A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO THE UNIFORM PRUDENT MANAGEMENT OF INSTITUTIONAL FUNDS ACT.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by 2 adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read 3 as follows: 4 "CHAPTER 5 UNIFORM PRUDENT MANAGEMENT OF INSTITUTIONAL FUNDS ACT 6 -1 Short title. This chapter may be cited as the 7 Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act. 8 -2 Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the 9 context otherwise requires: 10 "Activity and use limitations" means the relief of poverty, 11 the advancement of education or religion, the promotion of 12 health, the promotion of a governmental purpose, or any other
 - "Community foundation" means a community foundation or community trust recognized as exempt from federal income tax and referred to in section 170(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and which meets the single entity requirements

purpose the achievement of which is beneficial to the community.

13

14

15

16

17

H.B. NO. **UIS**

- 1 of United State Treasury Regulations sections 1.170A(e)(10-14)
- 2 adopted thereunder.
- 3 "Endowment fund" means an institutional fund or part
- 4 thereof that, under the terms of a gift instrument, is not
- 5 wholly expendable by the institution on a current basis. The
- 6 term does not include assets that an institution designates as
- 7 an endowment fund for its own use.
- 8 "Gift instrument" means a record or records, including an
- 9 institutional solicitation, under which property is granted to,
- 10 transferred to, or held by an institution as an institutional
- 11 fund.
- "Institution" means:
- 13 (1) A person, other than an individual, organized and
- 14 operated exclusively for charitable purposes;
- 15 (2) A government or governmental subdivision, agency, or
- 16 instrumentality, to the extent that it holds funds
- exclusively for a charitable purpose; or
- 18 (3) A trust that had both charitable and noncharitable
- interests, after all noncharitable interests have
- terminated.
- "Institutional fund" means a fund held by an institution
- 22 exclusively for charitable purposes. The term does not include:



1	(1)	Program-related assets;		
2	(2)	A fund held for an institution by a trustee that is		
3		not an institution, unless the fund is held		
4		exclusively for the benefit of a community foundation;		
5		or		
6	(3)	A fund in which a beneficiary that is not an		
7		institution has an interest, other than an interest		
8		that could arise upon violation or failure of the		
9		purposes of the fund.		
10	"Per	son" means an individual, corporation, business trust,		
11	estate, t	rust, partnership, limited liability company,		
12	association, joint venture, public corporation, government or			
13	governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, or any			
14	other leg	al or commercial entity.		
15	"Pro	gram-related asset" means an asset held by an		
16	institutio	on primarily to accomplish a charitable purpose of the		
17	institutio	on and not primarily for investment.		
18	"Reco	ord" means information that is inscribed on a tangible		
19	medium or	that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is		
20	retrievab:	le in perceivable form.		
21	§ ·	-3 Standard of conduct in managing and investing		
22	institutio	onal fund. (a) Subject to the intent of a donor		



- 1 expressed in a gift instrument, an institution, in managing and
- 2 investing an institutional fund, shall consider the charitable
- 3 purposes of the institution and the purposes of the
- 4 institutional fund.
- 5 (b) In addition to complying with the duty of loyalty
- 6 imposed by law other than this chapter, each person responsible
- 7 for managing and investing an institutional fund shall manage
- ${f 8}$ and invest the fund in good faith and with the care an
- 9 ordinarily prudent person in a like position would exercise
- 10 under similar circumstances.
- 11 (c) In managing and investing an institutional fund, an
- 12 institution:
- 13 (1) May incur only costs that are appropriate and
- 14 reasonable in relation to the assets, the purposes of
- the institution, and the skills available to the
- institution; and
- 17 (2) Shall make a reasonable effort to verify facts
- 18 relevant to the management and investment of the fund.
- 19 (d) An institution may pool two or more institutional
- 20 funds for purposes of management and investment.
- 21 (e) Except as otherwise provided by a gift instrument, the
- 22 following rules apply:



1	(1)	In m	anaging and investing an institutional fund, the
2		foll	owing factors, if relevant, must be considered:
3		(A)	General economic conditions;
4		(B)	The possible effect of inflation or deflation;
5		(C)	The expected tax consequences, if any, of
6			investment decisions or strategies;
7		(D)	The role that each investment or course of action
8			plays within the overall investment portfolio of
9			the fund;
10		(E)	The expected total return from income and the
11			appreciation of investments;
12		(F)	Other resources of the institution;
13		(G)	The needs of the institution and the fund to make
14			distributions and to preserve capital; and
15		(H)	An asset's special relationship or special value,
16			if any, to the charitable purposes of the
17			institution.
18	(2)	Mana	gement and investment decisions about an
19		indi	vidual asset must be made not in isolation but
20		rath	er in the context of the institutional fund's
21		port	folio of investments as a whole and as a part of
22		an o	verall investment strategy having risk and return

1	objectives	reasonably	suited	to	the	fund	and	to	the
2	institution	1.							

- (3) Except as otherwise provided by law other than this chapter, an institution may invest in any kind of property or type of investment consistent with this section.
 - (4) An institution shall diversify the investments of an institutional fund unless the institution reasonably determines that, because of special circumstances, the purposes of the fund are better served without diversification.
- (5) Within a reasonable time after receiving property, an institution shall make and carry out decisions concerning the retention or disposition of the property or to rebalance a portfolio, in order to bring the institutional fund into compliance with the purposes, terms, and distribution requirements of the institution as necessary to meet other circumstances of the institution and the requirements of this chapter.
 - (6) A person that has special skills or expertise, or is selected in reliance upon the person's representation



1	that the person has special skills or expertise, has a			
2	duty to use those skills or that expertise in managing			
3	and investing institutional funds.			
4	§ -4 Appropriation for expenditure or accumulation of			
5	endowment fund; rules of construction. (a) Subject to the			
6	intent of a donor expressed in the gift instrument an			
7	institution may appropriate for expenditure or accumulate so			
8	much of an endowment fund as the institution determines is			
9	prudent for the uses, benefits, purposes, and duration for which			
10	the endowment fund is established. Unless stated otherwise in			
11	the gift instrument, the assets in an endowment fund are donor-			
12	restricted assets until appropriated for expenditure by the			
13	institution. In making a determination to appropriate or			
14	accumulate, the institution shall act in good faith, with the			
15	care that an ordinarily prudent person in a like position would			
16	exercise under similar circumstances, and shall consider, if			
17	relevant, the following factors:			
18	(1) The duration and preservation of the endowment fund;			
19	(2) The purposes of the institution and the endowment			
20	fund;			
21	(3) General economic conditions;			
22	(4) The possible effect of inflation or deflation;			

H.B. NO. **U**

1	(5)	The expected total return from income and the
2		appreciation of investments;
3	(6)	Other resources of the institution; and
4	(7)	The investment policy of the institution.
5	(b)	To limit the authority to appropriate for expenditure
6	or accumul	late under subsection (a), a gift instrument must
7	specifical	lly state the limitation.
8	(c)	Terms in a gift instrument designating a gift as an
9	endowment,	or a direction or authorization in the gift
10	instrument	to use only "income", "interest", "dividends", or
11	"rents, is	ssues, or profits", or "to preserve the principal
12	intact", c	or words of similar import:
13	(1)	Create an endowment fund of permanent duration unless
14		other language in the gift instrument limits the
15		duration or purpose of the fund; and
16	(2)	Do not otherwise limit the authority to appropriate
17		for expenditure or accumulate under subsection (a).
18	§ -	5 Delegation of management and investment functions.
19	(a) Subje	ect to any specific limitation set forth in a gift
20	instrument	or in law other than this chapter, an institution may
21	delegate t	to an external agent the management and investment of
22	an institu	tional fund to the extent that an institution could

- 1 prudently delegate under the circumstances. An institution
- 2 shall act in good faith, with the care that an ordinarily
- 3 prudent person in a like position would exercise under similar
- 4 circumstances, in:
- 5 (1) Selecting an agent;
- 6 (2) Establishing the scope and terms of the delegation,
- 7 consistent with the purposes of the institution and
- 8 the institutional fund; and
- 9 (3) Periodically reviewing the agent's actions in order to
- 10 monitor the agent's performance and compliance with
- 11 the scope and terms of the delegation.
- (b) In performing a delegated function, an agent owes a
- 13 duty to the institution to exercise reasonable care to comply
- 14 with the scope and terms of the delegation.
- 15 (c) An institution that complies with subsection (a) is
- 16 not liable for the decisions or actions of an agent to which the
- 17 function was delegated.
- 18 (d) By accepting delegation of a management or investment
- 19 function from an institution that is subject to the laws of this
- 20 state, an agent submits to the jurisdiction of the courts of
- 21 this state in all proceedings arising from or related to the
- 22 delegation or the performance of the delegated function.



1 (e) An institution may delegate management and investment functions to its committees, officers, or employees as 2 3 authorized by law of this state other than this chapter. -6 Release or modification of restrictions on 4 management, investment, or purpose. (a) If the donor consents 5 6 in a record, an institution may release or modify, in whole or 7 in part, a restriction contained in a gift instrument on the management, investment, or purpose of an institutional fund. A 8 9 release or modification may not allow a fund to be used for a 10 purpose other than a charitable purpose of the institution. 11 (b) The court, upon application of an institution, may 12 modify a restriction contained in a gift instrument regarding 13 the management or investment of an institutional fund if the 14 restriction has become impracticable or wasteful, if it impairs 15 the management or investment of the fund, or if, because of 16 circumstances not anticipated by the donor, a modification of a restriction will further the purposes of the fund. The 17 institution shall notify the attorney general of the 18 19 application, and the attorney general must be given an 20 opportunity to be heard. To the extent practicable, any modification must be made in accordance with the donor's 21 22 probable intention.

- 1 (c) If a particular charitable purpose or a restriction
- 2 contained in a gift instrument on the use of an institutional
- 3 fund becomes unlawful, impracticable, impossible to achieve, or
- 4 wasteful, the court, upon application of an institution, may
- 5 modify the purpose of the fund or the restriction on the use of
- 6 the fund in a manner consistent with the charitable purposes
- 7 expressed in the gift instrument. The institution shall notify
- 8 the attorney general of the application, and the attorney
- 9 general must be given an opportunity to be heard.
- 10 (d) If an institution determines that a restriction
- 11 contained in a gift instrument on the management, investment, or
- 12 purpose of an institutional fund is unlawful, impracticable,
- 13 impossible to achieve, or wasteful, the institution, without
- 14 application to the court, but with the consent of the attorney
- 15 general, may modify the purpose of the fund or the restriction
- 16 on the use of the fund in a manner consistent with the
- 17 charitable purposes expressed in the gift instrument if the fund
- 18 subject to the restriction has a total value of less than
- 19 \$250,000.
- (e) If an institution determines that a restriction
- 21 contained in a gift instrument on the management, investment, or
- 22 purpose of an institutional fund is unlawful, impracticable,



- 1 impossible to achieve, or wasteful, the institution, sixty days
- 2 after notification to the attorney general, may release or
- 3 modify the restriction, in whole or part, if:
- 4 (1) The institutional fund subject to the restriction has
- 5 a total value of less than \$50,000;
- 6 (2) More than twenty years have elapsed since the fund was
- 7 established; and
- **8** (3) The institution uses the property in a manner
- 9 consistent with the charitable purposes expressed in
- 10 the gift instrument.
- 11 § -7 Reviewing compliance. Compliance with this chapter
- 12 is determined in light of the facts and circumstances existing
- 13 at the time a decision is made or action is taken, and not by
- 14 hindsight.
- 15 § -8 Application to existing institutional funds. This
- 16 chapter applies to institutional funds existing on or
- 17 established after the effective date of this Act. As applied to
- 18 institutional funds existing on the effective date of this Act
- 19 this chapter governs only decisions made or actions taken on or
- 20 after that date.
- 21 § -9 Relation to electronic signatures in global and
- 22 national commerce act. This chapter modifies, limits, and



- 1 supersedes the Electronic Signatures in Global and National
- 2 Commerce Act, 15 U.S.C. section 7001 et seq., but does not
- 3 modify, limit, or supersede section 101 of that act, 15 U.S.C.
- 4 section 7001(a), or authorize electronic delivery of any of the
- 5 notices described in section 103 of that act, 15 U.S.C. section
- 6 7003 (b)."
- 7 SECTION 2. Chapter 517D, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 8 repealed.
- 9 SECTION 3. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2009.

10

INTRODUCED BY:

JAN 2 3 2009

Report Title:

Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act

Description:

Enacts Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act to replace and update existing Uniform Management of Institutional Funds Act. Provides guidance and authority to charitable organizations concerning the management and investment of funds held by those organizations. Provides additional protections for charities and also protects the interests of donors. Modernizes rules governing expenditures from endowment funds. Gives institutions ability to cope more easily with fluctuations in the value of the endowment. Updates provisions governing the release and modification of restrictions on charitable funds to permit more efficient management of these funds.