A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CRIMINAL CONTEMPT OF COURT.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. Section 710-1077, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 amended to read as follows: 3 "\$710-1077 Criminal contempt of court. (1) A person commits the offense of criminal contempt of court if: 4 5 (a) The person recklessly engages in disorderly or contemptuous behavior, committed during the sitting of 6 7 a court in its immediate view and presence, and 8 directly tending to interrupt its proceedings or 9 impair the respect due to its authority; 10 (b) The person creates a breach of peace or a disturbance with intent to interrupt a court's proceedings; 11 12 As an attorney, clerk, or other officer of the court, (C) 13 the person knowingly fails to perform or violates a 14 duty of the person's office, or knowingly disobeys a lawful directive or order of a court; 15 16 The person knowingly publishes a false report of a (d) 17 court's proceedings;

1	(e)	Knowing that the person is not authorized to practice
2		law, the person represents the person's self to be an
3		attorney and acts as such in a court proceeding;
4	(f)	The person intentionally records or attempts to record
5		the deliberation of a jury;
6	(g)	The person knowingly disobeys or resists the process,
7		injunction, or other mandate of a court;
8	(h)	The person intentionally refuses to be qualified as a
9		witness in any court or, after being qualified, to
10		answer any proper interrogatory without a privilege to
11		refuse to answer;
12	(i)	Being a juror, the person intentionally, without
13		permission of the court, fails to attend a trial or
14		official proceeding to which the person has been
15		summoned or at which the person has been chosen to
16		serve; or
17	(j)	The person is in violation or disobedience of any
18		injunction or order expressly provided for in part V
19		of chapter 712.
20	(2)	Except as provided in subsections (3) and (7),
21	criminal	contempt of court is a misdemeanor.

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H.B. NO. 1524

1	(3)	The	court	may	treat	the	commi	issio	n of	an	offense	under
2	subsection	(1)	as a	pett	y miso	demea	anor,	in w	hich	cas	se:	

- (a) If the offense was committed in the immediate view and presence of the court, or under such circumstances that the court has knowledge of all of the facts constituting the offense, the court may order summary conviction and disposition; and
- 8 (b) If the offense was not committed in the immediate view 9 and presence of the court, nor under such 10 circumstances that the court has knowledge of all of 11 the facts constituting the offense, the court shall 12 order the defendant to appear before it to answer a 13 charge of criminal contempt of court; the trial, if 14 any, upon the charge shall be by the court without a 15 jury; and proof of guilt beyond a reasonable doubt 16 shall be required for conviction.
 - (4) When the contempt under subsection (1) also constitutes another offense, the contemnor may be charged with and convicted of the other offense notwithstanding the fact that the contemnor has been charged with or convicted of the contempt.

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         (5) Whenever any person is convicted of criminal contempt
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    of court or sentenced therefor, the particular circumstances of
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    the offense shall be fully set forth in the judgment and in the
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    order or warrant of commitment. In any proceeding for review of
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    the judgment, sentence, or commitment, no presumption of law
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    shall be made in support of the jurisdiction to render the
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    judgment, pronounce the sentence, or order the commitment. A
    judgment, sentence, or commitment under subsection (3)(a) shall
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    not be subject to review by appeal, but shall be subject to
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    review in an appropriate proceeding for an extraordinary writ or
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    in a special proceeding for review.
         All other judgments, sentences, or commitments for criminal
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    contempt of court shall be subject to review by appeal, in a
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    proceeding for an appropriate extraordinary writ, or in a
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    special proceeding for review.
         (6) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, no court
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    shall imprison, confine, or place in custody the victim of a
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    sexual assault or domestic abuse crime for contempt when the
    contempt consists of refusing to testify concerning that sexual
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    assault or domestic abuse crime.
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1	As used in this section, "sexual assault" means any conduct
2	proscribed by chapter 707, part V, and "domestic abuse" means
3	conduct defined in section 586-1.
4	$\left[\frac{(6)}{(7)}\right]$ Nothing in this section shall be construed to
5	alter the court's power to punish civil contempt[-], except as
6	provided in subsection (6). When the contempt consists of the
7	refusal to perform an act which the contemnor has the power to
8	perform, the contemnor may be imprisoned until the contemnor has
9	performed it. In such a case the act shall be specified in the
10	warrant of commitment. In any proceeding for review of the
11	judgment or commitment, no presumption of law shall be made in
12	support of the jurisdiction to render the judgment or order the
13	commitment. When a court of competent jurisdiction issues an
14	order compelling a parent to furnish support, including child
15	support, medical support, or other remedial care, for the
16	parent's child, it shall constitute prima facie evidence of a
17	civil contempt of court upon proof that:
18	(1) The order was made, filed, and served on the parent or
19	proof that the parent was present in court at the time
20	the order was pronounced; and
21	(2) The parent did not comply with the order.

- 1 An order of civil contempt of court based on prima facie
- 2 evidence under this subsection shall clearly state that the
- 3 failure to comply with the order of civil contempt of court may
- 4 subject the parent to a penalty that may include imprisonment
- 5 or, if imprisonment is immediately ordered, the conditions that
- 6 must be met for release from imprisonment. A party may also
- 7 prove civil contempt of court by means other than prima facie
- 8 evidence under this subsection.
- 9 $\left[\frac{7}{7}\right]$ (8) Any violation or disobedience of any injunction
- 10 or order expressly provided for in part V of chapter 712 is
- 11 punishable by:
- 12 (a) A fine of not less than \$400 nor more than \$5,000, or
- 13 (b) By imprisonment for not less than one nor more than
- six months, or
- 15 (c) Both (a) and (b)."
- 16 SECTION 2. This Act applies to any case of a refusal to
- 17 testify that occurs after its effective date, regardless of when
- 18 the underlying facts that give rise to the proceeding actually
- 19 occurred.
- 20 SECTION 3. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 21 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.



SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

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INTRODUCED BY:

JAN 2 8 2009

Report Title:

Criminal Contempt of Court; Exception

Description:

Prohibits a court from imprisoning a victim of a sexual assault or domestic abuse crime for contempt for refusing to testify concerning that sexual assault or domestic abuse crime.