

GOV. MSG. NO. 860

EXECUTIVE CHAMBERS

HONOLULU

LINDA LINGLE GOVERNOR

July 16, 2009

The Honorable Colleen Hanabusa, President and Members of the Senate Twenty-Fifth State Legislature State Capitol, Room 409 Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

Dear Madam President and Members of the Senate:

Re: Senate Bill No. 764 SD2 HD2 CD1

On July 15, 2009, Senate Bill No. 764, entitled "A Bill for an Act Relating to Real Property" became law without my signature, pursuant to Section 16 of Article III of the State Constitution.

The purpose of this bill is to change the process for renegotiating the amount of rent during the term of an existing commercial or industrial lease, unless expressly stated otherwise in the lease. The bill requires the term "fair and reasonable" annual rent of any lease of commercial or industrial leasehold property to be construed as fair and reasonable to both the lessor and the lessee to the lease, and to consider other relevant circumstances relating to the lease, such as surface characteristics of the property. If the lessee is a master lessee, these requirements shall apply if the master lessee agrees to act comparably when determining the renegotiated sublease rental amount charged to a sublessee.

This measure appears to be targeted at a single landowner for the benefit of its lessees. The ability to freely negotiate contracts without government intrusion is essential to a fair and open marketplace and a principle that I support.

However, this bill addresses a case where the free market between lessor and lessee is not functioning. We have seen a concentration of land ownership of urban commercial and industrial properties become centered in a few large firms that distort market forces and leave businesses in Hawaii with little recourse.

It is unfortunate that the actions of a single land owner have created the situation where the Legislature has intervened between the parties, albeit only for a single year.

This bill impacts the renegotiations of lease rent by interjecting, unless otherwise stated in the lease, its construction of "fair and reasonable annual rent" in commercial or industrial

The Honorable Colleen Hanabusa, President and Members of the Senate Page 2

leases. In addition, this bill requires master lessees to limit any sublease rental amount negotiated or renewed during the period the lease rent is renegotiated with the master lessee to the lesser of a) the "fair and reasonable" amount determined according to the aforementioned requirements or b) the rental amount as calculated under the renegotiation or renewal provisions of the sublease.

For the foregoing reasons, I allowed Senate Bill No. 764 to become law as Act 189, effective July 15, 2009, without my signature.

Sincerely,

LINDA LINGLE

THE SENATE TWENTY-FIFTH LEGISLATURE, 2009 STATE OF HAWAII ACT 189 S.B. NO. 5.D. 2 H.D. 2 C.D. 1

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO REAL PROPERTY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. The legislature finds that small businesses are
2	an essential element in strengthening and diversifying Hawaii's
3	economy and creating jobs for our people. More than ninety-five
4	per cent of all Hawaii establishments are small businesses, and
5	they provide jobs for sixty per cent of all Hawaii employees.
6	The legislature further finds that despite their
7	contribution to Hawaii's economy, small businesses are at a
8	disadvantage in terms of land ownership. The commercial and
9	industrial properties that exist within the State's urban
10	districts are primarily owned by a few landowners. These
11	landowners control large tracts of land and retain their
12	ownership by means of leases to small businesses, which in turn
13	supply services and products to the communities within or
14	adjacent to the commercial and industrial properties. Without
15	these neighborhood businesses, consumers would be compelled to
16	travel long distances and expend large amounts of time and
17	effort to locate these needed services and products.

1 In the city and county of Honolulu's "Annual Report on the Status of Land Use on Oahu, Fiscal Year 2006" (February 2008), 2 growth projections show a decided shift of industrial jobs away 3 from the primary urban center. In 2000, approximately eighty 4 5 per cent of industrial jobs were located in the primary urban center. However, by 2030 that percentage is projected to drop 6 to seventy-one per cent. During that same period, industrial 7 8 jobs in the Ewa region are projected to nearly double, from 9 seven to thirteen per cent. In central Oahu, industrial jobs 10 are projected to increase from seven to ten per cent. The legislature further finds that small businesses often 11 depend on commercial and industrial leases, which may contain 12 provisions that are vague or onerous and that eventually force 13 these businesses to relocate to rural areas and away from the 14 15 urban centers. The legislature further finds that the proximity of small 16 17 businesses to urban communities serves to stabilize Hawaii's economy, especially during the United States' current 18 19 recessionary period. Thus, maintaining close geographic ties 20 between small businesses and the communities they serve is a public purpose that requires legislative support.

21

1	The purpose of this Act is to help stabilize Hawaii's									
2	economy by addressing some of the burdensome or vague provision									
3	of existing commercial and industrial leases of certain lands									
4	within urban districts by clarifying provisions in long-term									
5	commercial and industrial ground leases without substantial									
6	reduction in the economic benefit to the owners or impact on									
7	their ownership of the land, without impairing their lease									
8	contracts, and without the taking of any property rights withou									
9	due process of law.									
10	SECTION 2. Chapter 519, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is									
11	amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated									
12	and to read as follows:									
13	"§519- Leases of commercial and industrial property.									
14	(a) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary and unless									
15	expressly stated to the contrary in the lease, any lease of									
16	commercial or industrial leasehold property shall be subject to									
17	the following terms and conditions:									
18	(1) Whenever a lease subject to this section provides for									
19	the renegotiation of the rental amount or other									
20	requirements during the term of the lease and the									
21	renegotiated rental amount or other recompense is									

1		or II	ı parı	on a "lair and reasonable" annual rent,						
2		that provision shall:								
3		(A)	Be co	onstrued to require that the rent shall be						
4			fair	and reasonable to both the lessor and the						
5			lesse	ee to the lease; and						
6		(B)	<u>Take</u>	into account any and all relevant attendant						
7			circu	umstances relating to the lease, including:						
8			<u>(i)</u>	The uses and intensity of the use of the						
9				leased property during the term of the lease						
10				approved by the lessor; and						
11		-	(ii)	The surface and subsurface characteristics						
12				of the leased property and the surrounding						
13				neighborhood on the renegotiation date.						
14	(2)	With	resp	ect to a lessee who is a master lessee,						
15		paragraph (1), relating to the renegotiation of the								
16		lease rental amount charged to the lessee for the								
17		leased property, shall apply only if the master lessee								
18		agre	es to	comply with this paragraph when determining						
19		the	reneg	otiated sublease rental amount charged to a						
20		subl	essee	. The master lessee shall agree to limit any						
21		subl	ease	rental amount renegotiated or renewed during						

1	the period the renegotiated rease fent under paragraph							
2	(1) is in effect to the lesser of:							
3	(A) The "fair and reasonable" amount as determined n							
4	accordance with paragraph (1). For the purpose							
5	of this subparagraph, the sublease shall be							
6	deemed to include a requirement that the							
. 7	renegotiated rental amount be "fair and							
8	reasonable"; or							
9	(B) The rental amount as calculated under the							
10	renegotiation or renewal provisions of the							
11	sublease.							
12	Any dispute as to the renegotiated sublease rental							
13	amount under subparagraph (A) or (B) shall be resolved							
14	in accordance with the dispute resolution provisions							
15	of the sublease.							
16	If the sublessee also acts as a sublessor and subleases the							
17	property to another person, the master lessee shall make a good							
18	faith effort to require the sublessor to comply with this							
19	paragraph in determining the sublease rental amount charged to							
20	another person. If the master lessee does not comply with this							
21	paragraph, paragraph (1) shall not apply in determining the							
22	renegotiated lease rental amount charged to the master lessee.							
	2009-2250 SB764 CD1 SMA-4.doc							

1	(b) For purposes of this section:									
2	"Commercial or industrial leasehold property" means any									
3	ground lease of real property:									
4	(1) Situated in the State;									
5	(2) Zoned by a county for commercial or industrial use;									
6	(3) That is subject to a lease with a term of ten years or									
7	more and an unexpired term of five years or more; and									
8	(4) Where the lessor is the owner, directly or indirectly,									
9	of fifty thousand square feet or more of industrial									
10	and commercial property in the State.									
11	"Lease" means a conveyance leasing privately owned land by									
12	a fee simple owner, as lessor, to any person or entity for a									
13	term of ten years or more in consideration of a return of rent									
14	or other remuneration.									
15	"Sublease" means a conveyance subleasing privately owned									
16	land by a master lessee or sublessor to any person or entity in									
17	consideration of a return of rent or other remuneration."									
18	SECTION 3. This Act does not affect rights and duties that									
19	matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were									
20	begun before its effective date.									
21	SECTION 4. New statutory material is underscored.									

S.B. NO. 5764 S.D. 2 H.D. 2

1 5	SECTION	5.	This	Act	shall	take	effect	on	July	11	2009	, and
-----	---------	----	------	-----	-------	------	--------	----	------	----	------	-------

- 2 shall be repealed on June 30, 2010; provided that the repeal of
- 3 this Act shall not affect renegotiations of any lease or
- 4 sublease rental amount, the renegotiation date for which
- 5 occurred before July 1, 2010; provided further that this Act
- 6 shall not apply to any lease scheduled for renegotiation after

7 June 30, 2010.

APPROVED this

day of

, 2009

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF HAWAII