JAN 18 2008

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO INSURANCE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the community rating
- 2 system of the national flood insurance program, administered by
- 3 the Federal Emergency Management Agency, is a voluntary
- 4 incentive program. The goals of the community rating system are
- 5 to reduce flood losses, facilitate accurate insurance rating,
- 6 and promote awareness of flood insurance. Participation in the
- 7 community rating system may result in discounts in flood
- 8 insurance premiums of up to forty-five per cent; presently,
- 9 however, only the county of Maui is participating in the system.
- 10 The purpose of this Act is to require each of the counties
- 11 to participate in the community rating system.
- 12 SECTION 2. Chapter 46, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended
- 13 by adding a new section to be appropriately designated and to
- 14 read as follows:
- 15 "§46- Flood insurance program; county coordinator. Each
- 16 county shall adopt an ordinance designating a county official to
- 17 serve as a full-time coordinator to work with the national flood



- 1 insurance program in the program's community rating system. The
- 2 designated county official shall submit any necessary
- 3 documentation to participate in the community rating system and
- 4 ensure that the county is in full compliance with the
- 5 regulations of the national flood insurance program."
- 6 SECTION 3. Chapter 126, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 7 amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated
- 8 and to read as follows:
- 9 "§126- County authorization. Each county shall adopt an
- 10 ordinance designating a county official to serve as a full-time
- 11 coordinator to work with the national flood insurance program in
- 12 the program's community rating system and to ensure that the
- 13 county is in full compliance with the regulations of the
- 14 national flood insurance program as provided in section
- 15 46- ."
- 16 SECTION 4. Section 46-1.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 17 amended to read as follows:
- 18 "\$46-1.5 General powers and limitation of the counties.
- 19 Subject to general law, each county shall have the following
- 20 powers and shall be subject to the following liabilities.
- 21 requirements, and limitations:



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- (1) Each county shall have the power to frame and adopt a charter for its own self-government that shall establish the county executive, administrative, and legislative structure and organization, including but not limited to the method of appointment or election of officials, their duties, responsibilities, and compensation, and the terms of their office;
 - (2) Each county shall have the power to provide for and regulate the marking and lighting of all buildings and other structures that may be obstructions or hazards to aerial navigation, so far as may be necessary or proper for the protection and safeguarding of life, health, and property;
 - (3) Each county shall have the power to enforce all claims on behalf of the county and approve all lawful claims against the county, but shall be prohibited from entering into, granting, or making in any manner any contract, authorization, allowance payment, or liability contrary to the provisions of any county charter or general law;
 - (4) Each county shall have the power to make contracts and to do all things necessary and proper to carry into

1		exec.	execution all powers vested in the county or any				
2		coun	ty officer;				
3	(5)	Each	county shall have the power to:				
4		(A)	Maintain channels, whether natural or artificial,				
5			including their exits to the ocean, in suitable				
6			condition to carry off storm waters;				
7		(B)	Remove from the channels, and from the shores and				
8			beaches, any debris that is likely to create an				
9			unsanitary condition or become a public nuisance;				
10			provided that, to the extent any of the foregoing				
11			work is a private responsibility, the				
12			responsibility may be enforced by the county in				
13			lieu of the work being done at public expense;				
14		(C)	Construct, acquire by gift, purchase, or by the				
15			exercise of eminent domain, reconstruct, improve,				
16			better, extend, and maintain projects or				
17			undertakings for the control of and protection				
18			against floods and flood waters, including the				
19			power to drain and rehabilitate lands already				
20			flooded; and				
21		(D)	Enact zoning ordinances providing that lands				
22			deemed subject to seasonable, periodic, or				

1		occasional flooding shall not be used for
2		residence or other purposes in a manner as to
3		endanger the health or safety of the occupants
4		thereof, as required by the Federal Flood
5		Insurance Act of 1956 (chapter 1025, Public Law
6		1016);
7		provided that each county shall participate in the
8		community rating system of the national flood
9		insurance program as provided in section 46- ;
10	(6)	Each county shall have the power to exercise the power
11		of condemnation by eminent domain when it is in the
12		public interest to do so;
13	(7)	Each county shall have the power to exercise
14		regulatory powers over business activity as are
15		assigned to them by chapter 445 or other general law;
16	(8)	Each county shall have the power to fix the fees and
17		charges for all official services not otherwise
18		provided for;
19	(9)	Each county shall have the power to provide by
20		ordinance assessments for the improvement or
21		maintenance of districts within the county;

1	(10)	Except as otherwise provided, no county shall have the
2		power to give or loan credit to, or in aid of, any
3		person or corporation, directly or indirectly, except
4		for a public purpose;
5	(11)	Where not within the jurisdiction of the public
6		utilities commission, each county shall have the power
7		to regulate by ordinance the operation of motor
8		vehicle common carriers transporting passengers within
9		the county and adopt and amend rules the county deems
10		necessary for the public convenience and necessity;
11	(12)	Each county shall have the power to enact and enforce
12		ordinances necessary to prevent or summarily remove
13		public nuisances and to compel the clearing or removal
14		of any public nuisance, refuse, and uncultivated
15		undergrowth from streets, sidewalks, public places,
16		and unoccupied lots. In connection with these powers,
17		each county may impose and enforce liens upon the
18		property for the cost to the county of removing and
19		completing the necessary work where the property
20		owners fail, after reasonable notice, to comply with
21		the ordinances. The authority provided by this
22		paragraph shall not be self-executing, but shall

1		become fully effective within a county only upon the
2		enactment or adoption by the county of appropriate and
3		particular laws, ordinances, or rules defining "public
4		nuisances" with respect to each county's respective
5		circumstances. The counties shall provide the
6		property owner with the opportunity to contest the
7		summary action and to recover the owner's property;
8	(13)	Each county shall have the power to enact ordinances
9		deemed necessary to protect health, life, and
10		property, and to preserve the order and security of
11		the county and its inhabitants on any subject or
12		matter not inconsistent with, or tending to defeat,
13		the intent of any state statute where the statute does
14		not disclose an express or implied intent that the
15		statute shall be exclusive or uniform throughout the
16		State;
17	(14)	Each county shall have the power to:
18		(A) Make and enforce within the limits of the county
19		all necessary ordinances covering all:
20		(i) Local police matters;
21		(ii) Matters of sanitation;
22		(iii) Matters of inspection of buildings;

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		(iv) Matters of condemnation of unsafe
		structures, plumbing, sewers, dairies, milk,
		fish, and morgues; and
		(v) Matters of the collection and disposition of
		rubbish and garbage;
	(B)	Provide exemptions for homeless facilities and
		any other program for the homeless authorized by
		chapter 356D, for all matters under this
		paragraph;
	(C)	Appoint county physicians and sanitary and other
		inspectors as necessary to carry into effect
		ordinances made under this paragraph, who shall
		have the same power as given by law to agents of
		the department of health, subject only to
		limitations placed on them by the terms and
		conditions of their appointments; and
	(D)	Fix a penalty for the violation of any ordinance,
		which penalty may be a misdemeanor, petty
		misdemeanor, or violation as defined by general
		law;
(15)	Each	county shall have the power to provide public
	poun	ds; to regulate the impounding of stray animals
	(15)	(C) (D)

ł		and rowr, and their disposition; and to provide for
2		the appointment, powers, duties, and fees of animal
3		control officers;
4	(16)	Each county shall have the power to purchase and
5		otherwise acquire, lease, and hold real and personal
6		property within the defined boundaries of the county
7		and to dispose of the real and personal property as
8		the interests of the inhabitants of the county may
9		require, except that:
10		(A) Any property held for school purposes may not be
11		disposed of without the consent of the
12		superintendent of education;
13		(B) No property bordering the ocean shall be sold or
14		otherwise disposed of; and
15		(C) All proceeds from the sale of park lands shall be
16		expended only for the acquisition of property for
17		park or recreational purposes;
18	(17)	Each county shall have the power to provide by charter
19		for the prosecution of all offenses and to prosecute
20		for offenses against the laws of the State under the
21		authority of the attorney general of the State;

1	(18)	Each	county shall have the power to make				
2		appr	appropriations in amounts deemed appropriate from any				
3		mone	ys in the treasury, for the purpose of:				
4		(A)	Community promotion and public celebrations;				
5		(B)	The entertainment of distinguished persons as may				
6			from time to time visit the county;				
7		(C)	The entertainment of other distinguished persons,				
8			as well as, public officials when deemed to be in				
9			the best interest of the community; and				
10		(D)	The rendering of civic tribute to individuals				
11			who, by virtue of their accomplishments and				
12			community service, merit civic commendations,				
13			recognition, or remembrance;				
14	(19)	Each	county shall have the power to:				
15		(A)	Construct, purchase, take on lease, lease,				
16			sublease, or in any other manner acquire, manage,				
17			maintain, or dispose of buildings for county				
18			purposes, sewers, sewer systems, pumping				
19			stations, waterworks, including reservoirs,				
20			wells, pipelines, and other conduits for				
21			distributing water to the public, lighting				
22			plants, and apparatus and appliances for lighting				

1			streets and public buildings, and manage,
2			regulate, and control the same;
3		(B)	Regulate and control the location and quality of
4			all appliances necessary to the furnishing of
5			water, heat, light, power, telephone, and
6			telecommunications service to the county;
7		(C)	Acquire, regulate, and control any and all
8			appliances for the sprinkling and cleaning of the
9			streets and the public ways, and for flushing the
10			sewers; and
11		(D)	Open, close, construct, or maintain county
12			highways or charge toll on county highways;
13			provided that all revenues received from a toll
14			charge shall be used for the construction or
15			maintenance of county highways;
16	(20)	Each	county shall have the power to regulate the
17		rent	ing, subletting, and rental conditions of property
18		for	places of abode by ordinance;
19	(21)	Unle	ss otherwise provided by law, each county shall
20		have	the power to establish by ordinance the order of
21		succ	ession of county officials in the event of a
22		mili	tary or civil disaster;

1	(22)	Each	county	shall	have	the	power	to	sue	and	be	sued	in
2		its	corporat	ce name	≘;								

- (23) Each county shall have the power to establish and maintain waterworks and sewer works; to collect rates for water supplied to consumers and for the use of sewers; to install water meters whenever deemed expedient; provided that owners of premises having vested water rights under existing laws appurtenant to the premises shall not be charged for the installation or use of the water meters on the premises; to take over from the State existing waterworks systems, including water rights, pipelines, and other appurtenances belonging thereto, and sewer systems, and to enlarge, develop, and improve the same;
- (24) (A) Each county may impose civil fines, in addition to criminal penalties, for any violation of county ordinances or rules after reasonable notice and requests to correct or cease the violation have been made upon the violator. Any administratively imposed civil fine shall not be collected until after an opportunity for a hearing under chapter 91. Any appeal shall be

1		filed within thirty days from the date of the
2		final written decision. These proceedings shall
3		not be a prerequisite for any civil fine or
4		injunctive relief ordered by the circuit court;
5	(B)	Each county by ordinance may provide for the
6		addition of any unpaid civil fines, ordered by
7		any court of competent jurisdiction, to any
8		taxes, fees, or charges, with the exception of
9		fees or charges for water for residential use and
10		sewer charges, collected by the county. Each
11		county by ordinance may also provide for the
12		addition of any unpaid administratively imposed
13		civil fines, which remain due after all judicial
14		review rights under section 91-14 are exhausted,
15		to any taxes, fees, or charges, with the
16		exception of water for residential use and sewer
17		charges, collected by the county. The ordinance
18		shall specify the administrative procedures for
19		the addition of the unpaid civil fines to the
20		eligible taxes, fees, or charges and may require
21		hearings or other proceedings. After addition of
22		the unpaid civil fines to the taxes, fees, or

1	charges, the unpaid civil fines shall not become
2	a part of any taxes, fees, or charges. The
3	county by ordinance may condition the issuance or
4	renewal of a license, approval, or permit for
5	which a fee or charge is assessed, except for
6	water for residential use and sewer charges, on
7	payment of the unpaid civil fines. Upon
8	recordation of a notice of unpaid civil fines in
9	the bureau of conveyances, the amount of the
10	civil fines, including any increase in the amount
11	of the fine which the county may assess, shall
12	constitute a lien upon all real property or
13	rights to real property belonging to any person
14	liable for the unpaid civil fines. The lien in
15	favor of the county shall be subordinate to any
16	lien in favor of any person recorded or
17	registered prior to the recordation of the notice
18	of unpaid civil fines and senior to any lien
19	recorded or registered after the recordation of
20	the notice. The lien shall continue until the
21	unpaid civil fines are paid in full or until a
22	certificate of release or partial release of the

1	lien, prepared by the county at the owner's
2	expense, is recorded. The notice of unpaid civil
3	fines shall state the amount of the fine as of
4	the date of the notice and maximum permissible
5	daily increase of the fine. The county shall not
6	be required to include a social security number,
7	state general excise taxpayer identification
8	number, or federal employer identification number
9	on the notice. Recordation of the notice in the
10	bureau of conveyances shall be deemed, at such
11	time, for all purposes and without any further
12	action, to procure a lien on land registered in
13	land court under chapter 501. After the unpaid
14	civil fines are added to the taxes, fees, or
15	charges as specified by county ordinance, the
16	unpaid civil fines shall be deemed immediately
17	due, owing, and delinquent and may be collected
18	in any lawful manner. The procedure for
19	collection of unpaid civil fines authorized in
20	this paragraph shall be in addition to any other
21	procedures for collection available to the State
22	and county by law or rules of the courts;

1	(C)	Each county may impose civil fines upon any
2		person who places graffiti on any real or
3		personal property owned, managed, or maintained
4		by the county. The fine may be up to \$1,000 or
5		may be equal to the actual cost of having the
6		damaged property repaired or replaced. The
7		parent or guardian having custody of a minor who
8		places graffiti on any real or personal property
9		owned, managed, or maintained by the county shall
10		be jointly and severally liable with the minor
11		for any civil fines imposed hereunder. Any such
12		fine may be administratively imposed after an
13		opportunity for a hearing under chapter 91, but
14		such a proceeding shall not be a prerequisite for
15		any civil fine ordered by any court. As used in
16		this subparagraph, "graffiti" means any
17		unauthorized drawing, inscription, figure, or
18		mark of any type intentionally created by paint,
19		ink, chalk, dye, or similar substances;
20	(D)	At the completion of an appeal in which the
21		county's enforcement action is affirmed and upon

correction of the violation if requested by the

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1	violator, the case shall be reviewed by the
2	county agency that imposed the civil fines to
3	determine the appropriateness of the amount of
4	the civil fines that accrued while the appeal
5	proceedings were pending. In its review of the
6	amount of the accrued fines, the county agency
7	may consider:
8	(i) The nature and egregiousness of the
9	violation;
10	(ii) The duration of the violation;
11	(iii) The number of recurring and other similar
12	violations;
13	(iv) Any effort taken by the violator to correct
14	the violation;
15	(v) The degree of involvement in causing or
16	continuing the violation;
17	(vi) Reasons for any delay in the completion of
18	the appeal; and
19	(vii) Other extenuating circumstances.
20	The civil fine that is imposed by administrative
21	order after this review is completed and the
22	violation is corrected shall be subject to

1		judicial review, notwithstanding any provisions
2		for administrative review in county charters;
3	(E)	After completion of a review of the amount of
4		accrued civil fine by the county agency that
5		imposed the fine, the amount of the civil fine
6		determined appropriate, including both the
7		initial civil fine and any accrued daily civil
8		fine, shall immediately become due and
9		collectible following reasonable notice to the
10		violator. If no review of the accrued civil fine
11		is requested, the amount of the civil fine, not
12		to exceed the total accrual of civil fine prior
13		to correcting the violation, shall immediately
14		become due and collectible following reasonable
15		notice to the violator, at the completion of all
16		appeal proceedings;
17	(F)	If no county agency exists to conduct appeal
18		proceedings for a particular civil fine action
19		taken by the county, then one shall be
20		established by ordinance before the county shall
21		impose the civil fine;

1	(25)	Any law to the contrary notwithstanding, any county
2		mayor may exempt by executive order donors, provider
3		agencies, homeless facilities, and any other program
4		for the homeless under chapter 356D from real property
5		taxes, water and sewer development fees, rates
6		collected for water supplied to consumers and for use
7		of sewers, and any other county taxes, charges, or
8		fees; provided that any county may enact ordinances to
9		regulate and grant the exemptions granted by this
10		paragraph;
11	(26)	Any county may establish a captive insurance company
12		pursuant to article 19, chapter 431; and
13	(27)	Each county shall have the power to enact and enforce
14		ordinances regulating towing operations."
15	SECT	ION 5. Section 46-11, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
16	amended to	o read as follows:
17	"§46	-11 Federal flood insurance. (a) The Hawaii tourism
18	authority	in regard to the convention center district and the
19	mayor or	executive officer and the council of the various
20	counties,	in regard to the respective counties, may participate
21	and apply	on behalf of their respective district and counties
22	for flood	insurance coverage pursuant to any applicable
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1 provisions of Public Law 1016, Eighty-fourth Congress, Second 2 Session, (70 Stat. 1078). The Hawaii tourism authority, in 3 regard to the convention center district, and the mayor or 4 executive officer and the council of the various counties, in 5 regard to the respective counties, shall be vested with the 6 functions, powers, and duties which are necessary to enable 7 their respective district and counties to qualify, participate, 8 and apply for the flood insurance coverage. 9 (b) Each county shall participate in the community rating system of the national flood insurance program as provided in 10 11 section 46- ." SECTION 6. There is appropriated out of the general 12 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ 13 or so much 14 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2008-2009 to assist the counties in the implementation of this Act; provided that 15 the funds shall be allocated as follows: 16 17 City and county of Honolulu \$ 18 County of Kauai \$ County of Maui 19 \$ County of Hawaii \$ 20 21 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the city and county of Honolulu, the county of Kauai, the county of Maui, and 22

- 1 the county of Hawaii, as appropriate, for the purposes of this
- 2 Act.
- 3 SECTION 7. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 4 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 5 SECTION 8. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2008.

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INTRODUCED BY:

Will Eyer

Kunees. Kolib Heller Jo

Report Title:

National Flood Insurance Program; Counties; Appropriation

Description:

Requires each county to adopt an ordinance to participate in the community rating system of the national flood insurance program. Appropriates funds to the counties to implement the Act.