

GOV. MSG. NO. 625

EXECUTIVE CHAMBERS

HONOLULU

LINDA LINGLE GOVERNOR

June 14, 2010

The Honorable Colleen Hanabusa, President and Members of the Senate Twenty-Fifth State Legislature State Capitol, Room 409 Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

Dear Madam President and Members of the Senate:

This is to inform you that on June 14, 2010, the following bill was signed into law:

SB2897 SD2 HD3 CD1

A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO HIGHWAY SAFETY. ACT 166 (10)

Sincerely.

JAMES R. AIONA, JR.

JAMES R. AIONA JR.

acting governor

JUN 1 4 2010

THE SENATE TWENTY-FIFTH LEGISLATURE, 2010 STATE OF HAWAII

ACT 166

2897 * S.D. 2 S.B. NO. H.D. 3

C.D. 1

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO HIGHWAY SAFETY.

	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:
1	SECTION 1. The legislature finds that Act 171, Session
2	Laws of Hawaii 2008, established an ignition interlock program.
3	The purpose of the program is to require drivers whose licenses
4	have been administratively revoked for, or who have been
5	convicted of, operating a vehicle under the influence of an
6	intoxicant to install an ignition interlock device on their
7	vehicles. The device will prevent these drivers from starting
8	or operating their vehicles when the driver has more than a
9	minimal alcohol concentration.
10	Act 171 also provided for the probationary supervision of
11	drivers convicted of operating a vehicle under the influence of
12	an intoxicant, stating:
13	"This Act also provides for an extended period of probation
14,	supervision of the driver while using the ignition
15	interlock device so that the person cannot drink and drive
16	during that period. Attempts to do so will be recorded and

the period of required ignition interlock device use and 2010-2023 SB2897 CD1 SMA.doc

reported for appropriate action, including extensions of



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1	other sanctions. Most importantly, probation supervision,
2	using test results and other information generated by the
3	device, can be an important bridge to getting the driver
4	into treatment so that, once the device is removed, the
5	driver possesses the tools to refrain from drinking and
6	driving altogether."
7	Act 171 established the Hawaii ignition interlock
8	implementation task force to study the issues surrounding
9	implementation of the program and to make recommendations to
10	address them. The Hawaii ignition interlock implementation task
1 1	force met numerous times in committees and as a whole, had
12	comprehensive discussions on a multitude of issues relating to
13	the implementation of the ignition interlock program, and made
14	recommendations for statutory amendments necessary to implement
15	the program.
16	The Hawaii ignition interlock implementation task force had
17	multiple discussions about probation supervision of convicted
18	offenders. These discussions resulted in a recommendation to
19	the legislature in 2009 that only second and third offenders be
20	supervised using a probationary model. The task force concluded
21	that these repeat offenders pose the greatest risk to themselves
22	and to the community because they have not shown themselves

- 1 amenable to changing their behavior, despite intervention
- 2 following their first offense. This recommendation was adopted
- 3 by the legislature in Act 88, Session Laws of Hawaii 2009.
- 4 The legislature also finds, and the Hawaii ignition
- 5 interlock implementation task force recognizes, that since the
- 6 time Acts 171 and 88 established a probationary model of
- 7 supervision for convicted second and third offenders, the
- 8 State's economy has taken a significant downturn. While the
- 9 Hawaii ignition interlock implementation task force still
- 10 prefers the probationary model of supervision for convicted
- 11 second and third time offenders, the task force also recognizes
- 12 that the availability of resources necessary for implementation
- 13 of the probationary model on January 1, 2011, is very uncertain,
- 14 at best.
- 15 Accordingly, the Hawaii ignition interlock implementation
- 16 task force amended its previous recommendation to the
- 17 legislature and proposed instead that probation be eliminated
- 18 for convicted second and third offenders and that an existing
- 19 practice, known as "proof of compliance," which is less
- 20 intensive--and less expensive--be used for all convicted
- 21 offenders. The Hawaii ignition interlock implementation task
- 22 force recommended that when the State's fiscal outlook improves,

1	the issue of probation for convicted second and third offenders.
2	be revisited and implemented.
3	The purpose of this Act is to make amendments to the
4	State's ignition interlock law recommended by the Hawaii
5	ignition interlock implementation task force pursuant to Act
6	171, Session Laws of Hawaii 2008.
7	SECTION 2. Chapter 291E, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
8	amended by adding three new sections to part IV to be
9	appropriately designated and to read as follows:
10	"§291E-A Circumvention of, or tampering with, an ignition
1	interlock device by a person who has been restricted to
12	operating a vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device;
.	penalties. (a) No person whose driving privileges have been
4	restricted to operating a vehicle equipped with an ignition
5	interlock device shall knowingly:
l 6	(1) Request, solicit, direct, or authorize another person
17	to blow into an ignition interlock device or start a
8	vehicle equipped with the device for the purpose of
9	providing an operable vehicle to a person who has been
20	restricted by law to operating only a vehicle so

1	<u>(2)</u> .	Tamper with an ignition interlock device with the
2		intent to render it inaccurate or inoperable.
3	<u>(b)</u>	Any person required under subsection (a) to drive
4	using an	ignition interlock device, who violates subsection (a)
5	shall be	sentenced without possibility of probation or
6	suspensio	on of sentence as follows:
7	<u>(1)</u>	For a first offense, or any offense not preceded
8		within a five-year period by conviction under this
9		section or section 291E-62(a)(3):
10		(A) A term of imprisonment of not less than three
11		consecutive days but not more than thirty days;
12		(B) A fine of not less than \$250 but not more than
L 3		<u>\$1,000; and</u>
14		(C) Loss of the privilege to operate a vehicle
15		equipped with an ignition interlock device;
l 6	(2)	For an offense that occurs within five years of a
l 7		prior conviction for an offense under this section or
8		<u>section 291E-62(a)(3):</u>
9		(A) Thirty days imprisonment;
20		(B) A \$1,000 fine; and
21		(C) Loss of the privilege to operate a vehicle
22		equipped with an ignition interlock device; and

	(3)	Tor an oriense that occurs writing rive years or two or
2		more prior convictions for offenses under this section
3		or section 291E-62(a)(3), or any combination thereof:
4		(A) One year imprisonment;
5		(B) A \$2,000 fine; and
6		(C) Loss of the privilege to operate a vehicle
7		equipped with an ignition interlock device.
8	<u>§291</u> 1	E-B Assisting or abetting the circumvention of, or
9	tampering	with, an ignition interlock device; penalties. (a)
10	No person	shall knowingly:
11	(1)	Blow into or start a vehicle equipped with an ignition
12		interlock device for the purposes of providing an
13		operable vehicle to another person who has been
14		restricted by law to operating only a vehicle equipped
15		with an ignition interlock device;
16	(2)	Tamper with an ignition interlock device with the
17		intent to render it inaccurate or inoperable to permit
18		another person, who has been restricted by law to
19		operating only a vehicle equipped with an ignition
20		interlock device, to operate the vehicle; or
21	<u>(</u> 3)	Rent, lease, or lend a vehicle to another person who
22		has been restricted by law to operating only vehicles

1		equipped with an ignition interlock device, when the
2		rented, leased, or loaned vehicle is not equipped with
3		a functioning certified ignition interlock device.
4	<u>(</u> b)	Subsection (a) shall not apply to any act taken for
5	the purpo	se of safety or mechanical repair of the device;
6	provided	that the person who is restricted to operating a
7	vehicle e	quipped with the interlock device does not operate the
8	vehicle.	
9	<u>(ċ)</u>	Any person who violates this section shall be:
10	<u>(1)</u>	Fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned not more than
11		thirty days, or both, for any offense that does not
12		occur within five years of two prior convictions for
13		this offense; and
14	(2)	Fined not less than \$500 but not more than \$1,000 or
15		imprisoned not more than one year, or both, if the
16		person has two or more prior convictions for the
17		offense in the preceding five-year period.
18	<u>§</u> 291	E-C Refusal to submit to a breath, blood, or urine
19	test; pen	alty. Refusal to submit to a breath, blood, or urine
20	test as r	equired by part II is a petty misdemeanor."
21	SECT	ION 3. Section 286-133, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
22	amended t	o read as follows:
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1	"§286-133 Unlawful to permit unauthorized person to drive.
2	[No] Except as provided in section 291E-B, no person shall
3	authorize or knowingly permit a motor vehicle or moped owned by
4	that person or under that person's control to be driven upon any
5	highway by any person who is not authorized under law to drive
6	the motor vehicle or moped."
7	SECTION 4. Section 287-20, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
8	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
9	"(a) Whenever a driver's license has been suspended or
10	revoked:
11	(1) Pursuant to section 291E-65 or part III of chapter
12	291E, except as provided in section 291E-41(f);
13	(2) Upon a conviction of any offense pursuant to ${\sf law[} au$
14	er], except where the conduct giving rise to the
15	instant offense is also a violation of part III of
16	chapter 291E and a requirement to furnish and maintain
17	proof of financial responsibility has already been
18	imposed pursuant to that part; or
19	(3) In the case of minors, pursuant to part $ t V$ of chapter
20	571,
21	the license shall not at any time thereafter be issued to the
22	person whose license has been suspended or revoked, nor shall
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- 1 the person thereafter operate a motor vehicle, unless and until
- 2 the person has furnished and thereafter maintains proof of
- 3 financial responsibility; provided that this section shall not
- 4 apply to a license suspended or revoked pursuant to section
- 5 291E-61(b)(1) or 291E-64(b)(1), any conviction of a moving
- 6 violation, any administrative license suspension pursuant to
- 7 chapter 291A, or the first conviction within a five-year period
- 8 for driving without a valid motor vehicle insurance policy.
- 9 This subsection shall not apply to a suspension or
- 10 revocation of a provisional license under section 286-102.6(d)."
- 11 SECTION 5. Section 291E-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 12 amended as follows:
- 13 1. By adding a new definition to be appropriately inserted
- 14 and to read:
- 15 ""Valid license" means a license that:
- 16 (1) Is issued by an authorized licensing official in any
- 17 state;
- 18 (2) Authorizes an individual to operate a motor vehicle on
- 19 public streets, roads, or highways; and
- 20 (3) Has not expired or been revoked, suspended, or
- 21 canceled."

- 1 2. By amending the definition of "ignition interlock
- 2 device" to read:
- 3 ""Ignition interlock device" means a breath alcohol
- 4 ignition interlock device that is certified [by-the director of
- 5 transportation and approved for use] pursuant to section 291E-6
- 6 and rules adopted thereunder that, when affixed to the ignition
- 7 system of a motor vehicle, prevents the vehicle from being
- 8 started without first testing, and thereafter from being
- 9 operated without periodically retesting, a deep-lung breath
- 10 sample of the person required to use the device that indicates
- 11 the person's alcohol concentration is less than .02."
- 12 3. By repealing the definition of "highly intoxicated
- 13 driver":
- 14 [""Highly intoxicated driver" means a person whose
- 15 measurable amount of alcohol is 0.15 or more grams of alcohol
- 16 per one hundred milliliters or cubic centimeters of the person's
- 17 blood, or 0.15 or more grams of alcohol per two hundred ten
- 18 liters of the person's breath."]
- 19 SECTION 6. Section 291E-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 20 amended to read as follows:

1	"§291E-3 Evidence of intoxication. (a) In any criminal
2	prosecution for a violation of section 291E-61 or 291E-61.5 or
3	in any proceeding under part III:
4	(1) .08 or more grams of alcohol per one hundred
5	milliliters or cubic centimeters of the person's
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7	(2) .08 or more grams of alcohol per two hundred ten
8	liters of the person's breath; or
9	(3) The presence of one or more drugs in an amount
10	sufficient to impair the person's ability to operate a
11	vehicle in a careful and prudent manner,
12	within three hours after the time of the alleged violation as
13	shown by chemical analysis or other approved analytical
14	techniques of the person's blood, breath, or urine shall be
15	competent evidence that the person was under the influence of an
16	intoxicant at the time of the alleged violation.
17	(b) In any criminal prosecution for a violation of section
18	291E-61 or 291E-61.5, the amount of alcohol found in the
19	defendant's blood or breath within three hours after the time of
20	the alleged violation as shown by chemical analysis or other
21	approved analytical techniques of the defendant's blood or
22	breath shall be competent evidence concerning whether the

- 1 defendant was under the influence of an intoxicant at the time
- 2 of the alleged violation and shall give rise to the following
- 3 presumptions:
- 4 (1) If there were .05 or less grams of alcohol per one
 5 hundred milliliters or cubic centimeters of
 6 defendant's blood or .05 or less grams of alcohol per
 7 two hundred ten liters of defendant's breath, it shall
 8 be presumed that the defendant was not under the
 9 influence of alcohol at the time of the alleged
 violation; and
- If there were in excess of .05 grams of alcohol per 11 (2) 12 one hundred milliliters or cubic centimeters of 13 defendant's blood or .05 grams of alcohol per two 14 hundred ten liters of defendant's breath, but less 15 than .08 grams of alcohol per one hundred milliliters or cubic centimeters of defendant's blood or .08 grams 16 17 of alcohol per two hundred ten liters of defendant's 18 breath, that fact may be considered with other 19 competent evidence in determining whether the 20 defendant was under the influence of alcohol at the time of the alleged violation, but shall not of itself 21 22 give rise to any presumption.

1	[(c) in any criminal prosecution for a violation of
2	section 291E-61 or in any proceeding under part III:
3	(1) .15 or more grams of alcohol per one hundred
4	milliliters or cubic centimeters of the person's
5	blood; or
6	(2) .15 or more grams of alcohol per two hundred ten
7	liters of the person's breath,
8	within three hours after the time of the alleged violation as
9	shown by chemical analysis or other approved analytical
0	techniques of the person's blood, breath, or urine shall be
1	competent evidence that the person was a highly intoxicated
2	driver at the time of the alleged violation.
3	$\frac{(d)}{(d)}$] $\underline{(c)}$ Nothing in this section shall be construed as
4	limiting the introduction, in any criminal proceeding for a
5	violation under section 291E-61 or 291E-61.5 or in any
6	proceeding under part III, of relevant evidence of a person's
7	alcohol concentration or drug content obtained more than three
8	hours after an alleged violation; provided that the evidence is
9	offered in compliance with the Hawaii rules of evidence."
0	SECTION 7. Section 291E-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
1	amended to read as follows:

1	"§291E-5 Ignition interlock [special fund; surcharge;
2	indigents.] user affordability. [(a) There is established in
3	the state treasury a special fund to be known as the ignition
4	interlock special fund to be administered by the director of
5	transportation. The fund shall consist of amounts collected
6	under this section and section 291E-6. Moneys in the fund-shall
7	be expended by the director of transportation to fund the cost
8	of installing and operating ignition interlock devices in the
9	vehicles of persons who are required to install the device but
10	who are indigent persons, as determined under subsection (d).
11	(b) Every person who installs an ignition interlock device
12	pursuant to this chapter shall pay the ignition interlock device
13	vendor a surcharge of \$ when the device is installed.
14	The surcharge shall be remitted by the ignition interlock device
15	vendor to the director of transportation within ten days
16	following the end of the month in which the surcharge was
17	collected. The surcharges collected by the vendor pursuant to
18	this subsection shall not be subject to any tax, fee, or other
19	assessment, nor are they considered revenue of the vendor. The
20	director of transportation shall deposit the surcharge amounts
21	into the ignition interlock special fund.

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2	interlock devices required by this chapter for indigent persons
3	shall be paid by the director of transportation from the
4	ignition interlock special fund. Whether a person is an
5	indigent person shall be determined pursuant to subsection (d)
6	by the director or the court, as appropriate.
7	-(d) - For purposes of this section, "indigent person" means
8	(1) Any individual whose income is not greater than one
9	hundred twenty five per cent of the official poverty
10	line established by the Secretary of Health and Human
l 1	Services under the Community Services Block Grant Act
l 2	42 United States Code Section 9902; or
3	(2) Any individual who is eligible for free services unde
4	the Older Americans Act or Developmentally Disabled
15	Act
6	(e) The director of transportation shall adopt rules
7	pursuant to chapter 91 for the purposes of this section.] The
8	director of transportation shall contract with the selected
9	ignition interlock vendor to provide partial financial relief
20	for the installation and the periodic calibration charges to
21	offenders who apply for such assistance and who are recipients,
22	at the time of license revocation or suspension, of either food
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2	free services under the Older Americans Act or Developmentally
3	Disabled Assistance and Bill of Rights Act. "
4	SECTION 8. Section 291E-6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
5	amended to read as follows:
6	"§291E-6 Ignition interlock devices; certification. (a)
7	The director of transportation shall establish and administer a

stamps under the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program, or

The director of transportation shall establish and administer a statewide program relating to certification and monitoring of ignition interlock devices installed pursuant to chapter 291E and shall select a single vendor to install and maintain them.

- (b) The program shall include standards and procedures for the certification of ignition interlock devices installed pursuant to chapter 291E. At a minimum, the standards shall require that the devices:
- (1) Be certified by [a nationally recognized certification 15 organization] an independent laboratory to meet or 16 exceed [all standards and specifications provided as] 17 the guidelines published by the National Highway 18 Traffic Safety Administration[.- "Nationally 19 recognized certification organization means a testing 20 21 laboratory or analytical chemist not affiliated with a 22 manufacturer of ignition interlock devices that is

. 1		qualified to test ignition interlock devices or
2		reference samples and is approved by the United States
3		Department of Transportation. The nationally
4		recognized certification organization must be able to
5		administer performance tests of an ignition interlock
6		device or a sample provided by the vendor];
7	(2)	Operate using an alcohol-specific sensor technology;
8	(3)	Employ a digital camera by which a photograph of the
9		person using the device can be incorporated into the
10		electronic record generated by each use of the device;
11	(4)	Require a rolling retest by which the driver must,
12		within a specified period of time or distance driven
13		after starting the vehicle, be retested and found to
14		have an alcohol concentration of less than .02, with a
15		margin of error of .01; and
16	(5)	Generate a record of vehicle usage, including dates[-]
17		and times[, and distances] driven.
18	(c)	The program shall include standards and procedures for
19	the cert	ification of the vendor selected to install and maintain
20	ignition	interlock devices pursuant to chapter 291E. At a
21	minimum,	the standards shall require that the vendor:

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1	(1)	Install only an	ignition in	nterlock d	device that	is
						·
2		certified pursu	ant to this	section;		
		•				

- (2) Offer or contract for ignition interlock device installation and maintenance statewide;
- 5 (3) Train drivers who are required to install an ignition
 6 interlock device, pursuant to chapter 291E [or 804],
 7 in how to use the device;
- 8 (4) Schedule the driver for all necessary readings and9 maintenance of the device; and
 - (5) Provide periodic reports regarding the use of each ignition interlock device installed pursuant to chapter 291E, including incidents of test failure, attempts to circumvent the device, and dates, times, and distances the vehicle was driven.
- of ignition interlock devices pursuant to chapter 291E shall be
 [certified] audited annually by the director of transportation
 pursuant to this section and the rules adopted thereunder. [The
 vendor shall pay a certification fee to the director of
 transportation who shall deposit the fee into the ignition
 interlock special fund established pursuant to section 291E 5.]

1	The direc	tor may require the vendor to pay for all or part of
2	the costs	incurred in conducting the audit.
3	(e)	The director of transportation shall adopt rules
4	pursuant	to chapter 91 necessary for the purposes of this
5	section."	하는 것이 있는 것이 되는 것이 되는 것이 되는 것이 되었다. 그런 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은
6	SECT	ION 9. Section 291E-7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
7	amended b	y amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
8	"(a)	In addition to any other civil penalties ordered by
9	the court	, a person who violates any offense under this part may
10	be ordere	d to pay a trauma system surcharge, provided that:
11	(1)	The maximum of which may be \$10 if the violator is not
12		already required to pay a trauma system surcharge
13		pursuant to the violation of the offense;
14	(2)	The maximum of which may be \$25 if the violation is an
15		offense under [+] section[+] 291E-61(a)(1),
16		291E-61(a)(3), or 291E-61(a)(4);
17	(3)	The maximum of which may be \$50 if the violation is an
18		offense under [+]section[+] 291E-61(a)(2) or 291E-61.5
19		or [the offense under [section] 291E 61(a)(3) or 291E
20		61(a)(4) was committed by a highly intoxicated driver
21		as defined by section 291E 1, or] if the offense under

[+] section[+] 291E-61(a)(3) or 291E-61(a)(4) is a

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1	second or subsequent offense that occurred within five
2	years of the first offense."
3	SECTION 10. Section 291E-15, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4	amended to read as follows:
5	"§291E-15 Refusal to submit to breath, blood, or urine
6	test; subject to administrative revocation proceedings. If a
7	person under arrest refuses to submit to a breath, blood, or
8	urine test, none shall be given, except as provided in section
9	291E-21. Upon the law enforcement officer's determination that
10	the person under arrest has refused to submit to a breath,
11	blood, or urine test, if applicable, then a law enforcement
12	officer shall:
13	(1) Inform the person under arrest of the sanctions under
14	section 291E-41 <u>, 291E-C,</u> or 291E-65; and
15	(2) Ask the person if the person still refuses to submit
16	to a breath, blood, or urine test, thereby subjecting
17	the person to the procedures and sanctions under part
18	III or section 291E-65, as applicable;
19	provided that if the law enforcement officer fails to comply
20	with paragraphs (1) and (2), the person shall not be subject to
21	the refusal sanctions under part III or IV."

1	SECT	ION 11. Section 291E-31, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended to	o read as follows:
3	" §29:	LE-31 Notice of administrative revocation; effect. As
4	used in tl	nis part, the notice of administrative revocation:
5	(1)	Establishes that the respondent's license and
6		privilege to operate a vehicle in the State or on or
7		in the waters of the State shall be terminated:
8		(A) Thirty days after the date the notice of
9		administrative revocation is issued in the case
10		of an alcohol related offense;
11		(B) Forty-four days after the date the notice of
12		administrative revocation is issued in the case
13		of a drug related offense; or
14		(C) Such later date as is established by the director
15		under section 291E-38,
16		if the director administratively revokes the
17		respondent's license and privilege;
18	(2)	Establishes that the registration of any motor vehicle
19		registered to a respondent who is a repeat intoxicated
20		driver [or a highly intoxicated driver] shall be
21		terminated thirty days after the date of an arrest
22		pursuant to section 291E-33(c);

1	(3)	Establishes the date on which administrative
2		revocation proceedings against the respondent were
3		initiated; [and]
4	(4)	Serves as a temporary permit, if applicable, to
5		operate a vehicle as provided in section 291E-33[\div] $_{\underline{i}}$
6		<u>and</u> .
7	<u>(5)</u>	Notifies the respondent that the respondent shall keep
8		an ignition interlock device installed and operating
9		in any vehicle the respondent operates during the
0		revocation period if the respondent had a valid
1		license at the time of the arrest."
2	SECT	ION 12. Section 291E-33, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
3	amended b	y amending subsection (c) to read as follows:
4	"(c)	Whenever a respondent under this section is a repeat
5	intoxicat	ed driver [or highly intoxicated driver], the arresting
6	law enfor	cement officer shall take possession of the motor
7	vehicle r	egistration and, if the motor vehicle being driven by
8	the respo	ndent is registered to the respondent, remove the
9	number pl	ates and issue a temporary motor vehicle registration
20	and tempo	rary number plates for the motor vehicle. No temporary
21	motor veh	icle registration or temporary number plates shall be
2	issued if	the respondent's registration has expired or been

- $oldsymbol{1}$ revoked. The applicable police department, upon determining
- $oldsymbol{2}$ that the respondent is a repeat intoxicated driver [or highly]
- **3** intoxicated driver], shall notify the [appropriate county]
- 4 director of [finance] the appropriate county agency to enter a
- 5 stopper on the motor vehicle registration files to prevent the
- 6 respondent from conducting any motor vehicle transactions,
- 7 except as permitted under this part."
- 8 SECTION 13. Section 291E-34, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 9 amended as follows:
- 10 1. By amending subsection (e) to read:
- 11 "(e) The notice shall state that, if the respondent's
- 12 license and privilege to operate a vehicle, and motor vehicle
- 13 registration if applicable, are administratively revoked after
- 14 the review, a decision shall be mailed to the respondent, or to
- 15 the parent or guardian of the respondent if the respondent is
- 16 under the age of eighteen, that shall contain, at a minimum, the
- 17 following information:
- 18 (1) The reasons why the respondent's license and privilege
- 19 to operate a vehicle, and motor vehicle registration
- 20 if applicable, were administratively revoked;
- 21 (2) That the respondent may request the director, within
- 22 six days of the date the decision is mailed, to

1		schedule an administrative hearing to review the
2		administrative revocation;
3	(3)	That, if the respondent's request for an
4		administrative hearing is received by the director
5		within six days of the date the decision was mailed,
6		the hearing shall be scheduled to commence:
7		(A) No later than twenty-five days after the date of
8		the issuance of the notice of administrative
9		revocation in the case of an alcohol related
10		offense; and
11		(B) No later than thirty-nine days after the date of
12		the issuance of the notice of administrative
13		revocation in the case of a drug related offense;
14	(4)	The procedure to request an administrative hearing;
15	(5)	That failure to request an administrative hearing
16		within the time provided shall cause the
17		administrative revocation to take effect for the
18		period and under the conditions established by the
19		director in the decision;
20	(6)	That the respondent may regain the right to a hearing
21	보고 하고 있는데 함께 함께 함께 다니다. 그리고 있는데 이번 등 중요한다.	by requesting the director, within sixty days after

j		the Issuance of the notice of administrative
2		revocation, to schedule a hearing;
3	(7)	That the director shall schedule the hearing to
4		commence no later than thirty days after a request
5		under paragraph (6) is received, but that, except as
6		provided in section 291E-38(k), the temporary permit,
7		and temporary motor vehicle registration and temporary
8		number plates if applicable, shall not be extended if
9		the respondent fails to request an administrative
10		hearing within the initial six-day period provided for
11		that purpose;
12	(8)	That failure to attend the hearing shall cause the
13		administrative revocation to take effect for the
14		period and under the conditions indicated;
15	(9)	The duration of the administrative revocation and
16		other conditions that may be imposed, including:
17		referral to the driver's education program for an
18		assessment of the respondent's substance abuse or
19		dependence and the need for treatment; [and]
		。

That, pursuant to section 291E-48, the director may

grant a special motor vehicle registration to a

qualified household member or to a co-owner of any

20

21

22

(10)

1	motor vehicle owned by the respondent, upon a
2	determination that the person is completely dependent
3	on the motor vehicle for the necessities of life;
4	provided that the special motor vehicle registration
5	shall not be valid for use by the respondent $[-]$; and
6	(11) That the respondent shall obtain an ignition interlock
7	permit in order to operate a vehicle during the
8	revocation period if the respondent had a valid
9	license at the time of the arrest."
10	2. By amending subsection (h) to read:
11	"(h) The notice shall state that, if the administrative
12	revocation is sustained at the hearing, a written decision shall
13	be mailed to the respondent, or to the parent or guardian of the
14	respondent if the respondent is under the age of eighteen, that
15	shall contain, at a minimum, the following information:
16	(1) The effective date of the administrative revocation;
17	(2) The duration of the administrative revocation;
18	(3) If applicable, the date by which any outstanding motor
19	vehicle number plates issued to the respondent must be
20	surrendered to the director;
21	(4) If applicable, that failure to surrender any motor
22	vehicle number plates as required is a misdemeanor;

1	$[\frac{(3)}{(5)}]$ Other conditions that may be imposed by law,
2	including the use of an ignition interlock device; and
3	$\left[\frac{(4)}{(6)}\right]$ The right to obtain judicial review."
4	SECTION 14. Section 291E-38, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
5	amended by amending subsection (1) to read as follows:
6	"(1) The director may grant a special motor vehicle
7	registration, pursuant to section 291E-48, to a qualified
8	household member or a co-owner of any motor vehicle upon
9	determination that [the]:
10	(1) The person is completely dependent on the motor
11	vehicle for the necessities of life[-]; and
12	(2) At the time of the application for a special motor
13	vehicle registration, the respondent does not have a
14	valid ignition interlock permit.
15	The special motor vehicle registration shall not be valid for
16	use by the respondent."
17	SECTION 15. Section 291E-41, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
18	amended to read as follows:
19	"§291E-41 Effective date, conditions, and period of
20	administrative revocation; criteria. (a) Unless an
21	administrative revocation is reversed or the temporary permit
22	[is], and temporary motor vehicle registration and temporary

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- 1 number plates, if applicable, are extended by the director,
- 2 administrative revocation shall become effective on the day
- 3 specified in the notice of administrative revocation. Except as
- 4 provided in section [291E 44,] 291E-44.5, no license and
- 5 privilege to operate a vehicle shall be restored under any
- 6 circumstances during the administrative revocation period. Upon
- 7 completion of the administrative revocation period, the
- 8 respondent may reapply and be reissued a license pursuant to
- 9 section 291E-45.
- 10 (b) Except as provided in paragraph (5) and in section
- 11 291E-44.5, the respondent shall keep an ignition interlock
- 12 device installed and operating [on] in any vehicle the
- 13 respondent operates during the revocation period. Except as
- 14 provided in section 291E-5, installation and maintenance of the
- 15 ignition interlock device shall be at the respondent's own
- 16 expense. The periods of administrative revocation with respect
- 17 to a license and privilege to operate a vehicle, and motor
- 18 vehicle registration if applicable, that shall be imposed under
- 19 this part are as follows:
- 20 (1) A one year revocation of license and privilege to
- operate a vehicle, if the respondent's record shows no
- prior alcohol enforcement contact or drug enforcement

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1		contact during the five years preceding the date the
2		notice of administrative revocation was issued;
3	(2)	An eighteen month revocation of license and privilege
4		to operate a vehicle[$_{7}$] and of the registration of any
5		motor vehicle registered to the respondent, if the
6		respondent's record shows one prior alcohol
7		enforcement contact or drug enforcement contact during
8		the five years preceding the date the notice of
9		administrative revocation was issued;
10	(3)	A two-year revocation of license and privilege to
11		operate a vehicle[-] and of the registration of any
12		motor vehicle registered to the respondent, if the
13		respondent's record shows two prior alcohol
14		enforcement contacts or drug enforcement contacts
15		during the five years preceding the date the notice of
16		administrative revocation was issued;
17	(4)	A minimum of five years up to a maximum of ten years
18		revocation of license and privilege to operate a
19		vehicle[-] and of the registration of any motor
20		vehicle registered to the respondent, if the
21		respondent's record shows three or more prior alcohol
22		enforcement contacts or drug enforcement contacts

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1		during the [live] <u>ten</u> years preceding the date the
2		notice of administrative revocation was issued; [or]
3	(5)	For respondents under the age of eighteen years who
4		were arrested for a violation of section 291E-61 or
5		291E-61.5, revocation of license and privilege to
6		operate a vehicle for the appropriate revocation
7		period provided in paragraphs (1) to (4) or in
8		subsection $[\frac{(c)}{r}]$ $\underline{(d)}$; provided that the respondent
9		shall be prohibited from driving during the period
10		preceding the respondent's eighteenth birthday and
11		shall thereafter be subject to the ignition interlock
12		requirement of this subsection for the balance of the
13		revocation period; <u>or</u>
14	(6)	For respondents, other than those excepted pursuant to
15		section 491E-44.5(b), who do not install an ignition
16		interlock device in [the respondent's vehicle] <u>any</u>
17		vehicle the respondent operates during the revocation
18		period, revocation of license and privilege to operate
19		a vehicle for the period of revocation provided in
20		paragraphs (1) to (5) or in subsection (c); provided
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1	(A) The respondent shall be absolutely prohibited
2	from driving during the revocation period and
3	subject to the penalties provided by section
4	291E-62 if the respondent drives during the
5	revocation period; and
6	(B) The director shall not issue an ignition
7	interlock permit to the respondent pursuant to
8	section 291E-44.5;
9	provided that when more than one administrative revocation,
0	suspension, or conviction arises out of the same arrest, it
1	shall be counted as only one prior alcohol enforcement contact
2	or drug enforcement contact, whichever revocation, suspension,
3	or conviction occurs later.
4	(c) Whenever a motor vehicle registration is revoked under
5	this part, the director shall cause the revocation to be entered
6	electronically into the motor vehicle registration file of the
7	respondent.
8	[(c)] <u>(d)</u> If a respondent has refused to be tested after
9	being informed:
20	(1) That the person may refuse to submit to testing in
1	compliance with section 291E-11; and

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1	(2) Of the sanctions of this part and then asked if the
2	person still refuses to submit to a breath, blood, or
3	urine test, in compliance with the requirements of
4	section 291E-15,
5	the revocation imposed under subsection (b)(1), (2), (3), or (4)
6	shall be for a period of two years, three years, four years, an
7	ten years, respectively.
8	[(d)] <u>(e)</u> Whenever a license and privilege to operate a
9	vehicle is administratively revoked under this part, the
10	respondent shall be referred to the driver's education program
11	for an assessment, by a certified substance abuse counselor, of
12	the respondent's substance abuse or dependence and the need for
13	treatment. The counselor shall submit a report with
 4	recommendations to the director. If the counselor's assessment
l 5	establishes that the extent of the respondent's substance abuse
16	or dependence warrants treatment, the director shall so order.
۱7	All costs for assessment and treatment shall be paid by the
18	respondent.
9	$[rac{(e)}{(e)}]$ Alcohol and drug enforcement contacts that
20	occurred prior to January 1, 2002, shall be counted in
21	determining the administrative revocation period.

1	[-(£)] <u>(g)</u> The requirement to provide proof of financial
2.	responsib	ility pursuant to section 287-20 shall not be based
3	upon a re	vocation under subsection (b)(1)."
4	SECT	ION 16. Section 291E-44.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
5	amended b	y amending subsections (a) and (b) to read as follows:
6	"(a)(1)	Except as provided in paragraph (2), upon proof that
7		the respondent has installed an ignition interlock
8		device in the respondent's vehicle, the director shall
9		issue an ignition interlock permit that will allow the
10		respondent to drive a vehicle equipped with an
11		ignition interlock device during the revocation
12		period; or
13	(2),	Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the
14		director shall not issue an ignition interlock permit
15		to:
16		(A) A respondent whose license is expired, suspended,
17		or revoked as a result of action other than the
18		instant revocation; [ex]
19		(B) A respondent who does not hold a valid license at
20		the time of arrest for the violation of section
21		291E-61; or

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1		$\frac{(B)}{(B)}$ A respondent who holds either a category 4
2		license under section 286-102(b) or a commercial
3		driver's license under section 286-239(b) unless
4		the ignition interlock permit is restricted to a
5		category 1, 2, or 3 license under section
6		286-102(b).
7	(b) (1)	[The] Except as provided in subsection (a)(2), the
8		director may issue a separate permit authorizing a
9		respondent to operate a vehicle owned by the
10		respondent's employer during the period of revocation
11		without installation of an ignition interlock device
12		if the respondent is gainfully employed in a position
13		that requires driving and the respondent will be
14		discharged if prohibited from driving a vehicle not
15		equipped with an ignition interlock device.
16	(2)	A request made pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be
17		accompanied by:
18		(A) A sworn statement from the respondent containing
19		facts establishing that the respondent currently
20		is employed in a position that requires driving
21		and that the respondent will be discharged if

1	prohibited from driving a vehicle not equipped
2	with an ignition interlock device; and
3	(B) A sworn statement from the respondent's employer
4	establishing that the employer will, in fact,
5	discharge the respondent if the respondent is
6	prohibited from driving a vehicle not equipped
7	with an ignition interlock device and identifying
8	the specific vehicle and hours of the day the
9	respondent will drive, not to exceed twelve hours
0	per day, for purposes of employment."
1	SECTION 17. Section 291E-45, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:
3	"(b) To be eligible for reregistration of a motor vehicle,
4	if applicable, after a period of administrative revocation has
5	expired, the person shall:
6	(1) Submit proof to the director of compliance with all
7	conditions imposed by the director;
8	(2) Obtain a certified statement from the director
9	indicating eligibility for registration of a motor
0	vehicle;

1	(3) Present the certified statement to the [appropriate
2	county] director of [finance;] the appropriate county
3	agency; and
4	(4) Successfully complete each requirement, as provided i
5	chapter 286, for obtaining a new certificate of
6	registration for a motor vehicle in this State,
7	including payment of all applicable fees."
8	SECTION 18. Section 291E-48, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
9	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
10	"(a) Anytime after the effective date of revocation or
11	after the administrative hearing decision is mailed pursuant to
12	section 291E-38(j), a qualified household member or co-owner of
13	a motor vehicle with a respondent who has had a motor vehicle
14	registration revoked under this part may submit a sworn
15	statement to the director requesting a special motor vehicle
16	registration. The director may grant the request upon
17	determining that the following conditions have been met:
18	(1) The applicant is a household member of the
19	respondent's or a co-owner of the vehicle;
20	(2) The applicant has a license that has not expired or

been suspended or revoked;

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1	(3) The applicant is completely dependent on the motor
2	vehicle for the necessities of life; [and]
3	(4) The director finds that the applicant will take
4	reasonable precautions to ensure that the respondent
5	will not drive the vehicle[-]; and
6	(5) The respondent does not have a valid ignition
7	interlock permit.
8	A person to whom a special motor vehicle registration has been
9	granted shall apply to the [appropriate county] director of
10	[finance] the appropriate county agency for special series
11	number plates, as provided in section 249-9.4."
12	SECTION 19. Section 291E-61, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
13	amended to read as follows:
14	"§291E-61 Operating a vehicle under the influence of an
15	intoxicant. (a) A person commits the offense of operating a
16	vehicle under the influence of an intoxicant if the person
17	operates or assumes actual physical control of a vehicle:
18	(1) While under the influence of alcohol in an amount
19	sufficient to impair the person's normal mental
20	faculties or ability to care for the person and guard
21	against casualty;

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1	(2)	While	under the influence of any drug that impairs the
2		perso	on's ability to operate the vehicle in a careful
3		and p	orudent manner;
4	(3)	With	.08 or more grams of alcohol per two hundred ten
5		lite	s of breath; or
6	(4)	With	.08 or more grams of alcohol per one hundred
7		mill:	liters or cubic centimeters of blood.
8	(b)	A pei	son committing the offense of operating a vehicle
9	under the	influ	mence of an intoxicant shall be sentenced without
10	possibilit	ty of	probation or suspension of sentence as follows:
11	(1)	For t	the first offense, or any offense not preceded
12		withi	n a five-year period by a conviction for an
13		offer	ise under this section or section 291E-4(a):
14		(A)	A fourteen-hour minimum substance abuse
15			rehabilitation program, including education and
16			counseling, or other comparable program deemed
17			appropriate by the court;
18		(B)	One-year revocation of license and privilege to
19			operate a vehicle during the revocation period
20			and installation during the revocation period of
21			an ignition interlock device on any vehicle
22			operated by the person;

		(c) Any one of more of the following:
2	au i	(i) Seventy-two hours of community service work
3		(ii) Not less than forty-eight hours and not more
4		than five days of imprisonment; or
5		(iii) A fine of not less than \$150 but not more
6		than \$1,000;
7		(D) A surcharge of \$25 to be deposited into the
8		neurotrauma special fund; and
9		(E) [May be charged a] A surcharge, if the court so
10		orders, of up to \$25 to be deposited into the
l İ		trauma system special fund [if the court so
12		orders];
3	(2)	For an offense that occurs within five years of a
4		prior conviction for an offense under this section or
5		section 291E-4(a)[, and notwithstanding section
16		706 623, by probation for not less than eighteen
7		months nor more than two years on the following
8		conditions]:
9		(A) Revocation for not less than eighteen months nor
20		more than two years of license and privilege to
1		operate a vehicle during the [probation]
12		revocation period and installation during the

1			[probation] <u>revocation</u> period of an ignition
2			interlock device on any vehicle operated by the
3			person;
4		(B)	Either one of the following:
5			(i) Not less than two hundred forty hours of
6			community service work; or
7			(ii) Not [more] less than five days but not more
8			than thirty days of imprisonment, of which
9			at least forty-eight hours shall be served
10			consecutively;
11		(C)	A fine of not less than \$500 but not more than
12			\$1,500;
13		(D)	A surcharge of \$25 to be deposited into the
14			neurotrauma special fund; and
15		(E)	[May be charged a] <u>A</u> surcharge of up to \$50 <u>if</u> .
16			the court so orders, to be deposited into the
17			trauma system special fund [if the court so
18			orders];
19	(3)	For	an offense that occurs within five years of two
20			r convictions for offenses under this section or
21			ion 291E-4(a)[, and notwithstanding section 706

		OZJ,	by probacton for two years on the fortowing
2		eond	litions]:
3		(A)	A fine of not less than \$500 but not more than
4			\$2,500;
5		(B)	Revocation for two years of license and privilege
6			to operate a vehicle during the [probation]
7			revocation period and installation during the
8			[probation] <u>revocation</u> period of an ignition
9			interlock device on any vehicle operated by the
0			person;
1		(C)	[Up to five] Not less than ten days but not more
2			than thirty days imprisonment, of which at least
3			forty-eight hours shall be served consecutively;
4		(D)	A surcharge of \$25 to be deposited into the
5			neurotrauma special fund; and
6		(E)	[May be charged a] \underline{A} surcharge of up to \$50 $\underline{ ext{if}}$
7			the court so orders, to be deposited into the
8			trauma system special fund [if the court so
l 9			orders];
20	(4)	In a	ddition to a sentence imposed under paragraphs (1)
21		thro	ough (3), any person eighteen years of age or older
22		who	is convicted under this section and who operated a

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1 paragraphs ((I) CO (4); pro	ovidea tn	iat the c	court sr	iall not	. 1ssue

- 2 an ignition interlock permit pursuant to subsection (i) and the
- 3 person shall be subject to the penalties provided by section
- 4 291E-62 if the person drives during the [probation] applicable
- 5 revocation period.
- 6 (c) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the7 court shall not issue an ignition interlock permit to:
- 8 (1) A defendant whose license is expired, suspended, or
 9 revoked as a result of action other than the instant
 10 offense; [ex]
- 11 (2) A defendant who does not hold a valid license at the

 12 time of the instant offense; or
- [(2)] (3) A defendant who holds either a category 4 license under section 286-102(b) or a commercial driver's license under section 286-239(b), unless the ignition interlock permit is restricted to a category 1, 2, or 3 license under section 286-102(b).
- (d) [The] Except as provided in subsection (c), the court
 may issue a separate permit authorizing a defendant to operate a
 vehicle owned by the defendant's employer during the period of
 revocation without installation of an ignition interlock device
 if the defendant is gainfully employed in a position that

- 1 requires driving and the defendant will be discharged if
- 2 prohibited from driving a vehicle not equipped with an ignition
- 3 interlock device.
- 4 (e) A request made pursuant to subsection (d) shall be
- 5 accompanied by:
- 6 (1) A sworn statement from the defendant containing facts
- 7 establishing that the defendant currently is employed
- 8 in a position that requires driving and that the
- 9 defendant will be discharged if prohibited from
- driving a vehicle not equipped with an ignition
- 11 interlock device; and
- 12 (2) A sworn statement from the defendant's employer
- establishing that the employer will, in fact,
- 14 discharge the defendant if the defendant is prohibited
- from driving a vehicle not equipped with an ignition
- interlock device and identifying the specific vehicle
- and hours of the day, not to exceed twelve hours per
- day, the defendant will drive for purposes of
- employment.
- 20 (f) A permit issued pursuant to subsection (d) shall
- 21 include restrictions allowing the defendant to drive:

1	(1)	Only during specified hours of employment, not to
2		exceed twelve hours per day, and only for activities
3		solely within the scope of the employment;
4	(2)	Only the vehicle specified; and
5	(3)	Only if the permit is kept in the defendant's
6		possession while operating the employer's vehicle.
7	(g)	Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, any:
8	(1)	Conviction under this section, section 291E-4(a), or
9		section 291E-61.5;
10	(2)	Conviction in any other state or federal jurisdiction
11		for an offense that is comparable to operating or
12		being in physical control of a vehicle while having
13		either an unlawful alcohol concentration or an
14		unlawful drug content in the blood or urine or while
15		under the influence of an intoxicant or habitually
16		operating a vehicle under the influence of an
17		intoxicant; or
18	(3)	Adjudication of a minor for a law violation that, if
19		committed by an adult, would constitute a violation of
20		this section or an offense under section 291E-4(a), or
21		section 291E-61.5[+],

- 1 shall be considered a prior conviction for the purposes of
- 2 imposing sentence under this section. Any judgment on a verdict
- 3 or a finding of guilty, a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, or
- 4 an adjudication, in the case of a minor, that at the time of the
- 5 offense has not been expunged by pardon, reversed, or set aside
- 6 shall be deemed a prior conviction under this section. No
- 7 license and privilege [suspension or] revocation shall be
- 8 imposed pursuant to this section if the person's license and
- 9 privilege to operate a vehicle has previously been
- 10 administratively revoked pursuant to part III for the same act;
- 11 provided that, if the administrative [suspension or] revocation
- 12 is subsequently reversed, the person's license and privilege to
- 13 operate a vehicle shall be [suspended or] revoked as provided in
- 14 this section. There shall be no requirement for the
- 15 installation of an ignition interlock device pursuant to this
- 16 section if the requirement has previously been imposed pursuant
- 17 to part III for the same act; provided that, if the requirement
- 18 is subsequently reversed, a requirement for the installation of
- 19 an ignition interlock device shall be imposed as provided in
- 20 this section.
- 21 (h) Whenever a court sentences a person pursuant to
- 22 subsection (b), it also shall require that the offender be

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- 1 referred to the driver's education program for an assessment, by
- 2 a certified substance abuse counselor, of the offender's
- 3 substance abuse or dependence and the need for appropriate
- 4 treatment. The counselor shall submit a report with
- 5 recommendations to the court. The court shall require the
- 6 offender to obtain appropriate treatment if the counselor's
- 7 assessment establishes the offender's substance abuse or
- 8 dependence. All costs for assessment and treatment shall be
- 9 borne by the offender.
- (i) Upon proof that the defendant has [installed]:
- 11 (1) Installed an ignition interlock device in [the
- 12 defendant's any vehicle the defendant operates
- 13 pursuant to subsection (b) $[\tau]$; and
- 14 (2) Obtained motor vehicle insurance or self-insurance
- 15 that complies with the requirements under either
- 16 section 431:10C-104 or section 431:10C-105,
- 17 the court shall issue an ignition interlock permit that will
- 18 allow the defendant to drive a vehicle equipped with an ignition
- 19 interlock device during the revocation period.
- 20 (j) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary,
- 21 whenever a court revokes a person's driver's license pursuant to
- 22 this section, the examiner of drivers shall not grant to the

- 1 person a new driver's license until the expiration of the period
- 2 of revocation determined by the court. After the period of
- 3 revocation is completed, the person may apply for and the
- 4 examiner of drivers may grant to the person a new driver's
- 5 license.
- 6 (k) Any person sentenced under this section may be ordered
- 7 to reimburse the county for the cost of any blood or urine tests
- 8 conducted pursuant to section 291E-11. The court shall order
- 9 the person to make restitution in a lump sum, or in a series of
- 10 prorated installments, to the police department or other agency
- 11 incurring the expense of the blood or urine test. Except as
- 12 provided in section 291E-5, installation and maintenance of the
- 13 ignition interlock device required by subsection (b) shall be at
- 14 the defendant's own expense.
- 15 [(1) The requirement to provide proof of financial
- 16 responsibility pursuant to section 287 20 shall not be based
- 17 upon a sentence imposed under subsection (b) (1).
- 18 $\left(\frac{1}{m}\right)$ (1) As used in this section, the term "examiner of
- 19 drivers" has the same meaning as provided in section 286-2."
- 20 SECTION 20. Section 291E-62, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 21 amended to read as follows:

1	"§291E-62 Operating a vehicle after license and privilege
2	have been suspended or revoked for operating a vehicle under the
3	influence of an intoxicant; penalties. (a) No person whose
4	license and privilege to operate a vehicle have been revoked,
5	suspended, or otherwise restricted pursuant to this section or
6	to part III or section 291E-61 or 291E-61.5, or to part VII or
7	part XIV of chapter 286 or section 200-81, 291-4, 291-4.4,
8	291-4.5, or 291-7 as those provisions were in effect on
9	December 31, 2001, shall operate or assume actual physical
10	control of any vehicle:
1	(1) In violation of any restrictions placed on the
12	person's license;
l 3	(2) While the person's license or privilege to operate a
l 4	vehicle remains suspended or revoked; <u>or</u>
l 5	(3) Without installing an ignition interlock device
6	required by this chapter[; or
ا7	(4) After disabling or circumventing an ignition interlect
8	device required by this chapter].
9	(b) Any person convicted of violating this section shall
20	be sentenced as follows[+] without possibility of probation or
	一个一点,我们就是我们,我们就是我的,我们就是我们的,我们就是我们的,我们就是我们的,我们的,我们的一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个

suspension of sentence:

21

1	(1)	For a first offense, or any offense not preceded
2		within a five-year period by conviction for an offense
3		under this section, section 291E-A, or [under] section
4		291-4.5 as that section was in effect on December 31,
5		2001:
6		(A) A term of imprisonment of not less than three
7		consecutive days but not more than thirty days;
8		(B) A fine of not less than \$250 but not more than
9		\$1,000; [and]
10		(C) Revocation of license and privilege to operate a
11		vehicle for an additional year; <u>and</u>
12		(D) Loss of the privilege to operate a vehicle
13		equipped with an ignition interlock device, if
14		applicable;
15	(2)	For an offense that occurs within five years of a
16		prior conviction for an offense under this section.
17		section 291E-A, or [under] section 291-4.5 as that
18		section was in effect on December 31, 2001:
19		(A) Thirty days imprisonment;
20		(B) A \$1,000 fine; [and]
21		(C) Revocation of license and privilege to operate a
22		vehicle for an additional two years; and

1		<u>(D)</u>	Loss of the privilege to operate a vehicle
2			equipped with an ignition interlock device, if
3			applicable; and
4	(3)	For a	an offense that occurs within five years of two or
5		more	prior convictions for offenses under this
6		secti	on, section 291E-A, or [under] section 291-4.5 as
7		that	section was in effect on December 31, 2001[+], or
8		any o	combination thereof:
9		(A)	One year imprisonment;
10		(B)	A \$2,000 fine; [and]
11		(C)	Permanent revocation of the person's license and
12			privilege to operate a vehicle[+]; and
13		<u>(D)</u>	Loss of the privilege to operate a vehicle
14			equipped with an ignition interlock device, if
15			applicable.
16	[The peric	od of	revocation shall commence upon the release of the
17	person fre	m the	- period of imprisonment imposed pursuant to this
18	section.]		
19	<u>(c)</u>	The a	pplicable period of revocation in subsection (b)
20	shall comm	nence	upon the release of the person from the period of
21	imprisonme	ent im	posed pursuant to this section."

1	SECTION 21. Section 706-623, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended by amending subsection (1) to read as follows:
3	"(1) When the court has sentenced a defendant to be placed
4	on probation, the period of probation shall be as follows,
5	unless the court enters the reason therefor on the record and
6	sentences the defendant to a shorter period of probation:
7	(a) Ten years upon conviction of a class A felony;
8	(b) Five years upon conviction of a class B or class C
9	felony;
10	(c) One year upon conviction of a misdemeanor; except tha
11	upon a conviction under section 586-4, 586-11, or
12	709-906, the court may sentence the defendant to a
13	period of probation not exceeding two years; or
14	(d) [Except as provided in paragraph (e), six] Six months
15	upon conviction of a petty misdemeanor; provided that
16	up to one year may be imposed upon a finding of good
17	cause [; or
18	(e) Eighteen months to two years upon conviction under
19	section 291E 61(b)(2), and two years upon a conviction
20	under section 291E-61(b)(3)].
21	The court, on application of a probation officer, on application
22	of the defendant, or on its own motion, may discharge the

-		
2	court shall af	ford the prosecuting attorney an opportunity to be
3	heard. The te	erms of probation provided in this part, other than
4	in this section	on, shall not apply to sentences of probation
5	imposed under	section 706-606.3."
6	SECTION 2	2. Section 853-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
7	amended to rea	d as follows:
8	"§853-4	Chapter not applicable; when. This chapter shall
9	not apply when	
10	(1) The	offense charged involves the intentional, knowing,
11	reck	less, or negligent killing of another person;
12	(2) The	offense charged is:
13	(A)	A felony that involves the intentional, knowing,
14		or reckless bodily injury, substantial bodily
15		injury, or serious bodily injury of another
16		person; or
17	(B)	A misdemeanor or petty misdemeanor that carries a
18		mandatory minimum sentence and that involves the
19		intentional, knowing, or reckless bodily injury,
20		substantial bodily injury, or serious bodily
21		injury of another person;

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1	(3)	The offense charged involves a conspiracy of
2		solicitation to intentionally, knowingly, or
3		recklessly kill another person or to cause serious
4		bodily injury to another person;
5	(4)	The offense charged is a class A felony;
6	(5)	The offense charged is nonprobationable;
7	(6)	The defendant has been convicted of any offense
8		defined as a felony by the Hawaii Penal Code or has
9		been convicted for any conduct that if perpetrated i
10		this State would be punishable as a felony;
11	(7)	The defendant is found to be a law violator or
12		delinquent child for the commission of any offense
13		defined as a felony by the Hawaii Penal Code or for
14		any conduct that if perpetrated in this State would
15		constitute a felony;
16	(8)	The defendant has a prior conviction for a felony
17		committed in any state, federal, or foreign
18		jurisdiction;
19	(9)	A firearm was used in the commission of the offense
20		charged;
21	(10)	The defendant is charged with the distribution of a
22		dangerous, harmful, or detrimental drug to a minor;

1	(11)	The defendant has been charged with a felony offense
2		and has been previously granted deferred acceptance of
3		guilty plea status for a prior offense, regardless of
4		whether the period of deferral has already expired;
5	(12)	The defendant has been charged with a misdemeanor
6		offense and has been previously granted deferred
7		acceptance of guilty plea status for a prior felony,
8		misdemeanor, or petty misdemeanor for which the period
9		of deferral has not yet expired;
10	(13)	The offense charged is:
11		(A) Escape in the first degree;
12		(B) Escape in the second degree;
13		(C) Promoting prison contraband in the first degree;
14		(D) Promoting prison contraband in the second degree;
15		(E) Bail jumping in the first degree;
16		(F) Bail jumping in the second degree;
17		(G) Bribery;
18		(H) Bribery of a witness;
19		(I) Intimidating a witness;
20		(J) Bribery of or by a juror;
21		(K) Intimidating a juror;
22		(L) Jury tampering;

1		(M)	Promoting prostitution in the first degree;
2		(N)	Promoting prostitution in the second degree;
3		(0)	Promoting prostitution in the third degree;
4		·(P)	Abuse of family or household members;
5		(Q)	Sexual assault in the second degree;
6		(R)	Sexual assault in the third degree;
7		(S)	A violation of an order issued pursuant to
8			chapter 586;
9		(T)	Promoting child abuse in the second degree;
10		(U)	Promoting child abuse in the third degree;
11		(V)	Electronic enticement of a child in the first
12			degree; <u>or</u>
13		(W)	Electronic enticement of a child in the second
14			degree; [or
15		(X)	An offense under part IV, chapter 291E;
16	(14)	The	defendant has been charged with:
17		(A)	Knowingly or intentionally falsifying any report
18			required under chapter 11, subpart B of part XII
[9			with the intent to circumvent the law or deceive
20			the campaign spending commission; or
21		(B)	Violating section 11-201 or 11-202; or

. 1	(15) The defendant holds a commercial driver's license and
2	has been charged with violating a traffic control law
3	other than a parking law, in connection with the
4	operation of any type of motor vehicle.
5	The court may adopt by rule other criteria in this area."
6	SECTION 23. In codifying the new sections added by section
7	2 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall substitute
8	appropriate section numbers for the letters used in designating
9	the new sections in this Act.
10	SECTION 24. This Act does not affect rights and duties
11	that matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that
12	were begun before its effective date.
13	SECTION 25. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
14	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
15	SECTION 26. This Act shall take effect on January 1, 2011
16	and the provisions of this Act shall be incorporated with the
17	provisions of sections 2 through 11 of Act 88, Session Laws of
18	Hawaii 2009.
19	

APPROVED this

day of

JUN

, 2010

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF HAWAII

JAMES R. AIONA JR.

APTERIO PARPORE