#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The purpose of this Act is to address taxation. 2 More specifically, this Act: 3 (1)Repeals certain general excise and use tax exemptions 4 and exclusions; and (2) Reduces the tax rate imposed on sales to the final 5 6 consumer from four per cent to three and one-half per 7 cent; and 8 Subjects to the general excise tax certain sales of 9 real property and sales of securities, commodity 10 futures, and bonds. 11 Among the exemptions repealed is that for nonprofit 12 organizations other than religious organizations. The exemption 13 for nonprofit religious organizations is retained. This Act also makes conforming amendments to other 14 statutes, including appropriately reducing the public service 15 16 company tax rate and repealing certain public service company 17 tax exemptions.

1 SECTION 2. Chapter 237, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 amended by adding two new sections to be appropriately 3 designated and to read as follows: 4 "§237-A Tax on certain real property sales. (a) Except as provided under subsection (b), there is hereby levied, and 5 6 shall be assessed and collected annually, a privilege tax 7 against a sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, or 8 limited liability entity that, as a business or part of a 9 business, sells real property owned in fee simple by the sole 10 proprietorship, partnership, corporation, or limited liability 11 entity to another person. The tax shall be equal to 3.5 per cent of the gross proceeds received from the sale of the real 12 13 property less a deduction for any commission paid from the gross proceeds by the seller to a sales representative that is taxable 14 15 under section 237-13(5). 16 (b) Gross proceeds from the casual sale of real property 17 shall be exempt from the tax under subsection (a). The 18 exemption shall apply whether the casual sale is made by a 19 person licensed or unlicensed under this chapter. 20 §237-B Tax on certain securities, commodity futures, and 21 bond sales. (a) Except as provided under subsection (b), there is hereby levied, and shall be assessed and collected annually, 22

- 1 a privilege tax against a sole proprietorship, partnership,
- 2 corporation, or limited liability entity that, as a business or
- 3 part of a business, sells securities, commodity futures, or
- 4 bonds owned or borrowed by the sole proprietorship, partnership,
- 5 corporation, or limited liability entity to another person. The
- 6 tax shall be equal to 3.5 per cent of the gross income received
- 7 from the sale of the securities, commodity futures, or bonds
- 8 less a deduction for any commission paid from the gross income
- 9 by the seller to a sales representative that is taxable under
- 10 section 237-13(5).
- (b) Gross income from the casual sale of securities,
- 12 commodity futures, or bonds shall be exempt from the tax under
- 13 subsection (a). The exemption shall apply whether the casual
- 14 sale is made by a person licensed or unlicensed under this
- 15 chapter."
- 16 SECTION 3. Section 46-15.1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 17 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
- 18 "(a) Any law to the contrary notwithstanding, any county
- 19 shall have and may exercise the same powers, subject to
- 20 applicable limitations, as those granted the Hawaii housing
- 21 finance and development corporation pursuant to chapter 201H
- 22 insofar as those powers may be reasonably construed to be



- 1 exercisable by a county for the purpose of developing,
- 2 constructing, and providing low- and moderate-income housing;
- 3 provided that no county shall be empowered to cause the State to
- 4 issue general obligation bonds to finance a project pursuant to
- 5 this section; [provided further that county projects shall be
- 6 granted an exemption from general excise or receipts taxes in
- 7 the same manner as projects of the Hawaii housing finance and
- 8 development corporation pursuant to section 201H-36;] and
- 9 provided further that section 201H-16 shall not apply to this
- 10 section unless federal guidelines specifically provide local
- 11 governments with that authorization and the authorization does
- 12 not conflict with any state laws. The powers shall include the
- 13 power, subject to applicable limitations, to:
- 14 (1) Develop and construct dwelling units, alone or in
- partnership with developers;
- 16 (2) Acquire necessary land by lease, purchase, exchange,
- or eminent domain;
- 18 (3) Provide assistance and aid to a public agency or other
- 19 person in developing and constructing new housing and
- 20 rehabilitating existing housing for elders of low- and
- 21 moderate-income, other persons of low- and moderate-
- income, and persons displaced by any governmental



1		action, by making long-term mortgage or interim
2		construction loans available;
3	(4)	Contract with any eligible bidders to provide for
4		construction of urgently needed housing for persons of
5		low- and moderate-income;
6	(5)	Guarantee the top twenty-five per cent of the
7		principal balance of real property mortgage loans,
8		plus interest thereon, made to qualified borrowers by
9		qualified lenders;
10	(6)	Enter into mortgage guarantee agreements with
11		appropriate officials of any agency or instrumentality
12		of the United States to induce those officials to
13		commit to insure or to insure mortgages under the
14		National Housing Act, as amended;
15	(7)	Make a direct loan to any qualified buyer for the
16		downpayment required by a private lender to be made by
17		the borrower as a condition of obtaining a loan from
18		the private lender in the purchase of residential
19		property;
20	(8)	Provide funds for a share, not to exceed fifty per
21		cent, of the principal amount of a loan made to a
22		qualified borrower by a private lender who is unable

1		otherwise to lend the borrower sufficient funds at
2		reasonable rates in the purchase of residential
3		property; and
4	(9)	Sell or lease completed dwelling units.
5	For	purposes of this section, a limitation is applicable to
6	the exter	at that it may reasonably be construed to apply to a
7	county."	
8	SECT	CION 4. Section 46-16.8, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
9	amended t	to read as follows:
10	"[+]	§46-16.8[] County surcharge on state tax. (a) Each
11	county ma	y establish a surcharge on state tax at the rates
12	enumerate	d in sections 237-8.6 and 238-2.6. A county electing
13	to establ	ish this surcharge shall do so by ordinance; provided
14	that:	
15	(1)	No ordinance shall be adopted until the county has
16		conducted a public hearing on the proposed ordinance;
17	(2)	The ordinance shall be adopted prior to December 31,
18		2005; and
19	(3)	No county surcharge on state tax that may be
20		authorized under this section shall be levied prior to
21		January 1, 2007.

- 1 Notice of the public hearing required under paragraph (1) shall
- 2 be published in a newspaper of general circulation within the
- 3 county at least twice within a period of thirty days immediately
- 4 preceding the date of the hearing.
- 5 (b) A county electing to exercise the authority granted
- 6 under this section shall notify the director of taxation within
- 7 ten days after the county has adopted a surcharge on state tax
- 8 ordinance and, beginning no earlier than January 1, 2007, the
- 9 director of taxation shall levy, assess, collect, and otherwise
- 10 administer the county surcharge on state tax.
- 11 (c) Each county with a population greater than five
- 12 hundred thousand that adopts a county surcharge on state tax
- 13 ordinance pursuant to subsection (a) shall use the surcharges
- 14 received from the State for:
- 15 (1) Operating or capital costs of a locally preferred
- alternative for a mass transit project; and
- 17 (2) Expenses in complying with the Americans with
- 18 Disabilities Act of 1990 with respect to paragraph
- 19 (1).
- 20 The county surcharge on state tax shall not be used to build or
- 21 repair public roads or highways, bicycle paths, or support



1	public tr	ansportation systems already in existence prior to Jul
2	12, 2005.	
3	(d)	Each county with a population equal to or less than
4	five hund	red thousand that adopts a county surcharge on state
5	tax ordin	ance pursuant to subsection (a) shall use the
6	surcharge	s received from the State for:
7	(1)	Operating or capital costs of public transportation
8		within each county for public transportation systems,
9		including public roadways or highways, public buses,
10		trains, ferries, pedestrian paths or sidewalks, or
11		bicycle paths; and
12	(2)	Expenses in complying with the Americans with
13		Disabilities Act of 1990 with respect to paragraph
14		(1).
15	<u>(e)</u>	A county that has adopted a county surcharge on state
16	tax ordin	ance in accordance with subsection (a) may amend the
17	ordinance	to reduce the rate below that in effect on June 30,
18	2009. If	a county chooses to amend the ordinance, the ordinance
19	shall be	adopted before October 1, 2009, and the reduced

surcharge rate shall be effective on January 1, 2010. A county

that fails to adopt an amendatory ordinance by the October 1

deadline shall not have any further opportunity to do so.

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1	A county that adopts an amendatory ordinance in accordance
2	with this subsection shall notify the director of taxation of
3	the adoption within ten days of that action. Beginning on
4	January 1, 2010, the director of taxation shall levy, assess,
5	collect, and otherwise administer the reduced county surcharge
6	on state tax.
7	[ <del>(e)</del> ] <u>(f)</u> As used in this section, "capital costs" means
8	nonrecurring costs required to construct a transit facility or
9	system, including debt service, costs of land acquisition and
10	development, acquiring of rights-of-way, planning, design, and
11	construction, and including equipping and furnishing the
12	facility or system."
13	SECTION 5. Section 209E-11, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
14	amended to read as follows:
15	"§209E-11 State general excise exemptions. $\underline{(a)}$ The
16	department shall certify annually to the department of taxation
17	that any qualified business operating in an enterprise zone
18	before July 1, 2009, is exempt from the payment of general
19	excise taxes on the gross proceeds from the manufacture of
20	tangible personal property, the wholesale sale of tangible
21	personal property, the engaging in a service business by a
22	qualified business, or the engaging in research, development,

- 1 sale, or production of all types of genetically-engineered
- 2 medical, agricultural, or maritime biotechnology products;
- 3 provided that agricultural businesses other than those engaged
- 4 in the production of genetically-engineered agricultural
- 5 products shall not be exempt from the payment of general excise
- 6 taxes on the gross proceeds of agricultural retail sales. The
- 7 gross proceeds received by a contractor licensed under chapter
- 8 444 shall be exempt from the general excise tax for construction
- 9 within an enterprise zone performed before July 1, 2009, for a
- 10 qualified business operating within an enterprise zone [-] before
- 11 July 1, 2009. The exemption of this subsection for a qualified
- 12 business, not a contractor, shall extend for a period not to
- 13 exceed seven consecutive years; provided that if a force majeure
- 14 event occurs, then the period of time shall be tolled until the
- 15 force majeure event ceases.
- 16 (b) No general excise tax exemption shall be provided
- 17 under this section for the following:
- 18 (1) A qualified business that begins operation as such in
- an enterprise zone after June 30, 2009;
- (2) A contractor who performs work for a qualified
- business described under paragraph (1); or



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(3) A contractor who performs work after June 30, 2009 for 1 2 any qualified business." SECTION 6. Section 235-110.7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 3 4 amended as follows: 5 1. By amending subsection (a) to read: There shall be allowed to each taxpayer subject to 6 7 the tax imposed by this chapter a capital goods excise tax 8 credit which shall be deductible from the taxpayer's net income tax liability, if any, imposed by this chapter for the taxable 9 10 year in which the credit is properly claimed. The amount of the tax credit shall be determined by the 11 12 application of the following rates against the cost of the eligible depreciable tangible personal property used by the 13 taxpayer in a trade or business and placed in service within 14 15 Hawaii after December 31, 1987. For calendar years beginning after: December 31, 1987, the applicable rate shall be three 16 17 per cent; December 31, 1988, [and thereafter,] the applicable 18 rate shall be four per cent[-], and December 31, 2009, the 19 applicable rate shall be three and one-half per cent. For 20 taxpayers with fiscal taxable years, the applicable rate shall

be the rate for the calendar year in which the eliqible

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- 1 depreciable tangible personal property used in the trade or
- 2 business is placed in service within Hawaii.
- 3 In the case of a partnership, S corporation, estate, or
- 4 trust, the tax credit allowable is for eligible depreciable
- 5 tangible personal property which is placed in service by the
- 6 entity. The cost upon which the tax credit is computed shall be
- 7 determined at the entity level. Distribution and share of
- 8 credit shall be determined by rules.
- 9 In the case of eligible depreciable tangible personal
- 10 property for which a credit for sales or use taxes paid to
- 11 another state is allowable under section  $\left[\frac{238-3(i)}{7}\right]$  238-3(q),
- 12 the amount of the tax credit allowed under this section shall
- 13 not exceed the amount of use tax actually paid under chapter 238
- 14 relating to such tangible personal property.
- 15 If a deduction is taken under section 179 (with respect to
- 16 election to expense certain depreciable business assets) of the
- 17 Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, no tax credit shall
- 18 be allowed for that portion of the cost of property for which
- 19 the deduction was taken."
- 20 2. By amending subsection (e) to read:
- "(e) As used in this section, the definition of section 38
- 22 property (with respect to investment in depreciable tangible



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- 1 personal property) as defined by section 48(a)(1)(A), (a)(1)(B),
- 2 (a)(3), (a)(4), (a)(7), (a)(8), (a)(10)(A), (b), (c), (f), (l),
- 3 (m), and (s) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended as
- 4 of December 31, 1984, is operative for the purposes of this
- 5 section only.
- 6 As used in this section:
- 7 "Cost" means (1) the actual invoice price of the tangible
- 8 personal property, or (2) the basis from which depreciation is
- 9 taken under section 167 (with respect to depreciation) or from
- 10 which a deduction may be taken under section 168 (with respect
- 11 to accelerated cost recovery system) of the Internal Revenue
- 12 Code of 1954, as amended, whichever is less.
- "Eligible depreciable tangible personal property" is
- 14 section 38 property as defined by the operative provisions of
- 15 section 48 and having a depreciable life under section 167 or
- 16 for which a deduction may be taken under section 168 of the
- 17 federal Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended.
- 18 "Placed in service" means the earliest of the following
- 19 taxable years:
- 20 (1) The taxable year in which, under the:
- 21 (A) Taxpayer's depreciation practice, the period for
- depreciation; or

1	(B) Accelerated cost recovery system, a claim for
2	recovery allowances; with respect to such
3	property begins; or
4	(2) The taxable year in which the property is placed in a
5	condition or state of readiness and availability for a
6	specifically assigned function.
7	"Purchase" means an acquisition of property.
8	"Tangible personal property" means tangible personal
9	property which is placed in service within Hawaii after
10	December 31, 1987, and the purchase or importation of which
11	resulted in a transaction which was subject to the imposition
12	and payment of tax at the rate of [four] three and one-half per
13	cent under chapter 237 or 238. "Tangible personal property"
14	does not include tangible personal property which is an integral
15	part of a building or structure or tangible personal property
16	used in a foreign trade zone, as defined under chapter 212."
17	SECTION 7. Section 237-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
18	amended as follows:
19	1. By amending the definition of "casual sale" to read:
20	""Casual sale" means an occasional or isolated sale or
21	transaction involving:

1	(1)	Tangible personal property, real property, securities,
2		commodity futures, or bonds by a person who is not
3		required to be licensed under this chapter, or
4	(2)	Tangible personal property, real property, securities,
5		commodity futures, or bonds which [is] are not
6		ordinarily sold in the business of a person who is
7		regularly engaged in business."
8	2. E	By amending the definition of "person" or "company" to
9	read:	
10	""Per	son" or "company" includes every individual,
11	partnershi	p, society, unincorporated association, joint
12	adventure,	group, hui, joint stock company, corporation,
13	trustee, p	personal representative, trust estate, decedent's
14	estate, tr	rust, trustee in bankruptcy, or other entity, whether
15	such perso	ons are doing business for themselves or in a fiduciary
16	capacity,	[and] whether the individuals are residents or
17	nonresiden	ts of the State, [and] whether the corporation or
18	other asso	ciation is created or organized under the laws of the
19	State or o	f another jurisdiction $[-]$ , whether the entity is
20	organized	or recognized as a for-profit or nonprofit entity, and
21	whether or	not the individual or entity is taxable under state
22	or federal	income tax law. Any person who has in the person's

- 1 possession, for sale in the State, the property of a nonresident
- 2 owner, other than as an employee of such owner, shall be deemed
- 3 the seller of the property, when sold."
- 4 3. By amending the definition of "representative" to read:
- 5 ""Representative" means any salesperson, commission agent,
- 6 manufacturer's representative, broker or other person who is
- 7 authorized or employed by an unlicensed or licensed seller to
- 8 assist such seller in selling tangible personal or real property
- 9 [for use], securities, commodity futures, or bonds in the State,
- 10 by procuring orders for such sales or otherwise, and who carries
- 11 on such activities in the State, it being immaterial whether
- 12 such activities are regular or intermittent; but the term
- 13 "representative" does not include a manufacturer's
- 14 representative whose functions are wholly promotional and to act
- 15 as liaison between an unlicensed seller and a seller or sellers,
- 16 and which do not include the procuring, soliciting or accepting
- 17 of orders for property or the making of deliveries of property,
- 18 or the collecting of payment for deliveries of property, or the
- 19 keeping of books of account concerning property orders,
- 20 deliveries or collections transpiring between an unlicensed
- 21 seller and a seller or sellers. Any unlicensed seller who in

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1 person carries on any such activity in the State shall also be 2 classed as a representative." 4. By repealing the definition of "prepaid legal service 3 4 plan". 5 [""Prepaid legal service plan" ("Plan") means a group legal service plan in which the cost of the services are prepaid by 6 7 the group member or by some other person or organization in the 8 member's behalf. A group legal service plan is a plan by which 9 legal services are rendered to individual members of a group identifiable in terms of some common interest. A plan shall 10 11 provide: 12 That individual members shall be afforded freedom of -(A)choice in the selection of their own attorney or 13 14 attorneys to provide legal services under such plan. For the payment of equal amounts for the cost of 15 <del>(B)</del> 16 services rendered without regard to the identity of 17 the attorney or attorneys selected by the plan member 18 or members. No plan shall otherwise discriminate on the basis of such selection."] 19 20 SECTION 8. Section 237-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended by amending subsections (a) and (b) to read as follows: 21

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1	"(a) "Gross income" means the gross receipts, cash or
2	accrued, of the taxpayer received as compensation for personal
3	services and the gross receipts of the taxpayer derived from
4	trade, business, commerce, or sales and the value proceeding or
5	accruing from the sale of tangible personal property, or
6	service, or both, and all receipts, actual or accrued as
7	hereinafter provided, by reason of the investment of the capital
8	of the business engaged in, including interest, discount,
9	rentals, royalties, fees, or other emoluments however designated
10	and without any deductions on account of the cost of property
11	sold, the cost of materials used, labor cost, taxes, royalties,
12	interest, or discount paid or any other expenses whatsoever.
13	"Gross income" also includes the gross receipts from the sale of
14	the following: "securities" as defined in 15 United States Code
15	section 78c or similar laws of jurisdictions outside the United
16	States; "commodity futures" meaning contracts for the sale of a
17	commodity for future delivery and other agreements, options, and
18	rights as defined in 7 United States Code section 2 that are
19	permitted to be traded on a board of trade designated by the
20	Commodity Futures Trading Commission under the Commodity
21	Exchange Act; and "bonds", meaning evidences of indebtedness, no
22	matter the nomenclature, of private or public parties.

1	Every taxpayer shall be presumed to be dealing on a cash
2	basis unless the taxpayer proves to the satisfaction of the
3	department of taxation that the taxpayer is dealing on an
4	accrual basis and the taxpayer's books are so kept, or unless
5	the taxpayer employs or is required to employ the accrual basis
6	for the purposes of the tax imposed by chapter 235 for any
7	taxable year in which event the taxpayer shall report the
8	taxpayer's gross income for the purposes of this chapter on the
9	accrual basis for the same period.
10	"Gross proceeds of sale" means the value actually
11	proceeding from the sale of tangible personal property or real
12	property without any deduction on account of the cost of
13	property sold or expenses of any kind.
14	(b) The words "gross income" and "gross proceeds of sales"
15	shall not be construed to include: [gross receipts from the
16	sale of securities as defined in 15 United States Code section
17	78c or similar laws of jurisdictions outside the United States,
18	contracts for the sale of a commodity for future delivery and
19	other agreements, options, and rights as defined in 7 United
20	States Code section 2 that are permitted to be traded on a board
21	of trade designated by the Commodities Futures Trading
22	Commission under the Commodity Exchange Act, or evidence of

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- 1 indebtedness or, except as otherwise provided, from the sale of
- 2 land in fee simple, improved or unimproved, dividends as
- 3 defined by chapter 235; cash discounts allowed and taken on
- 4 sales; the proceeds of sale of goods, wares, or merchandise
- 5 returned by customers when the sale price is refunded either in
- 6 cash or by credit; [or the sale price of any article accepted as
- 7 part payment on any new article sold, if the full sale price of
- 8 the new article is included in the "gross income" or "gross
- 9 proceeds of sales"; ] gross receipts from the sale or transfer of
- 10 materials or supplies, interest on loans, or the provision of
- 11 engineering, construction, maintenance, or managerial services
- 12 by one "member" of an "affiliated public service company group"
- 13 to another "member" of the same group as such terms are defined
- 14 in section 239-2. Accounts found to be worthless and actually
- 15 charged off for income tax purposes may be deducted, at
- 16 corresponding periods, from gross proceeds of sale, or gross
- 17 income, within this chapter, so far as they reflect taxable
- 18 sales made, or gross income earned, after July 1, 1935, but
- 19 shall be added to gross proceeds of sale or gross income when
- 20 and if afterwards collected."
- 21 SECTION 9. Section 237-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 22 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:



	1	"(a)	"Wholesaler"	or	"jobber"	applies	only	to	a	person
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- 2 making sales at wholesale. Only the following are sales at
- 3 wholesale:
- 4 (1) Sales to a licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other
- 5 licensed seller for purposes of resale;
- 6 (2) Sales to a licensed manufacturer of materials or
- 7 commodities that are to be incorporated by the
- 8 manufacturer into a finished or saleable product
- 9 (including the container or package in which the
- 10 product is contained) during the course of its
- 11 preservation, manufacture, or processing, including
- 12 preparation for market, and that will remain in such
- finished or saleable product in such form as to be
- 14 perceptible to the senses, which finished or saleable
- product is to be sold and not otherwise used by the
- 16 manufacturer;
- 17 (3) Sales to a licensed producer or cooperative
- 18 association of materials or commodities that are to be
- incorporated by the producer or by the cooperative
- 20 association into a finished or saleable product that
- is to be sold and not otherwise used by the producer
- or cooperative association, including specifically

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1	materials or commodities expended as essential to the
2	planting, growth, nurturing, and production of
3	commodities that are sold by the producer or by the
4	cooperative association;

- (4) Sales to a licensed contractor, of materials or commodities that are to be incorporated by the contractor into the finished work or project required by the contract and that will remain in such finished work or project in such form as to be perceptible to the senses;
- 11 (5) Sales to a licensed producer, or to a cooperative association described in section [237-23(a)(7)] 237-12 13 24(5)(E) for sale to a licensed producer, or to a 14 licensed person operating a feed lot, of poultry or animal feed, hatching eggs, semen, replacement stock, 15 16 breeding services for the purpose of raising or 17 producing animal or poultry products for disposition 18 as described in section 237-5 or for incorporation 19 into a manufactured product as described in paragraph 20 (2) or for the purpose of breeding, hatching, milking, or egg laying other than for the customer's own 21 22 consumption of the meat, poultry, eggs, or milk so

1		produced; provided that in the case of a feed lot
2		operator, only the segregated cost of the feed
3		furnished by the feed lot operator as part of the feed
4		lot operator's service to a licensed producer of
5		poultry or animals to be butchered or to a cooperative
6		association described in section $[237-23(a)(7)]$ 237-
7		24(5)(E) of such licensed producers shall be deemed to
8		be a sale at wholesale; and provided further that any
9		amount derived from the furnishing of feed lot
10		services, other than the segregated cost of feed,
11		shall be deemed taxable at the service business rate.
12		This paragraph shall not apply to the sale of feed for
13		poultry or animals to be used for hauling,
14		transportation, or sports purposes;
15	(6)	Sales to a licensed producer, or to a cooperative
16		association described in section $[237-23(a)(7)]$ 237-
17		24(5)(E) for sale to the producer, of seed or
18		seedstock for producing agricultural and aquacultural
19		products, or bait for catching fish (including the
20		catching of bait for catching fish), which
21		agricultural and aquacultural products or fish are to
22		be disposed of as described in section 237-5 or to be

1	incorporated	in	a	manufactured	product	as	described	in
2	paragraph (2	) ;						

- Sales to a licensed producer, or to a cooperative 3 (7)association described in section [237-23(a)(7)] 237-4 24(5)(E) for sale to such producer; of polypropylene 5 shade cloth; of polyfilm; of polyethylene film; of 6 7 cartons and such other containers, wrappers, and sacks, and binders to be used for packaging eggs, 8 vegetables, fruits, and other agricultural and 9 aquacultural products; of seedlings and cuttings for 10 11 producing nursery plants or aquacultural products; or of chick containers; which cartons and such other 12 13 containers, wrappers, and sacks, binders, seedlings, 14 cuttings, and containers are to be used as described in section 237-5, or to be incorporated in a 15 manufactured product as described in paragraph (2); 16
  - (8) Sales of tangible personal property where:
    - (A) Tangible personal property is sold upon the order or request of a licensed seller for the purpose of rendering a service in the course of the person's service business or calling, or upon the order or request of a person subject to tax under

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1		section 237D-2 for the purpose of furnishing
2		transient accommodations;
3		(B) The tangible personal property becomes or is used
4		as an identifiable element of the service
5		rendered; and
6		(C) The cost of the tangible personal property does
7		not constitute overhead to the licensed seller;
8		the sale shall be subject to section 237-13.3;
9	(9)	Sales to a licensed leasing company of capital goods
10		that have a depreciable life, are purchased by the
11		leasing company for lease to its customers, and are
12		thereafter leased as a service to others;
13	(10)	Sales of services to a licensed seller engaging in a
14		business or calling whenever:
15		(A) Either:
16		(i) In the context of a service-to-service
17		transaction, a service is rendered upon the
18		order or request of a licensed seller for
19		the purpose of rendering another service in
20		the course of the seller's service business
21		or calling, including a dealer's furnishing
22		of goods or services to the purchaser of

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1		tangible personal property to fulfill a
2		warranty obligation of the manufacturer of
3		the property;
4	(ii)	In the context of a service-to-tangible
5		personal property transaction, a service is
6		rendered upon the order or request of a
7		licensed seller for the purpose of
8		manufacturing, producing, or preparing
9		tangible personal property to be sold;
10	(iii)	In the context of a services-to-contracting
11		transaction, a service is rendered upon the
12		order or request of a licensed contractor as
13		defined in section 237-6 for the purpose of
14		assisting that licensed contractor; or
15	(iv)	In the context of a services-to-transient
16		accommodations rental transaction, a service
17		is rendered upon the order or request of a
18		person subject to tax under section 237D-2
19		for the purpose of furnishing transient
20		accommodations;
21	(B) The l	benefit of the service passes to the customer
22	of th	ne licensed seller, licensed contractor, or

1		person furnishing transient accommodations as an
2		identifiable element of the other service or
3		property to be sold, the contracting, or the
4		furnishing of transient accommodations;
5	(C)	The cost of the service does not constitute
6		overhead to the licensed seller, licensed
7		contractor, or person furnishing transient
8		accommodations;
9	(D)	The gross income of the licensed seller is not
10		divided between the licensed seller and another
11		licensed seller, contractor, or person furnishing
12		transient accommodations for imposition of the
13		tax under this chapter;
14	(E)	The gross income of the licensed seller is not
15		subject to a deduction under this chapter or
16		chapter 237D; and
17	(F)	The resale of the service, tangible personal
18		property, contracting, or transient
19		accommodations is subject to the tax imposed
20		under this chapter at the highest tax rate.
21	Sale	s subject to this paragraph shall be subject to
22	sect	ion 237-13.3;

1	(11)	Sales to a licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other
2		licensed seller of bulk condiments or prepackaged
3		single-serving packets of condiments that are provided
4		to customers by the licensed retail merchant, jobber,
5		or other licensed seller;
6	(12)	Sales to a licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other
7		licensed seller of tangible personal property that
8		will be incorporated or processed by the licensed
9		retail merchant, jobber, or other licensed seller into
10		a finished or saleable product during the course of
11		its preparation for market (including disposable,
12		nonreturnable containers, packages, or wrappers, in
13		which the product is contained and that are generally
14		known and most commonly used to contain food or
15		beverage for transfer or delivery), and which finished
16		or saleable product is to be sold and not otherwise
17		used by the licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other
18		licensed seller;
19	(13)	Sales of amusements subject to taxation under section
20		237-13(4) to a licensed seller engaging in a business
21		or calling whenever:
22		(A) Either:

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1	(i)	In the context of an amusement-to-service
2		transaction, an amusement is rendered upon
3		the order or request of a licensed seller
4		for the purpose of rendering another service
5		in the course of the seller's service
6		business or calling;
7	(ii)	In the context of an amusement-to-tangible
8		personal property transaction, an amusement
9		is rendered upon the order or request of a
10		licensed seller for the purpose of selling
11		tangible personal property; or
12	(iii)	In the context of an amusement-to-amusement
13		transaction, an amusement is rendered upon
14		the order or request of a licensed seller
15		for the purpose of rendering another
16		amusement in the course of the person's
17		amusement business;
18	(B) The k	penefit of the amusement passes to the
19	custo	omer of the licensed seller as an
20	ident	rifiable element of the other service,
21	tangi	ble personal property to be sold, or
22	amuse	ement;

1		(C)	The cost of the amasement does not constitute
2			overhead to the licensed seller;
3		(D)	The gross income of the licensed seller is not
4			divided between the licensed seller and another
5			licensed seller, person furnishing transient
6			accommodations, or person rendering an amusement
7			for imposition of the tax under chapter 237;
8		(E)	The gross income of the licensed seller is not
9			subject to a deduction under this chapter; and
10		(F)	The resale of the service, tangible personal
11			property, or amusement is subject to the tax
12			imposed under this chapter at the highest rate.
13		As u	sed in this paragraph, "amusement" means
14		ente:	rtainment provided as part of a show for which
15		ther	e is an admission charge. Sales subject to this
16		para	graph shall be subject to section 237-13.3; and
17	(14)	Sale	s by a printer to a publisher of magazines or
18		simi	lar printed materials containing advertisements,
19		when	the publisher is under contract with the
20		adve	rtisers to distribute a minimum number of
21		maga	zines or similar printed materials to the public
22		or de	efined segment of the public, whether or not there

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1	is a charge to the persons who actually receive the
2	magazines or similar printed materials."
3	SECTION 10. Section 237-8.6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4	amended by amending subsection (d) to read as follows:
5	"(d) No county surcharge on state tax shall be established
6	on any:
7	(1) Gross income or gross proceeds taxable under this
8	chapter at <u>less than</u> the [one-half] per cent tax
9	rate; <u>or</u>
10	(2) [Gross income or gross proceeds taxable under this
11	chapter at the 0.15 per cent tax rate; or
12	(3) Transactions, amounts, persons, gross income, or gross
13	proceeds exempt from tax under this chapter."
14	SECTION 11. Section 237-13, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
15	amended to read as follows:
16	"§237-13 Imposition of tax. There is hereby levied and
17	shall be assessed and collected annually privilege taxes against
18	persons on account of their business and other activities in the
19	State measured by the application of rates against values of
20	products, gross proceeds of sales, or gross income, whichever is
21	specified, as follows:
22	(1) Tax on manufacturers.



1	(A)	Upon every person engaging or continuing within
2		the State in the business of manufacturing,
3		including compounding, canning, preserving,
4		packing, printing, publishing, milling,
5		processing, refining, or preparing for sale,
6		profit, or commercial use, either directly or
7		through the activity of others, in whole or in
8		part, any article or articles, substance or
9		substances, commodity or commodities, the amount
10		of the tax to be equal to the value of the
11		articles, substances, or commodities,
12		manufactured, compounded, canned, preserved,
13		packed, printed, milled, processed, refined, or
14		prepared for sale, as shown by the gross proceeds
15		derived from the sale thereof by the manufactures
16		or person compounding, preparing, or printing
17		them, multiplied by one-half of one per cent.
18	(B)	The measure of the tax on manufacturers is the
19		value of the entire product for sale, regardless
20		of the place of sale or the fact that deliveries
21		may be made to points outside the State.

1	(C)	If any person liable for the tax on manufacturers
2		ships or transports the person's product, or any
3		part thereof, out of the State, whether in a
4		finished or unfinished condition, or sells the
5		same for delivery to points outside the State
6		(for example, consigned to a mainland purchaser
7		via common carrier f.o.b. Honolulu), the value of
8		the products in the condition or form in which
9		they exist immediately before entering interstate
10		or foreign commerce, determined as hereinafter
11		provided, shall be the basis for the assessment
12		of the tax imposed by this paragraph. This tax
13		shall be due and payable as of the date of entry
14		of the products into interstate or foreign
15		commerce, whether the products are then sold or
16		not. The department shall determine the basis
17		for assessment, as provided by this paragraph, as
18		follows:
19		(i) If the products at the time of their entry
20		into interstate or foreign commerce already
21		have been sold, the gross proceeds of sale,

less the transportation expenses, if any,

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1		incurred in realizing the gross proceeds for
2		transportation from the time of entry of the
3		products into interstate or foreign
4		commerce, including insurance and storage in
5		transit, shall be the measure of the value
6		of the products;
7	(ii)	If the products have not been sold at the
8		time of their entry into interstate or
9		foreign commerce, and in cases governed by
10		clause (i) in which the products are sold
11		under circumstances such that the gross
12		proceeds of sale are not indicative of the
13		true value of the products, the value of the
14		products constituting the basis for
15		assessment shall correspond as nearly as
16		possible to the gross proceeds of sales for
17		delivery outside the State, adjusted as
18		provided in clause (i), or if sufficient
19		data are not available, sales in the State,
20		of similar products of like quality and
21		character and in similar quantities, made by

the taxpayer (unless not indicative of the

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1			true value) or by others. Sales outside the
2			State, adjusted as provided in clause (i),
3			may be considered when they constitute the
4			best available data. The department shall
5	(er		prescribe uniform and equitable rules for
6			ascertaining the values;
7		(iii)	At the election of the taxpayer and with the
8			approval of the department, the taxpayer may
9			make the taxpayer's returns under clause (i)
10			even though the products have not been sold
11			at the time of their entry into interstate
12			or foreign commerce; and
13		(iv)	In all cases in which products leave the
14			State in an unfinished condition, the basis
15			for assessment shall be adjusted so as to
16			deduct the portion of the value as is
17			attributable to the finishing of the goods
18			outside the State.
19	(2)	Tax on bu	siness of selling tangible personal property;
20		producing	
21		(A) Upon	every person engaging or continuing in the
22		busi	ness of selling any tangible personal

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1		property whatsoever (not including, however,
2		bonds or other evidence of indebtedness, or
3		stocks), there is likewise hereby levied, and
4		shall be assessed and collected, a tax equivalent
5		to [four] three and one-half per cent of the
6		gross proceeds of sales of the business; provided
7		that insofar as the sale of tangible personal
8		property is a wholesale sale under section
9		[+]237-4(a)(8)[ $+$ ], the sale shall be subject to
10		section 237-13.3. Upon every person engaging or
11		continuing within this State in the business of a
12		producer, the tax shall be equal to one-half of
13		one per cent of the gross proceeds of sales of
14		the business, or the value of the products, for
15		sale, if sold for delivery outside the State or
16		shipped or transported out of the State, and the
17		value of the products shall be determined in the
18		same manner as the value of manufactured products
19		covered in the cases under paragraph (1)(C).
20	(B)	Gross proceeds of sales of tangible property in
21		interstate and foreign commerce shall constitute
22		a part of the measure of the tax imposed on

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1	persons in the business of selling tangible
2	personal property, to the extent, under the
3	conditions, and in accordance with the provisions
4	of the Constitution of the United States and the
5	Acts of the Congress of the United States which
6	may be now in force or may be hereafter adopted,
7	and whenever there occurs in the State an
8	activity to which, under the Constitution and
9	Acts of Congress, there may be attributed gross
0	proceeds of sales, the gross proceeds shall be so
1	attributed.

No manufacturer or producer, engaged in such (C) business in the State and selling the manufacturer's or producer's products for delivery outside of the State (for example, consigned to a mainland purchaser via common carrier f.o.b. Honolulu), shall be required to pay the tax imposed in this chapter for the privilege of so selling the products, and the value or gross proceeds of sales of the products shall be included only in determining the measure 1

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of the tax imposed upon the manufacturer or producer.

When a manufacturer or producer, engaged in such business in the State, also is engaged in selling the manufacturer's or producer's products in the State at wholesale, retail, or in any other manner, the tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling the products in the State shall apply to the manufacturer or producer as well as the tax for the privilege of manufacturing or producing in the State, and the manufacturer or producer shall make the returns of the gross proceeds of the wholesale, retail, or other sales required for the privilege of selling in the State, as well as making the returns of the value or gross proceeds of sales of the products required for the privilege of manufacturing or producing in the State. The manufacturer or producer shall pay the tax imposed in this chapter for the privilege of selling its products in the State, and the value or gross proceeds of sales of the products, thus

1		subjected to tax, may be deducted insofar as
2		duplicated as to the same products by the measure
3		of the tax upon the manufacturer or producer for
4		the privilege of manufacturing or producing in
5		the State; provided that no producer of
6		agricultural products who sells the products to a
7		purchaser who will process the products outside
8		the State shall be required to pay the tax
9		imposed in this chapter for the privilege of
10		producing or selling those products.
11	(E)	A taxpayer selling to a federal cost-plus
12		contractor may make the election provided for by
13		paragraph (3)(C), and in that case the tax shall
14		be computed pursuant to the election,
15		notwithstanding this paragraph or paragraph (1)
16		to the contrary.
17	(F)	The department, by rule, may require that a
18		seller take from the purchaser of tangible
19		personal property a certificate, in a form
20		prescribed by the department, certifying that the
21		sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:

1		(i)	Any purchaser who furnishes a certificate
2			shall be obligated to pay to the seller,
3			upon demand, the amount of the additional
4			tax that is imposed upon the seller whenever
5			the sale in fact is not at wholesale; and
6		(ii)	The absence of a certificate in itself shall
7			give rise to the presumption that the sale
8			is not at wholesale unless the sales of the
9			business are exclusively at wholesale.
10	(3) Tax	upon	contractors.
11	(A)	Upon	every person engaging or continuing within
12		the	State in the business of contracting, the tax
13		shal	l be equal to [four] three and one-half per
14		cent	of the gross income of the business.
15	(B)	In c	omputing the tax levied under this paragraph,
16		there	e shall be deducted from the gross income of
17		the	taxpayer so much thereof as has been included
18		in t	he measure of the tax levied under
19		subpa	aragraph (A), on:
20		(i)	Another taxpayer who is a contractor, as
21			defined in section 237-6;

1	(ii)	A specialty contractor, duly licensed by the
2		department of commerce and consumer affairs
3		pursuant to section 444-9, in respect of the
4		specialty contractor's business; or
5	(iii)	A specialty contractor who is not licensed
6		by the department of commerce and consumer
7		affairs pursuant to section 444-9, but who
8		performs contracting activities on federal
9		military installations and nowhere else in
10		this State;
11	prov	ded that any person claiming a deduction
12	under	this paragraph shall be required to show in
13	the p	person's return the name and general excise
14	numbe	er of the person paying the tax on the amount
15	deduc	eted by the person.
16	(C) In co	omputing the tax levied under this paragraph
17	agair	st any federal cost-plus contractor, there
18	shall	be excluded from the gross income of the
19	contr	actor so much thereof as fulfills the
20	folic	wing requirements:
21	(i)	The gross income exempted shall constitute
22		reimbursement of costs incurred for

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1	materials, plant, or equipment purch	ıased
2	from a taxpayer licensed under this	chapter
3	not exceeding the gross proceeds of	sale of
4	the taxpayer on account of the trans	action;
5	and	
6	(ii) The taxpayer making the sale shall h	ıave
7	certified to the department that the	<u> </u>
8	taxpayer is taxable with respect to	the
9	gross proceeds of the sale, and that	the
10	taxpayer elects to have the tax on g	ross
11	income computed the same as upon a s	ale to
12	the state government.	
13	(D) A person who, as a business or as a part	of a
14	business in which the person is engaged,	erects,
15	constructs, or improves any building or	
16	structure, of any kind or description, or	makes,
17	constructs, or improves any road, street,	
18	sidewalk, sewer, or water system, or othe	r
19	improvements on land held by the person (	whether
20	held as a leasehold, fee simple, or other	wise),
21	upon the sale or other disposition of the	land or
22	improvements, even if the work was not do	ne

1	pursuant to a contract, shall be liable to the
2	same tax as if engaged in the business of
3	contracting, unless the person shows that at the
4	time the person was engaged in making the
5	improvements the person intended, and for the
6	period of at least one year after completion of
7	the building, structure, or other improvements
8	the person continued to intend to hold and not
9	sell or otherwise dispose of the land or
10	improvements. The tax in respect of the
11	improvements shall be measured by the amount of
12	the proceeds of the sale or other disposition
13	that is attributable to the erection,
14	construction, or improvement of such building or
15	structure, or the making, constructing, or
16	improving of the road, street, sidewalk, sewer,
17	or water system, or other improvements. The
18	measure of tax in respect of the improvements
19	shall not exceed the amount which would have been
20	taxable had the work been performed by another,
21	subject as in other cases to the deductions
22	allowed by subparagraph (B). Upon the election

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1	of the taxpayer, this paragraph may be applied
2	notwithstanding that the improvements were not
3	made by the taxpayer, or were not made as a
4	business or as a part of a business, or were made
5	with the intention of holding the same. However,
6	this paragraph shall not apply in respect of any
7	proceeds that constitute or are in the nature of
8	rent; all such gross income shall be taxable
9	under paragraph (9); provided that insofar as the
0	business of renting or leasing real property
1	under a lease is taxed under section 237-16.5,
2	the tax shall be levied by section 237-16.5.

- (4) Tax upon theaters, amusements, radio broadcasting stations, etc.
  - Upon every person engaging or continuing within (A) the State in the business of operating a theater, opera house, moving picture show, vaudeville, amusement park, dance hall, skating rink, radio broadcasting station, or any other place at which amusements are offered to the public, the tax shall be equal to [four] three and one-half per cent of the gross income of the business, and in

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1		the	case of a sale of an amusement at wholesale
2		unde	er section 237-4(a)(13), the tax shall be
3		subj	ect to section 237-13.3.
4		(B) The	department may require that the person
5		rend	ering an amusement at wholesale take from the
6		lice	nsed seller a certificate, in a form
7		pres	cribed by the department, certifying that the
8		sale	is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
9		(i)	Any licensed seller who furnishes a
10			certificate shall be obligated to pay to the
11			person rendering the amusement, upon demand,
12			the amount of additional tax that is imposed
13			upon the seller whenever the sale is not at
14			wholesale; and
15		(ii)	The absence of a certificate in itself shall
16			give rise to the presumption that the sale
17			is not at wholesale unless the person
18			rendering the sale is exclusively rendering
19			the amusement at wholesale.
20	(5)	Tax upon	sales representatives, etc. Upon every
21		person cl	assified as a representative or purchasing
22		agent und	er section 237-1, engaging or continuing

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within the State in the business of performing services for another, other than as an employee, there is likewise hereby levied and shall be assessed and collected a tax equal to [four] three and one-half per cent of the commissions and other compensation attributable to the services so rendered by the person.

- (6) Tax on service business.
- (A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within the State in any service business or calling including professional services not otherwise specifically taxed under this chapter, there is likewise hereby levied and shall be assessed and collected a tax equal to [four] three and one-half per cent of the gross income of the business, and in the case of a wholesaler under section 237-4(a)(10), the tax shall be equal to one-half of one per cent of the gross income of the business. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a wholesaler under section 237-4(a)(10) shall be subject to section 237-13.3.

1	(B) Th	e department may require that the person
2	re	ndering a service at wholesale take from the
3	li	censed seller a certificate, in a form
4	pr	escribed by the department, certifying that the
5	sa	le is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
6	(i	) Any licensed seller who furnishes a
7		certificate shall be obligated to pay to the
8		person rendering the service, upon demand,
9		the amount of additional tax that is imposed
10		upon the seller whenever the sale is not at
11		wholesale; and
12	(ii	) The absence of a certificate in itself shall
13		give rise to the presumption that the sale
14		is not at wholesale unless the person
15		rendering the sale is exclusively rendering
16		services at wholesale.
17	(C) Wh	ere any person is engaged in the business of
18	se	lling interstate or foreign common carrier
19	[ŧ-	elecommunication] telecommunications services
20	wi	thin and without the State, other than as a
21	ho	me service provider, the tax shall be imposed

on that portion of gross income received by a

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1		person from service which is originated or
2		terminated in this State and is charged to a
3		telephone number, customer, or account in this
4		State notwithstanding any other state law (except
5		for the exemption under section 237-23(a)(1)) to
6		the contrary. If, under the Constitution and
7		laws of the United States, the entire gross
8		income as determined under this paragraph of a
9		business selling interstate or foreign common
10		carrier telecommunication services cannot be
11		included in the measure of the tax, the gross
12		income shall be apportioned as provided in
13		section 237-21; provided that the apportionment
14		factor and formula shall be the same for all
15		persons providing those services in the State.
16	(D)	Where any person is engaged in the business of a
17		home service provider, the tax shall be imposed
18		on the gross income received or derived from
19		providing interstate or foreign mobile
20		telecommunications services to a customer with a
21		place of primary use in this State when such

services originate in one state and terminate in

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1	another state, territory, or foreign country;
2	provided that all charges for mobile
3	telecommunications services which are billed by
4	or for the home service provider are deemed to be
5	provided by the home service provider at the
6	customer's place of primary use, regardless of
7	where the mobile telecommunications originate,
8	terminate, or pass through; provided further that
9	the income from charges specifically derived from
10	interstate or foreign mobile telecommunications
11	services, as determined by books and records that
12	are kept in the regular course of business by the
13	home service provider in accordance with section
14	239-24, shall be apportioned under any
15	apportionment factor or formula adopted under
16	subparagraph (C). Gross income shall not
17	include:
18	(i) Gross receipts from mobile
19	telecommunications services provided to a
20	customer with a place of primary use outside
21	this State;

1	(ii)	Gross receipts from mobile
2		telecommunications services that are subject
3		to the tax imposed by chapter 239;
4	(iii)	Gross receipts from mobile
5		telecommunications services taxed under
6		section 237-13.8; and
7	(iv)	Gross receipts of a home service provider
8		acting as a serving carrier providing mobile
9		telecommunications services to another home
10		service provider's customer.
11	For	the purposes of this paragraph, "charges for
12	mob	pile telecommunications services", "customer",
13	"ho	me service provider", "mobile
14	tel	ecommunications services", "place of primary
15	use	", and "serving carrier" have the same meaning
16	as	in section 239-22.
17	(7) Tax on i	nsurance producers. Upon every person engaged
18	as a lic	ensed producer pursuant to chapter 431, there
19	is hereb	y levied and shall be assessed and collected a
20	tax equa	l to 0.15 per cent of the commissions due to
21	that act	ivity.

1	(8)	Tax on receipts of sugar benefit payments. Upon the
2		amounts received from the United States government by
3		any producer of sugar (or the producer's legal
4		representative or heirs), as defined under and by
5		virtue of the Sugar Act of 1948, as amended, or other
6		Acts of the Congress of the United States relating
7		thereto, there is hereby levied a tax of one-half of
8		one per cent of the gross amount received; provided
9		that the tax levied hereunder on any amount so
10		received and actually disbursed to another by a
11		producer in the form of a benefit payment shall be
12		paid by the person or persons to whom the amount is
13		actually disbursed, and the producer actually making a
14		benefit payment to another shall be entitled to claim
15		on the producer's return a deduction from the gross
16		amount taxable hereunder in the sum of the amount so
17		disbursed. The amounts taxed under this paragraph
18		shall not be taxable under any other paragraph,
19		subsection, or section of this chapter.
20	(9)	Tax on other business. Upon every person engaging or

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1	preceding paragraphs or any other provisions of this
2	chapter, there is likewise hereby levied and shall be
3	assessed and collected, a tax equal to [four] three
4	and one-half per cent of the gross income thereof. In
5	addition, the rate prescribed by this paragraph shall
6	apply to a business taxable under one or more of the
7	preceding paragraphs or other provisions of this
8	chapter, as to any gross income thereof not taxed
9	thereunder as gross income or gross proceeds of sales
10	or by taxing an equivalent value of products, unless
11	specifically exempted."
12	SECTION 12. Section 237-13.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
13	amended to read as follows:
14	"§237-13.5 Assessment on generated electricity. Any other
15	provision of [the] law to the contrary notwithstanding, the levy
16	and assessment of the general excise tax on the gross proceeds
17	from the sale of electric power, including electric power
18	produced from geothermal resources, to a public utility company
19	for resale to the public, shall be made only as a tax on the
20	business of a producer, at the rate assessed producers, under
21	section 237-13(2)(A).

- 1 This section shall not apply to the sale of electric power 2 by a geothermal resource producer directly to the consumer. The 3 gross income from such sale shall be taxed at the three and onehalf per cent rate unless exempted under another provision of 4 5 this chapter." SECTION 13. Section 237-15, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 6 7 amended to read as follows: 8 "§237-15 Technicians. When technicians supply dentists or 9 physicians with dentures, orthodontic devices, braces, and 10 similar items which have been prepared by the technician in accordance with specifications furnished by the dentist or 11 12 physician, and such items are to be used by the dentist or 13 physician in the dentist's or physician's professional practice 14 for a particular patient who is to pay the dentist or physician 15 for the same as a part of the dentist's or physician's professional services, the technician shall be taxed as though 16 17 the technician were a manufacturer selling a product to a 18 licensed retailer [, rather than at the rate of four per cent which is generally applied to professions and services]." 19 20 SECTION 14. Section 237-16.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 22 1. By amending subsection (a) to read:



amended as follows:

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- 1 "(a) This section relates to the leasing of real property
- 2 by a lessor to a lessee. There is hereby levied, and shall be
- 3 assessed and collected annually, a privilege tax against persons
- 4 engaging or continuing within the State in the business of
- 5 leasing real property to another, equal to [four] three and one-
- 6 half per cent of the gross proceeds or gross income received or
- 7 derived from the leasing; provided that where real property is
- 8 subleased by a lessee to a sublessee, the lessee, as provided in
- 9 this section, shall be allowed a deduction from the amount of
- 10 gross proceeds or gross income received from its sublease of the
- 11 real property. The deduction shall be in the amount allowed
- 12 under this section.
- 13 All deductions under this section and the name and general
- 14 excise tax number of the lessee's lessor shall be reported on
- 15 the general excise tax return. Any deduction allowed under this
- 16 section shall only be allowed with respect to leases and
- 17 subleases in writing and relating to the same real property."
- 18 2. By amending subsection (f) to read:
- 19 "(f) This section shall not cause the tax upon a lessor,
- 20 with respect to any item of the lessor's gross proceeds or gross
- 21 income, to exceed [four] three and one-half per cent."



- 1 SECTION 15. Section 237-18, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 2 amended by amending subsection (f) to read as follows:
- 3 "(f) Where tourism related services are furnished through
- 4 arrangements made by a travel agency or tour packager and the
- 5 gross income is divided between the provider of the services and
- 6 the travel agency or tour packager, the tax imposed by this
- 7 chapter shall apply to each such person with respect to such
- 8 person's respective portion of the proceeds, and no more.
- 9 As used in this subsection, "tourism related services"
- 10 means catamaran cruises, canoe rides, dinner cruises, lei
- 11 greetings, transportation included in a tour package,
- 12 sightseeing tours not subject to chapter 239, admissions to
- 13 luaus, dinner shows, extravaganzas, cultural and educational
- 14 facilities, and other services rendered directly to the customer
- 15 or tourist, but only if the providers of the services [other
- 16 than air transportation] are subject to a [four] three and one-
- 17 half per cent tax under this chapter or three and one-half per
- 18 cent tax under chapter 239."
- 19 SECTION 16. Section 237-21, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 20 amended to read as follows:
- 21 "§237-21 Apportionment. If any person, other than persons
- 22 liable to the tax on manufacturers as provided by section 237-



- 1 13(1), is engaged in business both within and without the State
- 2 or in selling goods for delivery outside the State, and if under
- 3 the Constitution or laws of the United States [or section 237-
- 4 29.5] the entire gross income of such person cannot be included
- 5 in the measure of this tax, there shall be apportioned to the
- 6 State and included in the measure of the tax that portion of the
- 7 gross income which is derived from activities within the State,
- 8 to the extent that the apportionment is required by the
- 9 Constitution or laws of the United States [or section 237-29.5].
- 10 In the case of a tax upon the production of property in the
- 11 State the apportionment shall be determined as in the case of
- 12 the tax on manufacturers. In other cases, if and to the extent
- 13 that the apportionment cannot be accurately made by separate
- 14 accounting methods, there shall be apportioned to the State and
- 15 included in the measure of this tax that proportion of the total
- 16 gross income, so requiring apportionment, which the cost of
- 17 doing business within the State, applicable to the gross income,
- 18 bears to the cost of doing business both within and without the
- 19 State, applicable to the gross income."
- 20 SECTION 17. Section 237-22, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 21 amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:

"(b) To the extent that any deduction, allocation, or 1 other method to determine tax liability is necessary to comply 2 3 with subsection (a), each taxpayer liable for the tax imposed by 4 this chapter shall be entitled to full offset for the amount of legally imposed sales, gross receipts, or use taxes paid by the 5 6 taxpayer with respect to the imported property, service, or contracting to another state and any subdivision thereof; 7 8 provided that such offset shall not exceed the amount of general 9 excise tax imposed under this chapter upon the gross proceeds of 10 sales or gross income from the sale and subsequent sale of the 11 imported property, service, or contracting. The amount of legally imposed sales, gross receipts, or use taxes paid by the 12 taxpayer with respect to the import shall be first applied 13 14 against any use tax, as permitted under section [238-3(i),] 238-3(g), and any remaining amount may be applied under this section 15 16 for the same imported property, service, or contracting. The director of taxation shall have the authority to 17 implement this offset by prescribing tax forms and instructions 18 19 that require tax reporting and payment by deduction, allocation, 20 or any other method to determine tax liability to the extent 21 necessary to comply with the foregoing.

1	The	director of taxation may require the taxpayer to
2	produce t	the necessary receipts or vouchers indicating the
3	payment c	of the sales, gross receipts, or use taxes to another
4	state or	subdivision as a condition for the allowance of this
5	offset."	
6	SECT	ION 18. Section 237-23, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
7	amended t	o read as follows:
8	"§23	7-23 Exemptions, persons exempt, applications for
9	exemption	. (a) This chapter shall not apply to the following
10	persons:	
11	(1)	Public service companies as that term is defined in
12		section 239-2, with respect to the gross income,
13		either actual gross income or gross income estimated
14		and adjusted, that is included in the measure of the
15		tax imposed by chapter 239;
16	(2)	Public utilities owned and operated by the State or
17		any county, or other political subdivision thereof;
18	[ <del>-(3)</del>	Fraternal benefit societies, orders, or associations,
19		operating under the lodge system, or for the exclusive
20		benefit of the members of the fraternity itself,
21		operating under the lodge system, and providing for
22		the payment of death, sick, accident, prepaid legal

1		services, or other benefits to the members of the
2		societies, orders, or associations, and to their
3		dependents;
4	<del>(4)</del> ]	(3) Corporations, associations, trusts, or societies
5		organized and operated exclusively for religious[ $_{ au}$
6		charitable, scientific, or educational] purposes[, as
7		well as that of operating senior citizens housing
8		facilities qualifying for a loan under the laws of the
9		United States as authorized by section 202 of the
10		Housing Act of 1959, as amended, as well as that of
11		operating a prepaid legal services plan, as well as
12		that of operating or managing a homeless facility, or
13		any other program for the homeless authorized under
14		part VII of chapter 356D]; and
15	[ <del>(5)</del>	Business leagues, chambers of commerce, boards of
16		trade, civic leagues, agricultural and horticultural
17		organizations, and organizations operated exclusively
18		for the benefit of the community and for the promotion
19		of social welfare that shall include the operation of
20	6	a prepaid legal service plan, and from which no profit
21		inures to the benefit of any private stockholder or
22		individual;

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1	<del>(6)</del>	Hosp	<del>itals, infirmaries, and sanitaria;</del>				
2	<del>(7)</del>	Coop	Cooperative associations incorporated under chapter				
3		421	or Code section 521 cooperatives which fully meet				
4		the	requirements of section 421-23, except Code				
5		sect	ion 521 cooperatives need not be organized in				
6		Hawa	ii; provided that:				
7		<del>(A)</del>	The exemption shall apply only to the gross				
8			income derived from activities that are pursuant				
9			to purposes and powers authorized by chapter 421,				
10			except those provisions pertaining to or				
11			requiring corporate organization in Hawaii do not				
12			apply to Code section 521 cooperatives;				
13		<del>(B)</del>	The exemption shall not relieve any person who				
14			receives any proceeds of sale from the				
15			association of the duty of returning and paying				
16			the tax on the total gross proceeds of the sales				
17			on account of which the payment was made, in the				
18			same amount and at the same rate as would apply				
19			thereto had the sales been made directly by the				
20			person, and all those persons shall be so				
21			taxable; and				

1		(C) As used in this paragraph, "section 521
2		cooperatives" mean associations that qualify as a
3		cooperative under section 521 (with respect to
4		exemption of farmers' cooperatives from tax) of
5		the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;
6	<del>(8)</del> ]	(4) Persons affected with Hansen's disease and
7		kokuas, with respect to business within the county of
8		Kalawao[+
9	<del>(9)</del>	Corporations, companies, associations, or trusts
10		organized for the establishment and conduct of
11		cemeteries no part of the net earnings of which inures
12		to the financial benefit of any private stockholder or
13		individual; provided that the exemption shall apply
14		only to the activities of those persons in the conduct
15		of cemeteries and shall not apply to any activity the
16		primary purpose of which is to produce income, even
17		though the income is to be used for or in the
18		furtherance of the exempt activities of those persons;
19		<del>and</del>
20	<del>(10)</del>	Nonprofit shippers associations operating under part
21		296 of the Civil Aeronautics Board Economic
22		Regulations].

1	(b	) The	[exempti	ons]	exemption	enumerated	in	subsection
2	(a)(3)	[ <del>to (6)</del>	] shall	apply	only:			

- (1) To those persons who shall have registered with the department of taxation by filing a written application for registration in such form as the department shall prescribe, shall have paid the registration fee of \$20, and shall have had the exemption allowed by the department or by a court or tribunal of competent jurisdiction upon appeal from any assessment resulting from disallowance of the exemption by the department;
  - (2) To activities from which no profit inures to the benefit of any private stockholder or individual, except for death or other benefits to the members of fraternal societies; and
- (3) To the [fraternal,] religious[, charitable, scientific, educational, communal, or social welfare] activities of such persons, [or to the activities of such hospitals, infirmaries, and sanitaria as such, and not to any activity the primary purpose of which is to produce income even though the income is to be used for or in furtherance of the exempt activities of such persons.

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1	(c)	To	obtain	allowance	of	an	exemption:
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- (1) A person under subsection (a) (3) [to (6),] who has received or applied for recognition of tax exempt status under section 501(c)(3)[, (4), (6), or (8)] of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, [or who is a subordinate person of a person who has received a group exemption letter under section 501(c)(3), (4), (6), or (8) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended,] shall register with the department by filing a statement attaching a copy of the exemption or application for recognition of exempt status and any particular facts that the department may require; and
  - (2) All other persons under subsection (a)(3) [to (6)] shall file an application for exemption in the form of an affidavit or affidavits setting forth in general all facts affecting the right to the exemption and such particular facts as the department may require, to which shall be attached such records, papers, and other information as the department may prescribe.
- (d) [For all persons, the] The statement registering the person with the department or application for exemption shall be filed on or before March 31 of the first year of registration or

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- 1 within three months after the commencement of business. In the
- 2 event of allowance of the exemption, no further statement or
- 3 application therefor need be filed unless there is a material
- 4 change in the facts. In the event of disallowance of the
- 5 exemption, a license may be obtained upon payment of the
- 6 required fee as provided by section 237-9, less the \$20 already
- 7 paid under this section, which shall be credited thereon. In
- 8 the event the registrant has a license under this chapter, no
- 9 further fee shall be required for registration under this
- 10 section.
- 11 (e) The department for good cause may extend the time for
- 12 registration or the time for filing an application for
- 13 exemption."
- 14 SECTION 19. Section 237-24, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 15 amended to read as follows:
- 16 "§237-24 Amounts not taxable. This chapter shall not
- 17 apply to the following amounts:
- 18 (1) Amounts received under life insurance policies and
- 19 contracts paid by reason of the death of the insured;
- 20 (2) Amounts received (other than amounts paid by reason of
- death of the insured) under life insurance, endowment,

1		or annuity contracts, either during the term or at					
2		maturity or upon surrender of the contract;					
3	(3)	Amounts received under any accident insurance or					
4		health insurance policy or contract or under workers'					
5		compensation acts or employers' liability acts, as					
6		compensation for personal injuries, death, or					
7		sickness, including also the amount of any damages or					
8		other compensation received, whether as a result of					
9		action or by private agreement between the parties on					
10		account of the personal injuries, death, or sickness;					
11	(4)	The value of all property of every kind and sort					
12	*	acquired by gift, bequest, or devise, and the value of					
13		all property acquired by descent or inheritance;					
14	(5)	Amounts received as a gift or donation by a:					
15		(A) Fraternal benefit society, order, or association;					
16		(B) Corporation, association, trust, or society					
17		organized and operated exclusively for					
18		charitable, scientific, or educational purposes;					
19		(C) Business league, chamber of commerce, board of					
20		trade, civic league, agricultural or					
21		horticultural organization, and organization					
22		operated exclusively for the benefit of the					

1			community and for the promotion of social					
2			welfare;					
3		(D)	Hospital, infirmary, or sanitarium;					
4		(E)	Cooperative association incorporated under					
5			section 521 of the Internal Revenue Code, as					
6			amended, or chapter 421; or					
7		(F)	Corporation, company, association, or trust					
8			organized for the establishment and conduct of a					
9			cemetery;					
10	[ <del>-(5)</del> ]	(6)	Amounts received by any person as compensatory					
11		dama	ges for any tort injury to the person, or to the					
12		pers	on's character reputation, or received as					
13		comp	compensatory damages for any tort injury to or					
14		dest:	destruction of property, whether as the result of					
15		actio	on or by private agreement between the parties					
16		(pro	vided that amounts received as punitive damages					
17		for 1	tort injury or breach of contract injury shall be					
18		incl	uded in gross income);					
19	[ <del>-(6)</del> -]	(7)	Amounts received as salaries or wages for					
20		serv	ices rendered by an employee to an employer;					
21	[ <del>-(7)</del> -]	(8)	Amounts received as alimony and other similar					
22		payme	ents and settlements;					

1	[ <del>(8)</del> ]	(9) Amounts collected by distributors as fuel taxes
2		on "liquid fuel" imposed by chapter 243, and the
3		amounts collected by such distributors as a fuel tax
4		imposed by any Act of the Congress of the United
5		States;
6	[ <del>(9)</del> ]	(10) Taxes on liquor imposed by chapter 244D on
7		dealers holding permits under that chapter;
8	[ <del>(10)</del> ]	(11) The amounts of taxes on cigarettes and tobacco
9		products imposed by chapter 245 on wholesalers or
10		dealers holding licenses under that chapter and
11		selling the products at wholesale;
12	[ <del>(11)</del> ]	(12) Federal excise taxes imposed on articles sold at
13		retail and collected from the purchasers thereof and
14		paid to the federal government by the retailer;
15	[ <del>(12)</del> ]	(13) The amounts of federal taxes under chapter 37 of
16		the Internal Revenue Code, or similar federal taxes,
17		imposed on sugar manufactured in the State, paid by
18		the manufacturer to the federal government;
19	[ <del>(13)</del>	An amount up to, but not in excess of, \$2,000 a year
20		of gross income received by any blind, deaf, or
21		totally disabled person engaging, or continuing, in
22		any business, trade, activity, occupation, or calling

1		with	in the State; a corporation all of whose					
2		outs	outstanding shares are owned by an individual or					
3		indi	individuals who are blind, deaf, or totally disabled;					
4		a ge	eneral, limited, or limited liability partnership,					
5		all	of whose partners are blind, deaf, or totally					
6		disa	bled; or a limited liability company, all of whose					
7		memb	pers are blind, deaf, or totally disabled;					
8	(14)	Amou	ents received by a producer of sugarcane from the					
9		manu	facturer to whom the producer sells the sugarcane,					
10		wher	<del>'e:</del>					
11		<del>(A)</del>	The producer is an independent cane farmer, so					
12			classed by the Secretary of Agriculture under the					
13			Sugar Act of 1948 (61 Stat. 922, Chapter 519) as					
14			the Act may be amended or supplemented;					
15		<del>(B)</del>	The value or gross proceeds of sale of the sugar,					
16			and other products manufactured from the					
17			sugarcane, is included in the measure of the tax					
18			levied on the manufacturer under section 237-					
19			<del>13(1) or (2);</del>					
20		<del>(C)</del>	The producer's gross proceeds of sales are					
21			dependent upon the actual value of the products					
22			manufactured therefrom or the average value of					

1			all similar products manufactured by the	
2			manufacturer; and	
3		<del>(D)</del>	The producer's gross proceeds of sales are	
4			reduced by reason of the tax on the value or sale	
5			of the manufactured products;	
6	<del>(15)</del> ]	(14)	Money paid by the State or eleemosynary child-	
7		plac	ing organizations to foster parents for their care	
8		of c	hildren in foster homes; and	
9	[ <del>(16)</del> ]	(15)	Amounts received by a cooperative housing	
10		corp	oration from its shareholders in reimbursement of	
11		fund	s paid by such corporation for lease rental, real	
12		property taxes, and other expenses of operating and		
13		maintaining the cooperative land and improvements;		
14		provided that such a cooperative corporation is a		
15		corporation:		
16		(A)	Having one and only one class of stock	
17			outstanding;	
18		(B)	Each of the stockholders of which is entitled	
19			solely by reason of the stockholder's ownership	
20			of stock in the corporation, to occupy for	
21			dwelling purposes a house, or an apartment in a	
22			building owned or leased by the corporation; and	

1	(C) No stockholder of which is entitled (either					
2	conditionally or unconditionally) to receive any					
3	distribution not out of earnings and profits of					
4	the corporation except in a complete or partial					
5	liquidation of the corporation."					
6	SECTION 20. Section 237-24.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is					
7	amended to read as follows:					
8	"§237-24.3 Additional amounts not taxable. In addition to					
9	the amounts not taxable under section 237-24, this chapter shall					
10	not apply to:					
11	[(1) Amounts received from the loading, transportation, and					
12	unloading of agricultural commodities shipped for a					
13	producer or produce dealer on one island of this State					
14	to a person, firm, or organization on another island					
15	of this State. The terms "agricultural commodity",					
16	"producer", and "produce dealer" shall be defined in					
17	the same manner as they are defined in section 147-1;					
18	provided that agricultural commodities need not have					
19	been produced in the State;					
20	(2) Amounts received from sales of:					
21	(A) Intoxicating liquor as the term "liquor" is					
22	defined in chapter 244D;					

1		<del>(B)</del>	Cigarettes and tobacco products as defined in	
2			chapter 245; and	
3		<del>(C)</del>	Agricultural, meat, or fish products;	
4		<del>to a</del>	ny person or common carrier in interstate or	
5		fore	ign commerce, or both, whether ocean-going or air,	
6		for	consumption out-of-state on the shipper's vessels	
7		or airplanes;		
8	<del>(3)</del> ]	(1)	Amounts received by the manager, submanager, or	
9		board of directors of:		
10		(A)	An association of owners of a condominium	
11			property regime established in accordance with	
12			chapter 514A or 514B; or	
13		(B)	A nonprofit homeowners or community association	
14			incorporated in accordance with chapter 414D or	
15			any predecessor thereto and existing pursuant to	
16			covenants running with the land,	
17		in re	eimbursement of sums paid for common expenses;	
18	[ <del>(4)</del>	Amou	nts received or accrued from:	
19		<del>(A)</del>	The loading or unloading of cargo from ships,	
20			barges, vessels, or aircraft, whether or not the	
21			ships, barges, vessels, or aircraft travel	

1			between the State and other states or countries
2			or between the islands of the State;
3		<del>(B)</del>	Tugboat services including pilotage fees
4			performed within the State, and the towage of
5			ships, barges, or vessels in and out of state
6			harbors, or from one pier to another; and
7		<del>(C)</del>	The transportation of pilots or governmental
8			officials to ships, barges, or vessels offshore
9			rigging gear; checking freight and similar
10			services; standby charges; and use of moorings
11			and running mooring lines;
12	<del>(5)</del> ]	(2)	Amounts received by an employee benefit plan by
13		way (	of contributions, dividends, interest, and other
14		inco	me; and amounts received by a nonprofit
15		orga	nization or office, as payments for costs and
16		expe	nses incurred for the administration of an
17		emplo	oyee benefit plan; provided that this exemption
18		shal:	l not apply to any gross rental income or gross
19		renta	al proceeds received after June 30, 1994, as
20		incom	me from investments in real property in this
21		State	e; and provided further that gross rental income
22		or gi	ross rental proceeds from investments in real

1		property received by an employee benefit plan after
2		June 30, 1994, under written contracts executed prior
3		to July 1, 1994, shall not be taxed until the
4		contracts are renegotiated, renewed, or extended, or
5		until after December 31, 1998, whichever is earlier.
6		For the purposes of this paragraph, "employee benefit
7		plan" means any plan as defined in section 1002(3) of
8		title 29 of the United States Code, as amended;
9	[ <del>(6)</del> ]	(3) Amounts received for purchases made with United
10		States Department of Agriculture food coupons under
11		the federal food stamp program, and amounts received
12		for purchases made with United States Department of
13		Agriculture food vouchers under the Special
14		Supplemental Foods Program for Women, Infants and
15		Children;
16	[ <del>(7)</del>	Amounts received by a hospital, infirmary, medical
17		clinic, health care facility, pharmacy, or a
18		practitioner licensed to administer the drug to an
19		individual for selling prescription drugs or
20		prosthetic devices to an individual; provided that
21		this paragraph shall not apply to any amounts received

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1		for services provided in selling prescription drugs or
2		prosthetic devices. As used in this paragraph:
3		"Prescription drugs" are those drugs defined
4		under section 328-1 and dispensed by filling or
5		refilling a written or oral prescription by a
6		practitioner licensed under law to administer the drug
7		and sold by a licensed pharmacist under section 328-16
8		or practitioners licensed to administer drugs; and
9		"Prosthetic device" means any artificial device
10		or appliance, instrument, apparatus, or contrivance,
11		including their components, parts, accessories, and
12		replacements thereof, used to replace a missing or
13		surgically removed part of the human body, which is
14		prescribed by a licensed practitioner of medicine,
15		osteopathy, or podiatry and which is sold by the
16		practitioner or which is dispensed and sold by a
17		dealer of prosthetic devices; provided that
18		"prosthetic device" shall not mean any auditory,
19		ophthalmic, dental, or ocular device or appliance,
20		instrument, apparatus, or contrivance;
21	<del>(8)</del> ]	(4) Taxes on transient accommodations imposed by

chapter 237D and passed on and collected by operators

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1		holding certificates of registration under that
2		chapter; and
3	[ <del>(9)</del>	Amounts received as dues by an unincorporated
4		merchants association from its membership for
5		advertising media, promotional, and advertising costs
6		for the promotion of the association for the benefit
7		of its members as a whole and not for the benefit of
8		an individual member or group of members less than the
9		entire membership;
10	<del>(10)</del>	Amounts received by a labor organization for real
11		property leased to:
12		(A) A labor organization; or
13		(B) A trust fund established by a labor organization
14		for the benefit of its members, families, and
15		dependents for medical or hospital care, pensions
16		on retirement or death of employees,
17		apprenticeship and training, and other membership
18		service programs.
19		As used in this paragraph, "labor organization" means
20		a labor organization exempt from federal income tax
21		under section 501(c)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code,
22		as amended;

1	<del>(11)</del> ]	(5) Amounts received from foreign diplomats and
2		consular officials who are holding cards issued or
3		authorized by the United States Department of State
4		granting them an exemption from state taxes[; and
5	<del>(12)</del>	Amounts received as rent for the rental or leasing of
6		aircraft or aircraft engines used by the lessees or
7		renters for interstate air transportation of
8		passengers and goods. For purposes of this paragraph,
9		payments made pursuant to a lease shall be considered
10		rent regardless of whether the lease is an operating
11		lease or a financing lease. The definition of
12		"interstate air transportation" is the same as in 49
13		U.S.C. 40102]."
14	SECT	ION 21. Section 237-24.7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
15	amended to	read as follows:
16	"§237	7-24.7 Additional amounts not taxable. In addition to
17	the amount	s not taxable under section 237-24, this chapter shall
18	not apply	to:
19	(1)	Amounts received by the operator of a hotel from the
20		owner of the hotel or from a time share association,
21		and amounts received by the suboperator of a hotel
22		from the owner of the hotel, from a time share

1	association, or from the operator of the hotel, in
2	amounts equal to and which are disbursed by the
3	operator or suboperator for employee wages, salaries,
4	payroll taxes, insurance premiums, and benefits,
5	including retirement, vacation, sick pay, and health
6	benefits. As used in this paragraph:
7	"Employee" means employees directly engaged in
8	the day-to-day operation of the hotel and employed by
9	the operator or suboperator.
10	"Hotel" means an operation as defined in section
11	445-90 or a time share plan as defined in section
12	514E-1.
13	"Operator" means any person who, pursuant to a
14	written contract with the owner of a hotel or time
15	share association, operates or manages the hotel for
16	the owner or time share association.
17	"Owner" means the fee owner or lessee under a
18	recorded lease of a hotel.
19	"Suboperator" means any person who, pursuant to a
20	written contract with the operator, operates or
21	manages the hotel as a subcontractor of the operator.

1		"Tim	e share association" means an "association"
2		as that t	erm is defined in section 514E-1;
3	(2)	Amounts r	eceived by the operator of a county
4		transport	ation system operated under an operating
5		contract	with a political subdivision, where the
6		political	subdivision is the owner of the county
7		transport	ation system. As used in this paragraph:
8		"Cou	nty transportation system" means a mass
9		transit s	ystem of motorized buses providing regularly
10		scheduled	transportation within a county.
11		"Ope:	rating contract" or "contract" means a
12		contract	to operate and manage a political
13		subdivisio	on's county transportation system, which
14		provides	that:
15		(A)	The political subdivision shall exercise
16			substantial control over all aspects of the
17			operator's operation;
18		(B)	The political subdivision controls the
19			development of transit policy, service
20			planning, routes, and fares; and
21		(C)	The operator develops in advance a draft
22			budget in the same format as prescribed for

1		agencies of the political subdivision. The
2		budget must be subject to the same
3		constraints and controls regarding the
4		lawful expenditure of public funds as any
5		public sector agency, and deviations from
6		the budget must be subject to approval by
7		the appropriate political subdivision
8		officials involved in the budgetary process
9		"Operator" means any person who, pursuant to an
10		operating contract with a political subdivision,
11		operates or manages a county transportation system.
12		"Owner" means a political subdivision that owns
13		or is the lessee of all the properties and facilities
14		of the county transportation system (including buses,
15		real estate, parking garages, fuel pumps, maintenance
16		equipment, office supplies, etc.), and that owns all
17		revenues derived therefrom;
18	(3)	Surcharge taxes on rental motor vehicles imposed by
19		chapter 251 and passed on and collected by persons
20		holding certificates of registration under that
21		chapter;

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(4)	Amounts received by the operator of orchard properties
	from the owner of the orchard property in amounts
	equal to and which are disbursed by the operator for
	employee wages, salaries, payroll taxes, insurance
	premiums, and benefits, including retirement,
	vacation, sick pay, and health benefits. As used in
	this paragraph:

"Employee" means an employee directly engaged in the day-to-day operations of the orchard properties and employed by the operator.

"Operator" means a producer who, pursuant to a written contract with the owner of the orchard property, operates or manages the orchard property for the owner where the property contains an area sufficient to make the undertaking economically feasible.

"Orchard property" means any real property that
is used to raise trees with a production life cycle of
fifteen years or more producing fruits or nuts having
a normal period of development from the initial
planting to the first commercially saleable harvest of
not less than three years.

1		"Owner" means a fee owner or lessee under a
2		recorded lease of orchard property;
3	(5)	Taxes on nursing facility income imposed by chapter
4		346E and passed on and collected by operators of
5		nursing facilities;
6	(6)	Amounts received under property and casualty insurance
7		policies for damage or loss of inventory used in the
8		conduct of a trade or business located within the
9		State or a portion thereof that is declared a natural
10		disaster area by the governor pursuant to section 209-
11		2;
12	[ <del>-(7)-</del>	Amounts received as compensation by community
13		organizations, school booster clubs, and nonprofit
14		organizations under a contract with the chief election
15		officer for the provision and compensation of precinct
16		officials and other election-related personnel,
17		services, and activities, pursuant to section 11-5;
18	<del>(8)</del> ]	(7) Interest received by a person domiciled outside
19		the State from a trust company (as defined in section
20		412:8-101) acting as payment agent or trustee on
21		behalf of the issuer or payees of an interest bearing
22		instrument or obligation, if the interest would not

1		have been subject to tax under this chapter if paid
2		directly to the person domiciled outside the State
3		without the use of a paying agent or trustee; provided
4		that if the interest would otherwise be taxable under
5		this chapter if paid directly to the person domiciled
6		outside the State, it shall not be exempt solely
7		because of the use of a Hawaii trust company as a
8		paying agent or trustee; and
9	[ <del>(9)</del> ]	(8) Amounts received by a management company from
10		related entities engaged in the business of selling
11		interstate or foreign common carrier
12		telecommunications services in amounts equal to and
13		which are disbursed by the management company for
14		employee wages, salaries, payroll taxes, insurance
15		premiums, and benefits, including retirement,
16		vacation, sick pay, and health benefits. As used in
17		this paragraph:
18		"Employee" means employees directly engaged in
19		the day-to-day operation of related entities engaged
20		in the business of selling interstate or foreign
21		common carrier telecommunications services and
22		employed by the management company.

1	"Management company" means any person who,
2	pursuant to a written contract with a related entity
3	engaged in the business of selling interstate or
4	foreign common carrier telecommunications services,
5	provides managerial or operational services to that
6	entity.
7	"Related entities" means:
8	(A) An affiliated group of corporations within
9	the meaning of section 1504 (with respect to
10	affiliated group defined) of the federal
11	Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;
12	(B) A controlled group of corporations within
13	the meaning of section 1563 (with respect to
14	definitions and special rules) of the
15	federal Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as
16	amended;
17	(C) Those entities connected through ownership
18	of at least eighty per cent of the total
19	value and at least eighty per cent of the
20	total voting power of each such entity (or
21	combination thereof), including
22	partnerships, associations, trusts, S

1	corporations, nonprofit corporations,
2	limited liability partnerships, or limited
3	liability companies; and
4	(D) Any group or combination of the entities
5	described in paragraph (C) constituting a
6	unitary business for income tax purposes;
7	whether or not the entity is located within or without
8	the State or licensed under this chapter[; and
9	(10) Amounts received as grants under section 206M-15]."
10	SECTION 22. Section 237-27, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
11	amended as follows:
12	1. By amending its title to read:
13	"[Exemption of certain] Certain petroleum refiners."
14	2. By amending subsection (b) to read:
15	"(b) [There shall be excluded from the measure of the tax
16	on] When a refiner [such] sells part of the petroleum products
17	resultant from the refiner's business [as is] to [be further
18	refined by] another refiner[, to the extent that the petroleum
19	products resultant from such further refining will be (or but
20	for this subsection would be) included in the measure of the tax
21	on such other refiner, and where] for further refinement, the
22	tax shall be imposed at the rate of one-half of one per cent on
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- 1 the gross income derived from the sale of the petroleum
- 2 products. Where the petroleum products are to be used partly
- 3 for such refining and partly for other purposes, the proportion
- 4 used for each purpose shall be determined upon the basis of
- 5 weight or BTU content."
- 6 SECTION 23. Section 237-29.55, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 7 amended as follows:
- 8 1. By amending its title to read:
- 9 "[Exemption for sale] Sale of tangible personal property
- 10 for resale at wholesale."
- 11 2. By amending subsection (a) to read:
- 12 "(a) [There shall be exempted from, and excluded from the
- 13 measure of, the taxes imposed by this chapter all of the gross
- 14 proceeds or gross income arising from the sale of] When tangible
- 15 personal property imported to Hawaii from a foreign or domestic
- 16 source is sold to a licensed taxpayer for subsequent resale for
- 17 the purpose of wholesale as defined under section 237-4[-], the
- 18 gross proceeds or gross income arising from the sale shall be
- 19 taxed at the rate of one-half of one per cent."
- 20 SECTION 24. Section 237-44, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 21 amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:

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1	"(b) Every person receiving admissions for any circus,
2	carnival, or any other place whatsoever at which a transient
3	taxpayer is engaged in business (whether or not further
4	admissions are charged inside the place, such further
5	admissions, if any, being also subject to this section), shall
6	set aside from the admissions and hold in trust for the State
7	[five] per cent of the admissions, or such lesser amount
8	as the department of taxation shall approve as sufficient, to
9	guarantee payment of the tax levied by this chapter on the
10	transient taxpayer. The amount so required to be set aside from
11	the admissions shall be deposited with the department promptly
12	upon collection thereof, from time to time, for deposit by it in
13	a special trust fund in the treasury of the State, there to
14	remain until refunded upon voucher of the department, or until
15	applied to the payment of the taxes guaranteed thereby with the
16	consent of the person making the deposit, or until deposited in
17	court pursuant to chapter 655 or the rules of court. The
18	department may bring an action to obtain an adjudication of its
19	right to apply the guarantee fund in payment of taxes and may
20	deposit the fund in court to await the results of the
21	adjudication, or may be sued by an interested person seeking to
22	obtain the adjudication and may be ordered to make such deposit
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1	in court, notwithstanding that the department asserts a claim
2	against the fund."
3	SECTION 25. Section 238-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4	amended by amending the definition of "use" to read as follows:
5	""Use" (and any nounal, verbal, adjectival, adverbial, and
6	other equivalent form of the term) herein used interchangeably
7	means any use, whether the use is of such nature as to cause the
8	property, services, or contracting to be appreciably consumed or
9	not, or the keeping of the property or services for such use or
10	for sale, the exercise of any right or power over tangible or
11	intangible personal property incident to the ownership of that
12	property, and shall include control over tangible or intangible
13	property by a seller who is licensed or who should be licensed
14	under chapter 237, who directs the importation of the property
15	into the State for sale and delivery to a purchaser in the
16	State, liability and free on board (FOB) to the contrary
17	notwithstanding, regardless of where title passes, but the term
18	"use" shall not include:
19	(1) Temporary use of property, not of a perishable or
20	quickly consumable nature, where the property is
21	imported into the State for temporary use (not sale)
22	therein by the person importing the same and is not

1		11100	indea to be, and is not, kept permanently in the
2		Stat	e. For example, without limiting the generality
3		of t	he foregoing language:
4		(A)	In the case of a contractor importing permanent
5			equipment for the performance of a construction
6			contract, with intent to remove, and who does
7			remove, the equipment out of the State upon
8			completing the contract;
9		(B)	In the case of moving picture films imported for
10			use in theaters in the State with intent or under
11			contract to transport the same out of the State
12			after completion of such use; and
13		(C)	In the case of a transient visitor importing an
14			automobile or other belongings into the State to
15			be used by the transient visitor while therein
16			but which are to be used and are removed upon the
17			transient visitor's departure from the State;
18	(2)	Use 1	by the taxpayer of property acquired by the
19		taxpa	ayer solely by way of gift;
20	(3)	Use '	which is limited to the receipt of articles and
21		the :	return thereof, to the person from whom acquired,

1		imme	ediately or within a reasonable time either after
2		temp	orary trial or without trial;
3	(4)	Use	of goods imported into the State by the owner of a
4		vess	el or vessels engaged in interstate or foreign
5		comm	erce and held for and used only as ship stores for
6		the	vessels;
7	(5)	The	use or keeping for use of household goods,
8		pers	onal effects, and private automobiles imported
9		into	the State for nonbusiness use by a person who:
10		(A)	Acquired them in another state, territory,
11			district, or country;
12		(B)	At the time of the acquisition was a bona fide
13	*		resident of another state, territory, district,
14			or country;
15		(C)	Acquired the property for use outside the State;
16			and
17		(D)	Made actual and substantial use thereof outside
18			this State;
19		prov	ided that as to an article acquired less than
20		thre	e months prior to the time of its importation into
21		the :	State it shall be presumed, until and unless
22		clea	rly proved to the contrary, that it was acquired

1		for use in the State and that its use outside the
2		State was not actual and substantial;
3	[ <del>-(6)</del>	The leasing or renting of any aircraft or the keeping
4		of any aircraft solely for leasing or renting to
5		lessees or renters using the aircraft for commercial
6		transportation of passengers and goods or the
7		acquisition or importation of any such aircraft or
8		aircraft engines by any lessee or renter engaged in
9		interstate air transportation. For purposes of this
10		paragraph, "leasing" includes all forms of lease,
11		regardless of whether the lease is an operating lease
12		or financing lease. The definition of "interstate air
13		transportation" is the same as in 49 U.S.C. 40102;
14	<del>(7)</del>	The use of oceangoing vehicles for passenger or
15		passenger and goods transportation from one point to
16		another within the State as a public utility as
17		defined in chapter 269;
18	<del>(8)</del>	The use of material, parts, or tools imported or
19		purchased by a person licensed under chapter 237 which
20		are used for aircraft service and maintenance, or the
21		construction of an aircraft service and maintenance

1		facility as those terms are defined in section 237-
2		<del>24.9;</del>
3	<del>(9)</del>	The use of services or contracting imported for resale
4		where the contracting or services are for resale,
5		consumption, or use outside the State pursuant to
6		section 237-29.53(a);
7	<del>(10)</del> ]	(6) The use of contracting imported or purchased by a
8		contractor as defined in section 237-6 who is:
9		(A) Licensed under chapter 237;
10		(B) Engaged in business as a contractor; and
11		(C) Subject to the tax imposed under section 238-2.3;
12		and
13	[ <del>(11)</del> ]	(7) The use of property, services, or contracting
14		imported by foreign diplomats and consular officials
15		who are holding cards issued or authorized by the
16		United States Department of State granting them an
17		exemption from state taxes.
18	With	regard to purchases made and distributed under the
19	authority	of chapter 421, a cooperative association shall be
20	deemed the	e user thereof."
21	SECTI	ON 26. Section 238-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
22	amended to	read as follows:

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1	"§238-2	Imposition of tax on tangible personal property;
2	exemptions. T	There is hereby levied an excise tax on the use in
3	this State of	tangible personal property which is imported by a
4	taxpayer in th	is State whether owned, purchased from an
5	unlicensed sel	ler, or however acquired for use in this State.
6	The tax impose	ed by this chapter shall accrue when the property
7	is acquired by	the importer or purchaser and becomes subject to
8	the taxing jur	risdiction of the State. The rates of the tax
9	hereby imposed	and the exemptions thereof are as follows:
10	(1) If t	he importer or purchaser is licensed under chapter
11	237	and is:
12	(A)	A wholesaler or jobber importing or purchasing
13		for purposes of sale or resale; or
14	(B)	A manufacturer importing or purchasing material
15		or commodities which are to be incorporated by
16		the manufacturer into a finished or saleable
17		product (including the container or package in
18		which the product is contained) wherein it will
19		remain in such form as to be perceptible to the
20		senses, and which finished or saleable product is
21		to be sold in such manner as to result in a
22		further tax on the activity of the manufacturer

1		as the manufacturer or as a wholesaler, and not
2		as a retailer,
3		there shall be no tax; provided that if the
4		wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer is also engaged in
5		business as a retailer (so classed under chapter 237),
6		paragraph (2) shall apply to the wholesaler, jobber,
7		or manufacturer, but the director of taxation shall
8		refund to the wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer, in
9		the manner provided under section 231-23(c) such
10		amount of tax as the wholesaler, jobber, or
11		manufacturer shall, to the satisfaction of the
12		director, establish to have been paid by the
13		wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer to the director
14		with respect to property which has been used by the
15		wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer for the purposes
16		stated in this paragraph;
17	(2)	If the importer or purchaser is licensed under chapter
18		237 and is:
19		(A) A retailer or other person importing or
20		purchasing for purposes of sale or resale, not
21		exempted by paragraph (1);

1	(B)	A manufacturer importing or purchasing material
2		or commodities which are to be incorporated by
3		the manufacturer into a finished or saleable
4		product (including the container or package in
5		which the product is contained) wherein it will
6		remain in such form as to be perceptible to the
7		senses, and which finished or saleable product is
8		to be sold at retail in this State, in such
9		manner as to result in a further tax on the
10		activity of the manufacturer in selling such
11		products at retail;
12	(C)	A contractor importing or purchasing material or
13		commodities which are to be incorporated by the
14		contractor into the finished work or project
15		required by the contract and which will remain in
16		such finished work or project in such form as to
17		be perceptible to the senses;
18	(D)	A person engaged in a service business or calling
19		as defined in section 237-7, or a person
20		furnishing transient accommodations subject to

the tax imposed by section 237D-2, in which the

import or purchase of tangible personal property

21

22

1		would have qualified as a sale at wholesale as
2		defined in section 237-4(a)(8) had the seller of
3		the property been subject to the tax in chapter
4		237; or
5		(E) A publisher of magazines or similar printed
6		materials containing advertisements, when the
7		publisher is under contract with the advertisers
8		to distribute a minimum number of magazines or
9		similar printed materials to the public or
10		defined segment of the public, whether or not
11		there is a charge to the persons who actually
12		receive the magazines or similar printed
13		materials,
14		the tax shall be one-half of one per cent of the
15		purchase price of the property, if the purchase and
16		sale are consummated in Hawaii; or, if there is no
17		purchase price applicable thereto, or if the purchase
18		or sale is consummated outside of Hawaii, then one-
19		half of one per cent of the value of such property;
20		and
21	(3)	In all other cases, [four] three and one-half per cent
22		of the value of the property.

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1	For purposes of this section, tangible personal property is
2	property that is imported by the taxpayer for use in this State,
3	notwithstanding the fact that title to the property, or the risk
4	of loss to the property, passes to the purchaser of the property
5	at a location outside this State."
6	SECTION 27. Section 238-2.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
7	amended to read as follows:
8	"§238-2.3 Imposition of tax on imported services or
9	contracting; exemptions. There is hereby levied an excise tax
10	on the value of services or contracting as defined in section
11	237-6 that are performed by an unlicensed seller at a point
12	outside the State and imported or purchased for use in this
13	State. The tax imposed by this chapter shall accrue when the
14	service or contracting as defined in section 237-6 is received
15	by the importer or purchaser and becomes subject to the taxing
16	jurisdiction of the State. The rates of the tax hereby imposed
17	and the exemptions from the tax are as follows:
18	(1) If the importer or purchaser is licensed under chapter
19	237 and is:
20	(A) Engaged in a service business or calling in which
21	the imported or purchased services or contracting
22	become identifiable elements, excluding overhead,

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1	of the services rendered by the importer or
2	purchaser, and the gross income of the importer
3	or purchaser is subject to the tax imposed under
4	chapter 237 on services at the rate of one-half
5	of one per cent or the rate of tax imposed under
6	section 237-13.3; or

(B) A manufacturer importing or purchasing services or contracting that become identifiable elements, excluding overhead, of a finished or saleable product (including the container or package in which the product is contained) and the finished or saleable product is to be sold in a manner that results in a further tax on the manufacturer as a wholesaler, and not a retailer;

there shall be no tax imposed on the value of the imported or purchased services or contracting; provided that if the manufacturer is also engaged in business as a retailer as classified under chapter 237, paragraph (2) shall apply to the manufacturer, but the director of taxation shall refund to the manufacturer, in the manner provided under section 231-23(c), that amount of tax that the manufacturer,

to the satisfaction of the director, shall establish
to have been paid by the manufacturer to the director
with respect to services that have been used by the
manufacturer for the purposes stated in this
paragraph [-] <u>;</u>

- (2) If the importer or purchaser is a person licensed under chapter 237 and is:
  - (A) Engaged in a service business or calling in which the imported or purchased services or contracting become identifiable elements, excluding overhead, of the services rendered by the importer or purchaser, and the gross income from those services when sold by the importer or purchaser is subject to the tax imposed under chapter 237 at the highest rate;
  - (B) A manufacturer importing or purchasing services or contracting that become identifiable elements, excluding overhead, of the finished or saleable manufactured product (including the container or package in which the product is contained) and the finished or saleable product is to be sold in a manner that results in a further tax under

1			chapter 237 on the activity of the manufacturer		
2			as a retailer; or		
3		(C)	A contractor importing or purchasing services or		
4			contracting that become identifiable elements,		
5			excluding overhead, of the finished work or		
6			project required, under the contract, and where		
7			the gross proceeds derived by the contractor are		
8			subject to the tax under section 237-13(3) as a		
9			contractor,		
10		the	tax shall be one-half of one per cent of the value		
11		of t	ne imported or purchased services or contracting;		
12		and			
13	(3)	In a	ll other cases, the importer or purchaser is		
14		subj	ect to the tax at the rate of [four] three and		
15		one-l	nalf per cent on the value of the imported or		
16		purcl	nased services or contracting."		
17	SECTION 28. Section 238-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is				
18	amended to	o read	d as follows:		
19	"§238	8-3 1	Application of tax, etc. (a) The tax imposed by		
20	this chapt	ter sh	nall not apply to any property, services, or		
21	contracting or to any use of the property, services, or				
22	contracting that cannot legally be so taxed under the				
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- 1 Constitution or laws of the United States, but only so long
- 2 as [-] and only to the extent to which the State is without power
- 3 to impose the tax.
- 4 To the extent that any exemption, exclusion, or
- 5 apportionment is necessary to comply with the preceding
- 6 sentence, the director of taxation shall:
- 7 (1) Exempt or exclude from the tax under this chapter,
- 8 property, services, or contracting or the use of
- 9 property, services, or contracting exempted under
- 10 chapter 237; or
- 11 (2) Apportion the gross value of services or contracting
- sold to customers within the State by persons engaged
- in business both within and without the State to
- 14 determine the value of that portion of the services or
- 15 contracting that is subject to taxation under chapter
- 16 237 for the purposes of section 237-21.
- 17 Any provision of law to the contrary notwithstanding,
- 18 exemptions or exclusions from tax under this chapter allowed on
- 19 or before April 1, 1978, under the provisions of the
- 20 Constitution of the United States or an [act] Act of the
- 21 Congress of the United States to persons or common carriers
- 22 engaged in interstate or foreign commerce, or both, whether



- 1 ocean-going or air, shall continue undiminished and be available
- 2 thereafter.
- 3 (b) The tax imposed by this chapter shall not apply to any
- 4 use of property, services, or contracting the transfer of which
- 5 property, services, or contracting to, or the acquisition of
- 6 which by, the person so using the same, has actually been or
- 7 actually is taxed under chapter 237.
- 8 (c) The tax imposed by this chapter shall be paid only
- 9 once upon or in respect of the same property, services, or
- 10 contracting; provided that nothing in this chapter contained
- 11 shall be construed to exempt any property, services, or
- 12 contracting, or the use thereof from taxation under any other
- 13 law of the State.
- 14 (d) The tax imposed by this chapter shall be in addition
- 15 to any other taxes imposed by any other laws of the State,
- 16 except as otherwise specifically provided herein; provided that
- 17 if it be finally held by any court of competent jurisdiction,
- 18 that the tax imposed by this chapter may not legally be imposed
- 19 in addition to any other tax or taxes imposed by any other law
- 20 or laws with respect to the same property, services, or
- 21 contracting, or the use thereof, then this chapter shall be
- 22 deemed not to apply to the property, services, or contracting,



- 1 or the use thereof under such specific circumstances, but such
- 2 other laws shall be given full effect with respect to the
- 3 property, services, [or] contracting, or use.
- 4 (e) The tax imposed by this chapter shall not apply to any
- 5 use of property exempted by section 238-4.
- 6 (f) The tax imposed by this chapter shall not apply to any
- 7 use or consumption of aircraft and vessels, the transfer of
- 8 which aircraft or vessel to, or the acquisition of which by, the
- 9 person so using or consuming the same, or the rental for the use
- 10 of the aircraft or vessel, has actually been or actually is
- 11 taxed under chapter 237.
- 12 [(g) The tax imposed by this chapter shall not apply to
- 13 any intoxicating liquor as defined in chapter 244D and
- 14 cigarettes and tobacco products as defined in chapter 245,
- 15 imported into the State and sold to any person or common carrier
- 16 in interstate commerce, whether ocean going or air, for
- 17 consumption out of state by the person, crew, or passengers on
- 18 the shipper's vessels or airplanes.
- 19 (h) The tax imposed by this chapter shall not apply to any
- 20 use of vessels constructed under section 189 25 prior to July 1,
- 21 1969.



- 1 (i) (g) Each taxpayer liable for the tax imposed by this
- 2 chapter on tangible personal property, services, or contracting
- 3 shall be entitled to full credit for the combined amount or
- 4 amounts of legally imposed sales or use taxes paid by the
- 5 taxpayer with respect to the same transaction and property,
- 6 services, or contracting to another state and any subdivision
- 7 thereof, but such credit shall not exceed the amount of the use
- 8 tax imposed under this chapter on account of the transaction and
- 9 property, services, or contracting. The director of taxation
- 10 may require the taxpayer to produce the necessary receipts or
- 11 vouchers indicating the payment of the sales or use tax to
- 12 another state or subdivision as a condition for the allowance of
- 13 the credit.
- 14  $\left[\frac{(j)}{(j)}\right]$  (h) The tax imposed by this chapter shall not apply
- 15 to any use of property, services, or contracting exempted by
- 16 section 237-26 [or section 237-29].
- 17 [(k) The tax imposed by this chapter shall not apply to
- 18 any use of air pollution control facility exempted by section
- 19 <del>237-27.5.</del>] "
- 20 SECTION 29. Section 239-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 21 amended by amending subsections (a) and (b) to read as follows:



1	"(a) There shall be levied and assessed upon each public
2	utility[, except airlines, motor carriers, common carriers by
3	water, and contract carriers taxed by section 239-6, a tax of
4	such rate per cent of its gross income each year from its public
5	utility business as shall be determined in the manner
6	hereinafter provided. The tax imposed by this section is in
7	lieu of all taxes other than those below set out, and is a means
8	of taxing the personal property of the public utility, tangible
9	and intangible, including going concern value. In addition to
10	the tax imposed by this chapter there also are imposed income
11	taxes, the specific taxes imposed by chapter 249, the fees
12	prescribed by chapter 269, any tax specifically imposed by the
13	terms of the public utility's franchise or under chapter 240,
14	the use or consumption tax imposed by chapter 238, and
15	employment taxes.
16	The rate of the tax upon the gross income of the public
17	utility shall be [four] per cent; provided that if:
18	(1) A county provides by ordinance for a real property tax
19	exemption for real property used by a public utility
20	in its public utility business and owned by the public

utility (or leased to it by a lease under which the

21

1	public utility is required to pay the taxes upon the
2	property), and
3	(2) The county has not denied the exemption to the public
4	utility, but excluding a denial based upon a dispute
5	as to the ownership, lease, or use of a specific
6	parcel of real property,
7	then there shall be levied and assessed a tax in excess of the
8	[four] per cent rate determined in the manner hereinafter
9	provided upon the gross income allocable to such county. The
10	revenues generated from the tax in excess of the [four] pe
11	cent rate hereinbefore established shall be paid by the public
12	utility directly to such county based upon the proportion of
13	gross income from its public utility business attributable to
14	such county, based upon the allocation made in the public
15	utility's filings with the State of Hawaii; provided that if th
16	gross income from the public utility business attributable to
17	such county is not so allocated in the public utility's State
18	filings, then the gross income from the public utility business
19	shall be equitably allocated to each county. The relative
20	number of access lines in each county shall be deemed an
21	acceptable basis of equitable allocation for telecommunication
22	companies.

1 The rate of the tax in excess of the [four] per cent 2 rate hereinbefore established upon the gross income from the public utility business shall be determined as follows: 3 If the ratio of the net income of the company to its gross 4 income is fifteen per cent or less, the rate of tax in excess of 5 6 the [four] per cent rate on gross income shall be [1.885] 7 per cent; for all companies having net income in excess of fifteen per cent of the gross, the rate of the tax on gross 8 income shall increase continuously in proportion to the increase 9 in ratio of net income to gross, at such rate that for each 10 11 increase of one per cent in the ratio of net income to gross, 12 there shall be an increase of [.2675] per cent in the rate 13 of the tax. 14 The following formula may be used to determine the rate, in which formula the term "R" is the ratio of net income to gross 15 16 income, and "X" is the required rate of the tax on gross income 17 for the utility in question: X = (26.75R-2.1275)%;18 19 provided that in no case governed by the formula shall "X" be less than [1.885] per cent or more than [4.2] per 20 21 cent.

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1	However, if the gross income is apportioned under section				
2	239-8(b) or (c), there shall be no adjustment of the rate of tax				
3	on the amount of gross income so apportioned to the State on				
4	account of the ratio of the net income to the gross income being				
5	in excess of fifteen per cent, and it shall be assumed in such				
6	case that the ratio is fifteen per cent or less.				
7	(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a), the rate of the tax				
8	upon the portion of the gross income of a carrier of passengers				
9	by land which consists in passenger fares for transportation				
10	between points on a scheduled route, shall be [5.35] per				
11	cent. However, if the carrier has other public utility gross				
12	income the fares nevertheless shall be included in applying				
13	subsection (a) in determining the rate of tax upon the other				
14	public utility gross income."				
15	SECTION 30. Section 239-6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is				
16	amended to read as follows.				
17	"§239-6 Airlines, certain carriers. [ <del>(a) There shall be</del>				
18	levied and assessed upon each airline a tax of four per cent of				
19	its gross income each year from the airline business; provided				
20	that if an airline adopts a rate schedule for students in grade				
21	twelve or below traveling in school groups providing such				
22	students at reasonable hours a rate less than one half of the				

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regular adult fare, the tax shall be three per cent of its gross
 1
 2
    income each year from the airline business.
         (b) There shall be levied and assessed upon each motor
 3
 4
    carrier, each common carrier by water, and upon each contract
    carrier other than a motor carrier, a tax of four per cent of
 5
    its gross income each year from the motor carrier or contract
 6
 7
    carrier business.
 8
         (c) The tax imposed by this section is a means of taxing
 9
    the personal property of the airline or other carrier, tangible
10
    and intangible, including going concern value, and is in lieu of
11
    the tax imposed by chapter 237 but is not in lieu of any other
12
    tax-
         (d) Notwithstanding subsections (a), (b), and (c), the
13
14
    rate of tax upon the portion of the gross income of a motor
15
    carrier which consists of the receipts from the sale of its
    products or services to a contractor shall be as follows:
16
17
         (1) In calendar year 2000, 3.5 per cent;
18
         (2) In calendar year 2001, 3.0 per cent;
19
         (3) In calendar year 2002, 2.5 per cent;
20
         (4) In calendar year 2003, 2.0 per cent;
21
         (5) In calendar year 2004, 1.5 per cent;
22
         (6) In calendar year 2005, 1.0 per cent; and
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1	(7) In calendar year 2006, and thereafter, 0.5 per cent;
2	provided that there is a resale of the products or services and
3	the resale by the contractor is subject to taxation at the
4	highest rate under section 237-13; the gross income of the motor
5	carrier is not divided as provided in the definition of "gross
6	income" in section 239-2 for the tax imposed under this chapter
7	or chapter 237; and the gross income of the motor carrier from
8	the sale of its products or services to the contractor is not
9	subject to a deduction under chapter 237 by the contractor; and
10	in the case of services provided by the motor carrier, the
11	benefit of the service passes to the customer of the contractor
12	as an identifiable element of the contracting or service
13	provided by the contractor and does not constitute overhead as
14	defined in section 237-1.
15	The department shall have the authority to implement the
16	tax rate changes in paragraphs (1) through (7) by prescribing
17	tax forms and instructions that require tax reporting and
18	payment by deduction, allocation, or any other method to
19	determine tax liability with due regard to the tax rate changes.
20	For purposes of this subsection, "contractor" has the same
21	meaning as defined in section 237-6.

1	(e) Notwithstanding subsections (a) through (d),
2	beginning Beginning on October 1, 2001, the tax under this
3	chapter shall not apply to airlines, motor carriers, common
4	carriers by water, and contract carriers other than motor
5	carriers; provided that the gross income received on or after
6	October 1, 2001, by these carriers shall be subject to the tax
7	imposed under chapter 237. [For the taxable year in which
8	October 1, 2001 occurs, the tax imposed and due under this
9	chapter for the affected carriers shall be abated in an amount
10	equal to:
11	(1) The tax imposed on the first day of the taxpayer's
12	taxable year in which October 1, 2001 occurs;
13	(2) Divided by the number of months in the taxpayer's
14	affected taxable year; and
15	(3) Multiplied by the number of months in the taxpayer's
16	taxable year remaining after September 30, 2001.]"
17	SECTION 31. Section 239-7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
18	amended as follows:
19	1. By amending subsection (a) to read:
20	"(a) The tax imposed by this chapter shall be assessed
21	against each public service company in the manner provided by
22	this chapter, and shall be paid to the department of taxation at

- 1 the times and in the manner (in installments or otherwise)
- 2 provided by this section, except as provided in section 239-
- 3 5(a), where there is levied and assessed a tax in excess of
- 4 [four] per cent upon gross income, the revenues generated
- 5 from the tax in excess of the [four] \_\_\_\_ per cent rate shall be
- 6 paid to the respective county director of finance at the times
- 7 and in the manner (in installments or otherwise) provided by
- 8 this section."
- 9 2. By amending subsection (c) to read:
- 10 "(c) The department shall prescribe the forms in which
- 11 returns shall be made so as to reflect clearly the liability of
- 12 each public service company subject to this tax, and may provide
- 13 in the forms for such additional information as it may deem
- 14 necessary. All provisions of the laws, not inapplicable and not
- 15 inconsistent with this chapter, relating to returns for income
- 16 tax purposes, the assessment (including additional assessments),
- 17 collection, and payment (in installments or otherwise) of income
- 18 taxes and the powers and duties of the department and the state
- 19 director of finance in connection therewith, and relating to
- 20 appeals from or other adjustments of such assessments,
- 21 limitation periods for assessments, enforcement of attendance of
- 22 witnesses, and the production of evidence, examination of



- 1 witnesses and records, the effect of assessments, tax books, and
- 2 lists and other official tax records as evidence, delinquent
- 3 dates and penalties, and the rights and liabilities (civil and
- 4 criminal) of taxpayers and other persons in connection with any
- 5 matters dealt with by chapter 235, are made applicable (1) to
- 6 the taxes and the assessment, payment, and collection thereof,
- 7 provided by this chapter, and (2) to the department and the
- 8 state director of finance in connection with the taxes and the
- 9 assessment, payment, or enforcement of payment and collection
- 10 thereof, and (3) to taxpayers and other persons affected by this
- 11 chapter, as the case may be. The provisions of chapter 235
- 12 regarding the limitation period for assessment and refunds shall
- 13 run from the filing of the return for the taxable year, or the
- 14 due date prescribed for the filing of the return, whichever is
- 15 later. With respect to payments due to a county of the revenues
- 16 generated from the tax in excess of the [four] \_\_\_\_ per cent
- 17 rate imposed under section 239-5(a), a county director of
- 18 finance shall be afforded such rights and procedures of the
- 19 department in the enforcement of payment and collection of the
- 20 taxes assessed and levied under this chapter."
- 21 SECTION 32. Section 239-9, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 22 amended by amending subsections (c) and (d) to read as follows:



1	" (	C)	First	vear	of	doing	business.	The	measure	of	the	tax
		-	1 1 1 0 0	y Car	$\circ$	COTILG	Dubilicpb.	TIIC	measure	$\circ$	CIIC	can

- 2 for the year in which the company begins business is an estimate
- 3 of the gross income of the public service company for that year
- 4 or for the part of that year in which it is in business.
- 5 The tax thereon for the year in which the company begins
- 6 business shall be at the following rate:
- 7 (1) If subsection (a)(2) applies, at the rate of
- 8 [four] \_\_\_ per cent, or
- 9 (2) If subsection (a) (1) applies but the company though in
- 10 business at the commencement of the calendar year was
- not in business during any part of the preceding year,
- the tax shall be at the rate provided by [sections]
- section 239-5 [and 239-6], except that there shall be
- no adjustment of the rate of tax on account of the
- 15 ratio of the net income to the gross income being in
- 16 excess of fifteen per cent and it shall be assumed for
- purposes of this subsection and subsection (e) that
- the ratio is fifteen per cent or less.
- 19 The estimate shall be made and the tax returned on or
- 20 before the twentieth day of the third month after the month in
- 21 which the company begins business and shall be subject to
- 22 adjustment by the filing of an amended return as provided in



- 1 subsection (e). Payment of the tax shall accompany the return
- 2 unless time for payment is extended by the director of taxation.
- 3 The extension may be granted by the director in order to provide
- 4 for payment of the tax in installments during the remainder of
- 5 the taxable year.
- 6 (d) Second year of doing business. The measure of the tax
- 7 for the year following the year in which the company began
- 8 business is an estimate of the average gross income for a
- 9 taxable year, subject to adjustment by the filing of an amended
- 10 return as provided in subsection (e). The estimate shall be
- 11 made and the tax returned and paid at the times provided for
- 12 other companies which are in business at the commencement of the
- 13 calendar year. The tax thereon shall be at the rate provided by
- 14 [sections] section 239-5 [and 239-6], except that there shall be
- 15 no adjustment of the rate of tax on account of the ratio of the
- 16 net income to the gross income being in excess of fifteen per
- 17 cent and it shall be assumed for purposes of this subsection and
- 18 subsection (e) that the ratio is fifteen per cent or less."
- 19 SECTION 33. Section 239-10, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 20 amended to read as follows:
- 21 "§239-10 Disposition of revenues. All taxes collected
- 22 under this chapter shall be state realizations; provided that



1 where a tax in excess of the [four] per cent rate upon 2 gross income is levied and assessed under section 239-5(a), such 3 tax revenues to be paid to the county shall be realizations of 4 such county." 5 SECTION 34. Section 246-34.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 6 amended to read as follows: 7 "[4] §246-34.5[4] Exemptions for air pollution control 8 facility. The value of all property in the State (not including 9 a building and its structural components, other than a building 10 which is exclusively a treatment facility) actually and solely 11 used or to be used as an air pollution control facility [as the 12 term is defined in chapter 237] shall be exempted from the 13 measure of the taxes imposed by this chapter; provided, however, the property exemption shall be applicable only with respect to 14 a certified facility which is property (1) the construction, 15 16 reconstruction or erection of which is completed by the taxpayer 17 after June 30, 1969, or, (2) acquired by the taxpayer after June 18 30, 1969, if the original use of the property commences with the 19 taxpayer after June 30, 1969; provided further the facility is 20 placed in service by the taxpayer before July 1, 1975. 21 Application for the exemption provided herein shall first

be made with the director of health who shall, if satisfied that

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- 1 the facility meets the pollution emission criteria established
- 2 by the department of health, certify to that fact. Upon receipt
- 3 of the certification from the department of health, the director
- 4 of taxation shall exempt the facility from the tax imposed by
- 5 this chapter. A new certificate shall be obtained from the
- 6 director of health and filed with the director of taxation every
- 7 two years certifying that the pollution control facility
- 8 complies with the pollutant emission criteria established by the
- 9 department of health. The director of taxation shall furnish
- 10 all forms required by this section.
- 11 The director of taxation shall, pursuant to chapter 91,
- 12 promulgate rules and regulations necessary to administer this
- 13 section."
- 14 SECTION 35. Section 349-10, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 15 amended to read as follows:
- 16 "§349-10 Annual senior citizen's fair. Each county may
- 17 hold an annual senior citizen's fair in its respective county.
- 18 The county shall be responsible for the planning, organizing,
- 19 and coordinating of the fair in every respect. The state policy
- 20 advisory board for elder affairs may assist the county in any
- 21 aspect upon request. [Proceeds earned from this fair are deemed
- 22 to be proceeds earned from casual sales as defined in chapter



- 1 237.] The county shall distribute such proceeds to the various
- 2 senior citizen organizations and individuals who participate in
- 3 the fair in accordance with appropriate methods of distribution
- 4 as determined by the county."
- 5 SECTION 36. Section 356D-129, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 6 amended to read as follows:
- 7 "[{] §356D-129[}] Exemptions. [<del>(a)</del> Any compensation
- 8 received by a provider agency for services rendered to homeless
- 9 families or individuals, or in operating or managing a homeless
- 10 facility authorized by this part, is exempt from taxation under
- 11 chapter 237.
- 12 (a) Any county mayor may exempt, by executive order,
- 13 donors and provider agencies from real property taxes, water and
- 14 sewer development fees, rates collected for water supplied to
- 15 consumers and for use of sewers, and any other county taxes,
- 16 charges, or fees; provided that any county may enact ordinances
- 17 to regulate the exemptions granted by this subsection.
- 18 [<del>(e)</del>] (b) Any provider agency operating or managing a
- 19 homeless facility, or any other program for the homeless
- 20 authorized by this part, is exempt, for purposes of those
- 21 facilities or programs, from any requirements contained in part
- 22 VIII of chapter 346 and chapters 467 and 521."



1 SECTION 37. Section 421H-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 amended by amending subsection (c) to read as follows: 3 The membership shares and cooperative fees are 4 interests in real property for purposes of [: 5 (1) Cooperative] cooperative housing corporations under section 216 of the federal Internal Revenue Code of 6 7 1954, as amended [; and 8 (2) Exemption from state general excise tax under section 9 237-24(16)]." 10 SECTION 38. Section 182-16, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 11 repealed. 12 ["[\$182-16] Levy and assessment of general excise tax. 13 Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, the levy and 14 assessment of the general excise tax on the gross proceeds from 15 any manner of sale of (1) geothermal resources or (2) electrical 16 energy produced by the geothermal resources producer from such 17 geothermal resources, shall be made only as a tax on the 18 business of a producer, at the rate assessed producers, under 19 section 237-13(2)(A)."] 20 SECTION 39. Section 201H-36, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 21 repealed.

1	[" <del>-[s</del>	[201H-36] Exemption from general excise taxes. (a) In
2	accordanc	e with section 237-29, the corporation may approve and
3	certify f	or exemption from general excise taxes any qualified
4	<del>person or</del>	firm involved with a newly constructed, or moderately
5	<del>or substa</del>	ntially rehabilitated project:
6	<del>(1)</del> -	Developed under this part;
7	<del>(2)</del>	Developed under a government assistance program
8		approved by the corporation, including but not limited
9		to the United States Department of Agriculture 502
10		program and Federal Housing Administration 235
11		<del>program;</del>
12	<del>(3)</del>	Developed under the sponsorship of a private nonprofit
13		organization providing home rehabilitation or new
14		homes for qualified families in need of decent, low-
15		cost housing; or
16	<del>(4)</del>	Developed by a qualified person or firm to provide
17		affordable rental housing where at least fifty per
18		cent of the available units are for households with
19		incomes at or below eighty per cent of the area median
20		family income as determined by the United States
21		Department of Housing and Urban Development, of which
22		at least twenty per cent of the available units are

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1	for households with incomes at or below sixty per cent
2	of the area median family income as determined by the
3	United States Department of Housing and Urban
4	Development.
5	(b) All claims for exemption under this section shall be
6	filed with and certified by the corporation and forwarded to the
7	department of taxation. Any claim for exemption that is filed
8	and approved, shall not be considered a subsidy for the purpose
9	of this part.
10	(c) For the purposes of this section:
11	"Moderate rehabilitation" means rehabilitation to upgrade a
12	dwelling unit to a decent, safe, and sanitary condition, or to
13	repair or replace major building systems or components in danger
14	of failure.
15	"Substantial rehabilitation":
16	(1) Means the improvement of a property to a decent, safe,
17	and sanitary condition that requires more than routine
18	or minor repairs or improvements. It may include but
19	is not limited to the gutting and extensive
20	reconstruction of a dwelling unit, or cosmetic
21	improvements coupled with the curing of a substantial
22	accumulation of deferred maintenance; and

1	(2) Includes renovation, alteration, or remodeling to
2	convert or adapt structurally sound property to the
3	design and condition required for a specific use, such
4	as conversion of a hotel to housing for elders.
5	(d) The corporation may establish, revise, charge, and
6	collect a reasonable service fee, as necessary, in connection
7	with its approvals and certifications under this section. The
8	fees shall be deposited into the dwelling unit revolving fund."]
9	SECTION 40. Section 237-16.8, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	repealed.
11	["[\$237-16.8] Exemption of certain convention, conference,
12	and trade show fees. In addition to any other applicable
13	exemption provided under this chapter, there shall be exempted
14	from the measure of taxes imposed by this chapter all of the
15	value or gross income derived by a fraternal benefit, religious,
16	charitable, scientific, educational, or other nonprofit
17	organization under section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code
18	of 1986, as amended, from fees for convention, conference, or
19	trade show exhibit or display spaces; provided that the gross
20	proceeds of sales by a vendor through the use of exhibit or
21	display space at a conference, convention, or trade show shall

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1 be subject to the imposition of the general excise tax under 2 section 237-13."] 3 SECTION 41. Section 237-17, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 4 repealed. 5 ["§237-17 Persons with impaired sight, hearing, or who are 6 totally disabled. Anything in section 237-13 to the contrary 7 notwithstanding, the privilege tax levied, assessed, and 8 collected on account of the business or other activities of 9 individuals who are blind, deaf, or totally disabled, 10 corporations all of whose outstanding shares are owned by individuals who are blind, deaf, or totally disabled, general, 11 12 limited, or limited liability partnerships, all of whose 13 partners are blind, deaf, or totally disabled, or limited 14 liability companies, all of whose members are blind, deaf, or 15 totally disabled, shall not exceed one half of one per cent of 16 the proceeds, sales, income, or other receipts subject to tax. 17 For the purpose of this chapter "blind", "deaf", or "totally 18 disabled" is defined as in section 235-1. The impairment of 19 sight or hearing, or the disability, shall be certified to as 20 provided in section 235-1."] SECTION 42. Section 237-24.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 21 22 repealed.

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1	[" <del>§237-24.5</del>	Additional exemptions. (a) In addition to
2	the amounts exempt	under section 237-24, this chapter shall not
3	apply to amounts re	eceived by:
4	(1) An exchar	nge from:
5	<del>(A)</del> Tran	saction fees charged exchange members by the
6	exel	nange for:
7	<del>(i)</del>	The sale or purchase of securities or
8		products, or both, bought or sold on an
9		exchange by exchange members for their own
10		account or an account for which they have
11		responsibility as an agent, broker, or
12		fiduciary;
13	<del>(ii)</del>	Order book executions made for purposes of
14		effecting transactions; and
15	<del>(iii)</del>	Trade processing performed by an exchange in
16		matching trades, keypunching, record
17		keeping, post cashiering, and notarization;
18	<del>(B)</del> Memb	ership dues, fees, charges, assessments, and
19	fine	s from individuals or firms, including
20	char	ges for firm symbols (member identification),
21	<del>appl</del>	ication processing, registration, initiation,
22	memb	ership transfers, floor or post privileges,

1			transaction time extensions, expediting
2			transactions, crossover trades (trading out of
3			assigned functions) and rule infractions;
4		<del>(C)</del>	Service fees charged to members including fees
5			for communications, badges, forms, documents, and
6			reports;
7		<del>(D)</del>	Listing fees and listing maintenance fees charged
8			to companies that wish to be listed and have
9			their securities or products traded on the
10			exchange; and
11		<del>(E)</del>	Participation in the communication network
12			consortium operated collectively by United States
13			exchanges or other markets recognized by the
14			Securities and Exchange Commission, the
15			Commodities Futures Trading Commission, or
16			similar regulatory authorities outside the United
17			States that provides last sale and quote
18			securities information to subscribers or that
19			connects such markets or exchanges for purposes
20			of data transmission;
21	(2)	Exch	ange members by reason of executing a securities
22		or p	roduct transaction on an exchange; provided that

1	this exemption shall apply only to amounts received by
2	exchange members from brokers or dealers registered
3	with the Securities and Exchange Commission, from
4	futures commission merchants, brokers, or associates
5	registered with the Commodities Futures Trading
6	Commission, or from similar individuals or firms
7	registered with similar regulatory authorities outside
. 8	the United States; and
9	(3) Exchange members as proceeds from the sale of their
10	exchange memberships.
11	(b) As used in this section:
12	"Exchange" means an exchange or board of trade as defined
13	in 15 United States Code section 78c(a)(1) or in 7 United States
14	Code section 7, respectively, which is subject to regulation by
15	the Securities and Exchange Commission or the Commodities
16	Futures Trading Commission or an organization subject to similar
17	regulation under the laws of a jurisdiction outside the United
18	<del>States.</del>
19	"Exchange member" means an individual or firm that is
20	qualified by an exchange as a member and pays membership dues to
21	an exchange in order to trade securities or products on an
22	exchange.

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1	"Securities" means securities as defined in 15 United
2	States Code section 78c and "products" means contracts of sale
3	of commodities for future delivery, futures contracts, options,
4	calls, puts, and similar rights as defined in 7 United States
5	Code section 2, which securities or products are permitted to be
6	traded on an exchange."]
7	SECTION 43. Section 237-24.9, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
8	repealed.
9	["\$237-24.9 Aircraft service and maintenance facility.
10	(a) This chapter shall not apply to amounts received from the
11	servicing and maintenance of aircraft or from the construction
12	of an aircraft service and maintenance facility in the State.
13	(b) As used in this section:
14	"Aircraft" means any craft or artificial contrivance of
15	whatever description engaged in intrastate, interstate, or
16	international scheduled commercial use as defined in chapter
17	263, that operates with two or more jet engines.
18	"Aircraft service and maintenance" means all scheduled and
19	unscheduled tasks performed within an aircraft service and
20	maintenance facility for the inspection, modification,
21	maintenance, and repair of aircraft and related components

1 including engines, hydraulic and electrical systems, and all 2 other components which are an integral part of an aircraft. 3 "Aircraft service and maintenance facility" means a 4 facility for aircraft service and maintenance that is not less 5 than thirty thousand square feet in area, and which may include 6 ancillary space which is integral to the facility, such as parts 7 and inventory warehouse space, tool rooms, and related 8 administrative and employee space. 9 "Construction of an aircraft service and maintenance 10 facility" means all design, engineering, labor, and material costs associated with the construction of facilities the 11 12 principle purpose of which is the provision of facilities for aircraft service and maintenance. 13 "Maintenance" means the upkeep of aircraft engines, 14 hydraulic and electrical systems, and all other components which 15 are an integral part of an aircraft, but does not include 16 17 refueling, janitorial services or cleaning, restocking of aircraft and passenger supplies, or loading or unloading of 18 19 cargo and passenger baggage."] 20 SECTION 44. Section 237-26, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 21 repealed.

- 1 ["§237-26 Exemption of certain scientific contracts with 2 the United States. (a) Any provision of law to the contrary notwithstanding, there shall be exempted from the measure of the 3 4 taxes imposed by chapter 237, all of the gross proceeds derived 5 by a contractor or subcontractor arising from the performance of 6 any scientific work as defined in subsection (b), under a 7 contract or subcontract entered into with the United States 8 (including any agency or instrumentality thereof but not 9 including national banks), and all of the gross proceeds derived 10 from the sale of tangible personal property by a seller of such 11 tangible personal property to such contractor or subcontractor; 12 provided the exemption herein shall apply only to such tangible 13 personal property which is to be affixed to, or to become a 14 physical, integral part of the scientific facility, or which is 15 to be entirely consumed during the performance of the service required by the contract or subcontract. 16 17 (b) For purposes of this section, "scientific work" is 18 work involving primarily the research and development for, or 19 the design, manufacture, instrumentation, installation, 20 maintenance, or operation of aerospace, agricultural, astronomical, biomedical, electronic, geophysical, 21 22 oceanographic, test range, or other scientific facilities.
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- 1 Maintenance or operation, for purposes of this section, shall
- 2 include housekeeping functions in providing certain
- 3 nonscientific logistic and support services."]
- 4 SECTION 45. Section 237-27.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 5 repealed.
- 6 ["\frac{\frac{1}{237-27.5}}{237-27.5} Air pollution control facility. (a) As used
- 7 in this section, "air pollution control facility" shall mean a
- 8 new identifiable treatment facility, equipment, device, or the
- 9 like, which is used to abate or control atmospheric pollution or
- 10 contamination by removing, reducing, or rendering less noxious
- 11 air contaminants emitted into the atmosphere from a point
- 12 immediately preceding the point of such removal, reduction, or
- 13 rendering to the point of discharge of air, meeting emission
- 14 standards as established by the department of health, excluding
- 15 air conditioner, fan, or other similar facility for the comfort
- 16 of persons at a place of business.
- 17 (b) Any provision of law to the contrary notwithstanding,
- 18 and upon receipt of the certification required by subsection
- 19 (c), there shall be exempted from, and excluded from the measure
- 20 of, the taxes imposed by this chapter, all of the gross proceeds
- 21 arising from, and all of the amount of tangible personal
- 22 property furnished in conjunction with, the construction,



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reconstruction, erection, operation, use, or maintenance of an 2 air pollution control facility. 3 (c) Application for the exemption provided by this section 4 shall first be made with the director of health who, if 5 satisfied that the facility meets the pollution emission 6 criteria established by the department of health, shall certify 7 to that fact. A new certificate shall be obtained from the 8 director of health and filed with the director of taxation every 9 five years certifying that the pollution control facility 10 complies with the pollutant emission criteria established by the 11 department of health."] 12 SECTION 46. Section 237-28.1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 13 repealed. 14 ["[§237-28.1] Exemption of certain shipbuilding and ship 15 repair business. There shall be exempted from, and excluded 16 from the measure of, the taxes imposed by this chapter all of

20 SECTION 47. Section 237-29, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 21 repealed.

rendered to surface vessels federally owned or engaged in

interstate or international trade."

the gross proceeds arising from shipbuilding and ship repairs

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1	[" <del>§237-29 Exemptions for certified or approved housing</del>
2	projects. (a) All gross income received by any qualified
3	person or firm for the planning, design, financing,
4	construction, sale, or lease in the State of a housing project
5	that has been certified or approved under section 201H-36 shall
6	be exempt from general excise taxes.
7	(b) All gross income received by a nonprofit or a limited
8	distribution mortgagor for a low- and moderate income housing
9	project certified or approved under section 201H-36 shall be
10	exempt from general excise taxes.
11	(c) The director of taxation and the Hawaii housing
12	finance and development corporation shall adopt rules pursuant
13	to chapter 91 for the purpose of this section, including any
14	time limitation for the exemptions."]
15	SECTION 48. Section 237-29.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
16	repealed.
17	["\$237-29.5 Exemption for sales of tangible personal
18	property shipped out of the State. (a) There shall be exempted
19	from, and excluded from the measure of, the taxes imposed by
20	this chapter all of the value or gross proceeds arising from the
21	manufacture, production, or sale of tangible personal property:

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1	(1) Shipped by the manufacturer, producer, or seller to a
2	point outside the State where the property is resold
3	or otherwise consumed or used outside the State; or
4	(2) The sale of which is exempt under section 237-24.3(2).
5	(b) For the purposes of this section, the manufacturer,
6	producer, or seller shall take from the purchaser, a
7	certificate, in such form as the department shall prescribe,
8	certifying that the tangible personal property purchased is to
9	be resold or otherwise consumed or used outside the State. Any
10	purchaser who shall furnish such a certificate shall be
11	obligated to pay to the seller, upon demand, if the property
12	purchased is not resold or otherwise consumed or used outside
13	the State, the amount of the additional tax which by reason
14	thereof is imposed upon the seller."
15	SECTION 49. Section 237-29.53, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
16	repealed.
17	["\$237-29.53 Exemption for contracting or services
18	exported out of State. (a) There shall be exempted from, and
19	excluded from the measure of, taxes imposed by this chapter, all
20	of the value or gross income derived from contracting (as
21	defined under section 237-6) or services performed by a person

1	engaged in a service business or calling in the State for use		
2	outside th	e State where:	
3	(1)	The contracting or services are for resale,	
4	;	consumption, or use outside the State; and	
5	<del>(2)</del>	The value or gross income derived from the contracting	
6	,	or services performed would otherwise be subject to	
7	;	the tax imposed under this chapter on contracting or	
8	;	services at the highest rate.	
9	For the pu	rposes of this subsection, the seller or person	
10	rendering	the contracting or services exported and resold,	
11	consumed,	or used outside the State shall take from the	
12	<del>customer, a</del>	a certificate or an equivalent, in a form the	
13	department	prescribes, certifying that the contracting or	
14	<del>service pu</del>	rchased is to be otherwise resold, consumed, or used	
15	outside the State. Any customer who furnishes this certificate		
16	or an equivalent shall be obligated to pay the seller or person		
17	rendering t	the contracting or services, upon demand, if the	
18	contracting	g or service purchased is not resold or otherwise	
19	consumed or	used outside the State, the amount of the additional	
20	tax which k	oy reason thereof is imposed upon the seller or person	
21	rendering t	the contracting or service.	

1	(b) There shall be exempted from, and excluded from the
2	measure of, taxes imposed by this chapter, all of the value or
3	gross income derived from contracting (as defined in section
4	237-6) or services performed by a person engaged in a service
5	business or calling in the State for a purchaser who resells all
6	of the contracting or services for resale, consumption, or use
7	outside the State pursuant to subsection (a). For the purposes
8	of this subsection, the seller or person rendering the
9	contracting or services for a purchaser who resells the
10	contracting or services for resale, consumption, or use outside
11	the State shall take from the purchaser, a certificate or an
12	equivalent, in a form that the department prescribes, certifying
13	that the contracting or services purchased is to be for resale,
14	consumption, or use outside the State pursuant to subsection
15	(a). Any purchaser who furnishes this certificate or an
16	equivalent shall be obligated to pay the seller or person
17	rendering the contracting or services, upon demand, if the
18	contracting or services purchased is not resold in its entirety
19	to a customer of the purchaser who has complied with subsection
20	(a), the amount of the additional tax which by reason thereof is
21	imposed upon the seller or the person rendering the contracting
22	or service."]

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1	SECTION 50. Section 237-29.8, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is					
2	repealed.					
3	[" <del>[§237-29.8] Call centers; exemption; engaging in</del>					
4	business; definitions. (a) This chapter shall not apply to					
5	amounts received from a person operating a call center by a					
6	person engaged in business as a telecommunications common					
7	carrier for interstate or foreign telecommunications services,					
8	including toll-free telecommunications, telecommunications					
9	capabilities for electronic mail, voice, and data					
10	telecommunications, computerized telephone support, facsimile,					
11	wide area telecommunications services, or computer to computer					
12	communication.					
13	(b) The establishment of a call center in this State by					
14	any person shall not be used by itself by the State to find that					
15	any other part of the person's business is engaged in business					
16	in this State for the purposes of this chapter. Gross income or					
17	gross proceeds received by a call center for customer service					
18	and support shall be exempt from the measure of taxes imposed by					
19	this chapter.					
20	(c) The department, by rule, may provide that the person					
21	providing the telecommunications service may take from the					
22	person operating a call center a certificate, in a form that the					



1 department shall prescribe, certifying that the amounts received for telecommunications services are for operating a call center. 2 3 If the certificate is required by rule of the department, the absence of the certificate in itself shall give rise to the 4 5 presumption that the amounts received from the sale of 6 telecommunications services are not for operating a call center. 7 (d) As used in this section: "Call center" means a physical or electronic operation that 8 9 focuses on providing customer service and support for computer 10 hardware and software companies, manufacturing companies, 11 software service organizations, and telecommunications support 12 services, within an organization in which a managed group of individuals spend most of their time engaging in business by 13 14 telephone, usually working in a computer-automated environment; provided that the operation shall not include telemarketing or 15 16 sales. 17 "Customer service and support" means product support, technical assistance, sales support, phone or computer based 18 19 configuration assistance, software upgrade help lines, and traditional help desk services. 20 21 "Telecommunications common carrier" means any person that

owns, operates, manages, or controls any facility used to

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1 furnish telecommunications services for profit to the public, or to classes of users as to be effectively available to the 2 3 public, engaged in the provision of services, such as voice, data, image, graphics, and video services, that make use of all 4 5 or part of their transmission facilities, switches, broadcast 6 equipment, signalling, or control devices. 7 "Telecommunications service" or "telecommunications" means 8 the offering of transmission between or among points specified 9 by a user, of information of the user's choosing, including voice, data, image, graphics, and video without change in the 10 11 form or content of the information, as sent and received, by 12 means of electromagnetic transmission, or other similarly 13 capable means of transmission, with or without benefit of any closed transmission medium. 14 15 (e) This section shall not apply to gross proceeds or 16 gross income received after June 30, 2010."] 17 SECTION 51. Section 239-6.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 18 repealed. ["[§239-6.5] Tax credit for lifeline telephone service 19 20 subsidy. A telephone public utility subject to this chapter 21 that has been authorized to establish lifeline telephone service 22 rates by the public utilities commission shall be allowed a tax

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    eredit, equal to the lifeline telephone service costs incurred
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    by the utility, to be applied against the utility's tax imposed
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    by this chapter. The amount of this credit shall be determined
    and certified annually by the public utilities commission. The
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    tax liability for a telephone public utility claiming the credit
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    shall be calculated in the manner prescribed in section 239-5;
 7
    provided that the amount of tax due from the utility shall be
    net of the lifeline service credit."]
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         SECTION 52. Section 239-11, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
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    repealed.
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         ["§239-11 Exemption of certain contract carriers. (a)
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    There shall be exempted and excluded from the measure of the tax
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    imposed by this chapter the gross income from any contract
    carrier by water which is engaged primarily in the business of
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    transporting persons between harbors or wharves of the various
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    counties for interisland cruises within the State; provided that
    such exemption shall be applicable for the period July 1, 1981,
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    to June 30, 1996.
         (b) Any contract carrier and related partners, if any,
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    claiming an exemption under subsection (a) shall submit an
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    annual financial report, prepared by an independent certified
    public accountant, to the department of taxation and to the
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,1	department of business, economic development, and tourism on or			
2	before the fifteenth day of the fifth month following the close			
3	of each taxable year for which the exemption is being claimed;			
4	provided	provided that in addition to reports in 1992, 1993, 1994, and		
5	1995, an annual financial report shall be due on or before March			
6	<del>1, 1996.</del>	The annual financial report, prepared in a form		
7	approved by the director of taxation, shall include but not be			
8	limited to:			
9	(1)	A balance sheet of assets and liabilities;		
10	<del>(2)</del>	A statement of income and expenses;		
11	<del>(3)</del>	Supplementary information to financial statements;		
12	(4)	A summary of financial condition; and		
13	<del>(5)</del>	An apportionment of income and expenses of the		
14		contract carrier and related partners, if any, within		
15		and without the State.		
16	Within thirty days of the receipt of the financial report			
17	from the	contract carrier and related partners, if any, the		
18	director	of taxation shall submit relevant financial data to the		
19	<del>legislatu</del>	re. Failure to comply with this subsection by the		
20	contract	carrier or related partners, if any, as determined by		
21	the director of taxation, shall constitute a waiver of the right			
22	to claim the exemption."]			



1 SECTION 53. Section 239-12, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 repealed. ["[§239-12] Call centers; exemption; engaging in business; 3 definitions. (a) This chapter shall not apply to amounts 4 5 received from a person operating a call center by a person 6 engaged in business as a telecommunications common carrier for 7 interstate or foreign telecommunications services, including 8 toll-free telecommunications, telecommunications capabilities 9 for electronic mail, voice and data telecommunications, 10 computerized telephone support, facsimile, wide area 11 telecommunications services, or computer to computer 12 communication. 13 (b) The department, by rule, may provide that the person 14 providing the telecommunications service may take from the 15 person operating a call center a certificate, in a form that the 16 department shall prescribe, certifying that the amounts received 17 for telecommunications services are for operating a call center. 18 If the certificate is required by rule of the department, the 19 absence of the certificate in itself shall give rise to the 20 presumption that the amounts received from the sale of 21 telecommunications services are not for operating a call center. 22 (c) As used in this section:

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1 "Call center" means a physical or electronic operation that 2 focuses on providing customer service and support for computer 3 hardware and software companies, manufacturing companies, software service organizations, and telecommunications support 4 5 services, within an organization in which a managed group of individuals spend most of their time engaging in business by 6 7 telephone, usually working in a computer-automated environment; provided that the operation shall not include telemarketing or 8 9 sales. "Customer service and support" means product support, 10 11 technical assistance, sales support, phone or computer based configuration assistance, software upgrade help lines, and 12 13 traditional help desk services. 14 (d) This section shall not apply to income received after 15 June 30, 2010."] SECTION 54. The revisor of statutes shall not include 16 section 237-27.1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, in any replacement 17 18 volume of the Hawaii Revised Statutes published after June 30, 19 2009. 20 SECTION 55. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed and stricken. New statutory material is underscored. 21

1	SECT	ION 56. This Act shall take effect on January 1, 2010
2	and shall	be repealed on December 31, 2015; provided that:
3	(1)	The amendments made to sections 237-24.3 and 237-24.7
4		Hawaii Revised Statutes, by sections 20 and 21 of this
5		Act shall not be repealed when those sections are
6		reenacted on December 31, 2009, pursuant to section 4
7		of Act 239, Session Laws of Hawaii 2007;
8	(2)	With the exception of sections 237-24.3 and 237-24.7,
9		Hawaii Revised Statutes, all sections of the Hawaii
10		Revised Statutes amended by this Act shall be
11		reenacted on January 1, 2016, in the form in which
12		they read on the day prior to the effective day of
13		this Act; and
14	(3)	Sections 237-24.3 and 237-24.7, Hawaii Revised
15		Statutes, shall be reenacted on January 1, 2016, in
16		the form in which they read on December 31, 2007,
17		pursuant to section 4 of Act 239, Session Laws of
18		Hawaii 2007.
19		<b>b</b> /
		INTRODUCED BY: Chi & Ay

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#### Report Title:

General Excise And Use Tax Reform

#### Description:

Repeals certain general excise and use tax excise exemptions and exclusions, but retains the exemption for nonprofit religious organizations. Reduces the tax rate on sales to the final consumer from 4% to 3.5%. Reduces also the public service company tax rate and repeals certain public service company tax exemptions. Subjects to the general excise tax certain sales of real property and sales of securities, commodity futures, and bonds. Makes conforming amendments to other laws.