SENATE RESOLUTION

STRONGLY URGING THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR AND THE UNITED STATES CONGRESS TO PROVIDE ADDITIONAL FEDERAL AID TO THE STATE OF HAWAI'I FOR THE PROVISION OF VARIOUS STATE SERVICES TO MIGRANTS FROM THE COMPACT OF FREE ASSOCIATION NATIONS.

WHEREAS, migrants from the Federated States of Micronesia, Republic of the Marshall Islands, and Republic of Palau, are allowed to enter the State of Hawai'i under the Compact of Free Association; and

WHEREAS, many state agencies provide a broad range of health and social services to migrants from the Compact of Free Association who have moved to Hawai'i; and

WHEREAS, the cost to the State to provide various state services to the Compact of Free Association migrants continues to increase each year; and

WHEREAS, for example, in 2006 and 2007, respectively, the State spent \$91,443,066 and \$101,163,113 to provide services for these migrants; and

WHEREAS, the \$101,163,113 expended in 2007 consisted of the following:

- (1) Department of Human Services -- \$37,116,012 to provide services including, among other things, financial assistance, medical assistance, and emergency housing and outreach for homeless persons;
- (2) Department of Labor and Industrial Relations, Office of Community Services -- \$717,360 to provide social services, including employment readiness training and cultural awareness education, to five hundred three Compact of Free Association migrants;

- (3) Department of Health -- \$6,829,020 to provide a variety of community-based and direct health care and health-related education, most notably related to tuberculosis, Hansen's disease, and other communicable diseases, which are over represented within the populations making up the Compact of Free Association;
- (4) Department of Defense -- \$21,130 to provide educational and intervention services directed at children and young adults who are considered at risk for becoming juvenile offenders, who come from needy families, or who receive services from the State's Department of Human Services;
 - (5) Department of Education -- \$53,586,418 to educate students from the Compact of Free Association nations who typically require specialized language services that utilize extra resources of the Department of Education;
 - (6) The University of Hawaii -- \$1,958,627 in foregone revenue due to the practice of allowing all students from the Compact of Free Association nations to pay the lower state resident tuition, regardless of the date of their initial residence in Hawai'i (discontinued beginning with the 2008 fall semester due to budget restrictions);
 - (7) Department of Public Safety -- \$839,500 for the costs of 1,425 arrests on 2,509 charges resulting in 613 convictions and 224 incarcerations of Compact of Free Association migrants. Costs are exacerbated by a shortage of qualified and reliable interpreters that can result in delayed hearings and additional cost;
 - (8) Judiciary -- \$82,796 for interpreter services; and
 - (9) Office of the Public Defender -- \$12,250 for interpretation services necessary to provide legal defense; and

WHEREAS, migrants from the Compact of Free Association nations are proportionally over represented in the population of persons who receive various state social services in Hawai'i; and

WHEREAS, the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 prevents needy persons from the Compact of Free Association nations from receiving federally funded financial and medical assistance; and

WHEREAS, when that law went into effect in 1997, Hawai'i continued to provide equivalent services for the Compact of Free Association migrants using state funds; and

WHEREAS, if the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 is amended to allow the Compact of Free Association migrants to receive federally funded financial and medical assistance, the State would not have to expend state funds to provide the equivalent services, thus allowing more of the State's general funds to be used for services and programs for which federal funding is not available; and

 WHEREAS, the federal government must address the issue of additional federal support for the State to continue providing state services arising from the unique federally created relationship the United States has with the Compact of Free Association nations; now, therefore,

BE IT RESOLVED by the Senate of the Twenty-fifth Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2009, that the United States Department of the Interior and the Congress of the United States are strongly urged to provide additional federal aid to the State of Hawai'i for the provision of various state services to migrants from the Compact of Free Association nations; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the United States Department of the Interior, Office of Insular Affairs, is strongly urged to review the funding of the Compact Impact Assistance grant and to make every effort to increase the amount of direct assistance available to Hawai'i to offset costs incurred by the State; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the United States Congress is strongly urged to support federal legislation to amend the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 to allow the Compact of Free Association migrants to

once again receive federally funded financial and medical assistance; and

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BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the United States Department of the Interior is strongly urged to identify and secure other forms of direct assistance to the State and the Compact of Free Association population in the United States, including grants from other sources and federal programs; and

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BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that certified copies of this Resolution be transmitted to the President of the United States, the United States Secretary of the Interior, the Director of the Office of Insular Affairs, the Majority Leader of the United States Senate, the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives, the members of Hawai'i's congressional delegation, the Chairperson of the Board of Education, the Chairperson of the Board of Regents of the University of Hawaii, the Adjutant General, and the Directors of Human Services, Labor and Industrial Relations, Health, and Public Safety, the Chief Justice of the Hawaii Supreme Court, and the Public Defender.