UNIVERSITY OF HAWAI'I SYSTEM LEGISLATIVE TESTIMONY





SB 2906 Relating to Applied Archaeology

Written Testimony for the Senate Committee on Education and Senate Committee on Agriculture and Hawaiian Affairs

February 8, 2008 at 1:15 p.m.

by Virginia S. Hinshaw, Chancellor Richard Dubanoski, Dean College of Social Sciences University of Hawai'i at Mānoa

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Virginia S. Hinshaw, Chancellor
Richard Dubanoski, Dean
College of Social Sciences
University of Hawaii at Mānoa

SB2906 Relating to Applied Archaeology

Chair Sakamoto, Vice Chair Tokuda, Chair Tokuda, Vice Chair English, and Members of the Committees:

Thank you for the opportunity to testify today. Unfortunately, the University of Hawai'i at Mānoa can only support the intent of the bill at this time because of our pressing priorities, such as our tremendous need for repairs and maintenance and health and safety issues, which are critical to our ability to perform our core mission for the State of Hawai'i. We are grateful for the Legislature's attention to these needs.

We recognize that you have many priorities and issues to weigh for the state, so the following substantive information on this program is provided to assist you in your decision-making process.

The proposed bill will expand the UH-Mānoa graduate program in Applied Archaeology to help resolve the current historic preservation crisis that has developed in our islands. Although UH-Mānoa regularly offers archaeological training, we are committed to training more archaeologists with expertise in Hawaiian archaeology. As the first generation of professional archaeologists who manage the state's resources is beginning to retire, we urgently need trained professionals to identify and preserve archaeological sites, human burials, and other sacred sites, so that economic development proceeds without coming into conflict with highly valued cultural and historic sites.

We note the timeliness of the new program in Applied Archaeology at UHM. In August 2007, just as the program was admitting its first students, we learned that state legislators had recently informed the UHM Chancellor about the severe shortage of archeologists at the State Department of Land and Natural Resource's Historic Preservation unit that was holding up a large amount of business for the state and private industry. We responded by initiating a planning process that could expand the program to meet this growing need.

It is with this background that in 2007 the UH-Mānoa faculty launched the Applied Archaeology program to train students specifically in the historic preservation of Hawai'i. The program is designed to help students and working professionals across the state, and now, in the second year is receiving a sharply increased number of applications from local students.

Thank you for the opportunity to testify, we appreciate all interest in the University, and want to emphasize that we will be able to perform better in all arenas and best serve the state with support of the current campus priorities approved by the Board of Regents.

LATE

testimony

From: mhaia@juno.com

Sent: Friday, February 08, 2008 7:32 AM

To: testimony

TO:

Senator Norman Sakamoto, Chair.

Committee on Education

Senator Jill Tokuda

Vice Chair, Committee on Education

Chair, Committee on Agriculture and Hawaiian Affairs

Senator J. Kalani English

Vice Chair, Committee on Agriculture and Hawaiian Affairs

FROM:

Moses K. N. Haia III

HEARING:

Friday, February 8, 2008, 1:15 pm, Conference Room 225

SUBJECT:

Support of SB 2906, Relating to Applied Archaeology

Aloha. My name is Moses Haia and I stand in full and enthusiastic support of SB 2906, Relating to Applied Archaeology.

As a Native Hawaiian resident of Hawaii I am concerned with the dismal shape of our historic preservation program. This legislature has previously declared "that it shall be the public policy of this State to provide leadership in preserving, restoring, and maintaining historic and cultural property, to ensure the administration of such historic and cultural property in a spirit of stewardship and trusteeship for future generations, and to conduct activities, plans, and programs in a manner consistent with the preservation and enhancement of historic and cultural property." That policy has, unfortunately, been too long ignored. The cultural heritage of all Hawaiians has, as a result, needlessly and greatly suffered.

It is my sincere belief that this piece of legislation will greatly assist the realization of this honorable body's above cited eloquent pronouncement. It will do so by providing training in Hawaiian archaeology to professionals involved in the identification and protection of human burials and grave goods, cultural resources, and archaeological sites. Adequately funding an Applied Archaeology Masters program at UH-Mânoa will enable the State to comply with its moral obligation and legislative mandate to protect Hawai'i's cultural heritage and strengthen ties between the university and the public. The program and the proposed planning sessions will create a public dialogue on historic preservation among numerous communities, state agencies, and private interests. The Applied MA program at Mânoa will also provide distance learning across the state and involve faculty from other UH campuses. Students will receive paid internships that will directly contribute to their education and to the increased protection of cultural sites and resources.

For these and many other reasons, I humbly urge these committees to pass SB 2906. Mahalo for allowing me to testify in strong support of this very important piece of legislation.