

Department of Labor and Industrial Relations' Presentation to the 2009 Legislature

Solvency of the Unemployment Trust Fund

1/29/09



Administration Proposal

- 2009 Fund is solvent
 NO NEED TO RAISE TAXES
 (Keep money circulating in the economy to stimulate quicker recovery)
- Make permanent the ADEQUATE RESERVE MULTIPLIER OF 1.0 (which is 1 year's worth of benefits in reserve) and AVERAGE WEEKLY BENEFIT OF 75% (instead of 70%)
- 3. Taxes will automatically be adjusted based on fund balance in November of each year.



Current Status of the Fund

- The fund balance at the end of 2008 was \$430 million.
- Average of \$17.7 million per month in benefit payouts for 2008.
- For 2009: Solvent No need to raise taxes.
- For 2010: Present legislative schedule will automatically increase taxes in 2010.

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Current Status of the Fund

(continued)

- Estimated Adequate Reserve Level = \$330-\$380 million at the end of 2009 (reserve of 1 year's benefit)
- Fund balance conservatively estimated / projected at \$172 million or less for the end of 2009.
- Under Act 110, since the fund drops below the adequate reserve level, then the tax schedule will shift from "A" to possibly "E" - "G" for calendar year 2010.

2009

\$90

Schedule "A"

\$13,000 taxable wage base

Est. average tax per employee

2010 > Schodulo "

- → Schedule "E" "G"
- → \$37,900 taxable wage base (Automatic change under Act 110)
- → Est. average tax per employee \$830-\$1,250

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Average UI Employee Taxes

(UI Taxes on an employee with annual wages at or above taxable wage base at average tax rate)

YEAR	Tax Wage Base (TWB)	Х	TAX SCHEDULE	=	AVG. TAXES AT TWB
2007	\$35,300	Х	Schedule B 0.8%	=	\$280
2008 (Act 110)	\$13,000	Х	Schedule A 0.7%	=	\$90
Projection 2009 (Based on fund balance at end of 2008)	\$13,000	Х	Schedule A 0.7%	=	\$90
Projection 2010 at 6.0 UI Rate	\$37,900	Х	Schedule E 2.2%	=	\$830
Projection 2010 at 7.0 UI Rate	\$37,900	Х	Schedule F 2.75%	=	\$1,040
Projection 201 at 8.0 UI Rate	\$37,900	Х	Schedule G 3.3%	=	\$1,250

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HISTORICAL OVERVIEW



The Unemployment Insurance program is a federal-state partnership created by Social Security Act of 1935, based upon federal law but administered by state employees under state law.

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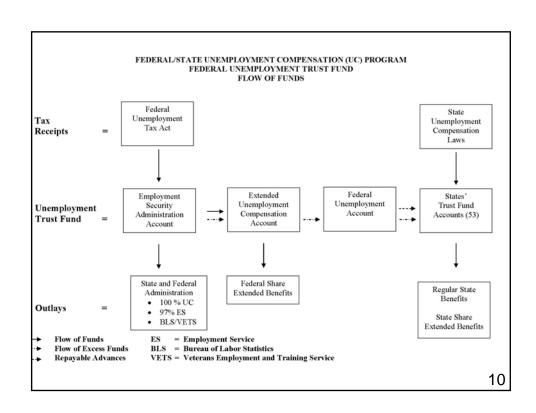
Federal Requirements

- Ensure conformity
- Determine administrative fund requirements and provide money to states for administrative costs
- Set policy, monitor state performance
- Provide assistance
- Hold and invest all money in the UI Trust Fund



Program Funding

- Funded entirely by employer taxes
 - Federal Unemployment Tax Act (FUTA) pays for:
 - administrative costs
 - federal share of extended benefits
 - federal supplemental & emergency programs
 - loans
- State Unemployment Tax Act (SUTA) HRS Ch. 383 pays for:
 - Unemployment Compensation benefits





PRE-ACT 110

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PRE-ACT 110

Prior to 2008

- Adequate Reserve Fund (ARF) 1.5
- Earnings Disregard \$50
- Maximum Weekly Benefit Amount 70% of Average weekly wage
- Taxable Wage Base
 100% of Average annual wage



ACT 110

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ACT 110

For 2008, 2009, 2010

- Adequate Reserve Fund (ARF) 1.0
- Earnings Disregard \$150
- Maximum Weekly Benefit Amt 75% of average weekly wage
- Taxable Wage Base \$13,000
- If Adequate Reserve Fund falls below 1.0
- Taxable wage base 100% of average annual wage (est. \$37,900 for 2010)



POST ACT 110

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POST ACT 110

After 2010

- Adequate Reserve Fund (ARF) 1.5
- Earnings Disregard \$150
- Maximum Weekly Benefit Amt 70% of average weekly wage
- Taxable Wage Base 100% of average annual wage (est. \$38,100 for 2011)



FREE UI FEDERAL LOAN PROVISIONS

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Free UI Federal Loan Provisions

The Governor may request a loan from the Secretary of Labor.

- Loans are from the Federal Unemployment Account (FUA).
- Repayment by October 31 of same year, no interest
- · Repayment in second year interest incurred

Interest

- · Charged on all loans
- Rate varies
- Credited to the FUA in the state Unemployment Trust Fund
- Due on the last day of the fiscal year
- No payment from the state Unemployment Trust Fund

Penalty for non-payment of loan

• Incremental loss of 5.4% credit

Penalty for non-payment of interest

- · Loss of 5.4% credit
- · Loss of administrative cost



EXTENDED UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION (EUC)

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Emergency Unemployment Compensation (EUC)

Public Law 110-252, Supplemental Appropriations Act of 2008 and Public 110-449, Unemployment Compensation Extension Act

- Effective July 6, 2008 through March 31, 2009
- Final week ending date payable August 29, 2009
- 20 weeks of federally funded benefits for first tier state and 33 weeks for second tier states

EUC Current Workload (not regular UI claims)

- Initial Claims 200+ per week
- Weekly Claim 5,000+ per week
- Benefits Paid per month \$7.9 million



CONCLUSION

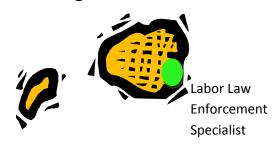
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CONCLUSION

- We have been previously prudent in maintaining the trust fund.
- 2009: Fund is solvent. No need to raise taxes. Keep money circulating in the local economy to stimulate a quick recovery along with stimulus package.
- 2010: Present legislative schedule will automatically increase taxes in 2010.

DLIR - Wage Standards Division Snapshot



Laws Administered and Enforced:

Chapter 390, Child Labor Law
Chapter 387, HRS Wage and Hour Law
Chapter 388, HRS Payment of Wages and Other
Compensation Law
Chapter 104, HRS Wages and Hours of Employees on

Chapter 104, HRS Wages and Hours of Employees on Public Works Law (Little Davis-Bacon)

Chapter 378-Part III, Unlawful Termination

Chapter 398, Family Leave Law

Chapter 378- Part II – Lie Detector Tests

Labor Law Enforcement Specialists (LLES)

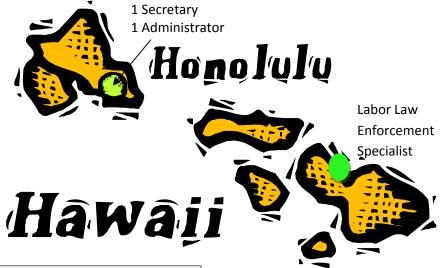
3 Intake and Certification Branch LLES (Removed in 20% reduction)

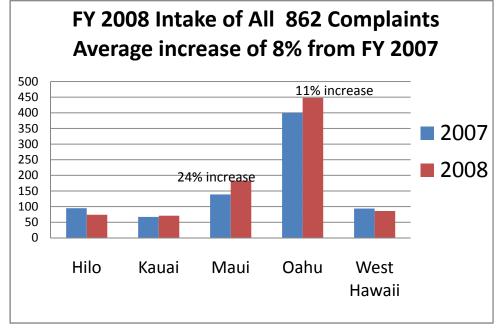
8 Compliance Branch LLES

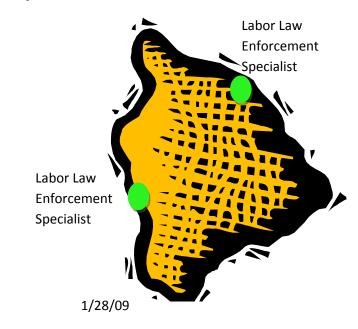
2 Hearings Officer LLES on Oahu serve the entire state

2 Technical Services and Support Office LLES serve the whole state

3 Clerical Services serve the whole state

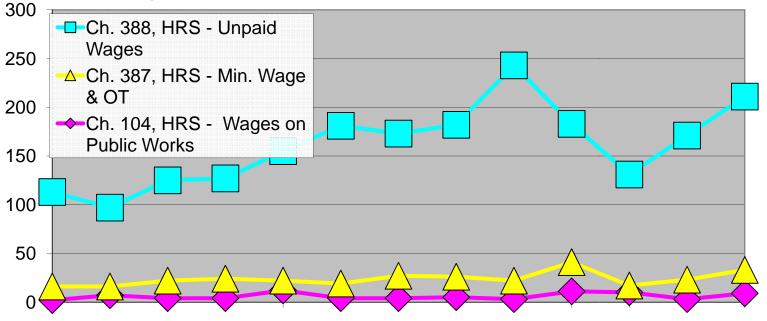






DLIR - Wage Standards Division Snapshot





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