A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO EDUCATION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the partnership 2 between parents, families, professionals, and students is 3 cornerstone to the success of student achievement. From a 4 student's first day of school until the completion of the 5 student's education, hundreds, possibly thousands, of 6 educational decisions have been made for or by that student. 7 Until a student reaches the age of eighteen, most of those decisions are made by parents, family members, or quardians in 8 9 consultation with teachers or education officials. However, 10 when a student reaches the age of eighteen, that adult student 11 is presumed to be capable of making the adult student's own 12 educational decisions and to have the confidence to participate 13 fully in meetings to make educational decisions, unless determined to be incapable of making decisions. Students at 14 15 this transition point, regardless of their capacity, may benefit from continued participation, guidance, and advice from the 16

people on whom they have always relied to make educational
 decisions.

3 With regard to the numerous decisions and planning activities related to a student with a disability who is 4 5 receiving special education and related services, parents of 6 adult students can only participate in these activities if they 7 are either invited by the student or obtain legal guardianship 8 over the student. While these options create a vehicle for 9 parental participation, they are not comprehensive enough to meet the diverse needs of the students and families in our 10 11 State.

12 The legislature further finds that guardianships are 13 expensive, labor intensive, and involve a time consuming process 14 that relinquishes all decision making authority from the student 15 to the guardian. Some students may have the capacity and desire 16 to make other life decisions for themselves, but do not feel 17 confident in making educational decisions and may require continued assistance. There are also other families that 18 19 philosophically strive to maintain the rights of their adult 20 children, regardless of their capacity, and are able to do so 21 because of the array of alternatives to guardianship in the

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1	health care, welfare, housing, and financial systems. In these			
2	instances, guardianship would not be an appropriate option.			
3	The purpose of this Act is to provide a comprehensive array			
4	of options for adult students or emancipated minors to ensure			
5	their ability to make educational decisions that are consistent			
6	with the needs of the student in a manner that is respectful to			
7	the values of the student and family by:			
8	(1) Establishing a power of attorney for special			
9	education;			
10	(2) Establishing the process to appoint a surrogate			
11	decision maker for an adult student or emancipated			
12	minor student who lacks capacity; and			
13	(3) Clarifying the authority of a guardian of an adult or			
14	emancipated minor student.			
15	SECTION 2. Chapter 302A, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is			
16	amended by adding a new part to be appropriately designated and			
17	to read as follows:			
18	"PART . ADULT SPECIAL EDUCATION			
19	§302A- Advance special education directives. (a) An			
20	adult or emancipated minor may give an individual instruction to			
21	assist in the development and implementation of individualized			
22	education plans for special education. The instruction may be			
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oral or written. The instruction may be limited to the purpose
 of participating in the adult's or emancipated minor's
 individualized education plan processes.

4 An adult or emancipated minor may execute a power of (b) attorney for special education to authorize an agent to receive 5 6 notice and to participate in meetings and all procedures related 7 to the adult's or emancipated minor's educational program. The 8 power of attorney for special education shall remain in effect 9 notwithstanding the adult's or emancipated minor's later 10 incapacity and may include individual instructions. Unless related to the student by blood, marriage, or adoption, an agent 11 12 shall not be an owner, operator, or employee of the educational 13 institution at which the adult or emancipated minor is receiving 14 special education services. The power of attorney for special 15 education shall be:

- 16 (1) In writing;
- 17 (2) Contain the date of its execution;
- 18 (3) Signed by the adult or emancipated minor, as the case19 may be; and

20 (4) Witnessed by one of the following methods:

21 (A) Signed by two individuals who either witnessed
22 the signing of the instrument by the adult or



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1		emancipated minor or received the adult's or
2		emancipated minor's acknowledgment of the
3		veracity of the signature on the instrument; or
4	((B) Acknowledged before a notary public in the State.
5	(c) A	A witness to a power of attorney for special education
6	shall not b	be:
7	(1) A	teacher;
8	(2) A	An employee of a teacher or school; or
9	(3) T	The agent.
10	(d) A	at least one of the witnesses to the power of attorney
11	for special	education shall be someone who is unrelated to the
12	student by	blood, marriage, or adoption.
13	(e) U	Inless otherwise specified in a power of attorney for
14	special edu	cation, the authority of an agent shall be effective
15	only upon a	determination by the adult or emancipated minor to
16	extend deci	sion making authority to the agent, and shall cease
17	to be effec	tive upon a determination that the adult or
18	emancipated	I minor has the capacity to make special education
19	decisions a	and has discharged the agent from doing so.
20	(f) U	Inless otherwise specified in a written advance
21	special edu	cation directive, a determination that an adult or
22	emancipated	I minor lacks or has recovered capacity, or that
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1 another condition exists that affects an adult's or emancipated 2 minor's instruction or the authority of an agent, shall be made 3 by a qualified administrator, such as the student's primary 4 physician, psychologist, psychiatrist or the medical director of 5 the department of health developmental disabilities division.

6 (g) An agent shall make a special education decision in 7 accordance with the adult's or emancipated minor's instructions, if any, and other wishes to the extent known to the agent. 8 9 Otherwise, the agent shall make the decision in accordance with 10 the agent's determination of the adult's or emancipated minor's 11 best interest. In determining the adult's or emancipated 12 minor's best interest, the agent shall consider the adult's or 13 emancipated minor's personal values to the extent known to the 14 agent.

(h) A special education decision made by an agent for an
adult or emancipated minor shall be effective without judicial
approval.

18 (i) An advance special education directive shall be valid
19 for purposes of this part if it complies with this part, or if
20 it was executed in compliance with the laws of the state where
21 it was executed.

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\$302A- Revocation of advance special education
 directive. (a) An individual shall revoke the designation of
 an agent in writing or by personally informing the supervising
 teacher.

5 (b) A teacher, agent, guardian, or surrogate who is
6 informed of a revocation shall promptly communicate the fact of
7 the revocation to the supervising teacher and to any educational
8 institution at which the student is receiving special education
9 services.

10 (c) A decree of annulment, divorce, dissolution of
11 marriage, or legal separation shall revoke a previous
12 designation of a spouse as agent unless otherwise specified in
13 the decree or in a power of attorney for special education.

14 (d) An advance special education directive that conflicts
15 with an earlier advance special education directive revokes the
16 earlier directive to the extent of the conflict.

17 §302A- Educational decisions; surrogates. (a) An adult
18 or emancipated minor may designate or disqualify any individual
19 to act as a surrogate by personally informing the supervising
20 teacher. In the absence of a designation, or if the designee is
21 not reasonably available, a surrogate may be appointed to make a
22 special education decision for the adult or emancipated minor.



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1	(b)	A surrogate may make a special education decision for		
2	a student	who is an adult or emancipated minor if the student		
3	has been	determined by the qualified administrator to lack		
4	capacity	and no agent or guardian has been appointed or the		
5	agent or	guardian is not reasonably available. Determinants to		
6	lack capacity may include the following:			
7	(1)	The student's inability to understand the nature,		
8		extent, and probable consequences of a proposed		
9		educational program or option, on a continuing or		
10		consistent basis;		
11	(2)	The student's inability to make a rational evaluation		
12		of the benefits or disadvantages of a proposed		
13		educational decision or program as compared with the		
14		benefits or disadvantages of another proposed		
15		educational decision or program, on a continuing or		
16		consistent basis; or		
17	(3)	The student's inability to communicate such		
18		understanding in any meaningful way.		
19	Upon a determination that an adult or emancipated minor lacks			
20	decisional capacity to provide informed consent, the qualified			
21	administrator or the qualified administrator's designee shall			
22	make reasonable efforts to notify the adult or emancipated minor			
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1 of the adult's or emancipated minor's lack of capacity. The 2 qualified administrator, or the qualified administrator's 3 designee, shall designate the parent or parents of the adult or 4 emancipated minor to act as the surrogate unless the adult or 5 emancipated minor is married, in which event the adult's or 6 emancipated minor's adult spouse shall be designated as 7 educational representative. If the parent or adult spouse is 8 not available or competent to give informed consent, the 9 administrator shall designate a competent adult brother or 10 sister, adult aunt or uncle, or grandparent. If these relatives 11 are not willing and able to serve as the adult's or emancipated 12 minor's educational representative, then an individual shall be 13 designated to serve in this capacity by the department; provided 14 that the individual is not an employee of the department. (c) If any interested person, the guardian, or gualified 15 administrator believes the adult or emancipated minor has 16 17 regained decisional capacity, the qualified administrator shall reexamine the adult or emancipated minor and determine whether 18 19 or not the adult or emancipated minor has regained decisional 20 capacity and shall enter a decision and the basis for the 21 decision into the adult or emancipated minor's educational

22 record and shall notify the adult or emancipated minor, the

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surrogate decision maker, and the person who initiated the
 redetermination of decisional capacity.

3 (d) A surrogate who has been designated by the adult or
4 emancipated minor may make educational decisions for the adult
5 or emancipated minor.

6 (e) A surrogate who has not been designated by the adult 7 or emancipated minor shall make educational decisions for the 8 adult or emancipated minor based on the wishes of the adult or 9 emancipated minor, or, if the wishes of the adult or emancipated 10 minor are unknown or unclear, on the adult's or emancipated 11 minor's best interest.

12 (f) A special education decision made by a surrogate for
13 an adult or emancipated minor shall be effective without
14 judicial approval.

(g) A supervising teacher shall require a surrogate to
provide a written declaration under the penalty of false
swearing stating facts and circumstances reasonably sufficient
to establish the claimed authority.

19 §302A- Decisions by guardian. (a) Absent a court order
20 to the contrary, a special education decision of a guardian
21 appointed pursuant to chapter 560 takes precedence over that of
22 an agent.



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(b) A special education decision made by a guardian for
 the ward shall be effective without judicial approval; provided
 that a guardian shall comply with the ward's individual
 instructions and shall not revoke a ward's pre-incapacity
 advance special education directive unless expressly authorized
 by a court.

7 §302A- Obligations of teacher. (a) Before implementing
8 a special education decision made for an adult or emancipated
9 minor, a supervising teacher, if possible, shall promptly
10 communicate to the adult or emancipated minor the decision made
11 and the identity of the person making the decision.

12 (b) A supervising teacher who knows of the existence of an 13 advance special education directive, a revocation of an advance 14 special education directive, or a designation or 15 disqualification of a surrogate shall promptly record its 16 existence in the adult's or emancipated minor's education record 17 and, if it is in writing, shall request a copy and if one is furnished shall arrange for its maintenance in the education 18 19 record.

(c) A supervising teacher who makes or is informed of a
determination that an adult or emancipated minor lacks or has
recovered capacity, or that another condition exists that



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1 affects an individual instruction or the authority of an agent, guardian, or surrogate, shall promptly record the determination 2 3 in the adult's or emancipated minor's educational record and communicate the determination to the adult or emancipated minor, 4 if possible, and to any person then authorized to make 5 6 educational decisions for the adult or emancipated minor. (d) A teacher or institution providing special education 7 and or related services to an adult or emancipated minor shall: 8 9 (1)Comply with an individual instruction of the adult or 10 emancipated minor and with a reasonable interpretation of that instruction made by a person then authorized 11 to make educational decisions for the adult or 12 13 emancipated minor; and 14 (2) Comply with a special education decision for the adult or emancipated minor made by a person then authorized 15 to make educational decisions for the adult or 16 emancipated minor to the same extent as if the 17 decision had been made by the adult or emancipated 18 minor while the adult or emancipated minor had 19 20 capacity.

(e) A teacher or institution that declines to comply withthe special education decision for the adult or emancipated

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1 minor made by a person then authorized to make educational 2 decisions for the adult or emancipated minor shall: 3 (1) Promptly so inform the adult or emancipated minor, if possible, and any person then authorized to make 4 5 educational decisions for the adult or emancipated 6 minor; and (2) Provide continuing special education or related 7 8 services as defined by the individualized education plan to the adult or emancipated minor until a 9 10 transfer can be effected. 11 (f) A teacher or institution shall not require or prohibit 12 the execution or revocation of an advance special education 13 directive as a condition for providing special education or 14 related services. 15 Educational information. Unless otherwise \$302A-16 specified in an advance special education directive, a person 17 then authorized to make educational decisions for a student has 18 the same rights as the student to request, receive, examine, 19 copy, and consent to the disclosure of the individualized 20 education plan or any other educational records.

21 §302A- Immunities. (a) A teacher or institution acting
22 in good faith and in accordance with generally accepted

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1 educational standards applicable to the teacher or institution 2 shall not be subject to civil or criminal liability or to 3 discipline for unprofessional conduct for: 4 (1)Complying with a special education decision of a person apparently having authority to make a special 5 education decision for an adult or emancipated minor, 6 including a decision to withhold or withdraw special 7 8 education or related services; (2)Declining to comply with a special education decision 9 10 of a person based upon a belief that the person then 11 lacked authority; or 12 (3)Complying with an advance special education directive and assuming that the directive was valid when made 13 and has not been revoked or terminated. 14 15 (b) An individual acting as agent, guardian, or surrogate 16 under this part shall not be subject to civil or criminal 17 liability or to discipline for unprofessional conduct for 18 educational decisions made in good faith. 19 \$302A-Effect of copy. A copy of a written advance 20 special education directive, revocation of an advance special education directive, or designation or disgualification of a 21 22 surrogate has the same effect as the original.

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\$302A- Effect of this part. (a) This part shall not
 create a presumption concerning the intention of an individual
 who has not made or who has revoked an advance special education
 directive.

5 (b) This part shall not authorize or require a teacher or
6 institution to provide special education or related services
7 contrary to generally accepted educational standards applicable
8 to the teacher or institution.

9 (c) This part shall not affect other statutes of this
10 State governing treatment for mental illness of an individual
11 involuntarily committed to a psychiatric facility.

12 §302A- Judicial relief. On petition of an adult or 13 emancipated minor, the adult's or emancipated minor's agent, 14 guardian, or surrogate, or a teacher or institution involved 15 with the adult's or emancipated minor's education, any court of 16 competent jurisdiction may enjoin or direct a special education 17 decision or order other equitable relief. A proceeding under 18 this section shall be governed by .

19 §302A- Uniformity of application and construction. This
20 part shall be applied and construed to effectuate its general
21 purpose to make uniform the law with respect to the subject of
22 this part among states enacting it."

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SECTION 3. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2050.

Report Title:

DOE; SPED; Transfer of Rights; Appropriation

Description:

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Establishes a power of attorney for special education. Establishes the process to appoint a surrogate decision maker for an adult or emancipated minor student who lacks capacity. Clarifies the authority of a guardian of an adult or emancipated minor student. (SB2879 SD2)