# A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. Section 235-12.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2 amended to read as follows:

3 "§235-12.5 Renewable energy technologies; income tax 4 **credit.** (a) When the requirements of subsection  $\left[\frac{(c)}{(c)}\right]$  (d) are 5 met, each individual or corporate taxpayer that files an individual or corporate net income tax return for a taxable year 6 7 may claim a tax credit under this section against the Hawaii 8 state individual or corporate net income tax. The tax credit 9 may be claimed for every eligible renewable energy technology 10 system that is installed and placed in service in the State by a 11 taxpayer during the taxable year. [This credit shall be 12 available for systems installed and placed in service in the 13 State after June 30, 2003.] The tax credit may be claimed as 14 follows:

15

[(1) Solar thermal energy systems for:

16 (A) Single-family residential property for which a 17 building permit was issued prior to January 1,

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1			2010: thirty-five per cent of the actual cost or
2			\$2,250, whichever is less;
3		<del>(B)</del>	Multi-family residential property: thirty-five
4			per cent of the actual cost or \$350 per unit,
5			whichever is less; and
6		<del>(C)</del>	Commercial property: thirty-five per cent of the
7			actual cost or \$250,000, whichever is less;
8	<del>(2)</del>	Wind	-powered energy systems for:
9		<del>(A)</del>	Single-family residential property: twenty per
10			cent of the actual cost or \$1,500, whichever is
11			<del>less;</del>
12		<del>(B)</del>	Multi-family residential property: twenty per
13			
			cent of the actual cost or \$200 per unit,
14			cent of the actual cost or \$200 per unit, whichever is less; and
		<del>-(C)-</del>	
14		<del>.(C)</del>	whichever is less; and
14 15	<del>(3)</del>		whichever is less; and Commercial property: twenty per cent of the
14 15 16	<del>(3)</del>	Phot	whichever is less; and Commercial property: twenty per cent of the actual cost or \$500,000, whichever is less; and
14 15 16 17	<del>(3)</del>	Phot	whichever is less; and Commercial property: twenty per cent of the actual cost or \$500,000, whichever is less; and ovoltaic energy systems for:

1	(B) Multi-family residential property: thirty-five			
2	per cent of the actual cost or \$350 per unit,			
3	whichever is less; and			
4	(C) Commercial property: thirty-five per cent of the			
5	actual cost or \$500,000, whichever is less;]			
6	(1) For each solar energy system: thirty-five per cent of			
7	the actual cost or the cap amount determined in			
8	subsection (b), whichever is less; or			
9	(2) For each wind-powered energy system: twenty per cent			
10	of the actual cost or the cap amount determined in			
11	subsection (b), whichever is less;			
12	provided that multiple owners of a single system shall be			
13	entitled to a single tax credit; and provided further that the			
14	tax credit shall be apportioned between the owners in proportion			
15	to their contribution to the cost of the system.			
16	In the case of a partnership, S corporation, estate, or			
17	trust, the tax credit allowable is for every eligible renewable			
18	energy technology system that is installed and placed in service			
19	in the State by the entity. The cost upon which the tax credit			
20	is computed shall be determined at the entity level.			
21	Distribution and share of credit shall be determined pursuant to			
22	section 235-110.7(a).			
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1	(b)	The amount of credit allowed for each eligible		
2	renewable	energy technology system shall not exceed the		
3	applicable cap amount, which is determined as follows:			
4	(1)	If the primary purpose of the solar energy system is		
5		to us	se energy from the sun to heat water for household	
6		use,	then the cap amounts shall be:	
7		(A)	\$2,250 per system for single-family residential	
8			property;	
9		(B)	\$350 per unit per system for multi-family	
10			residential property; and	
11		(C)	\$250,000 per system for commercial property;	
12	(2)	For all other solar energy systems, the cap amounts		
13		shall be:		
14		(A)	\$5,000 per system for single-family residential	
15			property; provided that if all or a portion of	
16			the system is used to fulfill the substitute	
17			renewable energy technology requirement pursuant	
18			to section 196-6.5(a)(3), the credit shall be	
19			reduced by thirty-five per cent of the actual	
20			system cost or \$2,250, whichever is less;	
21		(B)	\$350 per unit per system for multi-family	
22			residential property; and	
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1	<u>(C)</u>	\$500,000 per system for commercial property;	
2	and		
3	(3) For all wind-powered energy systems, the cap amounts		
4	shall be:		
5	(A)	\$1,500 per system for single-family residential	
6		property; provided that if all or a portion of	
7		the system is used to fulfill the substitute	
8		renewable energy technology requirement pursuant	
9		to section 196-6.5(a)(3), the credit shall be	
10	reduced by twenty per cent of the actual system		
11		cost or \$1,500, whichever is less;	
12	<u>(B)</u>	\$200 per unit per system for multi-family	
13		residential property; and	
14	(C)	\$500,000 per system for commercial property.	
15	[ <del>(b)</del> ] <u>(c)</u> For the purposes of this section:		
16	"Actual cost" means costs related to the renewable energy		
17	technology systems under subsection (a), including accessories		
18	and installation, but not including the cost of consumer		
19	incentive premiums unrelated to the operation of the system or		
20	offered with t	he sale of the system and costs for which another	
21	credit is claimed under this chapter.		

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1	"Household use" means any use to which heated water is			
2	commonly put in a residential setting, including commercial			
3	application of those uses.			
4	"Renewable energy technology system" means a new system			
5	that captures and converts a renewable source of energy, such as			
6	[wind, heat (solar thermal), or light (photovoltaic) from the			
7	sun] solar or wind energy, into:			
8	(1) A usable source of thermal or mechanical energy;			
9	(2) Electricity; or			
10	(3) Fuel.			
11	"Solar or wind energy system" means any identifiable			
12	facility, equipment, apparatus, or the like that converts			
13	[ <del>insolation</del> ] <u>solar</u> or wind energy to useful thermal or			
14	electrical energy for heating, cooling, or reducing the use of			
15	other types of energy that are dependent upon fossil fuel for			
16	their generation.			
17	[ <del>(c)</del> ] <u>(d)</u> For taxable years beginning after December 31,			
18	2005, the dollar amount of any utility rebate shall be deducted			
19	from the cost of the qualifying system and its installation			
20	before applying the state tax credit.			
21	[ <del>(d)</del> ] <u>(e)</u> The director of taxation shall prepare any forms			
22	that may be necessary to claim a tax credit under this section,			
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1 including forms identifying the technology type of each tax 2 credit claimed under this section, whether for [solar thermal, 3 photovoltaic from the sun, ] solar or wind. The director may 4 also require the taxpayer to furnish reasonable information to 5 ascertain the validity of the claim for credit made under this 6 section and may adopt rules necessary to effectuate the purposes 7 of this section pursuant to chapter 91. 8 [<del>(e)</del>] (f) If the tax credit under this section exceeds the 9 taxpayer's income tax liability, the excess of the credit over 10 liability may be used as a credit against the taxpayer's income tax liability in subsequent years until exhausted [-,], unless 11 12 otherwise elected by the taxpayer pursuant to subsection (g) or 13 (h). All claims for the tax credit under this section, 14 including amended claims, shall be filed on or before the end of the twelfth month following the close of the taxable year for 15 16 which the credit may be claimed. Failure to comply with this 17 subsection shall constitute a waiver of the right to claim the 18 credit.

19 [(f) By or before December, 2005, to the extent feasible, 20 using existing resources to assist the energy-efficiency policy 21 review and evaluation, the department shall assist with data

22 collection on the following:

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1	(1)	The number of renewable energy technology systems that
2		have qualified for a tax credit during the past year
3		<del>by:</del>
4		(A) Technology type (solar thermal, photovoltaic from
5		the sun, and wind); and
6		(B) Taxpayer type (corporate and individual); and
7	<del>(2)</del>	The total cost of the tax credit to the State during
8		the past year by:
9		(A) Technology type; and
10		<del>(B)</del> <del>Taxpayer type.</del>
11	<del>-(g)</del>	For systems installed and placed in service in 2009,
12	<del>no reside</del>	ntial home developer shall be entitled to claim the
13	<del>credit un</del>	der subsections (a) (1) (A), (a) (2) (A), and (a) (3) (A). A
14	residenti	al home developer is defined as a person who holds more
15	<del>than one</del>	residential dwelling for sale as inventory.]
16	(g)	For solar energy systems, a taxpayer may elect to
17	reduce th	e eligible credit amount by thirty per cent and if this
18	reduced a	mount exceeds the amount of income tax payment due from
19	the taxpa	yer, the excess of the credit amount over payments due
20	shall be	refunded to the taxpayer; provided that tax credit
21	amounts p	roperly claimed by a taxpayer who has no income tax
22	<u>liability</u> SB464 CD2 *SB464 CD *SB464 CD	2.DOC*



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1	that no refund on account of the tax credit allowed by this		
2	section shall be made for amounts less than \$1.		
3	The election required by this subsection shall be made in a		
4	manner prescribed by the director on the taxpayer's return for		
5	the taxable year in which the system is installed and placed in		
6	service. A separate election may be made for each separate		
7	system that generates a credit. An election once made is		
8	irrevocable.		
9	(h) Notwithstanding subsection (g), for any renewable		
10	energy technology system, an individual taxpayer may elect to		
11	have any excess of the credit over payments due refunded to the		
12	taxpayer, if:		
13	(1) All of the taxpayer's income is exempt from taxation		
14	under section 235-7(a)(2) or (3); or		
15	(2) The taxpayer's adjusted gross income is \$20,000 or		
16	less (or \$40,000 or less if filing a tax return as		
17	<pre>married filing jointly);</pre>		
18	provided that tax credits properly claimed by a taxpayer who has		
19	no income tax liability shall be paid to the taxpayer; and		
20	provided further that no refund on account of the tax credit		
21	allowed by this section shall be made for amounts less than \$1.		

1	A husband and wife who do not file a joint tax return shall		
2	only be entitled to make this election to the extent that they		
3	would have been entitled to make the election had they filed a		
4	joint tax return.		
5	The election required by this subsection shall be made in a		
6	manner prescribed by the director on the taxpayer's return for		
7	the taxable year in which the system is installed and placed in		
8	service. A separate election may be made for each separate		
9	system that generates a credit. An election once made is		
10	irrevocable.		
11	(i) No taxpayer shall be allowed a credit under this		
12	section for the portion of the renewable energy technology		
13	system required by section 196-6.5 that is installed and placed		
14	in service on any newly constructed single-family residential		
15	property authorized by a building permit issued on or after		
16	January 1, 2010.		
17	(j) To the extent feasible, using existing resources to		
18	assist the energy-efficiency policy review and evaluation, the		
19	department shall assist with data collection on the following		
20	for each taxable year:		

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1	(1)	The number of renewable energy technology systems that	
2		have qualified for a tax credit during the calendar	
3		year by:	
4		(A) Technology type; and	
5		(B) Taxpayer type (corporate and individual); and	
6	(2)	The total cost of the tax credit to the State during	
7		the taxable year by:	
8		(A) Technology type; and	
9		(B) Taxpayer type.	
10	(k)	This section shall apply to eligible renewable energy	
11	technolog	y systems that are installed and placed in service on	
12	or after July 1, 2009."		
13	SECTION 2. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed		
14	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.		
15	SECT	ION 3. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2009, and	
16	shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008.		

### Report Title:

Renewable Energy Technologies Income Tax Credit

#### Description:

Amends the renewable energy technologies income tax credit to encourage use of solar and wind energy systems and to permit a portion of the excess of the credit over payments due to be refunded to the taxpayer in certain circumstances. Reduces the tax credit for certain energy systems used to meet substitute renewable energy technology requirements for single-family residential properties. (SB464 CD2)