010 STATE OF HAWAII

## H.B. NO. 2059

### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO REGISTERED COVERED OFFENDERS.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. The legislature finds that sex offender and
2	other types of transitional group homes are currently being
3	established in residential areas. Persons suffering from
4	alcohol and drug addiction are treated as disabled persons
5	entitled to protection under the federal Fair Housing Act.
6	Cities and counties have encountered difficulty in applying the
7	Fair Housing Act because of the decision by the United States
8	Supreme Court in City of Edmonds v. Oxford House, Inc., 514 U.S.
9	725 (1995), and other related decisions. In City of Edmonds,
10	the Court held that a numerical limit on the number of unrelated
11	adults in a single family dwelling violates the Fair Housing Act
12	as it relates to disabled individuals.

13 Group homes have been established in family neighborhoods 14 under the rationale that drug and alcohol addiction is a 15 disabling condition that qualifies drug and alcohol addicted 16 residents for protection under the Fair Housing Act. This 17 rationale has then been used as a basis to extend protection to 18 sex offenders or other felons who may or may not be under the HB LRB 10-0043-1.doc Page 2

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1	supervision of the jurisdiction's corrections agency. According
2	to the United States Department of Justice, Civil Rights
3	Division, persons convicted for illegal manufacture or
4	distribution of a controlled substance, sex offenders, and
5	juvenile offenders are not considered disabled under the Fair
6	Housing Act, by virtue of that status.
7	This Act addresses only the issue of registered adult sex
8	offenders. In particular, this Act:
9	(1) Sets a limit of two registered adult sex offenders in
10	a residential dwelling unit;
11	(2) Provides for a judicial bypass to exceed that limit in
12	limited circumstances;
13	(3) Authorizes counties to exceed the limit by ordinance
14	to allow and regulate group residence homes for sex
15	offenders; and
16	(4) Grandfathers current residence situations, while
17	requiring compliance with county ordinances when
18	established.
19	The purpose of this Act is to balance the need for housing
20	for registered adult sex offenders and the concerns of citizens
21	that arise from sex offender group homes being established in
22	residential neighborhoods.
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1	SECTION 2. Chapter 846E, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated
3	and to read as follows:
4	" <u>S846E- Adult covered offenders; prohibited group</u>
5	dwelling; exceptions. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this
6	section, when a covered offender is required to be registered
7	under this chapter, that person may not reside in any
8	residential dwelling unit with more than one other covered
9	offender who is also required to register pursuant to this
10	chapter. If, on the effective date of this section, any covered
11	offender required to be registered under this chapter is legally
12	residing in a residential dwelling unit with more than one other
13	covered offender required to so register, the person may
14	continue to reside in that residential dwelling unit without
15	violating this section, provided that no additional covered
16	offenders required to be registered shall move into that
17	residential dwelling unit if the covered offender moving in
18	would be in violation of this section.
19	(b) For purposes of this section:
20	(1) "Reside" or "residing" means occupying the residential
21	dwelling unit as a fixed place of abode or habitation
22	for any period and to which place the person has the

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1		intention of returning after a departure or absence
2		therefrom regardless of the duration of absence;
3	(2)	"Residential dwelling unit" includes but is not
4		limited to single-family dwellings and units in
5		multifamily dwellings, including units in duplexes,
6		apartment dwellings, mobile homes, condominiums, and
7		townhouses in areas zoned as residential;
8	(c)	A judge of the district court, upon petition and after
9	an approp	riate hearing, may authorize a covered offender
10	required	to be registered under this chapter to reside in a
11	residenti	al dwelling unit with more than one other covered
12	offender	who is also required to be registered under this
13	chapter,	if the judge determines upon clear and convincing
14	evidence	that:
15	<u>(1)</u>	Not doing so would deprive the petitioner of a
16		constitutionally guaranteed right; and
17	(2)	The right is more compelling under the facts of the
18		case than is the interest of the state and county .
19		governments in protecting neighboring citizens,
1/		goveriments in proceeting herghooring crerzens,
20		including minors, from risk of physical or
21		psychological harm. The risk of harm shall be
22		presumed, absent clear and convincing evidence to the
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1	contrary, given the petitioner's status as a covered
2	offender required to be registered under this chapter.
3	Any exception allowed under this subsection shall be
4	limited to alleviate only a deprivation of constitutional right
5	that is more compelling than the interest of the state and
6	county governments in minimizing the risk of harm to the
7	neighboring citizens. Any order of exception under this
8	subsection shall be made a part of the registry maintained
<b>9</b> .	pursuant to this chapter.
10	(d) Any county may establish standards for the operation
11	of residential dwelling units for registered covered offenders
12	that exceed the number of registered covered offenders allowed
13	to reside in a residential dwelling unit under subsection (a).
14	Applicable standards shall include procedures to allow comment
15	by neighboring residents within a specified distance and may
16	include but are not limited to:
17	(1) Designating permissible zones in which the dwelling
18	units may be located;
19	(2) Designating permissible distances between the dwelling
20	units;
21	(3) Designating the maximum number of registered covered
22	offenders allowed to reside in the dwelling units;



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1	(4)	Designating qualifications and standards for
2		supervision and care of the dwelling units and the
3		residents;
4	(5)	Designating requirements and procedures to qualify as
5		the operator of the dwelling units, including any
6		requirement that the residents be engaged in treatment
7		or support programs for registered covered offenders
.8		and related addiction treatment or support programs;
9		and
10	(6)	Designating any health and safety requirements that
11		are different than those applicable to other
12		residential dwelling units in the zone.
13	<u>(e)</u>	No person or entity shall operate a residential
14	dwelling	unit for registered covered offenders in violation of
15	the limit	ations of subsection (a), except as otherwise provided
16	<u>under sub</u>	section (d). If, on the effective date of this
17	section,	any individual or entity is operating an existing
18	residenti	al dwelling unit for covered offenders required to be
19	registere	d under this chapter, and when such individual or
20	entity al	so requires such persons to be participants in a sex
21	offender	treatment or support program, the individual or entity

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1	shall not	be precluded from continuing to operate the
2	residenti	al dwelling unit; provided that:
3	(1)	The residential dwelling unit shall not operate at a
4		capacity exceeding eight residents in the dwelling
5		unit and two residents per bedroom, or the existing
6		number of residents, whichever is less;
7	(2)	Once the county enacts an ordinance pursuant to
8		subsection (d) establishing standards for the
9		operation of residential dwelling units for registered
10		covered offenders, the operator of the residential
11		dwelling unit, no later than one year after enactment
12		of the ordinance, shall comply with all standards of
13		the ordinance, except any requirement that is less
14	•	than the maximum capacity provided for under
15		paragraph (1) or that requires a relocation of the
16		residence;
17	(3)	The burden of proving that an existing residential
18		dwelling unit qualifies for continuing operation under
19		this subsection shall be upon the operator of the
20		residential dwelling unit; and
21	(4)	Any change in the use of an existing residential
22		dwelling unit shall void the exception for the



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1	continuing operation of the dwelling unit under the
2	provisions of this section.
3	(f) If any covered offender required to be registered
4	under this chapter is on probation or parole under the
5	supervision of the court or Hawaii paroling authority,
6	respectively, the court or the authority shall be notified by
7	the covered offender or the covered offender's agent of any
8	intent to reside with another covered offender required to be
9	registered under this chapter. The court or the authority shall
10	approve the living arrangement in advance as consistent with the
11	terms of the probation or parole and consistent with the
12	objective of reducing the risk of recidivism.
13	(g) Any person who knowingly violates the provisions of
14	this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.
15	(h) Any county shall be entitled to injunctive relief
16	against any person or entity operating a residential dwelling
17	unit within its jurisdiction in violation of this section."
18	SECTION 3. New statutory material is underscored.



SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

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INTRODUCED BY:

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#### Report Title:

Registered Covered Offenders; Residential Restrictions

#### Description:

Limits the number of covered offenders required to be registered under chapter 846E, HRS, who may live together. Authorizes the counties to adopt ordinances regulating residences for registered covered offenders.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

