JAN 19 2007

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO OCEAN RESOURCES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the department of
- 2 land and natural resources conservation and resources
- 3 enforcement officers must conduct investigations, field
- 4 observations, and inspections as required or assigned, check and
- 5 verify all leases, permits, and licenses issued by the
- 6 department, and enforce fisheries regulations.
- 7 Section 187A-15, Hawaii Revised Statutes, allows any
- 8 department agent upon whom the board of land and natural
- 9 resources has conferred powers of police officers, or any other
- 10 enforcement officer of the State, to search any bag or container
- 11 used to carry aquatic life, or any vehicle or conveyance used to
- 12 transport aquatic life, if the agent or officer has probable
- 13 cause, as provided by law, to believe that the bag, container,
- 14 vehicle, or conveyance contains evidence of a violation of laws
- 15 on aquatic resources and wildlife.
- 16 The legislature finds that in addition to consent, there is
- 17 an exception to the probable cause requirement when searches are

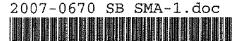
- 1 conducted as part of a "valid regulatory scheme, done in
- 2 furtherance of administrative goals rather than to secure
- 3 evidence of a crime". (U.S. v Bulacan, 156 F.3d 963, 967 (9th
- 4 Cir. 1998)). This is the exception under which the department
- 5 of agriculture is authorized to conduct its inspections at
- 6 airports. "[T]ime element is a major consideration...the
- 7 objects of the search...can easily be transported out of Hawaii
- 8 to the continental United States. (United States v. Schafer, 461
- **9** F.2d 856, 868 (1972)). "[T]he general administrative
- 10 determination of the necessity for these baggage searches at the
- 11 Honolulu airport satisfies 'probable cause'." (Schafer at 859.
- 12 See also Camara v. Municipal Court, 387 U.S. 523 (1967)).
- 13 Section 189-14, Hawaii Revised Statutes, authorizes the
- 14 department of land and natural resources, without requiring
- 15 probable cause, to "board any vessel, whether commercial or non-
- 16 commercial, capable of being used in taking marine life...for
- 17 purposes of investigation and inspection..."
- 18 Section 183D-25, Hawaii Revised Statutes, provides as a
- 19 condition of receiving a hunting license that "[n]o person, upon
- 20 the request of an officer, shall refuse to show the license or
- 21 withhold permission to inspect the person's game bag, container,
- 22 hunting coat or jacket, or carrier, or vehicle of any kind where



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- 1 game might be concealed." No probable cause is required,
- 2 because the consent to a search occurs when a hunting license is
- 3 issued.
- 4 The department of land and natural resources does not yet
- 5 have a valid administrative search scheme in place for
- 6 inspections in furtherance of the goals of enforcing aquatic
- 7 regulations such as closed seasons, bag limits or minimum size
- 8 limits, nor does it currently have statutory authority to
- 9 monitor the transport of aquatic life out of the State.
- 10 Although the department of land and natural resources is
- 11 authorized to adopt rules to create a scheme for monitoring
- 12 the export of aquatic resources, it has not yet done so
- 13 because of the probable cause language in section 187A-15,
- 14 Hawaii Revised Statutes. Section 188-31.5, Hawaii Revised
- 15 Statutes, requires the department to "adopt rules in
- 16 accordance with chapter 91 to monitor the aquarium fish catch
- 17 report and fish dealer's report for export of aquarium fish
- 18 taken from the waters of the State for aquarium purposes
- 19 pursuant to section 188-31."
- 20 Recent reports indicate that more than forty-four per
- 21 cent of required monthly aquarium catch reports are not filed
- 22 and the numbers of fish exported have been grossly



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- 1 underestimated. In addition, there is an unknown amount of
- 2 marine mollusks being exported for the shell collection trade,
- 3 which currently is not monitored or regulated.
- 4 The purpose of an administrative inspection scheme is to
- 5 provide accurate information on the types and numbers of
- 6 species that are being removed from Hawaii's reefs for sale
- 7 and export, as well as to monitor compliance with the
- 8 conditions of permits and licenses; it is not to gather
- 9 evidence for a criminal case. These types of inspections are
- 10 considered valid administrative searches. (See State v.
- 11 Hanson, 97 Haw. 71, 77 (2001)). The department of land and
- 12 natural resources has, in fact, drafted export monitoring
- 13 rules, but the attorney general has made a preliminary
- 14 determination that section 187A-15, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
- 15 is a bar to the implementation of those rules.
- 16 The purpose of this Act is to amend section 187A-15,
- 17 Hawaii Revised Statutes, to standardize its administrative
- 18 inspection requirements with those of section 183D-25, Hawaii
- 19 Revised Statutes, which governs the enforcement of the State's
- 20 hunting laws; and to authorize and direct the department of
- 21 land and natural resources to create a valid administrative
- 22 search scheme to enforce its aquatic regulations.



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1	SECTION 2. Section 187A-15, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended to read as follows:
3	"§187A-15 Rights of inspection [of catch]. Any agent of
4	the department upon whom the board has conferred powers of
5	police officers or any other enforcement officer of the State
6	shall have the authority to conduct examinations and [searches]
7	inspections of:
8	(1) The contents of any bag or container of any kind used
9	to carry aquatic life; or
10	(2) Any vehicle or conveyance used to transport aquatic
11	life;
12	[if such agent or officer has probable cause, as provided by
13	law, to believe that such bag, container, vehicle, or conveyance
14	contains] for evidence of a violation of the conditions of any
15	license or permit issued under subtitle 5 of title 12 or any
16	rule adopted thereunder. Written consent to inspection shall be
17	a condition of any license or permit issued under subtitle 5 of
18	title 12 by the department. No person shall refuse any
19	enforcement officer of the department or any other enforcement
20	officer of the State [such] an examination and [search.]
21	inspection for purposes of determining compliance with the terms
22	of any license or permit relating to aquatic life. Refusal to
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- 1 grant an examination or inspection shall result in immediate
- 2 revocation of the license or permit.
- 3 The department shall create a valid administrative
- 4 inspection scheme to enforce its aquatic rules."
- 5 SECTION 3. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 6 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 7 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

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INTRODUCED BY:

Report Title:

Aquatic Life; Administrative Inspections

Description:

Authorizes administrative inspections of bags and containers used to carry aquatic life, or vehicles or conveyances to transport aquatic life; repeals the probable cause requirement; directs the department of land and natural resources to create an administrative search scheme.