#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO MEDICAL CLAIM CONCILIATION.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. Chapter 671, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 2 amended by adding a new part to be appropriately designated and
- 3 to read as follows:
- 4 "PART . MEDICAL CLAIM CONCILIATION
- 5 §671-A Medical claim conciliation office. (a) There is
- 6 established in the department of commerce and consumer affairs
- 7 for administrative purposes a medical claim conciliation office
- 8 that shall conduct administrative hearings and issue binding
- 9 opinions in medical tort claims against health care providers.
- 10 (b) The office shall be headed by an executive director
- 11 who shall be appointed by the director of commerce and consumer
- 12 affairs and shall be exempt from chapter 76 and 89. The
- 13 executive director shall serve in a full time capacity and shall
- 14 perform such duties and exercise such powers and authority as
- 15 may be delegated to the executive director by the director of
- 16 commerce and consumer affairs.
- 17 (c) There shall be a medical claim conciliation hearing
- 18 officer who shall handle proceedings and hold hearings on

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- 1 medical claims. The hearing officer shall be appointed by the
- 2 director of commerce and consumer affairs and exempt from
- 3 chapter 76 and 89. The director shall develop the
- 4 qualifications for the hearing officer and shall include
- 5 training in administrative hearings and legal proceedings and
- 6 training in the medical field that shall include but not be
- 7 limited to in-classroom clinical training and a program in which
- 8 the hearing officer shadows physicians in different health care
- 9 settings.
- (d) The office and administrative hearing space,
- 11 secretarial and clerical assistance, office equipment, and
- 12 office supplies for the medical claim conciliation office shall
- 13 be furnished by the department.
- 14 (e) The director shall adopt rules pursuant to chapter 91
- 15 to establish the procedures governing the administrative hearing
- 16 process for medical claims.
- 17 §671-B Medical claims; filing fee. (a) For each claim
- 18 filed pursuant to this part, the claimant shall pay a filing fee
- 19 of \$450 to the department. Failure to pay the filing fee shall
- 20 result in the claim being rejected for filing unless it is
- 21 accompanied by a motion made pursuant to subsection (b). Each
- 22 health care provider and other parties to the claim shall pay a



- 1 filing fee of \$450 to the department within twenty days of being
- 2 served with the claim. Filing fees shall be non-refundable and
- 3 shall be deposited into the compliance resolution fund.
- 4 (b) If any party to a claim cannot pay the required filing
- 5 fee, the party may file with the executive director a motion to
- 6 waive the filing fee. The motion to waive the filing fee shall
- 7 be accompanied by an affidavit in the format prescribed by the
- 8 department, showing in detail:
- 9 (1) The party's inability to pay the filing fee;
- 10 (2) The party's belief that the party is entitled to
- 11 redress; and
- 12 (3) A statement of the issues that the party intends to
- present at the hearing before the medical claims
- 14 hearing officer.
- 15 (c) The filing of a motion to waive the filing fee shall
- 16 toll the time limitation in section 671-C. The executive
- 17 director shall decide the motion to waive the filing fee as
- 18 expeditiously as possible and no oral arguments shall be
- 19 permitted.
- 20 (d) If the executive director grants the motion to waive
- 21 the filing fee the claim shall proceed. If the motion is denied
- 22 the executive director shall state the reason for the denial in

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- 1 writing. The executive director shall promptly provide a copy
- 2 of the order granting or denying the motion to the claimant.
- 3 (e) If a motion to waive the filing fee is denied by the
- 4 executive director, the party may seek judicial review under
- 5 section 91-14.
- 6 (f) If the executive director denies a party's motion to
- 7 waive the filing fee, the party shall pay the filing fee within
- 8 thirty days after denial of the motion, unless the party has
- 9 filed an appeal under section 91-14. If the party has filed an
- 10 appeal under section 91-14, the party may proceed without
- 11 payment of the filing fee until a final judicial determination
- 12 is rendered on the appeal.
- 13 (g) If the party files an appeal under section 91-14 and
- 14 the court upholds the executive director's denial of the party's
- 15 motion to waive the filing fee, the party shall pay the filing
- 16 fee within thirty days after the court's affirmation of the
- 17 denial. If the court determines that the party's motion for
- 18 waiver of the filing fee was improperly denied, the party shall
- 19 be allowed to proceed without payment of the filing fee.
- 20 §671-C Limitation of actions; time. (a) No claim for
- 21 injury or death against a health care provider that is based
- 22 upon the provider's alleged professional negligence, or for



rendering professional services without consent, or for an error 1 2 or omission in the provider's practice shall be brought more 3 than two years after the claimant discovers, or through the use 4 of reasonable diligence should have discovered, the injury, but 5 in any event not more than six years after the date of the 6 alleged act or omission causing the injury or death. The sixyear time limitation shall be tolled for any period during which 7 8 the person has failed to disclose any act, error, or omission 9 upon which the action is based and which is known to the person. 10 (b) Actions by a minor shall be commenced within six years 11 from the date of the alleged wrongful act except that actions by 12 a minor under the age of ten years shall be commenced within six 13 years or by the minor's tenth birthday, whichever provides a 14 longer period. The time limitation shall be tolled for any 15 minor for any period during which the parent, guardian, insurer, 16 or health care provider has committed fraud or gross negligence, or has been a party to a collusion in the failure to bring 17 18 action on behalf of the injured minor for a medical tort. The 19 time limitation shall also be tolled for any period during which 20 the minor's injury or illness alleged to have arising, in whole or in part, from the alleged wrongful act or omission could not 21 22 have been discovered through the use of reasonable diligence.



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         §671-D Medical claim conciliation hearing. Except as
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    otherwise provided in this part, medical claim conciliation
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    hearings shall be conducted in accordance with chapter 91.
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         §671-E Annual report. The director of commerce and
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    consumer affairs shall prepare and submit to the legislature
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    annually, twenty days prior to the convening of each regular
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    session, a report containing the director's evaluation of the
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    operation and effects of this chapter. The report shall include
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    a summary of the claims brought before the medical claim hearing
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    office and the disposition of each claim, a description and
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    summary of the work of the office under this chapter, an
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    appraisal of the effectiveness of this chapter in securing
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    prompt and fair disposition of medical tort claims, a review of
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    the number and outcomes of claims brought under this part and
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    recommendations for changes, modifications, or repeal of this
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    chapter or parts thereof with accompanying reasons and data."
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         SECTION 2. Section 26-9, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
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    amended by amending subsection (o) to read as follows:
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         "(o) Every person licensed under any chapter within the
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    jurisdiction of the department of commerce and consumer affairs
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    and every person licensed subject to chapter 485A or registered
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    under chapter 467B shall pay upon issuance of a license, permit,
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- 1 certificate, or registration a fee and a subsequent annual fee
- 2 to be determined by the director and adjusted from time to time
- 3 to ensure that the proceeds, together with all other fines,
- 4 income, and penalties collected under this section, do not
- 5 surpass the annual operating costs of conducting compliance
- 6 resolution activities required under this section. The fees may
- 7 be collected biennially or pursuant to rules adopted under
- 8 chapter 91, and shall be deposited into the special fund
- 9 established under this subsection. Every filing pursuant to
- 10 chapter 514E or section 485A-202(a)(26) shall be assessed, upon
- 11 initial filing and at each renewal period in which a renewal is
- 12 required, a fee that shall be prescribed by rules adopted under
- 13 chapter 91, and that shall be deposited into the special fund
- 14 established under this subsection. Any unpaid fee shall be paid
- 15 by the licensed person, upon application for renewal,
- 16 restoration, reactivation, or reinstatement of a license, and by
- 17 the person responsible for the renewal, restoration,
- 18 reactivation, or reinstatement of a license, upon the
- 19 application for renewal, restoration, reactivation, or
- 20 reinstatement of the license. If the fees are not paid, the
- 21 director may deny renewal, restoration, reactivation, or
- 22 reinstatement of the license. The director may establish,



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    increase, decrease, or repeal the fees when necessary pursuant
    to rules adopted under chapter 91. The director may also
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    increase or decrease the fees pursuant to section 92-28.
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         There is created in the state treasury a special fund to be
    known as the compliance resolution fund to be expended by the
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    director's designated representatives as provided by this
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    subsection. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, all
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    revenues, fees, and fines collected by the department shall be
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    deposited into the compliance resolution fund. Unencumbered
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    balances existing on June 30, 1999, in the cable television fund
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    under chapter 440G, the division of consumer advocacy fund under
    chapter 269, the financial institution examiners' revolving
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    fund, section 412:2-109, the special handling fund, section 414-
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    13, and unencumbered balances existing on June 30, 2002, in the
    insurance regulation fund, section 431:2-215, shall be deposited
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    into the compliance resolution fund. This provision shall not
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    apply to the drivers education fund underwriters fee, section
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    431:10C-115, insurance premium taxes and revenues, revenues of
    the workers' compensation special compensation fund, section
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    386-151, the captive insurance administrative fund, section
    431:19-101.8, the insurance commissioner's education and
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    training fund, section 431:2-214, the medical malpractice
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patients' compensation fund as administered under section 5 of
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    Act 232, Session Laws of Hawaii 1984, and fees collected for
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    deposit in the office of consumer protection restitution fund,
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    section 487-14, the real estate appraisers fund, section 466K-1,
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    the real estate recovery fund, section 467-16, the real estate
    education fund, section 467-19, the contractors recovery fund,
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    section 444-26, the contractors education fund, section 444-29,
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    the condominium management education fund, section 514A-131, and
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    the condominium education trust fund, section 514B-71. Any law
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    to the contrary notwithstanding, the director may use the moneys
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    in the fund to employ, without regard to chapter 76, hearings
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    officers and attorneys [-] and the executive director and hearing
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    officer of the medical claim conciliation office. All other
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    employees may be employed in accordance with chapter 76. Any
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    law to the contrary notwithstanding, the moneys in the fund
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    shall be used to fund the operations of the department.
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    moneys in the fund may be used to train personnel as the
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    director deems necessary and for any other activity related to
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    compliance resolution.
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         As used in this subsection, unless otherwise required by
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    the context, "compliance resolution" means a determination of
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whether:

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1	(1)	Any licensee or applicant under any chapter subject to
2		the jurisdiction of the department of commerce and
3		consumer affairs has complied with that chapter;
4	(2)	Any person subject to chapter 485A has complied with
5		that chapter;
6	(3)	Any person submitting any filing required by chapter
7		514E or section 485A-202(a)(26) has complied with
8		chapter 514E or section 485A-202(a)(26);
9	(4)	Any person has complied with the prohibitions against
10		unfair and deceptive acts or practices in trade or
11		commerce; or
12	(5)	Any person subject to chapter 467B has complied with
13		that chapter;
14	and includes work involved in or supporting the above functions,	
15	licensing, or registration of individuals or companies regulated	
16	by the department, consumer protection, and other activities of	
17	the department.	
18	The	director shall prepare and submit an annual report to
19	the governor and the legislature on the use of the compliance	
20	resolution fund. The report shall describe expenditures made	
21	from the fund including non-payroll operating expenses."	

1 SECTION 3. Section 657-7.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 amended to read as follows: "§657-7.3 Medical torts; limitation of actions; time. 3 4 [No] Except for medical tort claims covered by chapter 671, no 5 action for injury or death against a chiropractor, clinical 6 laboratory technologist or technician, dentist, naturopath, 7 nurse, nursing home administrator, dispensing optician, 8 optometrist, osteopath, physician or surgeon, physical 9 therapist, podiatrist, psychologist, or veterinarian duly 10 licensed or registered under the laws of the State, or a licensed hospital as the employer of any such person, based upon 11 12 such person's alleged professional negligence, or for rendering 13 professional services without consent, or for error or omission 14 in such person's practice, shall be brought more than two years 15 after the plaintiff discovers, or through the use of reasonable 16 diligence should have discovered, the injury, but in any event 17 not more than six years after the date of the alleged act or 18 omission causing the injury or death. This six-year time 19 limitation shall be tolled for any period during which the person has failed to disclose any act, error, or omission upon 20 which the action is based and which is known to the person. 21

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         Actions by a minor shall be commenced within six years from
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    the date of the alleged wrongful act except the actions by a
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    minor under the age of ten years shall be commenced within six
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    years or by the minor's tenth birthday, whichever provides a
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    longer period. Such time limitation shall be tolled for any
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    minor for any period during which the parent, guardian, insurer,
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    or health care provider has committed fraud or gross negligence,
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    or has been a party to a collusion in the failure to bring
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    action on behalf of the injured minor for a medical tort. The
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    time limitation shall also be tolled for any period during which
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    the minor's injury or illness alleged to have arisen, in whole
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    or in part, from the alleged wrongful act or omission could not
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    have been discovered through the use of reasonable diligence."
         SECTION 4. Section 671-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
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    amended to read as follows:
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         "$671-4 Notice of damages. (a) In any medical tort
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    action, the party against whom the [complaint,] claim,
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    counterclaim, or cross-claim is made at any time may request a
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    statement setting forth the nature and amount of the damages
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    sought. The request shall be served upon the [complainant,]
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    claimant, counterclaimant, or cross-claimant who shall serve a
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    responsive statement as to the damages within fifteen days
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- 1 thereafter. In the event a response is not served, the
- 2 requesting party may petition the [court] medical claim hearing
- 3 officer with notice to the other parties, to order the
- 4 appropriate party to serve a responsive statement.
- 5 (b) If no request is made for a statement setting forth
- 6 the nature and amount of damages sought, the [complainant,]
- 7 claimant, counterclaimant, or cross-claimant, as the case may
- 8 be, shall give notice to the other of the amount of special and
- 9 general damages sought to be recovered, either before a default
- 10 may be taken, or in the event an answer is filed, [at least
- 11 sixty days prior to the date set for trial.] prior to the
- 12 hearing, in accordance with rules adopted by the director."
- 13 SECTION 5. Part II of Chapter 671, Hawaii Revised
- 14 Statutes, is repealed.
- 15 SECTION 6. In codifying the new sections added by section
- 16 1 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall substitute
- 17 appropriate section numbers for the letters used in designating
- 18 the new sections in this Act.
- 19 SECTION 7. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 20 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

SECTION 8. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

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INTRODUCED BY:

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#### Report Title:

Medical Torts; Medical Claim Conciliation

#### Description:

Establishes the medical claim conciliation hearing office and the positions of executive director and hearing officer. Directs the hearing officer to conduct hearings on medical claims in accordance with the administrative procedure act. Makes opinions issued by the hearing officer binding upon the parties. Repeals the medical claim conciliation panel.