JAN 1 9 2007

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO COURT INTERPRETERS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that federal law requires states to provide language interpretation services to court 2 users with limited English proficiency. Hawaii is a member 3 state of the consortium of court interpreting of the National 4 5 Center for State Courts, which provides court interpreter certification examinations in thirteen languages. However, of 6 7 the thirty member states of the consortium, Hawaii is one of 8 only three states that have yet to implement court interpreter 9 certification in any language. As a result, at present, anyone 10 can become a registered interpreter with the judiciary merely by 11 obtaining a general excise tax license and submitting a court 12 interpreter application form, regardless of language ability or interpreting skills. Such a situation invites an applicant pool 13 of untrained and untested interpreters, which not only slows 14 down the judicial process and creates inefficiency, but also 15 jeopardizes the constitutional and civil rights of non-English 16

speaking individuals.

- 1 The purpose of this Act is to require the judiciary to 2 implement a certification program and to appoint and use 3 certified court interpreters in legal proceedings. 4 SECTION 2. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read 5 6 as follows: 7 "CHAPTER COURT INTERPRETERS 8 9 -1 Policy; intent. It is the policy of this State to 10 secure the rights, constitutional and otherwise, of persons who, because of a non-English speaking cultural background, are 11 12 unable to understand or communicate adequately in the English 13 language when they appear in state courts or are involved in 14 state justice system proceedings. 15 It is the intent of this Act to provide for the 16 certification, appointment, and use of interpreters to secure 17 the state and federal constitutional rights of non-English 18 speaking persons in all legal and administrative state
- 20 § -2 Definitions. As used in this chapter:

proceedings.

1	"App	ointing authority" means a trial judge, administrative
2	hearing o	fficer, or other officer authorized by law to conduct
3	judicial	or quasi-judicial proceedings.
4	"Cer	tified interpreter" means a person who:
5	(1)	Is readily able to interpret simultaneously and
6		consecutively and to sight translate from English to
7		the language of the non-English speaking person or
8		from the language of that person into English;
9	(2)	Is certified according to procedures approved by the
10		Hawaii supreme court committee on certification of
11		court interpreters; and
12	(3)	Satisfies the standards prescribed and promulgated
13		pursuant to this chapter and the code of professional
14		responsibility for interpreters.
15	"Lega	al proceeding" means a civil, criminal, domestic
16	relations	, juvenile, traffic, or an administrative proceeding in
17	which a no	on-English speaking person is a principal party in
18	interest o	or a witness.
19	"Non	-English speaking person" means any principal party in

interest or witness participating in a legal proceeding who has

limited ability to speak or understand the English language.

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- 1 "Principal party in interest" means a person involved in a
- 2 legal proceeding who is a named party, or who will be bound by
- 3 the decision or action, or who is foreclosed from pursuing the
- 4 person's rights by the decision or action which may be taken in
- 5 the proceeding.
- 6 "Witness" means anyone who testifies in any legal
- 7 proceeding.
- 8 S -3 Implementing responsibilities. (a) Staff and
- 9 administrative support required by the supreme court to
- 10 implement the interpreter certification program shall be
- 11 provided by the administrative office of the courts.
- 12 (b) Pursuant to supreme court rule, the administrative
- 13 office of the courts shall administer and manage the operations
- 14 of the state court interpreter certification program.
- 15 (c) The administrative director of the courts shall
- 16 collect and analyze statistics pertinent to interpreter
- 17 utilization. This report may be made a part of the annual
- 18 report of the judiciary and contain analyses and recommendations
- 19 for the improvement of the court interpreter program.
- 20 § -4 Certified interpreter required. (a) When an
- 21 interpreter is requested or when the appointing authority
- 22 determines that a principal party in interest or witness has a

- 1 limited ability to understand and communicate in English, a
- 2 certified interpreter shall be appointed.
- 3 (b) The appointing authority may appoint a non-certified
- 4 interpreter only:
- 5 (1) Upon a finding that diligent, good faith efforts to
- 6 obtain a certified interpreter have been made and none
- 7 has been found to be reasonably available; provided
- 8 that the failure by the court to make reasonable good
- 9 faith efforts to obtain the services of a certified
- interpreter may be grounds for reversal; and
- 11 (2) After the appointing authority has evaluated the
- 12 totality of the circumstances including the gravity of
- the judicial proceeding and the potential penalty or
- 14 consequence involved.
- 15 (c) Before appointing a non-certified interpreter, the
- 16 appointing authority shall make a finding that the proposed non-
- 17 certified interpreter appears to have adequate language skills,
- 18 knowledge of interpreting techniques, and familiarity with
- 19 interpreting in a court or administrative hearing setting, and
- 20 that the proposed non-certified interpreter has read,
- 21 understands, and will abide by the code of professional

- 1 responsibility for language interpreters established in this
- 2 State.
- 3 (d) A summary of the efforts made to obtain a certified
- 4 interpreter and to determine the capabilities of the proposed
- 5 non-certified interpreter shall be made on the record of the
- 6 legal proceeding.
- 7 § -5 Waiver of interpreter. (a) A non-English speaking
- 8 person, at any point in the proceeding may waive the right to
- 9 the services of an interpreter, provided that:
- 10 (1) The waiver is approved by the appointing authority
- after explaining on the record to the non-English
- speaking person through an interpreter the nature and
- effect of the waiver;
- 14 (2) The appointing authority determines on the record that
- the waiver has been made knowingly, intelligently, and
- voluntarily; and
- 17 (3) The non-English speaking person has been afforded the
- opportunity to consult with the person's attorney.
- 19 (b) At any point in any proceeding, for good cause shown,
- 20 a non-English speaking person may retract the person's waiver
- 21 and request an interpreter.

1	S	-6	Interpret	er oath.	An	interpre	ter,	whether	or no	ot
2	certified	l, s	hall take	an oath,	befo	re comme	ncing	duties,	tha	t
3	the inter	pre	ter will m	ake a tr	rue an	d impart	ial i	nterpret	atio	n
4	using the	in	terpreter'	s best s	skills	and jud	gment	in acco	ordan	ce
5	with the	sta	ndards and	ethics	of th	e interp	reter	profess	sion.	
6	S	-7	Removal o	f an int	erpre	ter in i	ndivi	dual cas	ses.	Any
7	of the fo	llo	wing action	ns of th	ne int	erpreter	shal	l be god	od ca	use
8	for a jud	lge :	to remove	an inter	prete	r:				
9	(1)	Ве	ing unable	to inte	erpret	adequat	ely,	includi	ng wh	ere
10		th	e interpre	ter self	-repo	rts such	inab	ility;		
11	(2)	Kn	owingly an	d wilful	.ly ma	king fal	se in	terpreta	ation	
12		wh.	ile servin	g in an	offic	ial capa	city;			
13	(3)	Kn	owingly an	d wilful	ly di	sclosing	conf	identia:	l or	
14		pr	ivileged i	nformati	on ob	tained w	hile	serving	in a	n
15		of	ficial cap	acity; c	or					
16	(4)	Fa	iling to f	ollow ot	her s	tandards	pres	cribed	oy la	w
17		an	d the code	of prof	essio	nal resp	onsib	ility f	or	
18		in	terpreters	•						
19	S	-8	Cost of i	nterpret	er se	rvices.	In a	ll lega	l	
20	proceedin	ıgs,	the cost	of provi	ding	interpre	ter s	ervices	shal	l be
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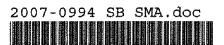


proceeding originates.

1	§ -9 Wages. The court interpreter fee schedule shall be
2	amended regularly to ensure that certified interpreters are paid
3	at wages or salaries not less than the wages paid to public
4	officers and employees for similar work. Non-certified
5	interpreters shall be paid at a rate not less than fifty per
6	cent of the rate for certified interpreters.
7	§ -10 Supreme court committee on certification of court
8	interpreters established; duties; composition and term;
9	meetings; rules. (a) There is established the supreme court
10	committee on certification of court interpreters, which shall be
11	attached to the judiciary for administrative purposes only.
12	(b) The supreme court committee on certification of court
13	interpreters shall:
14	(1) Be responsible for ensuring language interpreter
15	orientation, certification, continued proficiency, and
16	discipline; and
17	(2) Prescribe standards and procedures for the
18	recruitment, orientation, testing, certification,
19	evaluation, compensation, duties, professional
20	conduct, continuing education, certification renewal,
21	and other matters relating to interpreters as
22	prescribed in this chapter.

1	(c)	The supreme court committee on certification of court
2	interpret	ers shall be comprised of seven members who shall serve
3	one-year	terms subject to appointment and reappointment by the
4	chief jus	tice of the supreme court:
5	(1)	Two members representing the judiciary, including one
6		member representing the office on equality and access
7		to the courts;
8	(2)	Two members representing a labor union that represents
9		or is seeking to represent court interpreters in
10		Hawaii;
11	(3)	One member representing the Hawaii State Bar
12		Association;
13	(4)	One member representing the office of the public
14		defender; and
15	(5)	One member representing the department of the
16		prosecuting attorney of one of the counties of the
17		State.
18	(d)	Members shall serve without compensation, but may be
19	reimburse	d for the necessary expenses, including travel
20	expenses,	incurred in the performance of their duties.

(e) The supreme court may issue court rules necessary for



purposes of this chapter."

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1	SECTION 3. There is appropriated out of the general
2	revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$, or so
3	much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2007-2008, and
4	the same sum, or so much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal
5	year 2008-2009, for the administrative office of the courts to
6	establish and operate a statewide court interpreter orientation,
7	testing, and certification program.
8	The sums appropriated shall be expended by the judiciary
9	for the purposes of this Act.
10	SECTION 4. If any provision of this Act, or the
11	application thereof to any person or circumstance is held
12	invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or
13	applications of the Act, which can be given effect without the
14	invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions
15	of this Act are severable.
16	SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2008;
17	provided that section 3 of this Act shall take effect on July 1,
18	2007.
19	INTERDUCED BY: Midlen
	INTRODUCED BY:

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Report Title:

Court Interpreters

Description:

Requires the judiciary to certify court interpreters and to appoint and use certified court interpreters in legal proceedings.