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A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO THE INTERSTATE COMPACT ON EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR MILITARY CHILDREN.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by
2	adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read
3	as follows:
4	"CHAPTER
5	INTERSTATE COMPACT ON EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR MILITARY
6	CHILDREN.
7	§ -1 Terms and provisions of compact. The Interstate
8	Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military Children is
9	hereby entered into and enacted into law with all contracting
10	states joining therein, in the form substantially as follows:
11	INTERSTATE COMPACT ON EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR MILITARY
12	CHILDREN
13	ARTICLE I
14	PURPOSE
15	It is the purpose of this compact to remove barriers to
16	educational success imposed on children of military families
17	because of frequent moves and deployment of their parents by:

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A. Facilitating the timely enrollment of children of
 military families and ensuring that they are not placed at a
 disadvantage due to difficulty in the transfer of education
 records from the previous school district(s) or variations in
 entrance/age requirements.

B. Facilitating the student placement process through
which children of military families are not disadvantaged by
variations in attendance requirements, scheduling, sequencing,
grading, course content or assessment.

10 C. Facilitating the qualification and eligibility for
11 enrollment, educational programs, and participation in
12 extracurricular academic, athletic, and social activities.

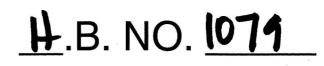
D. Facilitating the on-time graduation of children ofmilitary families.

E. Providing for the promulgation and enforcement of
administrative rules implementing the provisions of this
compact.

F. Providing for the uniform collection and sharing of
information between and among member states, schools and
military families under this compact.

G. Promoting coordination between this compact and othercompacts affecting military children.

1	H. Promoting flexibility and cooperation between the
2	educational system, parents and the student in order to achieve
3	educational success for the student.
4	ARTICLE II
5	DEFINITIONS
6	As used in this compact, unless the context clearly
7	requires a different construction:
8	A. "Active duty" means: full-time duty status in the
9	active uniformed service of the United States, including members
10	of the National Guard and Reserve on active duty orders pursuant
11	to 10 U.S.C. Sections 1209 and 1211.
12	B. "Children of military families" means: a school-aged
13	child(ren), enrolled in Kindergarten through Twelfth (12th)
14	grade, in the household of an active duty member.
15	C. "Compact commissioner" means: the voting representative
16	of each compacting state appointed pursuant to Article VIII of
17	this compact.
18	D. "Deployment" means: the period one (1) month prior to
19	the service members' departure from their home station on
20	military orders through six (6) months after return to their
21	home station.



1 Ε. "Education(al) records" means: those official records, files, and data directly related to a student and maintained by 2 the school or local education agency, including but not limited 3 4 to records encompassing all the material kept in the student's cumulative folder such as general identifying data, records of 5 attendance and of academic work completed, records of 6 7 achievement and results of evaluative tests, health data, disciplinary status, test protocols, and individualized 8 9 education programs.

F. "Extracurricular activities" means: a voluntary
activity sponsored by the school or local education agency or an
organization sanctioned by the local education agency.
Extracurricular activities include, but are not limited to,
preparation for and involvement in public performances,
contests, athletic competitions, demonstrations, displays, and
club activities.

G. "Interstate Commission on Educational Opportunity for
Military Children" means: the commission that is created under
Article IX of this compact, which is generally referred to as
Interstate Commission.

H. "Local education agency" means: a public authority
legally constituted by the state as an administrative agency to

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provide control of and direction for Kindergarten through
 Twelfth (12th) grade public educational institutions.

3 I. "Member state" means: a state that has enacted this4 compact.

5 J. "Military installation" means: a base, camp, post, station, yard, center, homeport facility for any ship, or other 6 7 activity under the jurisdiction of the Department of Defense, 8 including any leased facility, which is located within any of 9 the several States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, 10 the Northern Marianas Islands and any other U.S. Territory. Such 11 term does not include any facility used primarily for civil 12 works, rivers and harbors projects, or flood control projects. 13 Κ. "Non-member state" means: a state that has not enacted 14

15 this compact.

16 L. "Receiving state" means: the state to which a child of 17 a military family is sent, brought, or caused to be sent or 18 brought.

M. "Rule" means: a written statement by the Interstate
Commission promulgated pursuant to Article XII of this compact
that is of general applicability, implements, interprets or
prescribes a policy or provision of the Compact, or an

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organizational, procedural, or practice requirement of the 1 Interstate Commission, and has the force and effect of statutory 2 3 law in a member state, and includes the amendment, repeal, or suspension of an existing rule. 4 "Sending state" means: the state from which a child of 5 Ν. a military family is sent, brought, or caused to be sent or 6 7 brought. "State" means: a state of the United States, the 8 0. District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the U.S. 9 Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Northern Marianas 10 11 Islands and any other U.S. Territory. Ρ. "Student" means: the child of a military family for 12 whom the local education agency receives public funding and who 13 is formally enrolled in Kindergarten through Twelfth (12th) 14 15 grade. "Transition" means: 1) the formal and physical process 16 0. of transferring from school to school or 2) the period of time 17 in which a student moves from one school in the sending state to 18 19 another school in the receiving state.

20 R. "Uniformed service(s)" means: the Army, Navy, Air
21 Force, Marine Corps, Coast Guard as well as the Commissioned

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1	Corps of	the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration,
2	and Publ	ic Health Services.
3	S.	"Veteran" means: a person who served in the uniformed
4	services	and who was discharged or released there from under
5	condition	ns other than dishonorable.
6		ARTICLE III
7		APPLICABILITY
8	Α.	Except as otherwise provided in Section B, this compact
9	shall app	ply to the children of:
10	1.	Active duty members of the uniformed services as
11		defined in this compact, including members of the
12		National Guard and Reserve on active duty orders
13		pursuant to 10 U.S.C. Sections 1209 and 1211;
14	2.	Members or veterans of the uniformed services who are
15		severely injured and medically discharged or retired
16		for a period of one (1) year after medical discharge or
17		retirement; and
18	3.	Members of the uniformed services who die on active
19		duty or as a result of injuries sustained on active
20		duty for a period of one (1) year after death.
21	в.	The provisions of this interstate compact shall only
22	apply to	local education agencies as defined in this compact.

1	С.	The provisions of this compact shall not apply to the
2	children	of:
3	1.	Inactive members of the national guard and military
4		reserves;
5	2.	Members of the uniformed services now retired, except
6		as provided in Section A;
7	3.	Veterans of the uniformed services, except as provided
8		in Section A; and
9	4.	Other U.S. Department of Defense personnel and other
10		federal agency civilian and contract employees not
11		defined as active duty members of the uniformed
12		services.
13		ARTICLE IV
14		EDUCATIONAL RECORDS AND ENROLLMENT
15	A.	Unofficial or "hand-carried" education records - In the
16	event tha	at official education records cannot be released to the
16 17		
	parents i	at official education records cannot be released to the
17	parents f	at official education records cannot be released to the For the purpose of transfer, the custodian of the
17 18	parents f records f parent a	at official education records cannot be released to the for the purpose of transfer, the custodian of the in the sending state shall prepare and furnish to the
17 18 19	parents f records f parent a containin	at official education records cannot be released to the for the purpose of transfer, the custodian of the in the sending state shall prepare and furnish to the complete set of unofficial educational records

appropriately place the student based on the information
 provided in the unofficial records pending validation by the
 official records, as quickly as possible.

Official education records/transcripts - Simultaneous в. 4 with the enrollment and conditional placement of the student, 5 the school in the receiving state shall request the student's 6 7 official education record from the school in the sending state. Upon receipt of this request, the school in the sending state 8 will process and furnish the official education records to the 9 school in the receiving state within ten (10) days or within 10 such time as is reasonably determined under the rules 11 promulgated by the Interstate Commission. 12

с. Immunizations - Compacting states shall give thirty 13 14 (30) days from the date of enrollment or within such time as is reasonably determined under the rules promulgated by the 15 Interstate Commission, for students to obtain any 16 17 immunization(s) required by the receiving state. For a series 18 of immunizations, initial vaccinations must be obtained within 19 thirty (30) days or within such time as is reasonably determined under the rules promulgated by the Interstate Commission. 20

D. Kindergarten and First grade entrance age - Students
shall be allowed to continue their enrollment at grade level in

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1 the receiving state commensurate with their grade level (including Kindergarten) from a local education agency in the 2 sending state at the time of transition, regardless of age. A 3 student that has satisfactorily completed the prerequisite grade 4 level in the local education agency in the sending state shall 5 be eligible for enrollment in the next highest grade level in 6 7 the receiving state, regardless of age. A student transferring after the start of the school year in the receiving state shall 8 enter the school in the receiving state on their validated level 9 from an accredited school in the sending state. 10

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ARTICLE V

PLACEMENT AND ATTENDANCE

Course placement - When the student transfers before or 13 Α. 14 during the school year, the receiving state school shall initially honor placement of the student in educational courses 15 based on the student's enrollment in the sending state school 16 17 and/or educational assessments conducted at the school in the 18 sending state if the courses are offered. Course placement 19 includes but is not limited to Honors, International Baccalaureate, Advanced Placement, vocational, technical and 20 career pathways courses. Continuing the student's academic 21 22 program from the previous school and promoting placement in

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academically and career challenging courses should be paramount
 when considering placement. This does not preclude the school
 in the receiving state from performing subsequent evaluations to
 ensure appropriate placement and continued enrollment of the
 student in the course(s).

Β. Educational program placement - The receiving state 6 7 school shall initially honor placement of the student in educational programs based on current educational assessments 8 conducted at the school in the sending state or 9 participation/placement in like programs in the sending state. 10 Such programs include, but are not limited to: 1) gifted and 11 talented programs; and 2) English as a second language (ESL). 12 This does not preclude the school in the receiving state from 13 14 performing subsequent evaluations to ensure appropriate placement of the student. 15

C. Special education services - 1) In compliance with the
federal requirements of the Individuals with Disabilities
Education Act (IDEA), 20 U.S.C.A. Section 1400 et seq., the
receiving state shall initially provide comparable services to a
student with disabilities based on his/her current
Individualized Education Program (IEP); and 2) In compliance
with the requirements of Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act,

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29 U.S.C.A. Section 794, and with Title II of the Americans with 1 2 Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C.A. Sections 12131-12165, the receiving state shall make reasonable accommodations and 3 modifications to address the needs of incoming students with 4 disabilities, subject to an existing 504 or Title II Plan, to 5 provide the student with equal access to education. This does 6 not preclude the school in the receiving state from performing 7 subsequent evaluations to ensure appropriate placement of the 8 student. 9

D. Placement flexibility - Local education agency
administrative officials shall have flexibility in waiving
course/program prerequisites, or other preconditions for
placement in courses/programs offered under the jurisdiction of
the local education agency.

E. Absence as related to deployment activities - A student whose parent or legal guardian is an active duty member of the uniformed services, as defined by the compact, and has been called to duty for, is on leave from, or immediately returned from deployment to a combat zone or combat support posting, shall be granted additional excused absences at the discretion of the local education agency superintendent to visit with his

1	or her p	arent or legal guardian relative to such leave or
2	deployme	nt of the parent or guardian.
3		ARTICLE VI
4		ELIGIBILITY
5	Α.	Eligibility for enrollment
6	1.	Special power of attorney, relative to the guardianship
7		of a child of a military family and executed under
8		applicable law shall be sufficient for the purposes of
9		enrollment and all other actions requiring parental
10		participation and consent.
11	2.	A local education agency shall be prohibited from
12		charging local tuition to a transitioning military
13		child placed in the care of a non-custodial parent or
14		other person standing in loco parentis who lives in a
15		jurisdiction other than that of the custodial parent.
16	3.	A transitioning military child, placed in the care of a
17		non-custodial parent or other person standing in loco
18		parentis who lives in a jurisdiction other than that of
19		the custodial parent, may continue to attend the school
20		in which he/she was enrolled while residing with the
21		custodial parent.

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1	B. Eligibility for extracurricular participation - State	
2	and local education agencies shall facilitate the opportunity	
3	for transitioning military children's inclusion in	
4	extracurricular activities, regardless of application deadlines,	
5	to the extent they are otherwise qualified.	
6	ARTICLE VII	
7	GRADUATION	
8	In order to facilitate the on-time graduation of children	
9	of military families states and local education agencies shall	
10	incorporate the following procedures:	
11	A. Waiver requirements - Local education agency	
12	administrative officials shall waive specific courses required	
13	for graduation if similar course work has been satisfactorily	
14	completed in another local education agency or shall provide	
15	reasonable justification for denial. Should a waiver not be	
16	granted to a student who would qualify to graduate from the	
17	sending school, the local education agency shall provide an	
18	alternative means of acquiring required coursework so that	
19	graduation may occur on time.	
20	B. Exit exams - States shall accept: 1) exit or end-of-	
21	course exams required for graduation from the sending state; or	
22	2) national norm-referenced achievement tests or 3) alternative	

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testing, in lieu of testing requirements for graduation in the
 receiving state. In the event the above alternatives cannot be
 accommodated by the receiving state for a student transferring
 in his or her Senior year, then the provisions of Article VII,
 Section C shall apply.

6 C. Transfers during Senior year - Should a military student transferring at the beginning or during his or her 7 8 Senior year be ineligible to graduate from the receiving local 9 education agency after all alternatives have been considered, 10 the sending and receiving local education agencies shall ensure the receipt of a diploma from the sending local education 11 agency, if the student meets the graduation requirements of the 12 13 sending local education agency. In the event that one of the states in question is not a member of this compact, the member 14 state shall use best efforts to facilitate the on-time 15 graduation of the student in accordance with Sections A and B of 16 this Article. 17

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ARTICLE VIII

STATE COORDINATION

A. Each member state shall, through the creation of a
State Council or use of an existing body or board, provide for
the coordination among its agencies of government, local

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education agencies and military installations concerning the 1 state's participation in, and compliance with, this compact and 2 3 Interstate Commission activities. While each member state may determine the membership of its own State Council, its 4 membership must include at least: the state superintendent of 5 education, superintendent of a school district with a high 6 concentration of military children, representative from a 7 8 military installation, one representative each from the legislative and executive branches of government, and other 9 offices and stakeholder groups the State Council deems 10 appropriate. A member state that does not have a school 11 district deemed to contain a high concentration of military 12 children may appoint a superintendent from another school 13 district to represent local education agencies on the State 14 15 Council.

B. The State Council of each member state shall appoint or
designate a military family education liaison to assist military
families and the state in facilitating the implementation of
this compact.

20 C. The compact commissioner responsible for the21 administration and management of the state's participation in

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1	the compact shall be appointed by the Governor or as otherwise
2	determined by each member state.
3	D. The compact commissioner and the military family
4	education liaison designated herein shall be ex-officio members
5	of the State Council, unless either is already a full voting
6	member of the State Council.
7	ARTICLE IX
8	INTERSTATE COMMISSION ON EDUCATIONAL
9	OPPORTUNITY FOR MILITARY CHILDREN
10	The member states hereby create the "Interstate Commission
11	on Educational Opportunity for Military Children." The
12	activities of the Interstate Commission are the formation of
13	public policy and are a discretionary state function. The
14	Interstate Commission shall:
15	A. Be a body corporate and joint agency of the member
16	states and shall have all the responsibilities, powers and
17	duties set forth herein, and such additional powers as may be
18	conferred upon it by a subsequent concurrent action of the
19	respective legislatures of the member states in accordance with
20	the terms of this compact.

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1	В.	Consist of one Interstate Commission voting
2	represen	tative from each member state who shall be that state's
3	compact	commissioner.
4	1.	Each member state represented at a meeting of the
5		Interstate Commission is entitled to one vote.
6	2.	A majority of the total member states shall constitute
7		a quorum for the transaction of business, unless a
8		larger quorum is required by the bylaws of the
9		Interstate Commission.
10	3.	A representative shall not delegate a vote to another
11		member state. In the event the compact commissioner is
12		unable to attend a meeting of the Interstate Commission,
13		the Governor or State Council may delegate voting
14		authority to another person from their state for a
15		specified meeting.
16	4.	The bylaws may provide for meetings of the Interstate
17		Commission to be conducted by telecommunication or
18		electronic communication.
19	с.	Consist of ex-officio, non-voting representatives who
20	are memb	ers of interested organizations. Such ex-officio
21	members,	as defined in the bylaws, may include but not be
22	limited	to, members of the representative organizations of

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1 military family advocates, local education agency officials,
2 parent and teacher groups, the U.S. Department of Defense, the
3 Education Commission of the States, the Interstate Agreement on
4 the Qualification of Educational Personnel and other interstate
5 compacts affecting the education of children of military
6 members.

7 Meet at least once each calendar year. The chairperson D. may call additional meetings and, upon the request of a simple 8 9 majority of the member states, shall call additional meetings. Establish an executive committee, whose members shall 10 Ε. include the officers of the Interstate Commission and such other 11 members of the Interstate Commission as determined by the 12 13 bylaws. Members of the executive committee shall serve a one 14 year term. Members of the executive committee shall be entitled to one vote each. The executive committee shall have the power 15 to act on behalf of the Interstate Commission, with the 16 17 exception of rulemaking, during periods when the Interstate 18 Commission is not in session. The executive committee shall oversee the day-to-day activities of the administration of the 19 compact including enforcement and compliance with the provisions 20 21 of the compact, its bylaws and rules, and other such duties as

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deemed necessary. The U.S. Department of Defense, shall serve 1 as an ex-officio, nonvoting member of the executive committee. 2 3 F. Establish bylaws and rules that provide for conditions and procedures under which the Interstate Commission shall make 4 its information and official records available to the public for 5 inspection or copying. The Interstate Commission may exempt 6 from disclosure information or official records to the extent 7 they would adversely affect personal privacy rights or 8 proprietary interests. 9

G. Give public notice of all meetings and all meetings
shall be open to the public, except as set forth in the rules or
as otherwise provided in the compact. The Interstate Commission
and its committees may close a meeting, or portion thereof,
where it determines by two-thirds vote that an open meeting
would be likely to:

Relate solely to the Interstate Commission's internal
 personnel practices and procedures;

18 2. Disclose matters specifically exempted from disclosure19 by federal and state statute;

20 3. Disclose trade secrets or commercial or financial
21 information which is privileged or confidential;

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1	4.	Involve accusing a person of a crime, or formally
2		censuring a person;
3	5.	Disclose information of a personal nature where
4		disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted
5		invasion of personal privacy;
6	6.	Disclose investigative records compiled for law
7		enforcement purposes; or
8	7.	Specifically relate to the Interstate Commission's
9		participation in a civil action or other legal
10		proceeding.
11	н.	Cause its legal counsel or designee to certify that a
12	meeting 1	may be closed and shall reference each relevant
13	exemptib	le provision for any meeting, or portion of a meeting,
14	which is	closed pursuant to this provision. The Interstate
15	Commissio	on shall keep minutes which shall fully and clearly
16	describe	all matters discussed in a meeting and shall provide a
17	full and	accurate summary of actions taken, and the reasons
18	therefore	e, including a description of the views expressed and the
19	record of	f a roll call vote. All documents considered in
20	connectio	on with an action shall be identified in such minutes.
21	All minu	tes and documents of a closed meeting shall remain under

seal, subject to release by a majority vote of the Interstate
 Commission.

I. Collect standardized data concerning the educational 3 transition of the children of military families under this 4 compact as directed through its rules which shall specify the 5 data to be collected, the means of collection and data exchange 6 and reporting requirements. Such methods of data collection, 7 exchange and reporting shall, in so far as is reasonably 8 possible, conform to current technology and coordinate its 9 information functions with the appropriate custodian of records 10 as identified in the bylaws and rules. 11

J. Create a process that permits military officials, 12 education officials and parents to inform the Interstate 13 Commission if and when there are alleged violations of the 14 15 compact or its rules or when issues subject to the jurisdiction of the compact or its rules are not addressed by the state or 16 local education agency. This section shall not be construed to 17 create a private right of action against the Interstate 18 19 Commission or any member state.

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ARTICLE X

21 POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION

22 The Interstate Commission shall have the following powers:

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To provide for dispute resolution among member states. 1 Α. To promulgate rules and take all necessary actions to 2 Β. effect the goals, purposes and obligations as enumerated in this 3 compact. The rules shall have the force and effect of statutory 4 law and shall be binding in the compact states to the extent and 5 6 in the manner provided in this compact. 7 C. To issue, upon request of a member state, advisory 8 opinions concerning the meaning or interpretation of the 9 interstate compact, its bylaws, rules and actions. 10 D. To enforce compliance with the compact provisions, the 11 rules promulgated by the Interstate Commission, and the bylaws, 12 using all necessary and proper means, including but not limited 13 to the use of judicial process. To establish and maintain offices which shall be 14 Ε. located within one or more of the member states. 15 F. To purchase and maintain insurance and bonds. 16 To borrow, accept, hire or contract for services of 17 G. personnel. 18 To establish and appoint committees including, but not 19 Η. limited to, an executive committee as required by Article IX, 20 Section E, which shall have the power to act on behalf of the 21

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Interstate Commission in carrying out its powers and duties
 hereunder.

I. To elect or appoint such officers, attorneys,
employees, agents, or consultants, and to fix their
compensation, define their duties and determine their
qualifications; and to establish the Interstate Commission's
personnel policies and programs relating to conflicts of
interest, rates of compensation, and qualifications of
personnel.

J. To accept any and all donations and grants of money,
equipment, supplies, materials, and services, and to receive,
utilize, and dispose of it.

K. To lease, purchase, accept contributions or donations
of, or otherwise to own, hold, improve or use any property,
real, personal, or mixed.

16 L. To sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange,
17 abandon, or otherwise dispose of any property, real, personal or
18 mixed.

19 M. To establish a budget and make expenditures.

N. To adopt a seal and bylaws governing the management andoperation of the Interstate Commission.

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0. To report annually to the legislatures, governors, 1 judiciary, and state councils of the member states concerning 2 the activities of the Interstate Commission during the preceding 3 year. Such reports shall also include any recommendations that 4 may have been adopted by the Interstate Commission. 5 P. To coordinate education, training and public awareness 6 regarding the compact, its implementation and operation for 7 8 officials and parents involved in such activity. 9 Q. To establish uniform standards for the reporting, collecting and exchanging of data. 10 11 R. To maintain corporate books and records in accordance 12 with the bylaws. 13 s. To perform such functions as may be necessary or appropriate to achieve the purposes of this compact. 14 To provide for the uniform collection and sharing of 15 т. information between and among member states, schools and 16 military families under this compact. 17 ARTICLE XI 18 ORGANIZATION AND OPERATION OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION 19 The Interstate Commission shall, by a majority of the 20 Α. members present and voting, within twelve (12) months after the 21 first Interstate Commission meeting, adopt bylaws to govern its 22

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1 conduct as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes of the compact, including, but not limited to: 2 1. Establishing the fiscal year of the Interstate 3 Commission; 4 2. Establishing an executive committee, and such other 5 Committees as may be necessary; 6 Providing for the establishment of committees and for 7 3. governing any general or specific delegation of 8 9 authority or function of the Interstate Commission; 4. Providing reasonable procedures for calling and 10 conducting meetings of the Interstate Commission, and 11 ensuring reasonable notice of each such meeting; 12 Establishing the titles and responsibilities of the 13 5. 14 officers and staff of the Interstate Commission; Providing a mechanism for concluding the operations of 6. 15 the Interstate Commission and the return of surplus 16 17 funds that may exist upon the termination of the 18 compact after the payment and reserving of all of its debts and obligations. 19 7. Providing "start up" rules for initial administration 20

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of the compact.

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1 в. The Interstate Commission shall, by a majority of the members, elect annually from among its members a chairperson, a 2 3 vice-chairperson, and a treasurer, each of whom shall have such 4 authority and duties as may be specified in the bylaws. The chairperson or, in the chairperson's absence or disability, the 5 vice-chairperson, shall preside at all meetings of the 6 Interstate Commission. The officers so elected shall serve 7 8 without compensation or remuneration from the Interstate Commission; provided that, subject to the availability of 9 budgeted funds, the officers shall be reimbursed for ordinary 10 and necessary costs and expenses incurred by them in the 11 performance of their responsibilities as officers of the 12 13 Interstate Commission. Executive Committee, Officers and Personnel С. 14 1. The executive committee shall have such authority and 15 duties as may be set forth in the bylaws, including but 16 not limited to: 17 Managing the affairs of the Interstate Commission 18 a. 19 in a manner consistent with the bylaws and purposes of the Interstate Commission; 20 21 b. Overseeing an organizational structure within, and appropriate procedures for the Interstate 22

1		Commission to provide for the creation of rules,
2		operating procedures, and administrative and
3		technical support functions; and
4		c. Planning, implementing, and coordinating
5		communications and activities with other state,
6		federal and local government organizations in order
7		to advance the goals of the Interstate Commission.
8	2.	The executive committee may, subject to the approval of
9		the Interstate Commission, appoint or retain an
10		executive director for such period, upon such terms and
11		conditions and for such compensation, as the Interstate
12		Commission may deem appropriate. The executive
13		director shall serve as secretary to the Interstate
14		Commission, but shall not be a Member of the Interstate
15		Commission. The executive director shall hire and
16		supervise such other persons as may be authorized by
17		the Interstate Commission.
18	D.	The Interstate Commission's executive director and its
10	employee	s shall be immune from suit and liability either

19 employees shall be immune from suit and liability, either
20 personally or in their official capacity, for a claim for damage
21 to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil
22 liability caused or arising out of or relating to an actual or

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alleged act, error, or omission that occurred, or that such 1 person had a reasonable basis for believing occurred, within the 2 scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or 3 4 responsibilities; provided that such person shall not be protected from suit or liability for damage, loss, injury, or 5 liability caused by the intentional or willful and wanton 6 misconduct of such person. 7 8 1. The liability of the Interstate Commission's executive director and employees or Interstate Commission 9 representatives, acting within the scope of such 10 person's employment or duties for acts, errors, or 11 omissions occurring within such person's state may not 12 exceed the limits of liability set forth under the 13 Constitution and laws of that state for state 14 officials, employees, and agents. The Interstate 15 Commission is considered to be an instrumentality of 16 the states for the purposes of any such action. 17 Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to 18 protect such person from suit or liability for damage, 19 20 loss, injury, or liability caused by the intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of such person. 21

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The Interstate Commission shall defend the executive 1 2. director and its employees and, subject to the approval 2 of the Attorney General or other appropriate legal 3 counsel of the member state represented by an 4 Interstate Commission representative, shall defend such 5 Interstate Commission representative in any civil 6 action seeking to impose liability arising out of an 7 actual or alleged act, error or omission that occurred 8 within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, 9 duties or responsibilities, or that the defendant had a 10 reasonable basis for believing occurred within the 11 scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or 12 responsibilities, provided that the actual or alleged 13 act, error, or omission did not result from intentional 14 15 or willful and wanton misconduct on the part of such person. 16

3. To the extent not covered by the state involved, member
state, or the Interstate Commission, the
representatives or employees of the Interstate
Commission shall be held harmless in the amount of a
settlement or judgment, including attorney's fees and
costs, obtained against such persons arising out of an

1 actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, 2 duties, or responsibilities, or that such persons had a 3 reasonable basis for believing occurred within the 4 scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or 5 responsibilities, provided that the actual or alleged 6 act, error, or omission did not result from intentional 7 or willful and wanton misconduct on the part of such 8 9 persons. ARTICLE XII 10 RULEMAKING FUNCTIONS OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION 11

A. Rulemaking Authority - The Interstate Commission shall
promulgate reasonable rules in order to effectively and
efficiently achieve the purposes of this Compact.

15 Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event the Interstate
16 Commission exercises its rulemaking authority in a manner that
17 is beyond the scope of the purposes of this Act, or the powers
18 granted hereunder, then such an action by the Interstate
19 Commission shall be invalid and have no force or effect.

B. Rulemaking Procedure - Rules shall be made pursuant to
a rulemaking process that substantially conforms to the "Model
State Administrative Procedure Act," of 1981 Act, Uniform Laws

Annotated, Vol. 15, p.1 (2000) as amended, as may be appropriate
 to the operations of the Interstate Commission.

C. Not later than thirty (30) days after a rule is 3 promulgated, any person may file a petition for judicial review 4 of the rule; provided that the filing of such a petition shall 5 not stay or otherwise prevent the rule from becoming effective 6 unless the court finds that the petitioner has a substantial 7 likelihood of success. The court shall give deference to the 8 actions of the Interstate Commission consistent with applicable 9 law and shall not find the rule to be unlawful if the rule 10 represents a reasonable exercise of the Interstate Commission's 11 authority. 12

D. If a majority of the legislatures of the compacting states rejects a Rule by enactment of a statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt the compact, then such rule shall have no further force and effect in any compacting state.

17

ARTICLE XIII

18 OVERSIGHT, ENFORCEMENT, AND DISPUTE RESOLUTION

19 A. Oversight

The executive, legislative and judicial branches of
 state government in each member state shall enforce
 this compact and shall take all actions necessary and

20

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appropriate to effectuate the compact's purposes and 1 intent. The provisions of this compact and the rules 2 promulgated hereunder shall have standing as statutory 3 law. 4 2. All courts shall take judicial notice of the compact 5 and the rules in any judicial or administrative 6 proceeding in a member state pertaining to the subject 7 matter of this compact which may affect the powers, 8 responsibilities or actions of the Interstate 9 Commission. 10 The Interstate Commission shall be entitled to receive 3. 11 all service of process in any such proceeding, and 12 shall have standing to intervene in the proceeding for 13 all purposes. Failure to provide service of process to 14 the Interstate Commission shall render a judgment or 15 order void as to the Interstate Commission, this 16 compact or promulgated rules. 17 18 Default, Technical Assistance, Suspension and в. Termination - If the Interstate Commission determines that a 19

21 or responsibilities under this compact, or the bylaws or

member state has defaulted in the performance of its obligations

22 promulgated rules, the Interstate Commission shall:

Provide written notice to the defaulting state and
 other member states, of the nature of the default, the
 means of curing the default and any action taken by the
 Interstate Commission. The Interstate Commission shall
 specify the conditions by which the defaulting state
 must cure its default.

- 7 2. Provide remedial training and specific technical8 assistance regarding the default.
- 3. If the defaulting state fails to cure the default, the 9 10 defaulting state shall be terminated from the compact upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the member 11 states and all rights, privileges and benefits 12 conferred by this compact shall be terminated from the 13 14 effective date of termination. A cure of the default does not relieve the offending state of obligations or 15 liabilities incurred during the period of the default. 16 4. Suspension or termination of membership in the compact 17 shall be imposed only after all other means of securing 18 compliance have been exhausted. Notice of intent to 19 suspend or terminate shall be given by the Interstate 20 Commission to the Governor, the majority and minority 21

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1		leaders of the defaulting state's legislature, and each
2		of the member states.
3	5.	The state which has been suspended or terminated is
4		responsible for all assessments, obligations and
5		liabilities incurred through the effective date of
6		suspension or termination including obligations, the
7		performance of which extends beyond the effective date
8		of suspension or termination.
9	6.	The Interstate Commission shall not bear any costs
10		relating to any state that has been found to be in
11		default or which has been suspended or terminated from
12		the compact, unless otherwise mutually agreed upon in
13		writing between the Interstate Commission and the
14		defaulting state.
15	7.	The defaulting state may appeal the action of the
16		Interstate Commission by petitioning the U.S. District
17		Court for the District of Columbia or the federal
18		district where the Interstate Commission has its
19		principal offices. The prevailing party shall be
20		awarded all costs of such litigation including
21		reasonable attorney's fees.

22 C. Dispute Resolution

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The Interstate Commission shall attempt, upon the 1. 1 request of a member state, to resolve disputes which 2 are subject to the compact and which may arise among 3 member states and between member and non-member states. 4 The Interstate Commission shall promulgate a rule 2. 5 providing for both mediation and binding dispute 6 resolution for disputes as appropriate. 7 D. Enforcement 8 The Interstate Commission, in the reasonable exercise 1. 9 of its discretion, shall enforce the provisions and 10 rules of this compact. 11 The Interstate Commission, may by majority vote of the 2. 12 members, initiate legal action in the United States 13 District Court for the District of Columbia or, at the 14 discretion of the Interstate Commission, in the federal 15 district where the Interstate Commission has its 16 principal offices, to enforce compliance with the 17 provisions of the compact, its promulgated rules and 18 bylaws, against a member state in default. The relief 19 sought may include both injunctive relief and damages. 20 In the event judicial enforcement is necessary the 21

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1	prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such
2	litigation including reasonable attorney's fees.
3	3. The remedies herein shall not be the exclusive remedies
4	of the Interstate Commission. The Interstate
5	Commission may avail itself of any other remedies
6	available under state law or the regulation of a
7	profession.
8	ARTICLE XIV
9	FINANCING OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION
10	A. The Interstate Commission shall pay, or provide for the
11	payment of the reasonable expenses of its establishment,
12	organization and ongoing activities.
13	B. The Interstate Commission may levy on and collect an
14	annual assessment from each member state to cover the cost of
15	the operations and activities of the Interstate Commission and
17	
16	its staff which must be in a total amount sufficient to cover
16 17	its staff which must be in a total amount sufficient to cover the Interstate Commission's annual budget as approved each year.
17	the Interstate Commission's annual budget as approved each year.
17 18	the Interstate Commission's annual budget as approved each year. The aggregate annual assessment amount shall be allocated based
17 18 19	the Interstate Commission's annual budget as approved each year. The aggregate annual assessment amount shall be allocated based upon a formula to be determined by the Interstate Commission,

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same; nor shall the Interstate Commission pledge the credit of
 any of the member states, except by and with the authority of
 the member state.

The Interstate Commission shall keep accurate accounts D. 4 of all receipts and disbursements. The receipts and 5 disbursements of the Interstate Commission shall be subject to 6 the audit and accounting procedures established under its 7 bylaws. However, all receipts and disbursements of funds 8 handled by the Interstate Commission shall be audited yearly by 9 a certified or licensed public accountant and the report of the 10 audit shall be included in and become part of the annual report 11 of the Interstate Commission. 12

13

14

ARTICLE XV

MEMBER STATES, EFFECTIVE DATE AND AMENDMENT

Any state is eligible to become a member state. 15 Α. 16 В. The compact shall become effective and binding upon legislative enactment of the compact into law by no less than 17 ten (10) of the states. The effective date shall be no earlier 18 than December 1, 2007. Thereafter it shall become effective and 19 binding as to any other member state upon enactment of the 20 compact into law by that state. The governors of non-member 21 states or their designees shall be invited to participate in the 22

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1	activiti	es of the Interstate Commission on a non-voting basis		
2	prior to	adoption of the compact by all states.		
3	C. The Interstate Commission may propose amendments to the			
4	compact for enactment by the member states. No amendment shall			
5	become effective and binding upon the Interstate Commission and			
6	the member states unless and until it is enacted into law by			
7	unanimou	s consent of the member states.		
8		ARTICLE XVI		
9		WITHDRAWAL AND DISSOLUTION		
10	Α.	Withdrawal		
11	1.	Once effective, the compact shall continue in force and		
12		remain binding upon each and every member state;		
13		provided that a member state may withdraw from the		
14		compact by specifically repealing the statute, which		
15		enacted the compact into law.		
16	2.	Withdrawal from this compact shall be by the enactment		
17		of a statute repealing the same, but shall not take		
18		effect until one (1) year after the effective date of		
19		such statute and until written notice of the withdrawal		
20		has been given by the withdrawing state to the Governor		
21		of each other member jurisdiction.		

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3. The withdrawing state shall immediately notify the 1 chairperson of the Interstate Commission in writing 2 upon the introduction of legislation repealing this 3 compact in the withdrawing state. The Interstate 4 Commission shall notify the other member states of the 5 withdrawing state's intent to withdraw within sixty 6 (60) days of its receipt thereof. 7 4. The withdrawing state is responsible for all 8 assessments, obligations and liabilities incurred 9 through the effective date of withdrawal, including 10 obligations, the performance of which extend beyond the 11 effective date of withdrawal. 12 Reinstatement following withdrawal of a member state 13 5. shall occur upon the withdrawing state reenacting the 14 compact or upon such later date as determined by the 15 Interstate Commission. 16

17 B. Dissolution of Compact

This compact shall dissolve effective upon the date of
 the withdrawal or default of the member state which
 reduces the membership in the compact to one (1) member
 state.

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1	2.	Upon the dissolution of this compact, the compact
2		becomes null and void and shall be of no further force
3		or effect, and the business and affairs of the
4		Interstate Commission shall be concluded and surplus
5		funds shall be distributed in accordance with the
6		bylaws.
7		ARTICLE XVII
8		SEVERABILITY AND CONSTRUCTION
9	Α.	The provisions of this compact shall be severable, and
10	if any p	hrase, clause, sentence or provision is deemed
11	unenforc	eable, the remaining provisions of the compact shall be
12	enforcea	ble.
13	в.	The provisions of this compact shall be liberally
14	construe	d to effectuate its purposes.
15	с.	Nothing in this compact shall be construed to prohibit
16	the appl	icability of other interstate compacts to which the
17	states a	re members.
18		ARTICLE XVIII
19		BINDING EFFECT OF COMPACT AND OTHER LAWS
20	Α.	Other Laws

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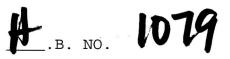
1	1.	Nothing herein prevents the enforcement of any other			
2		law of a member state that is not inconsistent with			
3		this compact.			
4	2.	All member states' laws conflicting with this compact			
5		are superseded to the extent of the conflict.			
6	в.	Binding Effect of the Compact			
7	1.	All lawful actions of the Interstate Commission,			
8		including all rules and bylaws promulgated by the			
9		Interstate Commission, are binding upon the member			
10		states.			
11	2.	All agreements between the Interstate Commission and			
12		the member states are binding in accordance with their			
13		terms.			
14	3.	In the event any provision of this compact exceeds the			
15		constitutional limits imposed on the legislature of any			
16		member state, such provision shall be ineffective to			
17		the extent of the conflict with the constitutional			
18		provision in question in that member state.			
19	S	-2 Local education agency defined. As used in this			
20	compact,	"local education agency" shall be the department of			
21	education	n.			

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1	S	-3 State council on educational opportunity for
2	military	children established. There is established within the
3	departmen	t of defense for administrative purposes the state
4	council o	n educational opportunity for military children
5	consistin	g of eleven (11) members who shall be appointed by the
6	governor	in accordance with section 26-34 as follows:
7	(1)	The state superintendent of education;
8	(2)	One complex area superintendent of a school district
9		with a high concentration of military children shall
10		be appointed from a list of nominees submitted by the
11		superintendent of education;
12	(3)	One representative from a military installation shall
13		be appointed from a list of nominees submitted by the
14		commanding officer of the United States pacific
15		command;
16	(4)	One representative from the state legislature shall be
17		appointed from a list of nominees submitted by the
18		speaker of the house and president of the senate;
19	(5)	One representative from the executive branch;
20	(6)	One representative from the joint venture education
21		forum shall be appointed from a list of nominees
22		submitted by the co-chairs of the forum; and

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1	(7) The army, air force, coast guard, marine, and navy
2	school liaison officers.
3	The members of the council shall serve without compensation but
4	shall be reimbursed for expenses, including travel expenses,
5	necessary for the performance of their duties. The council
6	shall serve as the state council under this compact."
7	SECTION 2. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2009.
8	
9	INTRODUCED BY: CAWWKY, BM
10	BY REQUEST
	JAN 2 6 2009



Report Title:

Education; Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military Children.

Description:

Removes barriers to educational success imposed on children of military families by frequent moves and deployment of their parents through the adoption of the Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military Children.

#31079

JUSTIFICATION SHEET

DEPARTMENT:	Defense		
TITLE:	A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO THE INTERSTATE COMPACT ON EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR MILITARY CHILDREN.		
PURPOSE:	Educ Chil succ fami	Act adopts the Interstate Compact on ational Opportunity for Military dren to remove barriers to educational ess imposed on children of military lies because of frequent moves and oyment of their parents by:	
	Α.	Facilitating the timely enrollment of children of military families and ensuring that they are not placed at a disadvantage due to difficulty in the transfer of education records from the previous school district(s) or variations in entrance/age requirements.	
	В	Facilitating the student placement process through which children of military families are not disadvantaged by variations in attendance requirements, scheduling, sequencing, grading, course content, or assessment.	
	C.	Facilitating the qualification and eligibility for enrollment, educational programs, and participation in extracurricular academic, athletic, and social activities.	
	D.	Facilitating the on-time graduation of children of military families.	
	E.	Providing for the promulgation and enforcement of administrative rules implementing the provisions of this compact.	

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- F. Providing for the uniform collection and sharing of information between and among member states, schools, and military families under this compact.
- G. Promoting coordination between this compact and other compacts affecting military children.
- H. Promoting flexibility and cooperation between the educational system, parents, and the student in order to achieve educational success for the student.
- MEANS: Add a new chapter to the Hawaii Revised Statutes.
- JUSTIFICATION: Due to different education requirements imposed by different school systems, students whose families relocate due to military service often have difficulty transitioning into their new schools.

The Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military Children provides detailed requirements that sending and receiving schools of military children must meet in order to facilitate transition. Specific rules or timelines are provided regarding: timely transfer of educational records, timely immunization prior to enrollment, flexibility on age restrictions for kindergarten and first grade enrollment, flexibility for inclusion in extracurricular activities, flexibility in course and educational program placement, facilitation of comparable special education services, and facilitation of on-time graduation.

Adopting the compact will address key issues regarding K-12 eligibility, enrollment, placement and graduation of children whose parents are active duty servicemembers, or recent veterans of the military.



Impact on the public: Improved transition for military dependent children transferring into or out of the Hawaii public school system.

Impact on the department and other agencies: Clear timelines and requirements that will ensure a smooth transition for military dependent children in the Hawaii public school system.

GENERAL FUND: None.

OTHER FUNDS: None.

PPBS PROGRAM DESIGNATION: None.

OTHER AFFECTED AGENCIES:

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 1, 2009.

None.