## A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO INVASIVE SPECIES.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

The legislature finds that the unchecked spread 1 2 of invasive species is one of the greatest threats to Hawaii's 3 economy, natural environment, and the health and lifestyle of 4 Hawaii's people. Invasive pests can cause millions of dollars 5 in crop losses, the extinction of native species, the 6 destruction of native forests, the spread of disease, and the 7 quarantine of exported agricultural crops. Despite our ongoing efforts to detect and eradicate 8 9 invasive species, our fragile island ecosystems are constantly 10 at risk from insects, disease-bearing organisms, weeds, and other invasive pests. The coqui frog, giant salvinia, miconia, 11 12 ohia rust, nettle caterpillar, and little fire ant are all 13 present in Hawaii, disrupting the delicate balance of our 14 ecosystems, crowding out native species, and reducing the 15 biodiversity of our islands. Other harmful species like the 16 papaya mealybug, erythrina gall wasp, Asian citrus psyllid, and

the varroa mite have the potential to devastate Hawaii's

17

- 1 environment and agriculture if allowed to become widespread and
- 2 remain unchecked by natural predators.
- 3 The purpose of this Act is to prevent and reduce the
- 4 intentional introduction and spread of invasive species by
- 5 establishing and revising penalties appropriate to the harm
- 6 caused by the intentional introduction and spread of pests to
- 7 the economy, natural environment, and the health and lifestyle
- 8 of Hawaii's people.
- 9 SECTION 2. Section 150A-14, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 10 amended as follows:
- 11 1. By amending subsections (a), (b), and (c) to read:
- "(a) Any person who violates any provision of this chapter
- 13 other than sections  $150A-5[\frac{(2)B}{(2)B}, \frac{150A-5(2)(C)}{(2)}]$ , 150A-6(3), and
- 14 150A-6(4) or who violates any rule adopted under this chapter
- 15 other than those rules involving an animal that is prohibited or
- 16 a plant, animal, or microorganism that is restricted, without a
- 17 permit, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and fined not less than
- 18 \$100. The provisions of section 706-640 notwithstanding, the
- 19 maximum fine shall be \$10,000. For a second offense committed
- 20 within five years of a prior offense, the person or organization
- 21 shall be fined not less than \$500 and not more than \$25,000.

1	(a)	Any person, including a transportation company, that
2	violates s	section $150A-5[\frac{(2)(B)or\ section\ 150A-5(2)(C)}]$ shall be
3	guilty of	a [misdemeanor] petty misdemeanor and fined not less
4	than \$100	. The provisions of section 706-640 notwithstanding,
5	the maximu	um fine shall be $[$10,000.]$ $$5,000.$ For a second
6	offense co	ommitted within five years of a prior offense, the
7	[ <del>company</del> ]	person may be fined not less than \$500 and not more
8	than [ <del>\$25</del> ,	<del>,000.</del> ] <u>\$15,000.</u>
9	(c)	Notwithstanding section 706-640:
10	(1)	Any person or organization that violates section 150A-
11		6(3) or 150A-6(4), or owns or intentionally
12		transports, possesses, harbors, transfers, or causes
13		the importation of any snake or other prohibited
14		animal seized under section 150A-7(b), or whose
15		violation involves an animal that is prohibited or a
16		plant, animal, or microorganism that is restricted,
17		without a permit, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and
18		subject to a fine of not less than \$5,000, but not
19		more than \$20,000; [and]
20	(2)	Any person or organization [who] that intentionally
21		transports, harbors, or imports with the intent to

propagate, sell, or release any animal that is

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1		prohibited or any plant, animal, or microorganism that
2		is restricted, without a permit, shall be guilty of a
3		class C felony and subject to a fine of not less than
4		\$50,000, but not more than \$200,000[+]; and
5	(3)	Any person or organization that intentionally imports,
6		possesses, harbors, transfers, or transports,
7		including through interisland or intraisland movement,
8		with the intent to propagate, sell, or release any
9		pest designated by statute or rule, unless otherwise
10		allowed by law, shall be guilty of a class C felony
11		and subject to a fine of not less than \$100,000, but
12		not more than \$400,000."
13	2. B	y amending subsection (g) to read:
14	" (g)	For purposes of this section, "intent to propagate"
15	shall be	presumed when the person or organization in question is
16	found to	possess, transport, harbor, or import:
17	(1)	Any two or more animal specimens of the opposite sex
18		that are prohibited or restricted, without a
19		permit[+], or are a pest designated by statute or
20		rule;

1	(2)	Any three or more animal specimens of either sex that
2		are prohibited or restricted, without a permit[+], or
3		are a pest designated by statute or rule;
4	(3)	Any plant or microorganism having the inherent
5		capability to reproduce and that is restricted,
6		without a permit; or
7	(4)	Any specimen that is in the process of reproduction."
8	SECT	ION 3. Act 101, Session Laws of Hawaii 2008, is
9	amended b	y repealing section 2.
10	["" <del>S</del>	ECTION 2. Section 150A-14, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
11	amended b	y amending subsections (a) and (b) as follows:
12	<u>"(a)</u>	Any person who violates any provision of this chapter
13	<del>other tha</del>	n sections 150A-5, 150A-6(3), and 150A-6(4) or who
14	<del>violates</del>	any rule adopted under this chapter other than those
15	<del>rules inv</del>	olving an animal that is prohibited or a plant, animal,
16	<del>or microo</del>	rganism that is restricted, without a permit, shall be
17	guilty of	a misdemeanor and fined not less than \$100. The
18	<del>provision</del>	s of section 706-640 notwithstanding, the maximum fine
19	shall be	\$10,000. For a second offense committed within five
20	<del>years of</del>	a prior offense, the person or organization shall be
21	fined not	less than \$500 and not more than \$25,000.

8

1 (b) Any person who violates section 150A-5 shall be fined
2 not less than \$100 and not more than \$10,000. For a second
3 violation committed within five years of a prior violation, the
4 person may be fined not less than \$500 and not more than
5 \$25,000.""]
6 SECTION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
7 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2009.

## Report Title:

Invasive Species; Penalties

## Description:

Prevents and reduces the intentional introduction and spread of invasive species by establishing and revising penalties appropriate to the harm caused by the intentional introduction and spread of invasive species to the economy, natural environment, and the health and lifestyle of Hawaii's people. (HB1684 HD1)