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#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO COASTAL AREAS.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that there are many 2 shoreline areas throughout the State where the overgrowth of 3 vegetation inhibits access to and transit along the beach, 4 thereby denying the public of use and enjoyment of the public 5 The area seaward of the shoreline is part of the domain. 6 conservation district and regulating uses of the conservation 7 district is the responsibility of the department of land and 8 natural resources. Although there exists natural vegetative 9 overgrowth along beach areas, there is also evidence in many 10 areas of induced vegetative overgrowth into the beach area by private property owners. The department does not have the 11 12 funding to remove this vegetative overgrowth, nor should it have 13 the financial responsibility to do so.

14 The legislature finds that public beach corridors are 15 similar to public sidewalks in the sense that they are for 16 public use. In order to maintain public transit along the 17 shoreline, provisions similar to those pertaining to the 18 maintenance of sidewalks are needed. For example, chapter 14, 18 HB LRB 09-0357-1.doc

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1 article 20, Revised Ordinances of Honolulu, requires property
2 owners to maintain adjacent sidewalks. If the sidewalk is not
3 maintained, a property owner may be cited and given a certain
4 amount of time to clean up the sidewalk. If the sidewalk is not
5 cleaned, the city and county of Honolulu may clean the sidewalk
6 and seek reimbursement from the property owner.

7 The legislature finds that a similar provision to protect 8 public transit corridors along shorelines in the conservation 9 district would have the benefit of encouraging property owners to 10 keep adjacent beachfront free of encroaching vegetation and would 11 provide a means to reimburse government agencies for removing 12 vegetation if necessary.

13 SECTION 2. Chapter 183C, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
14 amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated
15 and to read as follows:

16 "<u>\$183C-</u> Notice to property owners. The department
17 shall provide written notice of amendments to this chapter and
18 to administrative rules adopted pursuant to this chapter to
19 property owners that may be directly affected by those
20 amendments by mailing notice to the property owner's last known
21 address in the State or to the property owner's agent at the
22 property owner's last known address."

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1	SECTION 3. Section 115-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended to read as follows:
3	"[ $\frac{1}{2}$ ] $\frac{115-5}{\frac{1}{2}}$ Transit area and public transit corridor
4	<b>defined.</b> (a) The right of transit along the shoreline exists
5	[below the private property line which is defined as being along
6	the upper reaches of the wash of waves, usually evidenced by the
7	edge of vegetation or by the debris left by the wash of waves.]
8	seaward of the highest wash of the highest wave during the
9	season of high surf.
10	[However, in areas of cliffs or areas where the nature of
11	the topography is such that there is no reasonably safe transit
12	for the public along the shoreline below the private property
13	lines, the counties by condemnation shall establish along the
14	makai boundaries of the property lines public transit corridors
15	which shall be not less than six feet wide.]
16	(b) In areas where the shoreline vegetation is human-
17	induced, enhanced, or unmaintained such that there is no
18	reasonably safe transit for the public along the shoreline, the
19	counties and the State may require maintenance of public transit
20	corridors by the adjacent landowner, by means of the removal of
21	the impeding vegetation."

1	1 SECTION 4. Section 115-9,	Hawaii Revised Statutes, is						
2	2 amended to read as follows:	amended to read as follows:						
3	3 "[+]§115-9[+] Obstructing	access to public property;						
4	4 penalty. (a) A person commits	the offense of obstructing						
5	5 access to public property if the	person, by action or by having						
6	6 installed a physical impediment,	intentionally prevents a member						
7	7 of the public from traversing:							
8	8 (1) A public right-of-way;							
9	9 (2) A transit area; [ <del>or</del> ]							
10	10 (3) A public transit corri	dor; <u>or</u>						
11	11 (4) Along the shoreline;							
12	12 and thereby obstructs access to	and along the sea, the						
13	13 shoreline, or any inland public	recreational area.						
14	14 (b) Physical impediments t	nat may prevent traversing						
15	15 include but are not limited to the	ne following:						
16	16 (1) Gates;							
17	17 (2) Fences;							
18	18 (3) Walls;							
19	19 (4) Constructed barriers;							
20	20 (5) Rubbish;							
21	21 (6) Security guards; [and]							
22	22 (7) Guard dogs or animals[-	-]; and						
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1	(8) Human-induced, enhanced, or unmaintained vegetation.
2	(c) Obstructing access to public property is a
3	misdemeanor. If any landowner, after receiving notice from the
4	applicable county or the State, fails to remove an obstruction,
5	the county or State may remove the obstruction as may be
6	necessary to allow public access. The cost for removal by the
7	county or State shall be charged to and against the landowner,
8	and if not paid immediately, shall be collected from the
9	landowner or the landowner's agent by action in the district
10	court.
11	(d) [Minimum] In addition to the cost of removal of an
12	obstruction pursuant to subsection (c), the minimum fines for
13	violation under this section shall be as follows:
14	(1) \$1,000 for a second conviction; and
15	(2) \$2,000 for any conviction after a second conviction.
16	(e) As used in this section:
17	"Landowner" means the record owner of the property or the
18	record owner's agent, including a lessee, tenant, property
19	manager, or trustee.
20	"Person" means a natural person or a legal entity.
21	"Public recreational area" means public lands or bodies of
22	water opened to the public for recreational use."
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1	SECT	ION 5. Section 183C-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended t	o read as follows:
3	"[+]	<pre>\$183C-3[]</pre> Powers and duties of the board and
4	departmen	t. The board and department shall:
5	(1)	Maintain an accurate inventory of lands classified
6		within the state conservation district by the state
7		land use commission, pursuant to chapter 205;
8	(2)	Identify and appropriately zone those lands classified
9		within the conservation district;
10	(3)	Maintain shoreline public transit in the conservation
11		district along beach corridors by providing ongoing
12		maintenance and requiring private property owners to
13		ensure that beaches abutting or adjoining their
14		lands are kept passable and free from human-induced,
15		enhanced, or unmaintained vegetation that blocks
16		transit;
17	[ <del>(3)</del> ]	(4) Adopt rules, in compliance with chapter 91 which
18		shall have the force and effect of law;
19	[-(-4-)-]	(5) Set, charge, and collect reasonable fees in an
20		amount sufficient to defray the cost of processing
21		applications for zoning, use, and subdivision of
22		conservation lands[; ] and for maintenance to clear

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1		human-induced, enhanced, or unmaintained vegetation,
2		as necessary;
3	[ <del>-(5)</del> ]	(6) Establish categories of uses or activities on
4		conservation lands, including allowable uses or
5		activities for which no permit shall be required;
6	[ <del>(6)</del> ]	(7) Establish restrictions, requirements, and
7		conditions consistent with the standards set forth in
8		this chapter on the use of conservation lands; and
9	[ <del>(7)</del> ]	(8) Establish and enforce land use regulations on
10		conservation district lands, including the collection
11		of fines for violations of land use $[and]_{}$ terms and
12		conditions of permits issued by the department[ $\cdot$ ], and
13		collection of reimbursements from private property
14		owners for clearing human-induced, enhanced, or
15		unmaintained vegetation necessary to provide free and
16		clear public transit along beach corridors."
17	SECTI	ON 6. Section 205A-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
18	amended by	y amending subsections (b) and (c) to read as follows:
19	"(b)	Objectives.
20	(1)	Recreational resources;
21		(A) Provide coastal recreational opportunities
22		accessible to the public $[-]$ ; and
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1		(B)	Provide and maintain coastal recreational access
2			to and along the shoreline for public use.
3	(2)	Hist	oric resources;
4		(A)	Protect, preserve, and, where desirable, restore
5			those natural and manmade historic and
6			prehistoric resources in the coastal zone
7			management area that are significant in Hawaiian
8			and American history and culture.
9	(3)	Scen	ic and open space resources;
10		(A)	Protect, preserve, and, where desirable, restore
11			or improve the quality of coastal scenic and open
12			space resources.
13	(4)	Coas	tal ecosystems;
14		(A)	Protect valuable coastal ecosystems, including
15			reefs, from disruption and minimize adverse
16			impacts on all coastal ecosystems.
17	(5)	Econ	omic uses;
18		(A)	Provide public or private facilities and
19			improvements important to the State's economy in
20			suitable locations.
21	(6)	Coas	tal hazards;



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1		(A) Reduce hazard to life and property from tsunami,
2		storm waves, stream flooding, erosion,
3		subsidence, and pollution.
4	(7)	Managing development;
5	ž	(A) Improve the development review process,
6		communication, and public participation in the
7		management of coastal resources and hazards.
8	(8)	Public participation;
9		(A) Stimulate public awareness, education, and
10		participation in coastal management.
11	(9)	Beach protection;
12		(A) Protect beaches for public use and recreation $[-]$
13		and
14		(B) Protect and maintain access to and along the
15		shoreline for public use and recreation.
16	(10)	Marine resources;
17		(A) Promote the protection, use, and development of
18		marine and coastal resources to assure their
19		sustainability.
20	(c)	Policies.
21	(1)	Recreational resources;

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1	(A)	Impr	ove coordination and funding of coastal
2		recr	eational planning and management; and
3	(B)	Prov	ide adequate, accessible, and diverse
4		recr	eational opportunities in the coastal zone
5		mana	gement area by:
6		(i)	Protecting coastal resources uniquely suited
7			for recreational activities that cannot be
8			provided in other areas;
9		(ii)	Requiring replacement of coastal resources
10			having significant recreational value
11			including, but not limited to, surfing
12			sites, fishponds, and sand beaches, when
13			such resources will be unavoidably damaged
14			by development; or requiring reasonable
15			monetary compensation to the State for
16			recreation when replacement is not feasible
17			or desirable;
18	(1	iii)	Providing and managing adequate public
19			access, consistent with conservation of
20			natural resources, to and along shorelines
21			with recreational value;



1	(iv)	Providing an adequate supply of shoreline
2		parks and other recreational facilities
3		suitable for public recreation;
4	(v)	Ensuring public recreational uses of county,
5		state, and federally owned or controlled
6		shoreline lands and waters having
7		recreational value consistent with public
8		safety standards and conservation of natural
9		resources;
10	(vi)	Adopting water quality standards and
11		regulating point and nonpoint sources of
12		pollution to protect, and where feasible,
13		restore the recreational value of coastal
14		waters;
15	(vii)	Developing new shoreline recreational
16		opportunities, where appropriate, such as
17		artificial lagoons, artificial beaches, and
18		artificial reefs for surfing and fishing;
19		and
20	(viii)	Encouraging reasonable dedication of
21		shoreline areas with recreational value for
22		public use as part of discretionary



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1			approvals or permits by the land use	
2			commission, board of land and natural	
3			resources, and county authorities; and	
4			crediting such dedication against the	
5			requirements of section 46-6.	
6	(2)	Hist	oric resources;	
7		(A)	Identify and analyze significant archaeological	
8			resources;	
9		(B)	Maximize information retention through	
10			preservation of remains and artifacts or salvage	
11			operations; and	
12		(C)	Support state goals for protection, restoration,	
13			interpretation, and display of historic	
14			resources.	
15	(3)	Scen	ic and open space resources;	
16		(A)	Identify valued scenic resources in the coastal	
17			zone management area;	
18		(B)	Ensure that new developments are compatible with	
19			their visual environment by designing and	
20			locating such developments to minimize the	
21			alteration of natural landforms and existing	
22			public views to and along the shoreline;	
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1		(C)	Preserve, maintain, and, where desirable, improve
2			and restore shoreline open space and scenic
3			resources; and
4		(D)	Encourage those developments that are not coastal
5			dependent to locate in inland areas.
6	(4)	Coas	tal ecosystems;
7		(A)	Exercise an overall conservation ethic, and
8			practice stewardship in the protection, use, and
9			development of marine and coastal resources;
10		(B)	Improve the technical basis for natural resource
11			management;
12		(C)	Preserve valuable coastal ecosystems, including
13			reefs, of significant biological or economic
14			<pre>importance;</pre>
15		(D)	Minimize disruption or degradation of coastal
16			water ecosystems by effective regulation of
17			stream diversions, channelization, and similar
18			land and water uses, recognizing competing water
19			needs; and
20		(E)	Promote water quantity and quality planning and
21			management practices that reflect the tolerance
22			of fresh water and marine ecosystems and maintain
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1			and enhance water quality through the development
2			and implementation of point and nonpoint source
3			water pollution control measures.
4	(5)	Econ	omic uses;
5		(A)	Concentrate coastal dependent development in
6			appropriate areas;
7		(B)	Ensure that coastal dependent development such as
8			harbors and ports, and coastal related
9			development such as visitor industry facilities
10			and energy generating facilities, are located,
11			designed, and constructed to minimize adverse
12			social, visual, and environmental impacts in the
13			coastal zone management area; and
14		(C)	Direct the location and expansion of coastal
15			dependent developments to areas presently
16			designated and used for such developments and
17			permit reasonable long-term growth at such areas,
18			and permit coastal dependent development outside
19			of presently designated areas when:
20			(i) Use of presently designated locations is not
21			feasible;

1			(ii)	Adverse environmental effects are minimized;
2				and
3		(	iii)	The development is important to the State's
4				economy.
5	(6)	Coas	tal h	azards;
6		(A)	Deve	lop and communicate adequate information
7			abou	t storm wave, tsunami, flood, erosion,
8			subs	idence, and point and nonpoint source
9			poll	ution hazards;
10		(B)	Cont	rol development in areas subject to storm
11			wave	, tsunami, flood, erosion, hurricane, wind,
12			subs	idence, and point and nonpoint source
13			poll	ution hazards;
14		(C)	Ensu	re that developments comply with requirements
15			of tl	ne Federal Flood Insurance Program; and
16		(D)	Preve	ent coastal flooding from inland projects.
17	(7)	Mana	ging (	development;
18		(A)	Use,	implement, and enforce existing law
19			effe	ctively to the maximum extent possible in
20			manag	ging present and future coastal zone
21			deve	lopment;

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1		(B)	Facilitate timely processing of applications for
2			development permits and resolve overlapping or
3			conflicting permit requirements; and
4		(C)	Communicate the potential short and long-term
5			impacts of proposed significant coastal
6			developments early in their life cycle and in
7			terms understandable to the public to facilitate
8			public participation in the planning and review
9			process.
10	(8)	Publ	ic participation;
11		(A)	Promote public involvement in coastal zone
12			management processes;
13		(B)	Disseminate information on coastal management
14			issues by means of educational materials,
15			published reports, staff contact, and public
16			workshops for persons and organizations concerned
17			with coastal issues, developments, and government
18			activities; and
19		(C)	Organize workshops, policy dialogues, and site-
20			specific mediations to respond to coastal issues
21			and conflicts.
22	(9)	Beac	h protection;



1		(A)	Locate new structures inland from the shoreline
2			setback to conserve open space, minimize
3			interference with natural shoreline processes,
4			and minimize loss of improvements due to erosion;
5		(B)	Prohibit construction of private erosion-
6			protection structures seaward of the shoreline,
7			except when they result in improved aesthetic and
8			engineering solutions to erosion at the sites and
9			do not interfere with existing recreational and
10			waterline activities; [and]
11		(C)	Minimize the construction of public erosion-
12			protection structures seaward of the
13			<pre>shoreline[-]; and</pre>
14		<u>(D)</u>	Prohibit human-induced, enhanced, or unmaintained
15			vegetation seaward of the shoreline where it
16			impacts lateral access or beach processes.
17	(10)	Mari	ne resources;
18		(A)	Ensure that the use and development of marine and
19			coastal resources are ecologically and
20			environmentally sound and economically
21			beneficial;

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1	(B)	Coordinate the management of marine and coastal
2		resources and activities to improve effectiveness
3		and efficiency;
4	(C)	Assert and articulate the interests of the State
5		as a partner with federal agencies in the sound
6		management of ocean resources within the United
7		States exclusive economic zone;
8	(D)	Promote research, study, and understanding of
9		ocean processes, marine life, and other ocean
10		resources in order to acquire and inventory
11		information necessary to understand how ocean
12		development activities relate to and impact upon
13		ocean and coastal resources; and
14	(E)	Encourage research and development of new,
15		innovative technologies for exploring, using, or
16		protecting marine and coastal resources."
17	SECTION 7	. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
18	and stricken.	New statutory material is underscored.
19	SECTION 8	. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.
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#### Report Title:

Coastal Areas; Public Access

#### Description:

Requires maintenance of public beach accesses by adjacent landowners and imposes penalties for noncompliance. Establishes shoreline access as an objective of the coastal zone management program. Requires the department of land and natural resources to provide written notice to property owners affected by this Act.

