A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CAREGIVING.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	PART I. JOINT LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE
2	ON FAMILY CAREGIVING
3	SECTION 1. (a) The legislature finds that during the 2007
4	interim, the joint legislative committee on family caregiving
5	continued its work on creating a comprehensive and sustainable,
6	community-based family caregiver support system that includes:
7	(1) A coordinated referral and case management service;
8	(2) Centralization of available services;
9	(3) Volunteers;
10	(4) Education and training; and
11	(5) Financial assistance.
12	During the 2007 interim, the joint legislative committee
13	examined localized studies and surveys, some of which contained
14	preliminary results, which provided concrete evidence of the
15	needs of family caregivers. The joint legislative committee
16	also studied what other states have done and are doing in
17	response to the growing concern regarding eldercare issues.

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1	(b)	The purpose of this part is to:
2	(1)	Extend the work of the joint legislative committee on
3		family caregiving for one year and require the
4		committee to submit a report of its findings and
5		recommendations to the legislature prior to the
6		convening of the 2009 regular session;
7	(2)	Change the name of the joint legislative committee on
8		family caregiving to the "joint legislative committee
9		on aging in place"; and
10	(3)	Require the aging and disability resource center to
11		provide the joint legislative committee with an update
12		on the physical site for the center in Hawaii county
13		and the "virtual" site in the city and county of
14		Honolulu.
15	SECT:	ION 2. Act 285, Session Laws of Hawaii 2006, as
16	amended by	Act 204, Session Laws of Hawaii 2007, is amended by
17	amending s	section 2 to read as follows:
18	"SEC	FION 2. (a) There is established a joint legislative
19	committee	on [family caregiving.] aging in place. The committee
20	shall be o	composed of eight members as follows:

(1) Four members of the house of representatives,

1		and one member from the minority party, who shall be
2		appointed by the speaker of the house of
3		representatives; and
4	(2)	Four members of the senate, consisting of three
5		members from the majority party and one member from
6		the minority party, who shall be appointed by the
7		president of the senate.
8	The	committee shall select a chairperson from its
9	membershi	p.
10	(b)	The joint legislative committee shall develop
11	comprehen	sive public policy to strengthen support for family
12	caregiver	s. For purposes of this Act, "family caregiver" means
13	(1)	A person, including a non-relative such as a friend of
14		neighbor, who provides unpaid, informal assistance to
15		a person age sixty and older with physical or
16		cognitive disabilities; and
17	(2)	A grandparent who is a caregiver for a grandchild who
18		is age eighteen years or younger, or who is nineteen
19		years of age or older with physical or cognitive
20		limitations.
21	(c)	The joint legislative committee shall:

(1) Consider providing support in categories including:

1		(A)	Coordinated services and policies;
2		(B)	Training and education;
3		(C)	Respite services;
4		(D)	Financial incentives; and
5		(E)	Balancing work and caregiving; [and]
6		and	
7	(2)	Expl	ore establishing a paid family leave program under
8		the	state temporary disability insurance law, similar
9		to t	he California Paid Family Leave Program, to
10		prov	ide wage replacement benefits to employees who
11		take	time off from work to care for a seriously ill
12		fami	ly member.
13	(d)	The	joint legislative committee may explore issues of
14	<u>"aging in</u>	plac	e" as they relate to family caregiving.
15	<u>(e)</u>	The	Hawaii aging and disability resource center shall
16	provide a	n upd	ate to the joint legislative committee of its
17	developme	nt an	d implementation of the physical site for the
18	center in	the	county of Hawaii, and the "virtual" site planned
19	for the c	ity a	nd county of Honolulu.
20	[-(d)-] <u>(f)</u>	The joint legislative committee shall seek input
21	from the	depar	tment of health, the department of human services
22	the depar	tment	of taxation, the University of Hawaii, the
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- 1 executive office on aging, and the elderly, disability,
- 2 business, and faith-based communities.
- 3 [(e)] (g) The joint legislative committee shall submit its
- 4 findings and recommendations to the legislature no later than
- 5 twenty days prior to the convening of the regular sessions of
- 6 2007 [and], 2008[-], and 2010.
- 7 [(f)] (h) The joint legislative committee shall cease to
- 8 exist on June 30, [2008.] 2010."
- 9 PART II. FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR CAREGIVING
- 10 SECTION 3. The cash and counseling program is a national
- 11 initiative sponsored by the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation; the
- 12 United States Department of Health and Human Services, Office of
- 13 the Assistant Secretary for Planning and Evaluation; and the
- 14 Administration on Aging. Under the program, recipients of
- 15 medicaid personal care services or home- and community-based
- 16 services receive a flexible monthly allowance and can decide
- 17 whom to hire and what services to receive. The program's
- 18 innovative approach enables participants to direct and manage
- 19 their personal assistance services according to their own
- 20 specific needs. Participants can choose a family member or
- 21 friend, in lieu of an agency worker, to provide the services.
- 22 They receive counseling and fiscal assistance to help them

- 1 manage their allowance and responsibilities. The program was
- 2 first implemented in Arkansas, New Jersey, and Florida, and has
- 3 since expanded to include other states.
- 4 During the 2007 interim, the joint legislative committee on
- 5 family caregiving received information and data related to the
- 6 family caregiver needs assessment conducted by the executive
- 7 office on aging, and cash and counseling research conducted by
- 8 the executive office on aging and the University of Hawaii
- 9 school of social work. The family caregiver needs assessment
- 10 indicated that caregivers need more affordable services and
- 11 financial assistance. The cash and counseling research
- 12 demonstrated that those states that have cash and counseling
- 13 programs reported high satisfaction by both caregivers and care
- 14 recipients and allowed informal caregivers to receive financial
- 15 recognition for their services.
- In Hawaii, there are out-of-pocket costs for families to
- 17 pay for home- and community-based programs that are available
- 18 for elders and persons with disabilities. The government pays
- 19 for services for those who have lower incomes and qualify for
- 20 medicaid. However, a majority of Hawaii's families are
- 21 ineligible for public assistance and have to carry the financial
- 22 burdens of caregiving. This leaves a gap in services for those

- 1 elders of modest means. As a result, this group of individuals
- 2 has the least coverage in terms of home- and community-based
- 3 services.
- 4 The work on cash and counseling being conducted by the
- 5 executive office on aging and the University of Hawaii school of
- 6 social work will continue until the end of the 2007-2008 fiscal
- 7 year. The research conducted to date shows that a cash and
- 8 counseling project is worth pursuing, and it is essential to
- 9 continue the work in developing phase two of a cash and
- 10 counseling project, which can be completed by the end of 2008.
- 11 SECTION 4. The executive office on aging shall design a
- 12 cash and counseling project for non-medicaid participants to
- 13 direct and manage their personal assistance services according
- 14 to their own specific needs, while enabling family caregivers to
- 15 receive a level of financial recognition and support. In
- 16 designing a cash and counseling project, the executive office on
- 17 aging may consider including a respite care component, a case
- 18 management component, a separate fiscal agent, a personal care
- 19 component, and allowing the consumer to be the employer of any
- 20 service provider, whether an agency or family member.
- 21 The executive office on aging may contract with a qualified
- 22 consultant to assist in designing a cash and counseling project.

- 1 The project shall include an advisory group to assist with
- 2 the design of the cash and counseling project. To ensure that
- 3 those who have the greatest need and the fewest resources are
- 4 able to use the program, the advisory group shall examine
- 5 whether an asset limitation or restriction on consumers shall be
- 6 implemented in the design of a cash and counseling project.
- 7 The executive office on aging shall report on the results
- 8 of its efforts to design a cash and counseling project as part
- 9 of the joint legislative committee on aging in place's report to
- 10 the legislature pursuant to section 2 of this Act.

11 PART III. KUPUNA CARE

- 12 SECTION 5. (a) On July 1, 1999, the executive office on
- 13 aging launched its statewide long-term care program called
- 14 kupuna care. Kupuna care was developed in partnership with the
- 15 county area agencies-on-aging to address the growing numbers of
- 16 elders with long-term care needs.
- 17 Services provided by kupuna care are intended to help meet
- 18 the needs of older adults who cannot live at home without
- 19 adequate help from family or formal services, and includes
- 20 services such as adult day care, respite care, assisted
- 21 transportation, attendant care, case management, chores, home-
- 22 delivered meals, homemaker, transportation, and personal care.

- Kupuna care was designed to assist, not totally support,

 Hawaii's older adults to live independently, safely, and

 healthily for as long as possible. The care may cover United

 States citizens or legal aliens sixty years or older who are not
- 5 receiving other comparable government assistance, who need help
- 6 with activities of daily living (eating, dressing, bathing,
- 7 toileting, transferring, and mobility), or because they have
- 8 reduced mental capacity, and who are not residing in an
- 9 institution.
- 10 Voluntary contributions to the service provider are welcome
- 11 for any service provided and are used to support the cost of
- 12 care of additional clients. In addition to the services
- 13 provided to the elderly, kupuna care also offers services for
- 14 the family caregivers of their elderly clients. As Hawaii's
- 15 population ages, many more families will be providing higher
- 16 levels of long-term care to frail and disabled older adults at
- 17 home. For many family caregivers, their role as family
- 18 caregiver arises as suddenly as the care recipient's health
- 19 declines, leaving the family caregivers with an immediate need
- 20 for services, but little preparation or education regarding who
- 21 to contact for assistance or what services are available to
- 22 them. In addition, family caregivers may not know who is

1 capable or qualified to provide them with the services that they 2 or the care recipients need. Family caregivers themselves need 3 support services, including training, education, and counseling 4 in areas such as caregiving and dealing with end-of-life issues. In addition, there are emotional, physical, and financial 5 6 costs of being a family caregiver. Younger family caregivers 7 are often in critical need of finding ways to reduce the stress 8 caused by caregiving. Respite has been shown to reduce stress and other negative consequences of caregiving. The State of 9 Hawaii Caregivers Need Assessment (2007) indicates that respite 10 11 is something that family caregivers need. Besides the everyday 12 stress that respite can relieve, there are times when a family 13 caregiver may unexpectedly be unable to provide the needed 14 caregiving services due to the family caregiver's own illness, 15 accident, or other reasons. At these times, emergency respite 16 care becomes critical. 17 The needs assessment also indicates that family caregivers need financial support as they carry the heavy financial burdens 18 19 of caring for a loved one. In addition, both family caregivers 20 and care recipients need financial assistance to make necessary 21 home modifications that enable the care recipient to age in 22 place.

1	The legislature finds that the kupuna care program can					
2	expand its services and incorporate progressive ways of meeting					
3	the growi:	ng ne	eds of Hawaii's older adults and allow these			
4	individua	ls to	age in place.			
5	(b)	In a	ddition to current kupuna care operation and			
6	services,	the	purpose of this part is to:			
7	(1)	Allo	w the kupuna care program to:			
8		(A)	Offer emergency, overnight, and weekend respite			
9			services;			
10		(B)	Provide grants for home modifications that			
11			facilitate aging in place pursuant to a care plan			
12			as part of a cash and counseling approach; and			
13		(C)	Provide grants to family caregivers pursuant to a			
14			care plan as part of a cash and counseling			
15			approach;			
16		and				
17	(2)	Incr	ease program funding for kupuna care to ensure			
18		that	kupuna care continues to maintain the quality of			
19		life	of Hawaii's older adults and their family			
20		care	givers.			

1	SECTI	ON 6. The kupuna care program, as administered by the
2	executive	office on aging, may, in addition to its current
3	operation	and services:
4	(1)	Offer emergency, overnight, and weekend respite
5		services;
6	(2)	Provide grants for home modifications that facilitate
7		aging in place pursuant to a care plan as part of a
8		cash and counseling approach; and
9	(3)	Provide grants to family caregivers pursuant to a care
10		plan as part of a cash and counseling approach.
11	SECTI	ON 7. There is appropriated out of the general
12	revenues c	of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$500,000 or so much
13	thereof as	may be necessary for fiscal year 2008-2009 to address
14	the kupuna	care program waitlist and for the expansion of the
15	kupuna car	re program, in general.
16	The s	sum appropriated shall be expended by the executive
17	office on	aging for the purposes of this part.
18	PART	IV. GRANDPARENTS RAISING GRANDCHILDREN TASK FORCE
19	SECTI	ON 8. (a) Act 204, Session Laws of Hawaii 2007 (Act
20	204), expa	nded the mandate of the joint legislative committee or
21	family car	egiving by including grandparents of children aged
22	eighteen y	ears and younger, or nineteen years of age or older

- 1 with physical or cognitive limitations, in Act 204's definition
- 2 of family caregiver. The revised definition is now more
- 3 consistent with the scope of the National Family Caregiver
- 4 Support Program. Act 204 also required the joint legislative
- 5 committee to examine the issues facing this population of
- 6 grandparents raising grandchildren.
- 7 Since then, numerous government agencies have testified
- 8 before the joint legislative committee regarding how the
- 9 agencies identify and address the needs of grandparents raising
- 10 grandchildren. In addition, the executive office on aging
- 11 presented the 2007 Needs Assessment of Grandparents Raising
- 12 Grandchildren in the State of Hawaii, prepared by the University
- 13 of Hawaii's department of family and consumer science.
- 14 The needs assessment indicates that, in Hawaii, more than
- 15 14,000 grandparents are the primary caregivers for more than
- 16 33,000 grandchildren, and that these numbers are expected to
- 17 grow. While there is a wide range of service needs within this
- 18 population, the most often-cited are those that relate to
- 19 children's programs, financial assistance, respite, and
- 20 grandparents' rights. Many of these services are available, but
- 21 barriers are preventing grandparents from accessing them.
- 22 Barriers may include:

1	(1)	A lac	k of	information	regarding	the	availability	of
2		servi	ces;					

- 3 (2) A lack of services in a particular county; or
- 4 (3) Legal or financial impediments.
- 5 For instance, in focus groups, some grandparents expressed a
- 6 fear of losing their grandchildren. Others identified a need
- 7 for an advocate or case worker to help guide them to the
- 8 services and through the various systems.
- 9 (b) The legislature finds that the needs assessment
- 10 provides critical demographic information and feedback regarding
- 11 what programs and services grandparents require to care for
- 12 their grandchildren. The findings indicate that the population
- 13 of grandparents raising grandchildren faces particular
- 14 challenges, different in some ways from the general caregiver
- 15 population, and should have a focused task force to specifically
- 16 address those concerns. The legislature further finds that a
- 17 comprehensive, coordinated effort is needed to identify:
- 18 (1) The services that exist to meet the identified needs;
- 19 (2) Any service deficiencies;
- 20 (3) Barriers that prevent grandparents from accessing
- 21 services; and

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1	(4)	what can be done to racificate the provision of
2		services to grandparents raising grandchildren.
3	(c)	The purpose of this part is to establish a task force
4	to focus	specifically on the needs and issues of grandparents
5	raising g	randchildren.
6	SECT	ION 9. (a) There is established a grandparents
7	raising g	randchildren task force to focus on the needs and
8	issues of	grandparents raising grandchildren. The task force
9	shall con	sist of a representative of:
10	(1)	The University of Hawaii's college of tropical
11		agriculture and human resources to serve as co-chair;
12	(2)	Queen Lili'uokalani Children's Center to serve as
13		co-chair;
14	(3)	The University of Hawaii's center on aging research
15		and education;
16	(4)	The department of education;
17	(5)	The department of human services;
18	(6)	The department of health's executive office on aging;
19	(7)	The department of public safety;
20	(8)	The judiciary;
21	(9)	The department of the attorney general's child support
22		enforcement agency;

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              Each area office on aging;
        (10)
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        (11)
              The policy advisory board for elder affairs;
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        (12)
              Na Tutu Coalition;
              Legal Aid Society of Hawaii;
4
        (13)
5
              Volunteer Legal Services Hawaii;
        (14)
6
              Partners in Development; and
        (15)
7
        (16)
              An individual who is a grandparent.
8
         (b)
              In assessing the needs and issues of grandparents
9
    raising grandchildren, the task force shall, among other things:
10
              Review the 2007 Needs Assessment of Grandparents
11
              Raising Grandchildren in the State of Hawaii, prepared
12
              by the University of Hawaii's department of family and
13
              consumer science;
14
         (2) Review the most recent Four Year State Plan on Aging
              submitted to the United States Administration on Aging
15
16
              by the executive office on aging and the area agencies
17
              on aging;
18
         (3) Review the testimony of the various agencies submitted
19
              to the joint legislative committee on family
20
              caregiving at its hearing on August 16, 2007,
21
              regarding issues facing grandparents raising
22
              grandchildren;
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1	(4)	Revi	ew laws relating to issues of grandparents raising
2		gran	dchildren, including:
3		(A)	Section 302A-482, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
4			regarding the affidavit for caregiver consent,
5			which permits a caregiver, under certain
6			circumstances, to enroll a minor in school and
7			consent to participation in curricular and
8			co-curricular activities;
9		(B)	Chapter 571, Hawaii Revised Statutes, regarding
10			child custody and support; and
11		(C)	Chapter 587, Hawaii Revised Statutes, regarding
12			child protective services;
13	(5)	Revi	ew the memorandum prepared by the department of
14		educa	ation to guide school personnel when enrolling
15		stude	ents who reside with caregivers;
16	(6)	Revi	ew the support and services offered to caregivers
17		by tl	he department of education through its
18		comp:	rehensive student support system;
19	(7)	Inve	stigate whether a need arises when a minor
20		resid	ding, formally or informally, with a grandparent
21		requ	ires consent for medical service, including when a
22		stude	ent needs consent for programs and services under

1		the federal Individuals with Disabilities Act or
2		Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973;
3	(8)	Investigate the issues that arise when a minor
4		residing formally or informally with a grandparent is
5		returned to the custody of a parent;
6	(9)	Investigate any housing issues that may arise when a
7		grandparent is raising a grandchild, particularly when
8		the grandparent resides in senior housing, and
9		identify any state or federal laws or rules that would
10		render a grandparent cohabiting with a grandchild
11		ineligible for housing under a particular scheme;
12	(10)	Review how each area office on aging allocates the
13		federal funds it receives under the national family
14		caregiver support program for grandparent programs;
15	(11)	Identify the agencies that collect data relating to
16		grandparents raising grandchildren and determine
17		whether the data can be more comprehensive, uniform,
18		and readily available or exchanged; and
19	(12)	Identify legal needs and whether these needs are being
20		adequately addressed.
21	(c)	The task force shall submit an interim report to the
22	legislatu	re and the joint legislative committee on aging in
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1	place no later than twenty days prior to the convening of the	
2	2009 regular session and a final report to the legislature and	
3	the joint legislative committee on aging in place no later than	
4	twenty days prior to June 30, 2009. The final report shall	
5	include, to the greatest extent possible:	
6	(1) A list of the services that exist in each county to	
7	meet grandparents' identified needs;	
8	(2) A discussion of service deficiencies in each county;	
9	(3) A discussion of identifiable barriers that prevent	
10	grandparents from accessing services;	
11	(4) A summary of the task force's work and any findings	
12	regarding the task force's responsibilities as	
13	detailed in subsection (b); and	
14	(5) Recommendations, including any proposed legislation.	
15	(d) The task force shall cease to exist on June 30, 2009.	
16	PART V. RESPITE CARE	
17	SECTION 10. The joint legislative committee on aging in	
18	place has been diligent in its role to strengthen support to	
19	family caregivers through respite care. The legislative	
20	reference bureau conducted a study pursuant to House Concurrent	
21	Resolution No. 187 (2007), regarding how other states address	
22	the issue of respite care. The report indicates that respite is	ļ

- 1 beneficial in ameliorating stress and other negative
- 2 consequences of caregiving. Additionally, a comprehensive
- 3 family caregiver needs assessment conducted pursuant to Act 204,
- 4 Session Laws of Hawaii 2007, indicated that respite care is one
- 5 of the top choices of assistance that caregivers feel would be
- 6 helpful.
- 7 Respite care can relieve the everyday stress of providing
- 8 round-the-clock care. However, there are times when emergency
- 9 respite care becomes critical in instances where a family
- 10 caregiver is unexpectedly unable to provide care because of
- 11 illness, an accident, or other reasons.
- 12 The legislature finds that more needs to be done to
- 13 determine the full inventory of respite care providers and the
- 14 specific types of respite care provided in the State. The types
- 15 of respite care can include planned respite care, short-term
- 16 respite, or emergency respite care. Additionally, although
- 17 respite services may be available, caregivers are not always
- 18 aware that these services are offered or may not know where to
- 19 go to seek assistance.
- The purpose of this part is to request the executive office
- 21 on aging to continue its respite inventory project pursuant to

1	House Con	current Resolution No. 187 (2007), in collaboration
2	with the	University of Hawaii school of social work.
3	SECI	TION 11. The executive office on aging, in
4	collabora	tion with the University of Hawaii school of social
5	work, sha	11:
6	(1)	Continue to conduct an inventory of respite services
7		in Hawaii;
8	(2)	Propose a definition of "respite care";
9	(3)	Establish more detailed descriptions of each of the
10		various types of respite services provided in the
11		State; and
12	(4)	Review the legislative reference bureau's 2007 report
13		on respite policies in other states to identify the
14		most promising approaches for Hawaii to support
15		expanding respite services, including how much support
16		is financed, what types of respite are provided and to
17		whom, and who performs the respite services.
18		PART VI. CARE HOME PAYMENTS
19	SECT	TON 12. Section 346-53, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
20	amended b	y amending subsection (c) to read as follows:

"(c) The director, pursuant to chapter 91, shall determine

the rate of payment for domiciliary care, including care

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ı	provided in ircensed developmental disabilities domiciliary	
2	homes, co	mmunity care foster family homes, and certified adult
3	foster ho	mes, to be provided to recipients who are eligible for
4	Federal S	upplementary Security Income or public assistance, or
5	both. Th	e director shall provide for level of care payment as
6	follows:	
7	(1)	[For] Beginning on July 1, 2008, for adult residential
8		care homes classified as facility type I, licensed
9		developmental disabilities domiciliary homes as
10		defined under section 321-15.9, community care foster
11		family homes as defined under section 346-331, and
12		certified adult foster homes as defined under section
13		321-11.2, the state supplemental payment shall not
14		exceed [\$641.90;] \$651.90; and
15	(2)	[For] Beginning on July 1, 2008, for adult residential
16		care homes classified as facility type II, the state
17		supplemental payment shall not exceed [\$749.90;]
18		\$759.90. [and
19	(3)	For skilled nursing facilities and intermediate
20		facilities, the state supplemental payment shall not
21		exceed \$20.]

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- 3 of the department, the department may remove the recipient to
- 4 another facility.
- 5 The department shall handle abusive practices under this
- 6 section in accordance with chapter 91.
- 7 Nothing in this subsection shall allow the director to
- 8 remove a recipient from an adult residential care home or other
- 9 similar institution if the recipient does not desire to be
- 10 removed and the operator is agreeable to the recipient
- 11 remaining, except where the recipient requires a higher level of
- 12 care than provided or where the recipient no longer requires any
- 13 domiciliary care."
- 14 SECTION 13. There is appropriated out of the general
- 15 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$289,000 or so much
- 16 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2008-2009 for
- 17 increases in level of care payments as provided for in this
- 18 part.
- 19 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the department of
- 20 human services for the purposes of this part.

- 1 SECTION 14. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 2 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 3 SECTION 15. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2008.

Report Title:

Joint Legislative Committee on Family Caregiving; Appropriations

Description:

Extends the existence of the joint legislative committee on family caregiving; changes the committee's name to the joint legislative committee on aging in place (JLCAP); expands the committee's authorization to include aging in place issues related to family caregiving; requires the Aging and Disability Resource Center to report to JLCAP; requires the Executive Office of Aging to develop a cash and counseling project; allows kupuna care to include overnight, weekend, and emergency respite, as well as provide grants to caregivers and for home modification; appropriates funds to the kupuna care program; establishes a task force to focus on the needs and issues of grandparents raising grandchildren; requests the executive office on aging to continue its respite inventory project in collaboration with the University of Hawaii; increases payments for level of care for ARCH types I and II, licensed developmental disabilities domiciliary homes, community care foster family homes, and certified adult foster homes. (CD1)