JAN 1 6 2008

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CAREGIVING.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	PART I. JOINT LEGISLATIVE
2	COMMITTEE ON FAMILY CAREGIVING
3	SECTION 1. (a) The legislature finds that during the 2007
4	interim, the joint legislative committee on family caregiving
5	continued its work on creating a comprehensive and sustainable,
6	community-based family caregiver support system that includes:
7	(1) a coordinated referral and case management service; (2)
8	centralization of available services; (3) volunteers; (4)
9	education and training; and (5) financial assistance.
10	During the 2007 interim, the joint legislative committee
11	had the benefit of examining localized studies and surveys, some
12	of which contained preliminary results, which provided concrete
13	evidence of the needs of family caregivers. The joint
14	legislative committee on family caregiving also had the benefit
15	of looking at what other states have done and are doing in
16	response to the growing concern of eldercare issues.
17	(b) The purpose of this part is to:

1	(1)	Extend the work of the joint legislative committee on					
2		family caregiving for one year;					
3	(2)	Change the name of the joint legislative committee on					
4		family caregiving to the "joint legislative committee					
5		on aging in place"; and					
6	(3)	Require the aging and disability resource center to					
7		provide the joint legislative committee with an update					
8		on the physical site for the center in Hawaii county					
9		and the "virtual" site in the city and county of					
10		Honolulu.					
11	SECTION 2. Act 285, Session Laws of Hawaii 2006, as						
12	amended by	y Act 204, Session Laws of Hawaii 2007, is amended by					
13	amending s	section 2 to read as follows:					
14	"SEC	FION 2. (a) There is established a joint legislative					
15	committee	on [family caregiving.] aging in place. The committee					
16	shall be o	composed of eight members as follows:					
17	(1)	Four members of the house of representatives,					
18		consisting of three members from the majority party					
19		and one member from the minority party, who shall be					
20		appointed by the speaker of the house of					
21		representatives; and					

1	(2)	Four members of the senate, consisting of three					
2		members from the majority party and one member from					
3		the minority party, who shall be appointed by the					
4		president of the senate.					
5	The	committee shall select a chairperson from its					
6	membership.						
7	(b)	The joint legislative committee shall develop					
8	comprehensive public policy to strengthen support for family						
9	caregivers. For purposes of this Act, "family caregiver" means:						
10	(1)	A person, including a non-relative such as a friend or					
11		neighbor, who provides unpaid, informal assistance to					
12		a person age sixty and older with physical or					
13		cognitive disabilities; and					
14	(2)	A grandparent who is a caregiver for a grandchild who					
15		is age eighteen years or younger, or who is nineteen					
16		years of age or older with physical or cognitive					
17		limitations.					
18	(c)	The joint legislative committee shall:					
19	(1)	Consider providing support in categories including:					
20		(A) Coordinated services and policies;					
21		(B) Training and education;					

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(C) Respite services;

1		(D) Financial incentives; and					
2		(E) Balancing work and caregiving; and					
3	(2)	Explore establishing a paid family leave program under					
4		the state temporary disability insurance law, similar					
5		to the California Paid Family Leave Program, to					
6		provide wage replacement benefits to employees who					
7		take time off from work to care for a seriously ill					
8		family member.					
9	(d)	The joint legislative committee may explore issues of					
10	"aging in	place" as they relate to family caregiving.					
11	<u>(e)</u>	The Hawaii aging and disability resource center shall					
12	provide an update to the joint legislative committee of its						
13	development and implementation of the physical site for the						
14	center in the county of Hawaii, and the "virtual" site planned						
15	for the city and county of Honolulu.						
16	[-(d) -]	(f) The joint legislative committee shall seek input					
17	from the department of health, the department of human services,						
18	the department of taxation, the University of Hawaii, the						
19	executive office on aging, and the elderly, disability,						
20	business,	and faith-based communities.					
21	[(e)]	(g) The joint legislative committee shall submit its					
22	findings a	nd recommendations to the legislature no later than					
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- 1 twenty days prior to the convening of the regular sessions of
- 2 2007 [and], 2008[-], and 2009.
- 3 [(f)] (h) The joint legislative committee shall cease to
- 4 exist on June 30, [2008.] 2009."
- 5 PART II. FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR CAREGIVING
- 6 SECTION 3. The cash and counseling program is a national
- 7 initiative sponsored by the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation; the
- 8 United States Department of Health and Human Services, Office of
- 9 the Assistant Secretary for Planning and Evaluation; and the
- 10 Administration on Aging. Under the program, recipients of
- 11 medicaid personal care services or home- and community-based
- 12 services receive a flexible monthly allowance and decide who to
- 13 hire and what services they want to receive.
- 14 The program's innovative approach enables participants to
- 15 direct and manage their personal assistance services according
- 16 to their own specific needs. Participants can choose a family
- 17 member or friend, in lieu of an agency worker, to provide the
- 18 services. They receive counseling and fiscal assistance to help
- 19 them manage their allowance and responsibilities. The program
- 20 was first implemented in Arkansas, New Jersey, and Florida, and
- 21 has since expanded to include other states.

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         During the 2007 interim, the joint legislative committee on
 2
    family caregiving received information and data related to the
 3
    family caregivers needs assessment conducted by the executive
 4
    office on aging and cash and counseling research conducted by
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    the executive office on aging and the University of Hawaii
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    school of social work.
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         The family caregiver needs assessment indicated that
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    caregivers need more affordable services and financial
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                 The cash and counseling research demonstrated that
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    those states that had cash and counseling programs reported high
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    satisfaction by both careqivers and care recipients and allowed
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    informal caregivers to receive financial recognition for their
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    services.
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         In Hawaii, there are out-of-pocket costs for families to
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    pay for home- and community-based programs that are available
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    for elders and persons with disabilities. The government pays
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    for such services for those who have lower incomes and qualify
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    for medicaid. However, a majority of Hawaii's families are
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    ineligible for public assistance and are having to carry the
    financial burdens of caregiving. This leaves a gap in services
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    for those elders of modest means. As a result, this group of
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    individuals has the least coverage in terms of home- and
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- community-based services. Hawaii should consider providing a cash and counseling program to non-medicaid eligible elders to allow this group of individuals to have control over their care, while benefiting their caregivers.
- The work on cash and counseling being conducted by the
 executive office on aging and the University of Hawaii school of
 social work will continue until the end of the 2007-2008 fiscal
 year. The research conducted shows that a cash and counseling
 program is worth pursuing, and it is essential to continue the
 work in developing phase two of a cash and counseling project
 that can be completed by the end of 2008.
 - SECTION 4. The joint legislative committee on aging in place shall conduct a cash and counseling project for non-medicaid participants to direct and manage their personal assistance services according to their own specific needs, while enabling family caregivers to receive a level of financial recognition and support. In conducting a cash and counseling project, the joint legislative committee on aging in place may consider including a respite care component, a case management component, a separate fiscal agent, a personal care component, and allowing the consumer to be the employer of any service provider, whether an agency or family member.



- 1 The joint legislative committee on aging in place may
- 2 contract with a qualified consultant to design a cash and
- 3 counseling program.
- 4 A contract executed pursuant to this section and section 5
- 5 of this Act shall be exempt from chapter 103D, Hawaii Revised
- 6 Statutes; provided that the joint legislative committee on aging
- 7 in place shall endeavor to ensure transparency in the letting of
- 8 the contract.
- 9 The project shall include an advisory group to assist with
- 10 the design of the cash and counseling program. In order to
- 11 ensure that those who have the greatest need and the fewest
- 12 resources are able to utilize such a program, the advisory group
- 13 shall examine whether an asset limitation or restriction on
- 14 consumers shall be implemented in the design of a cash and
- 15 counseling program.
- 16 The joint legislative committee on aging in place shall
- 17 report on the results of the project as part of its report to
- 18 the legislature pursuant to section 2 of this Act.
- 19 SECTION 5. There is appropriated out of the general
- 20 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so
- 21 much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2008-2009 for
- 22 the joint legislative committee on aging in place, which may

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1 contract with a qualified consultant, to conduct a cash and 2 counseling project, pursuant to section 4 of this Act. The sum 3 appropriated shall be allocated as follows: 4 Senate \$ 5 House of representatives \$ 6 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the senate and 7 house of representatives to assist the joint legislative 8 committee on aging in place for the purposes of this part. 9 PART III. KUPUNA CARE 10 SECTION 6. On July 1, 1999, the executive office on aging launched its statewide long-term care program called kupuna 11 12 Kupuna care was developed in partnership with the county 13 area agencies-on-aging to address the growing numbers of elders 14 with long-term care needs. Services provided by kupuna care are intended to help meet 15 16 the needs of older adults who cannot live at home without 17 adequate help from family or formal services, and includes services such as adult day care, respite care, assisted 18 19 transportation, attendant care, case management, chore, home 20 delivered meals, homemaker, transportation, and personal care. 21 Kupuna care was designed to assist, not totally support,

Hawaii's older adults to live independently, safely, and healthy



- 1 for as long as possible. The care may cover United States
- 2 citizens or legal aliens sixty years or older who are not
- 3 receiving other comparable government assistance, who need help
- 4 with activities of daily living (eating, dressing, bathing,
- 5 toileting, transferring, and mobility) or because they have
- 6 reduced mental capacity, and who are not residing in an
- 7 institution.
- 8 State funds cover the cost of services for those who cannot
- 9 afford to pay. Kupuna care offers a reduced rate for those who
- 10 can afford to pay only a portion of the service. Voluntary
- 11 donations to the service provider are welcomed for any service
- 12 provided and are used to support the cost of care of additional
- 13 clients.
- In addition to the services provided to the elderly, kupuna
- 15 care also offers services for the family caregivers of their
- 16 elderly clients. As Hawaii's population ages, many more
- 17 families will be providing higher levels of long-term care to
- 18 frail and disabled older adults at home. For many family
- 19 caregivers, their role as family caregiver arises as suddenly as
- 20 the care recipient's health declines, leaving the family
- 21 caregivers with an immediate need for services, but little
- 22 preparation or education regarding who to contact for assistance



- 1 or what services are available to them. In addition, the family
- 2 caregivers may not know who is capable or qualified to provide
- 3 them with the services that they or the care recipients need.
- 4 Family caregivers themselves need support services, including
- 5 training, education, and counseling in areas such as caregiving
- 6 and dealing with end-of-life issues.
- 7 In addition, there are emotional, physical, and financial
- 8 costs of being a family caregiver. The younger family
- 9 caregivers are often in critical need of finding ways to reduce
- 10 the stress caused by caregiving.
- 11 Respite has been shown to be beneficial in lowering stress
- 12 and other negative consequences of caregiving and the State of
- 13 Hawaii Caregivers Need Assessment (2007) shows that respite is
- 14 something family caregivers need.
- 15 Besides the everyday stress that respite can relieve, there
- 16 are times when a family caregiver may unexpectedly become unable
- 17 to provide the needed caregiving services due to illness, an
- 18 accident, or other reasons. At these times, emergency respite
- 19 care becomes critical.
- The needs assessment also shows that family caregivers need
- 21 financial support as they carry the heavy financial burdens of
- 22 caring for a loved one. In addition, both caregivers and care



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- 2 modifications that will allow the care recipient to age in
- 3 place.

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- 4 The legislature finds that the kupuna care program can
- 5 expand its services and incorporate progressive ways of helping
- 6 meet the growing needs of Hawaii's older adults and allow these
- 7 individuals to age in place.
- 8 The purpose of this part is to:
- 9 (1) Allow the kupuna care program to:
- 10 (A) Offer emergency, overnight, and weekend respite services;
 - (B) Provide grants for home modifications that facilitate aging in place pursuant to a care plan as part of a cash and counseling approach; and
 - (C) Provide grants to family caregivers pursuant to a care plan as part of a cash and counseling approach; and
 - (2) Amend the 2008-2009 operating budget of the executive office on aging to increase program funding for kupuna care and ensure that kupuna care continues to maintain the quality of life of Hawaii's older adults and their family caregivers.

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         SECTION 7. (a) The kupuna care program, as administered
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    by the executive office on aging, may:
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              Offer emergency, overnight, and weekend respite
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              services;
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         (2)
             Provide grants for home modifications that facilitate
 6
              aging in place pursuant to a care plan as part of a
 7
              cash and counseling approach; and
 8
             Provide grants to family caregivers pursuant to a care
         (3)
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              plan as part of a cash and counseling approach.
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              The area agencies on aging may design their own
         (b)
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    programs to implement the provisions of subsection (a).
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         SECTION 8. Act 213, Session Laws of Hawaii 2007, is
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    amended by adding a new section to part III to be appropriately
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    designated and to read as follows:
                   . Provided that of the general fund
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         "SECTION
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    appropriation for the executive office on aging (HTH 904), the
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                   or so much thereof as may be necessary for
    sum of $
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    fiscal year 2008-2009 shall be expended by the executive office
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    on aging for its kupuna care program."
         SECTION 9. Act 213, Session Laws of Hawaii 2007, is
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    amended by amending part II, section 3, item F.26 to read as
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    follows:
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2008.

1	"26. HTH904 - EXECUT	IVE	OFFICE ON AGING					
2			3.30*	3.30*				
3	OPERATING	HTH	6,370,552A	[6,119,214A]	Α			
4			7.45*	7.45*				
5		HTH	7,443,720N	7,443,720N				
6	INVESTMENT CAPITAL	HTH	250,000C	C"				
7								
8	SECTION 10. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed							
9	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.							
10	SECTION 11. This Ac	t sl	nall take effect	on June 30, 2008;				
11	provided that sections 5,	8,	and 9 shall take	e effect on July 1,				

INTRODUCED BY:

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Report Title:

Joint Legislative Committee on Family Caregiving; Kupuna Care; Appropriations

Description:

Extends the joint legislative committee on family caregiving; changes the committee's name to the joint legislative committee on aging in place; expands the committee's mandate to include aging in place issues related to family caregiving; requires the aging and disability resource center to report to the committee; requires the joint legislative committee to conduct a cash and counseling project; appropriates funds to the joint legislative committee; allows kupuna care to include overnight, weekend, and emergency respite, as well as provide grants to caregivers and for home modification; appropriates funds to the kupuna care program.