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A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO EARLY LEARNING.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	PART I
2	PURPOSE
3	SECTION 1. The legislature reaffirms its findings in Act
4	51, Session Laws of Hawaii 2004, that:
5	[A] lthough many responsibilities are laid upon education,
6	ultimately education must do no less than advance the
7	endowment of human culture itself, so that each succeeding
8	generation finds itself further along the road towards
9	peace, social justice, and environmental sustainability in
10	a society guided by creativity, compassion, and curiosity.
11	The legislature finds that Hawaii's children, starting at birth,
12	need support and guidance from families, caregivers, and
13	teachers to reach their full potential as citizens. As a report
14	released in 2007 by the National Scientific Council on the
15	Developing Child, The Science of Early Childhood Development,
16	Closing the Gap Between What We Know and What We Do, so aptly
17	states:

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1	The future of any society depends on its ability to
2	foster the health and well-being of the next
3	generation. Stated simply, today's children will
4	become tomorrow's citizens, workers, and parents.
5	When we invest wisely in children and families, the
6	next generation will pay that back through a lifetime
7	of productivity and responsible citizenship. When we
8	fail to provide our children with what they need to
9	build a strong foundation for healthy and productive
10	lives, we put our future prosperity and security at
11	risk.
12	Yet, many of Hawaii's children lack the fundamental skills
13	they should have when they enter kindergarten, a problem for
14	which our state, let alone society as a whole, cannot afford a
15	delayed response. From Neurons to Neighborhoods, a report
16	developed by a committee of 17 national experts in the fields of
17	education, psychiatry, neuroscience, economics, and public
18	policy, found that:
19	[S] triking disparities in what children know and can
20	do are evident well before they enter kindergarten.
21	These differences are strongly associated with social

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- 1 and economic circumstances, and they are predictive of
- 2 subsequent academic performance.
- 3 Research has confirmed that a large gap exists between the
- 4 academic abilities of children from high- and low-income
- 5 families by age six: the latter "lag further behind in
- 6 acquiring more sophisticated reading and math knowledge and
- 7 skills such as recognizing words by sight or solving simple
- 8 addition and subtraction problems" (National Child Care
- 9 Association, 2002).
- 10 The gap can be closed by building an early learning system
- 11 for Hawaii. Decades of research have determined that
- 12 investments in high-quality early learning systems, based on the
- 13 collective involvement of families, caregivers, and teachers,
- 14 produce significant, long-term benefits for all children. These
- 15 benefits include improved school success, decreased dropout
- 16 rates, reduced crime, and increased workforce preparedness and
- 17 productivity.
- 18 Thirty-six states now offer some type of publicly-funded
- 19 preschool program. Two states, Oklahoma and Georgia, have
- 20 established preschool systems for all four-year-olds statewide,

- 1 and New York, Florida, and Illinois are in the process of
- 2 establishing similar systems.
- 3 Hawaii is now one of only a few states in the nation that
- 4 lacks a state-sponsored early learning system, despite the fact
- 5 that it was one of the leaders in providing universal access for
- 6 kindergarten and providing in 2001 a definition for "school
- 7 readiness," which acknowledged the joint responsibility of
- 8 families, schools, and communities in preparing children for
- 9 lifelong learning. The legislature acknowledges the significant
- 10 milestones achieved thus far in promoting young children's
- 11 development and school readiness through public and private
- 12 efforts:
- 13 (1) Hawaii's healthy start program provides home visiting
- support to 2,400 at-risk children each year, and head
- 15 start and early head start programs currently serve
- over 3,000 children from low-income families;
- 17 (2) Publicly-funded subsidies provided by the department
- of human services -- including the preschool open
- doors program that serves four-year-old children, and
- the subsidies provided to eligible parents and
- 21 caregivers using federal funds from the child care

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.1		development block grant and temporary assistance to
2		needy families block grant make private child care
3		and early learning programs more accessible to many
4		children in need;
5	(3)	Other programs of the department of human services
6		have increased both the quality and quantity of child
7		care services, including the pre-plus program which
8		operates at 16 department of education elementary
9		schools throughout the state, and the child care
10		capacity building and quality incentive payments
11		program which supports professional development and
12		increased capacity at private preschools;
13	(4)	Local philanthropic educational organizations, such as
14		Kamehameha Schools, operate and otherwise contribute
15		to a full spectrum of early learning services for
16		children from birth until the time they enter
17		kindergarten;
18	(5)	The United States Department of Defense has developed
19		a nationally-renowned quality child care system that
20		incorporates measures of accountability and offers

1		technical support, and is available to share its
2		expertise with local communities; and
3	(6)	Act 219, Session Laws of Hawaii 2004, established a
4	N	two-tier junior kindergarten and kindergarten program
5		within the department of education to support the
6		range of developmental abilities of children. The
7		program allows for an extended period of time for a
8		child to succeed in kindergarten prior to entering
9		first grade.
10	Howe	ver, the current landscape of Hawaii's early learning
11	services	remains highly fragmented and lacks cohesiveness. Act
12	77, Sessi	on Laws of 1997, created a public-private partnership
13	to build	a coordinated system of early childhood care and
14	education	, but it lacked sufficient authority, resources, and
15	accountab	ility to reach its intended goal.
16	The	current array of services and expertise form the basis
17	for furth	er development and integration into an early learning
18	system the	at better serves Hawaii's young children and their
19	families.	The legislature finds that the state needs a
20	cohesive,	comprehensive, and sustainable early learning system
21	that ensu	res a spectrum of quality early learning opportunities

- 1 for young children from birth until the time they enter
- 2 kindergarten. It is vital that the early learning system be
- 3 widely accessible and provide high-quality education and
- 4 services that are evidence- and standards-based and require
- 5 accountability, all the while maintaining sensitivity to family
- 6 choice and cultural elements.
- 7 In 2006, the 23rd legislature passed Act 259, establishing
- 8 the early learning educational task force, a diverse group of
- 9 public and private stakeholders given the mission to develop a
- 10 five-year plan for an early learning system. The resulting plan
- 11 proposed a comprehensive, voluntary early learning system that
- 12 would initially offer services to four-year-old children and
- 13 focus on underserved families. In time, all families,
- 14 regardless of income or background, would be provided access to
- 15 high-quality, culturally-responsive early learning services that
- 16 promote the healthy, successful development of children and
- 17 their ability to reach their full potential. In late 2007, the
- 18 task force produced a report to present their plan and findings
- 19 and recommendations for an early learning system, including cost
- 20 models with implementation guidelines over either a five- or
- 21 ten-year period. The task force and its members are to be

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1	commended	d for their excellent efforts that spanned over a year
2	of meetir	ngs and discussion. This Act takes into consideration
3	the findi	ings and recommendations of the task force.
4	The	purpose of this Act is to help Hawaii's children
5	succeed u	pon entry into kindergarten by:
6	(1)	Establishing an early learning system to be known as
7		keiki first steps;
8	(2)	Creating the early learning council to develop and
9		administer the state's early learning system;
10	(3)	Establishing the keiki first steps grant program;
11	(4)	Statutorily establishing the pre-plus program; and
12	(5)	Promoting the development of early learning
13		facilities.
14		PART II
15		EARLY LEARNING SYSTEM
16	SECT	ION 2. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by
17	adding a	new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read
18	as follow	s:
19		"CHAPTER
20		EARLY LEARNING SYSTEM

1	S	-1 Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the
2	context o	therwise requires:
3	"At-	risk children" means children who, because of their
4	home and	community environment, are subject to language,
5	cultural,	economic, and other disadvantages that cause them to
6	be at ris	k for school failure, including children:
7	(1)	Who are eligible for special education services;
8	(2)	Who are English as a second language learners;
9	(3)	Who reside within a public school district,
10		established under chapter 302A, that is in need of
11		improvement based on the criteria of the federal No
12		Child Left Behind Act of 2001 (Public Law 107-110), as
13		amended; or
14	(4)	Whose family income is no more than two hundred fifty
15		per cent of the federal poverty level.
16	"Cen	ter-based" describes programs in which early childhood
17	education	and care services are provided in a facility,
18	including	private preschools, child care centers, and head start
19	programs,	licensed, or excluded or exempt from licensing, by the
20	department	t of human services.

- 1 "Council" means the early learning council established
- 2 pursuant to this chapter.
- 3 "Family child care program" means a program in which a
- 4 child is cared for in a family child care home licensed under
- 5 section 346-161.
- 6 "Family-child interaction learning program" means a program
- 7 attended by both a child and at least one adult who is the
- 8 child's parent, relative, or other caregiver, that facilitates
- 9 family-child interactive learning experiences for children and
- 10 educates the family member or members about how to encourage the
- 11 child's learning.
- "Home-based instruction program" means a family-
- 13 involvement, school-readiness program that helps families
- 14 prepare their child for success in school and beyond, and that'
- 15 is based in the child's home; provided that home schooling is
- 16 not a home-based instruction program.
- 17 § -2 Early learning system; keiki first steps. There is
- 18 established an early learning system, to be known as keiki first
- 19 steps, that shall ensure a spectrum of high-quality early
- 20 learning opportunities for children throughout the state, from
- 21 birth until the time they enter kindergarten, with priority

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1	grven co	under	served or ac-risk chirdren. The early rearning
2	system sh	all b	pe developed and administered by the early learning
3	council t	o the	e extent permissible by law. The early learning
4	system sh	all:	
5	(1)	Be w	videly accessible and voluntary for both those
6		serv	red and program and service providers;
7	(2)	Be a	cohesive, comprehensive, and sustainable system
8		in w	hich:
9		(A)	All existing early learning programs and
10			services, whether publicly- or privately-run,
11			which consist of a variety of early learning
12			approaches, service deliveries, and settings,
13			including center-based programs, family child
14			care programs, family-child interaction learning
15			programs, and home-based instruction programs
16			designed to promote early learning, are
17			coordinated, improved, and expanded;
18		(B)	Public and private resources are maximized; and
19		(C)	The use of public facilities for either publicly-
20			or privately-run early learning programs is
21			maximized;

1	(3)	Prov	ide high-quality early learning experiences with:
2		(A)	Standards-based content and curriculum, and
3			accountability; and
4		(B)	Sufficient numbers of well-qualified educators
5			and administrators who are fairly compensated and
6			have access to continuing professional
7			development;
8	(4)	Offe	r opportunities for family and community
9		enga	gement and parent education and support; and
10	(5)	Be s	ensitive to family choice and cultural diversity.
11	§	-3 E	arly learning council. (a) There is established
12	an early	learn	ing council which shall be attached to the
13	departmen	tof	education for administrative purposes only,
14	notwithst	andin	g any other law to the contrary. To the extent
15	permissib	le by	law, the council shall develop and administer the
16	early lea	rning	system established in section -2 to benefit all
17	children	throu	ghout the state, from birth until the time they
18	enter kin	derga	rten. In developing the early learning system,
19	the counc	il sha	all, among other things:
20	(1)	Estal	olish policies and procedures governing its
21		opera	ations;

1	(2)	Develop a plan, with goals and objectives, for the
2		early learning system, including the development,
3		execution, and monitoring of a phased implementation
4		plan;
5	(3)	Coordinate, improve, and expand upon existing early
6		learning programs and services for children from birth
7		until the time they enter kindergarten;
8	(4)	Establish policies and procedures to include existing
9		early learning programs and services;
10	(5)	Establish additional early learning programs and
11		services;
12	(6)	Establish policies and procedures governing the
13		inclusion of children with special needs;
14	(7)	Develop incentives to enhance the quality of programs
15		and services within the early learning system;
16	(8)	Coordinate efforts to develop a highly-qualified,
17		stable, and diverse workforce, including:
18		(A) Ensuring that more early childhood educators and
19		administrators, existing or potential, have
20		opportunities to receive early childhood

			education degrees, including offering higher
2			education scholarships;
3		(B)	Increasing the availability of early childhood
4			education coursework, including distance learning
5			courses and community-based early childhood
6			education training;
7		(C)	Providing access to continuing professional
8			development for all educators and administrators;
9		(D)	Establishing a system for awarding appropriate
10			credentials to educators and administrators, as
11			incentives to improve the quality of programs and
12			services, relevant to the various early learning
13			approaches, service deliveries, and settings,
14			such as for experience or coursework or degrees
15			completed;
16		(E)	Providing consultation on the social-emotional
17			development of children; and
18		(F)	Providing substitute teacher allowances;
19	(9)	Deve	lop and implement methods of maximizing the
20		invo	lvement of families, caregivers, and teachers in
21		the	early learning system;

1	(10)	Develop an effective, comprehensive, and integrated
2		system to provide training and technical support to
3		programs and services within the early learning
4		system;
5	(11)	Develop standards of accountability to ensure that
6		high-quality early learning experiences are provided
7		by programs and services of the early learning system;
8	(12)	Collect, interpret, and release data relating to early
9		learning in the state;
10	(13)	Recommend the appropriate proportion of state funds
11		that should be distributed to programs and services
12		across the early learning system, to ensure the most
13		effective and efficient allocation of fiscal resources
14		within the early learning system;
15	(14)	Promote awareness of early learning opportunities to
16		families and the general public; and
17	(15)	Consult with community groups, including statewide
18		organizations that are involved in early learning
19		professional development, policy and advocacy, and
20		early childhood programs, to broaden the council's
21		knowledge of early learning.

J	(12)	The council shall consist of the following voting
2	members:	
3	(1)	The superintendent of education or the
4		superintendent's designee;
5	(2)	The director of human services or the director's
6		designee;
7	(3)	The director of health or the director's designee;
8	(4)	The president of the University of Hawaii or the
9		president's designee;
10	(5)	A representative of center-based program providers;
11	(6)	A representative of family child care program
12		providers;
13	(7)	A representative of family-child interaction learning
14		program providers;
15	(8)	A representative of philanthropic organizations that
16		support early learning; and
17	(9)	Two representatives of the Hawaii Council of Mayors.
18	The	council shall invite the director of the Hawaii head
19	start sta	ate collaboration office, the chief executive officer of
20	the Kameh	ameha Schools, and the executive director of the Hawaii

- 1 Association of Independent Schools, or their designees, to serve
- 2 as voting members of the council.
- 3 Except for the superintendent of education, directors of
- 4 state departments, president of the University of Hawaii,
- 5 director of the Hawaii head start state collaboration office,
- 6 chief executive officer of the Kamehameha Schools, and executive
- 7 director of the Hawaii Association of Independent Schools, or
- 8 their designees, and the two representatives of the Hawaii
- 9 Council of Mayors, the members shall be nominated and, by and
- 10 with the advice and consent of the senate, appointed by the
- 11 governor.
- (c) Except for the superintendent of education, directors
- 13 of state departments, president of the University of Hawaii,
- 14 director of the Hawaii head start state collaboration office,
- 15 chief executive officer of the Kamehameha Schools, and executive
- 16 director of the Hawaii Association of Independent Schools, or
- 17 their designees, members of the council shall serve staggered
- 18 terms as follows:
- 19 (1) The representative of center-based program providers
- 20 shall serve a two-year term;

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1	(2)	The repre	sentati	ve of	family	child	care	program
2		providers	shall s	serve	a three	-year	term;	;

- (3) The representative of family-child interaction learning program providers shall serve a three-year term;
- 6 (4) The representative of philanthropic organizations that
 7 support early learning shall serve a two-year term;
 8 and
- 9 (5) Of the two representatives of the Hawaii Council of
 10 Mayors, one shall serve a two-year term, and the other
 11 shall serve a three-year term as determined by the
 12 Hawaii Council of Mayors.
- 13 (d) The council shall select a chairperson by a majority
 14 vote of its members; provided that the chairperson shall be a
 15 representative from the private sector. A majority of the
 16 members serving on the council shall constitute a quorum to do
 17 business. The concurrence of the majority of the members
 18 serving on the council shall be necessary to make any action of
 19 the council valid.
- (e) The council may form workgroups and subcommittees,including with individuals who are not council members, to:

1	(1)	Obtain resource information from early learning
2		professionals and other individuals as deemed
3		necessary by the council;
4	(2)	Make recommendations to the council; and
5	(3)	Perform other functions as deemed necessary by

- (3) Perform other functions as deemed necessary by the council to fulfill its duties and responsibilities.
- 7 Two or more council members, but less than a quorum, may discuss
- 8 matters relating to official council business in the course of
- 9 their participation in a workgroup or subcommittee, and such
- 10 discussion shall be a permitted interaction as provided for in
- 11 section 92-2.5.

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- 12 (f) Members of the council shall serve without
- 13 compensation but shall be reimbursed for expenses, including
- 14 travel expenses, necessary for the performance of their duties.
- 15 (g) The council shall appoint, without regard to chapters
- 16 76 and 89, an executive director who shall serve at the pleasure
- 17 of the council and whose duties shall be set by the council.
- 18 The salary of the executive director shall be set by the
- 19 council; provided that the salary shall not exceed the salary of
- 20 the deputy director of the department of human services. The
- 21 executive director may also appoint other personnel, without

- 1 regard to chapters 76 and 89, to work directly for the executive
- 2 director.
- 3 (h) The council may require reports as necessary in the
- 4 form specified by the council, from state agencies, and program
- 5 and service providers of the early learning system. All
- 6 publicly-run programs and services that participate in the early
- 7 learning system shall establish a system to account for
- 8 expenditures of non-federal funds that would qualify for
- 9 matching federal childcare and development funds, or other
- 10 federal funds, and provide this data to the council to maximize
- 11 the availability of federal funds. Privately-run programs and
- 12 services that participate in the early learning system shall be
- 13 encouraged to make the same data available.
- 14 (i) The council shall submit to the legislature no later
- 15 than twenty days prior to the convening of each regular session,
- 16 a report regarding:
- 17 (1) Its progress; and
- 18 (2) The status of the early learning system in the state.
- 19 § -4 Keiki first steps grant program; establishment.
- 20 (a) There is established, as part of the early learning system,
- 21 the keiki first steps grant program, to be developed by the

- 1 council and administered by the department of human services.
- 2 The program shall increase early learning opportunities that
- 3 meet high standards of quality through the awarding of grants to
- 4 publicly- or privately-run:
- 5 (1) Center-based programs for three- and four-year-old
- 6 children; and
- 7 (2) Family child care programs, family-child interaction
- 8 learning programs, and other early learning programs
- 9 and services regardless of the age of children served.
- 10 (b) Eligibility criteria for grants. The department of
- 11 human services may award grants for the keiki first steps grant
- 12 program based on criteria that shall be developed by the
- 13 council. The criteria shall include the requirement that early
- 14 learning programs and services meet certain standards of
- 15 quality, including:
- 16 (1) The implementation of evidence-based and culturally
- responsive models of service delivery;
- 18 (2) The use of evidence-based curricula and methods;
- 19 (3) Minimum scheduling requirements, as follows:
- 20 (A) For center-based programs: providing services
- 21 for a full school day and full school year;

1		(B)	ror ramily child care programs: providing
2			services for three hours daily for a full school
3			year;
4		(C)	For family-child interaction learning programs
5			operating in classroom-like settings: providing
6			early learning activities at least twice a week
7			for a full school year, and for a minimum of
8			three hours each day; and
9		(D)	For home-based instruction programs: providing
10			early learning activities for no fewer than
11			thirty weeks within a school year;
12	(4)	Staf	f-to-child ratios and group size that meet or
13		exce	ed nationally recommended standards;
14	(5)	The	employment of teachers and administrators who meet
15		the	qualifications required by the council;
16	(6)	The	incorporation of preschool content standards or
17		othe.	r early learning guidelines;
18	(7)	The	implementation of health and developmental
19		scre	enings for children;
20	(8)	Oppo:	rtunities for parent or family engagement and
21		pare	nt education and support; and

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- 1 (9) Activities for monitoring and data collection to
 2 evaluate early learning programs and services and
 3 inform best practices.
- 4 (c) Training; technical assistance; monitoring. The
- 5 department of human services may offer technical support to, and
- 6 shall be responsible for monitoring to ensure the accountability
- 7 of programs and services within the keiki first steps grant
- 8 program, according to the standards developed by the council.
- 9 § -5 Keiki first steps trust fund. There is established
- 10 within the state treasury the keiki first steps trust fund, to
- 11 be administered by the early learning council, into which shall
- 12 be deposited all moneys received by the council in the form of:
- 13 (1) Fees;
- 14 (2) Grants;
- 15 (3) Donations;
- 16 (4) Appropriations made by the legislature to the fund;
- **17** and
- 18 (5) Revenues regardless of their source,
- 19 and earnings on moneys in the fund. Moneys in the fund shall be
- 20 used for the early learning system. Expenditures from the fund
- 21 may be made by the council without appropriation or allotment."

I	PART III
2	SECTION 3. Section 302A-409, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
3	repealed.
4	["[5302A-409] Policy. The department shall develop a plan
5	for quality voluntary early education that will be fully
6	implemented and available statewide to all eligible children on
7	a voluntary basis no later than January 1, 2000."]
8	SECTION 4. Section 302A-410, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
9	repealed.
10	["\$302A-410 Quality early education plan. (a) The
11	department plan for quality early education shall focus on
12	children from ages four up to six years.
13	(b) The board shall adopt standards and criteria for
14	quality early education based on current national standards and
15	the needs of Hawaii's children. The standards and criteria
16	shall provide the basis upon which the early education plan
17	shall be developed.
18	(c) The department of education shall work cooperatively
19	with the department of human services, the department of health,
20	college level education programs, early education organizations,
21	parents of young children, and other appropriate organizations,

1	in developing a quality early education plan. The plan shall
2	include but not be limited to the following:
3	(1) Standards for curriculum, activities, facilities, and
4	teacher training for early childhood education;
5	(2) Methods and materials designed to involve and educate
6	parents and guardians in the education and development
7	of their young children;
8	(3) A timetable and implementation schedule, approved by
9	the board, to be submitted to the governor and the
10	legislature;
11	(4) Costs for delivery of early childhood services,
12	including how costs can be shared between the public
13	and private sectors; and
14	(5) Assessment of training and certification capacity of
15	teachers, including assurances by teacher training
16	institutions to recruit and graduate qualified staff
17	for early childhood education.
18	(d) Early education shall be delivered through private
19	providers to the maximum extent possible, and provision shall be
20	made to enable parents and guardians to opt for home care if

1	they so thouse by providing early childhood education resources
2	in each school for in home use.
3	(e) Beginning with the 1997-1998 school year, this section
4	shall be interpreted as though the term "certification" read
5	"licensing", as the term is used in part III, subpart D, and as
6	eircumstances require."]
7	PART IV
8	EARLY LEARNING FACILITIES
9	SECTION 5. Chapter 346, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated
11	and to read as follows:
12	"§346- Early childhood education facilities; pre-plus.
13	(a) There is established the pre-plus program within the
14	department to expand access to affordable and high-quality early
15	childhood education for three- to four-year-old children from
16	low-income families, by allowing preschool programs to be
17	established on public school campuses through public-private
18	partnerships.
19	(b) The department and the department of education shall
20	work collaboratively to develop suitable pre-plus classrooms on
21	department of education campuses statewide, including conversion

- 1 charter school campuses. The department, with the department of
- 2 education, shall coordinate site selection for additional pre-
- 3 plus programs at public school sites, with priority given to
- 4 public school sites that serve at-risk children as defined in
- 5 section -1, including sites located in areas with limited
- 6 access to early learning programs and services."
- 7 SECTION 6. Section 302A-1506.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
- 8 is amended to read as follows:
- 9 "[+]§302A-1506.5[+] Early [ehildhood education] learning
- 10 facilities; identifying sites. (a) The department of education
- 11 shall identify unused public school facilities to be used for
- 12 [use by] early [childhood education] learning programs[-] and
- 13 services. Suitable empty classrooms, as determined by the
- 14 department, shall be inventoried for potential use [in] for
- 15 early [childhood education] learning programs[-] and services.
- 16 Priority shall be given to facilities on sites with sufficient
- 17 space for three or more classrooms to be renovated or
- 18 constructed.
- 19 (b) The department shall assist in the identification of
- 20 possible construction sites for private providers to build early
- 21 [childhood education] learning facilities.

1	<u>(c)</u>	The department shall submit an annual report to the
2	<u>legislatu</u>	re and the early learning council no later than twenty
3	days prio	r to the convening of each regular session on:
4	(1)	The number of classrooms that would be suitable for
5		programs and services in the early learning system
6		established by chapter ; and
7	(2)	The cost of renovating these classrooms to meet the
8		standards of programs and services in the early
9		<pre>learning system."</pre>
10		PART V
11		MISCELLANEOUS
12	SECT	ION 7. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
13	and stric	ken. New statutory material is underscored.
14	SECT	ION 8. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2008.

Report Title:

Early Learning System; Early Learning Council; Pre-Plus Program; Facilities

Description:

Establishes an early learning system in the state. Creates the Early Learning Council to develop and administer the early learning system, to be known as Keiki First Steps. Establishes the Keiki First Steps Grant Program. Statutorily establishes the Pre-Plus Program. Promotes the development of early learning facilities. (SB2878 CD1)