A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. The purpose of this Act is to promote the
2	cleanup and reuse of contaminated properties by providing relie
3	for bona fide prospective purchasers and innocent contiguous
4	property owners from liability under chapter 128D, Hawaii
5	Revised Statutes. This Act amends chapter 128D, Hawaii Revised
6	Statutes, to establish consistency between state and federal
7	laws after the passage of the federal Small Business Liability
8	Relief and Brownfields Revitalization Act, P.L. 107-118 (42
9	U.S.C. Sections 9601-9628).
10	SECTION 2. Section 128D-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
11	amended by adding a new definition to be appropriately inserted
12	and to read as follows:
13	"Bona fide prospective purchaser" means a person (or a
14	tenant of a person) who acquires ownership of a facility after
15	October 1, 2009, and establishes each of the following by a
16	preponderance of the evidence:

occurred before the person acquired the facility;
SB1259 HD2 HMS 2009-3479

(1) All disposal of hazardous substances at the facility

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1	(2)	Ine	person carried out air appropriate induffies when,
2		on c	or before the date on which the person acquired the
3		faci	lity:
4		(A)	The person made all appropriate inquiries into
5			the previous ownership and uses of the facility
6			in accordance with generally accepted good
7			commercial and customary standards and practices
8			in accordance with subparagraphs (B) and (C);
9		<u>(B)</u>	The standards and practices referred to in 42
10			United States Code Section 9601(35)(B)(ii) and 40
11			Code of Federal Regulations Section 312.20 are
12			used unless the director requires otherwise by
13			rules adopted pursuant to chapter 91; and
14		<u>(C)</u>	In the case of property in residential use or
15			other similar use at the time of purchase by a
16			nongovernmental or noncommercial entity, a
17			facility inspection and title search that reveal
18			no basis for further investigation shall be
19			considered to satisfy the requirements of this
20			paragraph;

1	(3)	The person provides all legally required notices with					
2		respect to the discovery or release of any hazardous					
3		substances at the facility;					
4	(4)	The person exercises appropriate care with respect to					
5		hazardous substances found at the facility by taking					
6		reasonable steps to:					
7		(A) Stop any continuing release;					
8		(B) Prevent any threatened future release; and					
9		(C) Prevent or limit human, environmental, or natural					
10		resource exposure to any previously released					
11		hazardous substance;					
12	(5)	The person provides full cooperation, assistance, and					
13		access to persons who are authorized to conduct					
14		response actions or natural resource restoration at a					
15		vessel or facility (including the cooperation and					
16		access necessary for the installation, integrity,					
17	¥	operation, and maintenance of any complete or partial					
18		response actions or natural resource restoration at					
19		the vessel or facility);					
20	(6)	The person:					

1		(A) Is in o	compliance with any land use restrictions
2		establ:	ished or relied on in connection with the
3		respons	se action at a vessel or facility; and
4		(B) Does no	ot impede the effectiveness or integrity of
5		any ins	stitutional control employed at the vessel
6		or fac	ility in connection with a response action;
7	(7)	The person of	complies with any request for information
8		or administr	cative subpoena issued by the President of
9		the United S	States under 42 United States Code Section
10		9605(a), by	the director under chapter 128D, or issued
11		by any state	e or federal court; and
12	(8)	The person	is not:
13		(A) Potent	ially liable, or affiliated with any other
14		person	who is potentially liable, for response
15		costs a	at a facility through:
16		<u>(i)</u> <u>Ar</u>	ny direct or indirect familial
17		re	elationship; or
18		(ii) Ar	ny contractual, corporate, or financial
19		re	elationship (other than a contractual,
20		CC	orporate, or financial relationship that is
21		Cì	reated by the instruments by which title to

1	the facility is conveyed or financed or by a
2	contract for the sale of goods or services);
3	<u>or</u>
4	(B) The result of a reorganization of a business
5	entity that was potentially liable."
6	SECTION 3. Section 128D-6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
7	amended to read as follows:
8	"§128D-6 Liability. (a) Notwithstanding any other
9	provision or rule of law, and subject only to the defenses set
10	forth in subsection (c):
11	(1) The owner or operator or both of a facility or vessel;
12	(2) Any person who at the time of disposal of any
13	hazardous substance owned or operated any facility at
14	which such hazardous substances were disposed of;
15	(3) Any person who by contract, agreement, or otherwise
16	arranged for disposal or treatment, or arranged with a
17	transporter for transport for disposal or treatment,
18	of hazardous substances owned or possessed by such
19	person, by any other party or entity, at any facility
20	or on any vessel owned or operated by another party or
21	entity and containing such hazardous substances; and

	(4) Any person who accepts of accepted any hazardous
2	substances for transport to disposal or treatment
3	facilities or sites selected by such person, from
4	which there is a release, or a threatened release,
5	which causes the incurrence of response costs of a
6	hazardous substance;
7	shall be strictly liable for (A) all costs of removal or
8	remedial actions incurred by the State or any other person; to
9	the extent such costs and actions are consistent with this
10	chapter, the state contingency plan, and any other state rules;
11	(B) damages for injury to, destruction of, or loss of natural
12	resources, including the reasonable costs of assessing such
13	injury, destruction, or loss resulting from such release; and
14	(C) the costs of any health assessment or health effects study
15	carried out consistent with this chapter, the state contingency
16	plan, or any other state rules.
17	(b) The amounts recoverable in an action under this
18	section shall include interest on the amounts recoverable under
19	[subparagraphs (A) through (C).] section 128D-6(a)(A) through
20	(C). Such interest shall accrue from the later of (1) the date
21	payment of a specified amount is demanded in writing, or (2) the
22	date of the expenditure concerned. The rate of interest on the
	SB1259 HD2 HMS 2009-3479

$oldsymbol{1}$ outstanding unpaid balance of the amounts recoverable under ${f t}$	l	outstanding	unpaid	balance	ΟÍ	the	amounts	recoverable	under	th
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- 2 section shall be the same rate as is specified for interest on
- 3 investments of the State's fund.
- 4 (c) There shall be no liability under subsection (a) for a
- 5 defendant otherwise liable who can establish by a preponderance
- 6 of the evidence that the release or threat of release of a
- 7 hazardous substance and the damages resulting therefrom were
- 8 caused solely by:
- 9 (1) Any unanticipated grave natural disaster or other
- natural phenomenon of an exceptional, inevitable, and
- irresistible character, the effect of which could not
- have been prevented or avoided by the exercise of due
- care or foresight;
- **14** (2) An act of war;
- 15 (3) An act or omission of a third party other than an
- employee or agent of the defendant, or than one whose
- 17 act or omission occurs in connection with a
- 18 contractual relationship, existing directly or
- indirectly, with the defendant, if the defendant
- 20 establishes by a preponderance of the evidence that
- the defendant exercised due care with respect to the
- hazardous substance concerned, taking into

1	consideration the characteristics of such hazardous
2	substance, in light of all relevant facts and
3	circumstances; and the defendant took precautions
4	against foreseeable acts or omissions of any such
5	third party and the consequences that could
6	foreseeably result from such acts or omissions; or
7	(4) Any combination of the foregoing paragraphs.
8	(d) A defendant may also avoid liability under subsection
9	(a) where the defendant is able to establish that the real
10	property on which the facility concerned is located was acquired
11	by the defendant after the disposal or placement of the
12	hazardous substance on, in, or at the facility. In addition to
13	establishing the foregoing, the defendant [must] shall establish
14	that the defendant has satisfied the requirements of section
15	128D-6(c)(3) and one or more of the following circumstances
16	described in paragraphs (1), (2), $[\frac{\Theta r}{2}]$ (3), (4), or (5) is also
17	established by the defendant by a preponderance of the evidence:
18	(1) At the time the defendant acquired the facility, the
19	defendant did not know and had no reason to know that
20	any hazardous substance which is the subject of the
21	release or threatened release was disposed on, in, or
22	at the facility;

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2		acquired the facility by escheat, $[\Theta r]$ through any				
3	other involuntary transfer or acquisition, or through					
4		the exercise of eminent domain authority by purchase				
5		or condemnation; [ex]				
6	(3)	The defendant acquired the facility by inheritance or				
7		bequest [-] ;				
8	(4)	At the time the defendant acquired the facility, the				
9		defendant met the definition of "bona fide prospective				
10		purchaser"; or				
11	(5)	The defendant was a contiguous property owner, as				
12		described in subsection (k).				
13	To e	stablish that the defendant had no reason to know, as				
14	provided	in paragraph (1), the defendant [must] shall have				
15	undertaken, at the time of acquisition, all appropriate inquiry					
16	into the previous ownership and uses of the property consistent					
17	with good commercial or customary practice in an effort to					
18	minimize liability. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the					
19	court shall take into account any specialized knowledge or					
20	experienc	e on the part of the defendant, the relationship of the				
21	purchase p	price to the value of the property if uncontaminated,				
22	commonly	known or reasonably ascertainable information about the				
	SB1259 HD	2 HMS 2009-3479				

(2) The defendant is a government entity [which] that

- 1 property, the obviousness of the presence or likely presence of
- 2 contamination at the property, and the ability to detect such
- 3 contamination by appropriate inspection.
- 4 Nothing in this subsection or in section 128D-6(c)(3) shall
- 5 diminish the liability of any previous owner or operator of such
- 6 facility who would otherwise be liable under this chapter.
- 7 Notwithstanding this definition, if the defendant obtained
- 8 actual knowledge of the release or threatened release of a
- 9 hazardous substance at such facility when the defendant owned
- 10 the real property and then subsequently transferred ownership of
- 11 the property to another person without disclosing such
- 12 knowledge, the defendant shall be treated as liable under
- 13 section 128D-6(a)(1) and no defense under section 128D-6(c)(3)
- 14 shall be available to the defendant.
- Nothing in this subsection shall affect the liability under
- 16 this chapter of a defendant who, by any act or omission, caused
- 17 or contributed to the release or threatened release of a
- 18 hazardous substance which is the subject of the action relating
- 19 to the facility.
- 20 (e) No person shall be liable under this chapter or
- 21 otherwise under the laws of the State or any of the counties,
- 22 including the common law, to any government or private parties



- 1 for costs, damages, or penalties as a result of actions taken or
- 2 omitted in the course of rendering care, assistance, or advice
- 3 in compliance with this chapter, the National Contingency Plan,
- 4 or at the direction of a federal or state on-scene coordinator,
- 5 with respect to an incident creating a danger to public health
- 6 or welfare or the environment as a result of any release of a
- 7 hazardous substance or pollutant or contaminant or the threat
- 8 thereof. This subsection shall not preclude liability for
- 9 costs, damages, or penalties as the result of gross negligence
- 10 or intentional misconduct on the part of such person.
- 11 (f) No county or local government shall be liable under
- 12 this chapter for costs or damages as a result of actions taken
- 13 in response to an emergency created by the release or threatened
- 14 release of a hazardous substance or pollutant or contaminant
- 15 generated by or from a facility owned by another person. This
- 16 subsection shall not preclude liability for costs or damages as
- 17 a result of gross negligence or intentional misconduct by the
- 18 county or local government.
- 19 (g) No indemnification, hold harmless, or similar
- 20 agreement or conveyances shall be effective to transfer from the
- 21 owner or operator of any vessel or facility or from any person
- 22 who may be liable for a release or threat of release under this



- 1 section, to any other person, the liability imposed under this
- 2 section. Nothing in this subsection shall bar any agreement to
- 3 insure, hold harmless, or indemnify a party to such agreement
- 4 for any liability under this section. Nothing in this chapter
- 5 shall bar a cause of action that an owner or operator or any
- 6 person subject to liability under this section, or a guarantor,
- 7 has or would have, by reason of subrogation or otherwise against
- 8 any person.
- 9 (h) In the case of an injury to, destruction of, or loss
- 10 of natural resources under section 128D-6(a)(4)(B), liability
- 11 shall be solely to the State for natural resources within the
- 12 State or belonging to, managed by, controlled by, or
- 13 appertaining to the State. The natural resource trustee for the
- 14 State shall act on behalf of the public as trustee of such
- 15 natural resources to recover for such damages. Sums recovered
- 16 by the natural resource trustee under section 128D-6(a)(4)(B)
- 17 shall not be limited by the sums which can be used to restore or
- 18 replace such resources. Any damages recovered by the state
- 19 attorney general for damages to natural resources shall be
- 20 deposited in the fund and credited to a special account for the
- 21 purposes provided above.

S.B. NO. 5.D. 2

- 1 (i) Provided that no liability shall be imposed under this
- 2 chapter, where the party sought to be charged has demonstrated
- 3 that the damages to natural resources complained of were
- 4 specifically identified as an irreversible and irretrievable
- 5 commitment of natural resources in an environmental impact
- 6 statement, or other comparable [environment] environmental
- 7 analysis, and the decision to grant a permit or license
- 8 authorizes such commitment of natural resources, and the
- 9 facility or project was otherwise operating within the terms of
- 10 its permit or license. There shall be no double recovery under
- 11 this chapter for natural resource damages, including the costs
- 12 of damage assessment or restoration, rehabilitation, or
- 13 acquisition for the same release and natural resources.
- 14 Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, there shall
- 15 be no recovery under this chapter for natural resource damages
- 16 where such damages have occurred wholly before July 1, 1990.
- 17 (j) No person other than a government entity may recover
- 18 costs or damages under this chapter arising from a release which
- 19 occurred before July 1, 1990.
- (k) Contiguous properties shall be treated as stated in
- 21 this subsection, except as specifically noted:

1	(1)	A per	son :	shall not be considered to be an owner or
2		opera	tor 1	under the following conditions:
3		(A)	In g	eneral, a person who owns real property that
4			is c	ontiguous to or otherwise similarly situated
5		Ž	with	respect to, and that is or may be
6			conta	aminated by a release or threatened release
7		<u>(</u>	of a	hazardous substance from, real property that
8		<u>.</u>	is no	ot owned by that person shall not be
9		<u>(</u>	cons	idered to be an owner or operator of a vessel
10		(or fa	acility under section 128D-6(a) solely by
11		3	reas	on of the contamination if:
12		_	<u>(i)</u>	The person did not cause, contribute to, or
13				consent to the release or threatened
14				release;
15		(:	ii)	The person is not potentially liable, or
16				affiliated with any other person who is
17				potentially liable, for response costs at a
18				facility through any direct or indirect
19				familial relationship or any contractual,
20				corporate, or financial relationship (other
21				than a contractual, corporate, or financial
22				relationship that is created by a contract

1		for the sale of goods or services); or the
2		result of a reorganization of a business
3		entity that was potentially liable;
4	(iii)	The person takes reasonable steps to stop
5		any continuing release; prevent any
6		threatened future release; and prevent or
7		limit human, environmental, or natural
8		resource exposure to any hazardous substance
9		released on or from property owned by that
10		person;
11	(iv)	The person provides full cooperation,
12		assistance, and access to persons who are
13		authorized to conduct response actions or
14		natural resource restoration at the vessel
15		or facility from which there has been a
16		release or threatened release (including the
17		cooperation and access necessary for the
18		installation, integrity, operation, and
19		maintenance of any complete or partial
20		response action or natural resource
21		restoration at the vessel or facility);

1	<u>(v)</u>	The person is in compliance with any land
2		use restrictions established or relied on in
3		connection with the response action at the
4		facility, and the person does not impede the
5		effectiveness or integrity of any
6		institutional control employed in connection
7		with a response action;
8	<u>(vi)</u>	The person complies with any request for
9		information or administrative subpoena
10		issued by the President of the United States
11		under 42 United States Code Section 9605(a),
12		by the director under chapter 128D, or
13		issued by any state or federal court;
14	(vii)	The person provides all legally required
15		notices with respect to the discovery or
16		release of any hazardous substances at the
17		facility; and
18	(viii)	At the time at which the person acquired the
19		property, the person conducted all
20		appropriate inquiry within the meaning of 42
21		United States Code Section 9601(35)(B) with
22		respect to the property, and the person did

1		not know or have reason to know that the
2		property was or could be contaminated by a
3		release or threatened release of one or more
4		hazardous substances from other real
5		property not owned or operated by the
6		person;
7	(B)	To qualify as a person described in subparagraph
8		(A), a person shall establish by a preponderance
9		of the evidence that the conditions in clauses
10		(i) through (viii) of subparagraph (A) have been
11		met;
12	(C)	Any person who does not qualify as a person
13		described in this paragraph because the person
14		had, or had reason to have, knowledge specified
15		in subparagraph (A) (viii) at the time of
16		acquisition of the real property may qualify as a
17		bona fide prospective purchaser as defined under
18		section 128D-1, if the person is otherwise
19		described in that section;
20	<u>(D)</u>	With respect to a hazardous substance from one or
21		more sources that are not on the property of a
22		person that is a contiguous property owner that

1			enters ground water beneath the property of the
2			person solely as a result of subsurface migration
3			in an aquifer, subparagraph (A)(iii) shall not
4			require the person to conduct ground water
5			investigations or to install ground water
6			remediation systems, except as the director may
7			deem necessary or in accordance with the policy
8			of the Environmental Protection Agency concerning
9			owners of property containing contaminated
10			aquifers, dated May 24, 1995;
11	(2)	With	respect to a person described in this subsection,
12		noth	ing in this subsection:
13		(A)	Limits any defense to liability that may be
14			available to the person under any other provision
15			of law; or
16		(B)	Imposes liability on the person that is not
17			otherwise imposed by section 128D-6(a);
18	(3)	The c	director may:
19		(A)	Issue an assurance that no enforcement action
20			under chapter 128D shall be initiated against a
21			person described in paragraph (1); and

1	(B)	Grant a person described in paragraph (1)
2		protection against a cost recovery action under
3		section 128D-5."
4	SECTION 4	. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
5	and stricken.	New statutory material is underscored.
6	SECTION 5	. This Act shall take effect on January 1. 2046.

Report Title:

Environmental Response; Liability

Description:

Amends chapter 128D, Hawaii Revised Statutes (environmental response law), to be consistent with federal law, which protects innocent purchasers of, and property owners who are contiguous to, contaminated property from liability for addressing contamination they did not cause. (SB1259 HD2)