#### THE SENATE TWENTY-FOURTH LEGISLATURE, 2008 STATE OF HAWAII

S.B. NO.  $^{2054}_{S.D.2}$ 

## A BILL FOR AN ACT

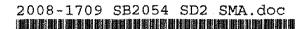
RELATING TO FAMILY COURT.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECTION 1. Section 571-46, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
 amended to read as follows:

"§571-46 Criteria and procedure in awarding custody and 3 visitation[-]; best interest of the child. (a) In [the] 4 actions for divorce, separation, annulment, separate 5 maintenance, or any other proceeding where there is at issue a 6 dispute as to the custody of a minor child, the court, during 7 8 the pendency of the action, at the final hearing, or any time during the minority of the child, may make an order for the 9 10 custody of the minor child as may seem necessary or proper. In 11 awarding the custody, the court shall be guided by the following standards, considerations, and procedures: 12

(1) Custody should be awarded to either parent or to both
parents according to the best interests of the child,
and the court <u>also</u> may [also] consider frequent,
continuing, and meaningful contact of each parent with



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1 the child unless the court finds that a parent is unable to act in the best interest of the child; 2 (2)Custody may be awarded to persons other than the 3 father or mother whenever the award serves the best 4 interest of the child. Any person who has had de 5 facto custody of the child in a stable and wholesome 6 home and is a fit and proper person shall be entitled 7 prima facie to an award of custody; 8 (3)If a child is of sufficient age and capacity to 9 reason, so as to form an intelligent preference, the 10 11 child's wishes as to custody shall be considered and 12 be given due weight by the court; Whenever good cause appears therefor, the court may 13 (4) 14 require an investigation and report concerning the 15 care, welfare, and custody of any minor child of the parties. When so directed by the court, investigators 16 17 or professional personnel attached to or assisting the 18 court shall make investigations and reports [which] that shall be made available to all interested parties 19 and counsel before hearing, and the reports may be 20 21 received in evidence if no objection is made and, if 22 objection is made, may be received in evidence;

1 provided the person or persons responsible for the report are available for cross-examination as to any 2 matter that has been investigated; 3 4 (5) The court may hear the testimony of any person or expert, produced by any party or upon the court's own 5 motion, whose skill, insight, knowledge, or experience 6 is such that the person's or expert's testimony is 7 relevant to a just and reasonable determination of 8 9 what is for the best physical, mental, moral, and spiritual well-being of the child whose custody is at 10 11 issue: Any custody award shall be subject to modification or 12 (6) change whenever the best interests of the child 13 require or justify the modification or change and, 14 wherever practicable, the same person who made the 15 16 original order shall hear the motion or petition for 17 modification of the prior award; Reasonable visitation rights shall be awarded to 18 (7)parents, grandparents, siblings, and any person 19

interested in the welfare of the child in the

discretion of the court, unless it is shown that

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1 rights of visitation are detrimental to the best interests of the child; 2 The court may appoint a guardian ad litem to represent (8) 3 4 the interests of the child and may assess the 5 reasonable fees and expenses of the guardian ad litem as costs of the action, payable in whole or in part by 6 7 either or both parties as the circumstances may 8 justify; (9) In every proceeding where there is at issue a dispute 9 10 as to the custody of a child, a determination by the 11 court that family violence has been committed by a 12 parent raises a rebuttable presumption that it is 13 detrimental to the child and not in the best interest 14 of the child to be placed in sole custody, joint legal custody, or joint physical custody with the 15 16 perpetrator of family violence. In addition to other 17 factors that a court [must] shall consider in a 18 proceeding in which the custody of a child or 19 visitation by a parent is at issue, and in which the 20 court has made a finding of family violence by a 21 parent:



1		(A)	The court shall consider as the primary factor
2			the safety and well-being of the child and of the
3			parent who is the victim of family violence;
4		(B)	The court shall consider the perpetrator's
5			history of causing physical harm, bodily injury,
6			or assault or causing reasonable fear of physical
7			harm, bodily injury, or assault to another
8			person; and
9		(C)	If a parent is absent or relocates because of an
10			act of family violence by the other parent, the
11			absence or relocation shall not be a factor that
12			weighs against the parent in determining custody
13			or visitation;
14	(10)	A co	urt may award visitation to a parent who has
15		comm	itted family violence only if the court finds that
16		adeq	uate provision can be made for the physical safety
17		and	psychological well-being of the child and for the
18		safe	ty of the parent who is a victim of family
19		viol	ence;
20	(11)	In a	visitation order, a court may:
21		(A)	Order an exchange of a child to occur in a
22			protected setting;

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1	(B)	Order visitation supervised by another person or
2		agency;
3	(C)	Order the perpetrator of family violence to
4		attend and complete, to the satisfaction of the
5		court, a program of intervention for perpetrators
6		or other designated counseling as a condition of
7		the visitation;
8	(D)	Order the perpetrator of family violence to
9		abstain from possession or consumption of alcohol
10		or controlled substances during the visitation
11		and for twenty-four hours preceding the
12		visitation;
13	(E)	Order the perpetrator of family violence to pay a
14		fee to defray the costs of supervised visitation;
15	(F)	Prohibit overnight visitation;
16	(G)	Require a bond from the perpetrator of family
17		violence for the return and safety of the child.
18		In determining the amount of the bond, the court
19		shall consider the financial circumstances of the
20		perpetrator of family violence;
21	(H)	Impose any other condition that is deemed
77		necessary to provide for the safety of the child

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1		the victim of family violence, or other family or
2		household member; and
3		(I) Order the address of the child and the victim to
4		be kept confidential;
5	(12)	The court may refer but shall not order an adult who
6		is a victim of family violence to attend, either
7		individually or with the perpetrator of the family
8		violence, counseling relating to the victim's status
9		or behavior as a victim as a condition of receiving
10		custody of a child or as a condition of visitation;
11	(13)	If a court allows a family or household member to
12		supervise visitation, the court shall establish
13		conditions to be followed during visitation; and
14	(14)	A supervised visitation center [must] shall provide:
15		a secure setting and specialized procedures for
16		supervised visitation and the transfer of children for
17		visitation and supervision by a person trained in
18		security and the avoidance of family violence.
19	(b)	In determining what constitutes the best interest of
20	the child	under this section, the court shall consider, but not
21	be limite	d to, the following:

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1	(1)	Any history of sexual or physical abuse of a child by
2		a parent;
3	(2)	Any history of neglect or emotional abuse of a child
4		by a parent;
5	(3)	The overall quality of the parent-child relationship;
6	(4)	The history of care giving or parenting by each parent
7		prior and subsequent to the marital separation;
8	(5)	Each parent's cooperation in developing and
9		implementing a plan to meet the child's ongoing needs,
10		interests, and schedule; provided that this factor
11		shall not be considered in any case where the court
12		has determined that family violence has been committed
13		by a parent;
14	(6)	The physical health needs of the child;
15	(7)	The emotional needs of the child;
16	(8)	The safety needs of the child;
17	(9)	The educational needs of the child;
18	(10)	The child's need for relationships with siblings;
19	(11)	Each parent's willingness to allow the child to
20		maintain family connections through family events and
21		activities; provided that this factor shall not be



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1	relying upon this factor as part of its determination
2	of the best interests of the child. For the purposes
3	of this section, when taken alone, the voluntary
4	dismissal of a petition for protection from abuse may
5	not be treated as prima facie evidence that a wilful
6	misuse of the protection from abuse process has
7	occurred."
8	SECTION 2. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
9	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
10	SECTION 3. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2050.

Report Title:

Family Court; Custody

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#### Description:

Amends best interest of the child criteria and procedures to specify what factors the courts shall consider in making a custody or visitation determination concerning a minor child. Eff. 7/1/2050. (SD2)