

# DISABILITY AND COMMUNICATION ACCESS BOARD

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### March 24, 2008

# TESTIMONY TO THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER PROTECTION AND COMMERCE

House Concurrent Resolution 121/House Resolution 103 - Encouraging Real Estate Developers, Designers, and Architects in Hawaii to Incorporate Universal Design Principles into the Design of their Real Estate Projects

The Disability and Communication Access Board supports House Concurrent Resolution 121/House Resolution 103 which seeks to increase the accessibility features of real estate projects to promote access for persons with disabilities.

Universal design is different from accessible design, which is limited to code compliance specifications unique to persons with disabilities. Universal design, on the other hand, is a design principle, rather than a code, which is intended to create an environment that is usable to all persons, not just persons with disabilities. Universal design does not feel like special design for a select population; rather, it has features of universal applicability for a population over the full spectrum of a lifetime.

It should be noted that single-family residential homes have no accessibility requirements in code. However, they can incorporate universal design principles in order to accommodate all potential inhabitants and visitors. This concept is called 'visitability,' where your home may not need to be accessible for a resident without a disability, but should have features that will allow visitors to come to the site. We encourage the resolution to mention this concept of visitability with respect to real estate projects which are of the single family residential nature.

We support the passage of this resolution.

Thank you for the opportunity to testify.

Respectfully submitted, Atricia M. Mielsen

PATRICIA M. NIELSEN Chairperson Legislative Committee

FRANCINE WAI Executive Director

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From:	Peter Durkson [duroy@earthlink.net]
Sent:	Friday, March 21, 2008 6:28 PM
То:	CPCtestimony
Subject:	Universal Design HCR 121 & HR 103
Attachments	NEW HOME UNIVERSAL DESIGN OPTION CHECKLIST.rtf

# ATTENTION: Robert Herkes & Marilyn Lee HOUSE COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER PROTECTION

Please accept this testimony regarding HCR 121 & HR 103 being considered on 24 March 2008 at 230 pm in Room 325.

This bill which proposes the incorporation of universal design into real estate can be greatly strengthened by adding the Lifespan Homebuilding zoning ordinance proposition currently on the desk of the Mayor of Maui.

While your initiatives are recommending the incorporation of universal design into real estate projects, our Lifespan Building initiative actually spells out how universal design which fosters accessible design can be implemented in residential building practices.

Our rapidly aging population is going to have a difficult time aging in barrier filled homes which make up a majority of all Hawaiian residences.

Requiring real estate developers and builders to offer optional accessibility features to new home buyers will send a statement to all builders and eventually create competition amongst many builders who'll want to be recognized for offering truly accessible and senior friendly homes.

I strongly urge you to strengthen your resolution with this same requirement.

Mahalo nui loa,

Peter Durkson, Chairman Maui County Council on Aging (808) 250-2216

### lack of foresight article.txt Maui NewsMomentum building for aging-in-place procedures

Wednesday, December 26, 2007 11:18 AM

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The concepts of aging-in-place and aging-in-community are finally getting into the consciousness of developers, county officials and the general public on Maui

The Office of the Mayor is reviewing a Lifespan Building Initiative which will provide new homebuyers with a list of optional, aging-in-place features which they can select and include in their home purchase price. Installing basic accessibility features in new homes will save homeowners many more home remodeling dollars in the future when they will need more accessible homes.

The Maui County Council on Aging has urged the mayor to consider creating a Lifespan Remodeling Hotline/Web site where existing homeowners can obtain information and assistance with home modifications they, too, will need to age-in-place.

We've also recommended that a Maui County senior housing issues task force be created to address the unmet need for more adult day-care centers, assisted living dwellings and active adult retirement communities wherever needed on Maui. Responding to these pressing needs will require an innovative new alliance of developers, county housing and planning officials and senior advocacy groups.

Zoning and permitting barriers and delays, smart growth boundaries, and insufficient local and state tax incentives will have to be dealt with if we are going to meet the urgent 21st century needs of our aging population.

Fortunately, there is still time for our county government to be proactive, even if the lack of foresight and underplanning of past administrations has left our baby boomers and kupuna at risk.

Peter Durkson, Chairman Maui County Council on Aging Makawao

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- 1. Introductions (5 minutes)
- 2 Background of Maui Lifespan Housing initiative (10 minutes)

## Maui County Council on Aging Lifespan Housing sub-committee.

The Maui Lifespan Housing initiative calls for builders on Maui to offer new home buyers a list of optional accessibility features that **informed** buyers can select from and pay for themselves...and buyer will be informed with a brochure outlining the purpose of the various optional accessibility features being offered.

A successful initiative will bring the idea of more accessible "lifespan" homes into the consciousness of our community including architects, developers, builders, contractors, and homeowners.

Maui News coverage & Supporters grow.

# 3. Summary of Initiative (10 minutes)

# 4. Discussion (15 minutes)

# 5. Action Plan (5 minutes)

- A. Complete draft of initiative. Refine with Public Works. Validate with stakeholders.
- B. Submit to County Council after Labor Day
- C. GOALS : Work with Office of the Mayor (1) to Legislate a Maui Lifespan Housing code before end-2007 (2) to provide a model of how diverse stakeholders can work together in solidarity for the greater good of the community (3) to demonstrate proactive leadership in dealing with the looming aging in place crisis confronting Maui and all of Hawaii today.

# **County of Maui**

(Seal)

# **RESIDENTIAL ACCESS-ABILITY**

Maui County Council on Aging (808) 270-7755

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# **ACCESS-ABILITY**

## **Basic Home Access for Everyone**

The primary goal of this brochure is twofold: to develop your awareness of making your new home as "user-friendly" as possible, and to enable you to live safely, comfortably and independently at home during all the seasons of life.

As we grow older, changes in physical abilities can make daily routines more difficult. Climbing stairs, bathing, and moving about our homes can become challenging. Planning ahead and building basic accessibility features into your new home now will enable you to avoid the problems of living in a barrier-filled home.

Every day hundreds of people with disabilities are confined to nursing homes, rehabilitation units and personal care homes because they cannot return to their homes dues to stairs, narrow doorways and hallways, and lack of an accessible bathroom on the first floor.

Basic home accessibility requires that people with mobility problems who must use wheel chairs or walkers be able to operate all the usual features of a home, including bathing and cooking facilities.

The three most important features of basic home accessibility are:

- 1. At least one zero-step entry to the home that does not require the use of stairs.
- 2. A clear path through wider doorways and hallways.
- 3. A main floor bathroom that accommodates wheelchairs and walkers.

The wide acceptance of accessibility has expanded to include designing homes for all seasons of life which benefits everyone immediately and in the future:

- 1. The parent pushing a stroller or carrying a child.
- 2. An elderly relative, resident or visiting guest.
- 3. Furniture movers.
- 4. People carrying groceries
- 5. Anyone with a permanent disability.

As we grow older, we all want to be able to remain independent and age-in-place and not be forced into a nursing home or long term care facility because of a lack of basic home accessibility.

A well planned accessible home can give you the satisfaction of staying in control and in your own home for a long time. Moreover, the costs of adding accessibility to your new home are relatively low compared to the much higher costs and inconveniences of remodeling later.

# **The Basics**

## No Step Entrance

At least one residential entrance to the home that does not require the use of stairs. This entry can be located at the main entrance, the basement, or through the garage. The threshold should be no longer than  $1/2^{"}$ .

Homes build on post & piers can be built with ramps or reinforced where appropriate for a ramp in the future.

An Accessible Bathroom

To be usable by individuals in wheelchairs, the bathroom must not only get through the door, but they have to be able to close the door behind them, be able to transfer onto the toilet and have a 60" diameter tuning area.

### <u>A Clear Path of Travel</u>

...from the parking area to the doorway with the zero step, to the common areas of the home including the bathroom. This means 36" doorways and no less than 42" hallways.

# **Important Dimensions**

1.	Maximum safe slope for graded walk or ramp1:12	
	(Requires handrail 34-36" above ramp. Preferred slope is 1:20)	

2. No Step Entry.....36" door. Maximum ½" thresholds in all locations.

3.	Preferred with of Hallways	42" Minimum.
4.	Rectangle needed to accommodate a wheelchair	32" x 48".
5.	Diameter needed to turn a wheelchair	60".
6.	Preferred height for blocking and/or grab bars	34"-36".
7.	Preferred height for light switches and thermostats	42"-48".
8.	Preferred height for electrical outlets	

# Resources

The National Association of Homebuilders has a list of Certified Aging-in-Place Specialists who can help you plan your new home design or remodeling. To find out go to: www.nahb.org/directory.aspx?directoryID=188

The AARP has a information on designing more accessible homes at <u>www.arp.org</u>. Go to this site and put UNIVERSAL DESIGN or ACCESSIBILITY into the search feature of this site.

The Maui County Council on Aging can be contacted at (808) 270-7755 for more information.

### NEW HOME LIFESPAN HOME DESIGN OPTIONS CHECKLIST

Name of Development, if applicable	
Home/Lot Address/ID	
Tax Map Key Number(s)	
Lot Purchaser	
Developer (Contact) Name	
Phone No.#	Fax
Mailing Address	

#### 1. EXTERIOR FEATURES

Accessible route of travel from public sidewalk or arrival point to primary entrance Graded path Ramp Driveway to graded path No-step entry (1/2" or less threshold) Accessible route from garage/parking to home's primary entry Accessible route from garage/parking to secondary entry

### 2. EXTERIOR DOORS AND ENTRIES FEATURES

Minimum 36" of clearance primary entry doorway Minimum 36" of clearance secondary entry doorway Primary entry: accessible internal/external maneuvering

clearances, hardware, thresholds and strike edge clearances

Secondary entry: accessible internal/external maneuvering clearances, hardware, thresholds and strike edge clearances (1/2" or less)

Primary entry accessible/dual peephole/doorbell

### 3. GENERAL INTERIOR FEATURES

Accessible route of travel to at least one bathroom, kitchen, common room and bedroom Accessible route of travel: other areas 42" wide hallways/maneuvering clearances with 36" clearance doorways on accessible route Accessible hallway and doorway widths: other areas Accessible hardware, strike edge clearance and thresholds for accessible doorways Light switches, environmental controls and outlets at accessible heights Light switches, environmental controls and outlets at accessible locations when over barriers Visual smoke/fire/carbon monoxide alarm Visual doorbell Non-slip carpet/floor for accessible route Handrail reinforcement (1 side) provided in all accessible routes of travel/rooms over 4 feet long Handrails (1 side) provided in all accessible routes of travel/rooms over 4 feet long Handrail reinforcements (2 sides) provided in all accessible routes of travel/rooms over 4 feet long Handrails (2 sides) provided in all accessible routes of travel/rooms over 4 feet long Handrail reinforcements or handrails installed in other areas Interior lifts/elevators: Interior stairway lift Interior elevator Electrical and location for future elevator Laundry area, if provided:

Accessible doorway and accessible route/clearance Accessible workspace Accessible cabinets Accessible appliances

### 4. KITCHEN FEATURES

At least one kitchen on accessible route

Adequate work/floor space (34"x48" or greater) in front of:

Stove

Refrigerator Dishwasher Sink Oven

60" of clearance to turn around

Accessible appliances (doors, controls, etc.):

Stove

Refrigerator Dishwasher Sink Oven Microwave

Accessible countertops:

All or a specified portion repositionable One or more counter areas at 30" wide and 28"-32" high One or more workspaces at 32" wide with knee/toe space

Cabinets:

Base cabinets: pull-out and/or Lazy Susan shelves Wall cabinets: pull-out and/or Lazy Susan shelves Accessible handles/latches for doors/drawers Under cabinet roll out carts

Sink:

Repositionable height Removable base cabinets under sink Single-handle lever faucet Hose/sprayer feature Anti-scald device

Contrasting Colors:

Edge border of cabinets/counters Flooring: in front of appliances Flooring: on route of travel

## **5. Bathroom Features**

At least one full bathroom on an accessible route Maneuvering space:

60" diameter turning area

Clear space for toilet and sink: 36" x 36"clear use area

30" x 48" clear use area

Bathtub and/or shower:

Standard bathtub with grab bar reinforcement Standard bathtub with grab bars Accessible bathtub (size and handles) Standard shower with grab bar reinforcement Standard shower with grab bars Accessible shower (roll-in) Single-handle lever faucets

Toilet:

Standard toilet with grab bar reinforcement Standard toilet with grab bars Accessible toilet with grab bars

Sink:

Standard with undersink cabinets Standard with removable base cabinets Pedestal or open front

Accessories:

Lower/accessible medicine chest Accessible counter space near sink Single-handle lever faucets Anti-scald devices for sink Accessible handles/latches for doors/drawers Lower towel rack(s) Lower/tilted mirror(s) Contrasting floor color Fold-down/fixed shower seat

### 6. COMMON ROOMS FEATURES

Dining room on accessible route of travel Living room on accessible route of travel Den on accessible route of travel No split level common room(s)

#### 7. ACCESSIBLE BEDROOM

One bedroom on accessible route of travel Two or more bedrooms on accessible route of travel Closets have minimum 36" clear opening Closets have adjustable (36"-60") shelves and bars 

 Name of Development, if Applicable\_\_\_\_\_\_

 Street Address ( for lot)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 Tax Map Key Numbers (s)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 Lot Purchaser\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

FORM PROVIDED BY DEVELOPER TO BUYER\_

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Buyer Signature and Date