<u>H</u>.B. NO. 1113

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO EPIDEMIOLOGIC INVESTIGATIONS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECTION 1. Section 321-29, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
 amended to read as follows:

3 "[+]\$321-29[+] Epidemiologic investigations. (a) The
4 department may conduct investigations to determine the nature
5 and extent of diseases and injuries deemed by the department to
6 threaten the public health and safety.

(b) Every person, health care provider, and medical 7 facility shall provide the patient's name, the name of a minor 8 patient's parent or guardian, address, telephone number, age, 9 sex, race or ethnicity, clinical signs and symptoms, laboratory 10 11 test results, diagnostic interview data, treatment provided, and 12 the disposition of the patient when requested by an authorized representative of the director for the purpose of conducting 13 such an investigation. The authorized representative may [only] 14 view only the limited portion of the patient's medical record[7 15 which] that is directly relevant in time and scope to the 16 subject of the investigation. 17

H.B. NO. 1113

(c) Every person, company, organization, association, 1 health care provider, medical facility, or any other possible 2 source of information shall provide names, addresses, telephone 3 numbers, and locating information regarding an individual or 4 group of individuals suspected of having been exposed to a 5 disease or disease-causing substance that is the subject of an 6 epidemiologic investigation when requested by an authorized 7 representative of the director. 8 For the purposes of this subsection, "locating information" 9 includes information contained in appointment, reservation, 10 registration, invitation, attendance, billing, payment lists, or 11 12 any other record that may help the department identify, locate, or contact individuals or groups suspected of having been 13 exposed to a disease under investigation. 14 (d) When, in the opinion of the director or the director's 15 authorized representative, reasonable cause exists for the 16 17 investigation of a disease or series of injuries deemed by the department to threaten the public health or safety that requires 18 the collection of plant, animal, food, or environmental samples 19 for testing, an authorized representative of the department, 20 21 during regular working hours or at other reasonable times may demand entry on to any premises, public or private, for the 22

<u>I</u>.B. NO. <u>|113</u>

1	purpose of conducting an administrative investigation, to secure		
2	or collect any samples or specimens deemed necessary to conduct		
3	the investigation successfully, provided that:		
4	(1)	No entry shall occur without consent by the owner,	
5		owner's agent, or person in lawful control of the	
6		property to investigate and collect samples or without	
7		the issuance of an administrative investigation	
8		warrant, except when exigent circumstances presenting	
9		imminent danger to public health and safety or the	
10		environment exist;	
11	(2)	The investigation shall be limited to only those	
12		actions that are necessary to confirm or deny the	
13		cause that prompted the investigation;	
14	(3)	The authorized representatives shall be liable only	
15		for damage caused by acts beyond the scope of the	
16		representatives' authority or by the representatives'	
17		gross negligence or intentional misconduct; and	
18	(4)	If the representative obtains any samples prior to	
19		leaving the premises, the representative shall leave	
20		an inventory describing any samples obtained, and the	
21		department shall make split samples available to the	
22		person whose premises is being investigated.	

<u>H</u>.B. NO. <u>|||3</u>

1	For the purposes of this subsection, "administrative		
2	investigation" means any investigation, independent of a criminal		
3	investigation, that is conducted for the purpose of determining		
4	the existence of disease or series of injuries deemed by the		
5	department to threaten the public health or safety. An		
6	administrative investigation may involve the examination of real		
7	or personal property, records, equipment, buildings, products,		
8	by-products, wastes, processes, activities, environmental		
9	conditions (i.e., air, soil, and water quality), or other		
10	property or activities. The scope of an administrative		
11	investigation may be limited by consent or by the terms of an		
12	administrative investigation warrant or other court order.		
13	(e) If consent to investigate is denied under subsection		
14	(d), the department representative may apply to the district		
15	court in the circuit in which the property is located for an		
16	administrative investigation warrant to enter the premises to		
17	effectuate the purposes of this section. The district court may		
18	issue an administrative investigation warrant directing a police		
19	officer of the circuit to assist the department representative		
20	in gaining entry onto the premises during regular working hours		
21	or at other reasonable times. The warrant may command the		
22	police officer to take sufficient aid, and being accompanied by		

HTH-04(09)

Page 4

₽.B. NO. 1113

1	a representative of the department, to go to the premises
2	described in the warrant and seize, secure, or collect, under
3	directions of the representative, or allow the representative to
4	seize, secure, or collect plant, animal, food, or environmental
5	samples deemed necessary to conduct the investigation
6	successfully. A district court may issue an administrative
7	investigation warrant if sufficient facts are presented to the
8	court that would establish probable cause for the search.
9	Probable cause for the search shall be established by affidavit
10	demonstrating: (1) that there is reasonable cause for the
11	investigation of the particular premises at issue, (2) that the
12	investigation is necessary for the protection of public health
13	and safety under this section, and (3) that consent to search
14	the particular premises has been denied under subsection (d).
15	The authorized representatives and police officers shall be
16	liable only for damage caused by acts beyond the scope of the
17	representatives' or officers' authorities or by the
18	representatives' or officers' gross negligence or intentional
19	misconduct. A copy of the administrative investigation warrant
20	and all supporting affidavits shall be provided to the person
21	served or left at the entry of the investigated premises.

Page 5

<u>H</u>.B. NO. <u>1113</u>

[(d)] (f) No person, company, organization, association,
 health care provider, medical facility, or other source that
 provides information requested by an authorized representative
 of the director, for the purpose of conducting an investigation
 under this section, shall be held civilly or criminally liable
 for providing that information to the department.

7 [+(e)] (g) All information provided to the department under this section shall be kept strictly confidential, except as the 8 director determines is necessary to protect the public health 9 and safety. Access to confidential records shall be restricted 10 to those individuals specifically authorized to participate in 11 12 any given investigation. However, epidemiologic and statistical information with no individual identifying information may be 13 released to the public. The identities of individuals whose 14 15 medical records are investigated shall be disclosed only to 16 those persons authorized by the director or the director's representative to conduct a specific investigation under this 17 18 section or determined by the director to be necessary to protect 19 the health and safety of the public.

20 (h) The director shall adopt rules under chapter 91 as are
21 appropriate to carry out the purposes of this section and for

Page 7

<u>H</u>.B. NO. 1113

1	the effic	ient administration thereof. The rules shall be	
2	designed to:		
3	(1)	Establish administrative remedies for the owner,	
4		owner's agent, or person in lawful control of the	
5		property to file a claim with the department for	
6		damaged and seized property; provided that there shall	
7		be no administrative remedy for the seizure of de	
8		minimus samples;	
9	(2)	Provide notice to the owner, owner's agent, or person	
10		in lawful control of the property of the	
11		administrative remedies available for damaged and	
12		seized property; and	
13	(3)	Provide penalties for the failure to comply with any	
14		rule."	
15	SECI	YION 2. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed	
16	and stric	ken. New statutory material is underscored.	
17	SECI	YION 3. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.	
18 19		INTRODUCED BY: Cabin Ky Asy	
20		BY REQUEST	
		JAN 2 6 2009	

Report Title:

Epidemiologic Investigations

Description:

Grants the Department of Health authority to take samples necessary for epidemiologic investigations.

HB 1113

JUSTIFICATION SHEET

DEPARTMENT:	Health
TITLE:	A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO EPIDEMIOLOGIC INVESTIGATIONS.
PURPOSE:	To authorize the Department of Health to take samples necessary for an epidemiologic investigation.
MEANS:	Amend section 321-29, Hawaii Revised Statutes.
JUSTIFICATION:	Interruption, containment, and prevention of outbreaks of dangerous diseases depend on timely epidemiological investigations that include tracing the possible sources and tracking the spread of disease. Epidemiological investigations have been impeded by refusal of individuals to allow department investigators to gain access to implicated premises to obtain samples necessary for analysis. Collection and analysis of plant, animal, food, or environmental samples associated with an outbreak investigation can identify the source and specific type of microbiological or chemical contamination. Analytical testing results provide essential data needed to make recommendations for remediation of an existing outbreak as well as prevention of future serious outbreaks. Lack of authority to take samples of potentially contaminated materials can impede an epidemiological investigation necessary to protect the public health. <u>Impact on the public</u> : Authority to take samples for laboratory analysis can protect the public health and welfare by enabling or facilitating accurate determination of disease threats which is needed to prevent and control associated disease outbreaks.

HB 1113

Impact on the department and other agencies: Authority to take samples for laboratory analysis will facilitate the department's ability to investigate, control, and prevent threats to public health.

GENERAL FUND: No additional state funds would be required to implement this proposal. Programs would prioritize expenditures to meet administrative remedy obligations with existing resources.

OTHER FUNDS: None.

PPBS PROGRAM DESIGNATION: HTH-131.

OTHER AFFECTED AGENCIES:

EFFECTIVE DATE: Upon approval.

None.