JAN 1 9 2007

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO UNFAIR TRADE PRACTICES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. Section 480-13, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 amended by amending subsections (a), (b), and (c) to read as

3 follows:

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4 "(a) Except as provided in subsections (b) and (c), any

person who is injured in the person's business or property by

6 reason of anything forbidden or declared unlawful by this

7 chapter:

(1) May sue for damages sustained by the person, and, if
the judgment is for the plaintiff, the plaintiff shall
be awarded the greater of a sum not less than \$1,000
or threefold damages <u>sustained</u> by the plaintiff
[sustained, whichever sum is the greater, and],
reasonable attorney's fees together with the costs of
[suit] the lawsuit, and reasonable expert witness'

fees and costs of travel for the witness; provided

that indirect purchasers injured by an illegal

overcharge shall recover only compensatory damages,

	and reasonable attorney's fees together with the costs
	of [suit] the lawsuit, and reasonable expert witness'
	fees and costs of travel for the witness in actions
	not brought under section 480-14(c); and
(2)	May bring proceedings to enjoin the unlawful
	practices, and if the decree is for the plaintiff, the
	plaintiff shall be awarded reasonable attorney's fees
	together with the costs of [suit.] the lawsuit and
	reasonable expert witness' fees and costs of travel of
	the witness.
(b)	Any consumer who is injured by any unfair or deceptive
act or pr	actice forbidden or declared unlawful by section 480-2:
(1)	May sue for damages sustained by the consumer, and, if
	the judgment is for the plaintiff, the plaintiff shall
	be awarded the greater of a sum not less than \$1,000
	or threefold damages <u>sustained</u> by the plaintiff
	[sustained, whichever sum is the greater, and],
	reasonable attorney's fees together with the costs of
	[suit] the lawsuit, and reasonable expert witness'
	fees and costs of travel for the witness; provided
	that where the plaintiff is an elder, the plaintiff,
	in the alternative, may be awarded the greater of a
	(b)

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1		sum not less than \$5,000 or threefold any damages
2		sustained by the plaintiff[, whichever sum is the
3		greater, and], reasonable attorney's fees together
4		with the costs of [suit.] the lawsuit, and reasonable
5		expert witness' fees and costs of travel for the
6		witness. In determining whether to adopt the \$5,000
7		alternative amount in an award to an elder, the court
8		shall consider the factors set forth in section 480-
9		13.5; and
10	(2)	May bring proceedings to enjoin the unlawful
11		practices, and if the decree is for the plaintiff, the
12		plaintiff shall be awarded reasonable attorney's fees
13		together with the costs of [suit.] the lawsuit and
14		reasonable expert witness' fees and costs of travel
15		for the witness.
16	(c)	The remedies provided in subsections (a) and (b) shall
17	be applied	d in class action and de facto class action lawsuits or

- 16 (c) The remedies provided in subsections (a) and (b) shall
 17 be applied in class action and de facto class action lawsuits or
 18 proceedings, including actions brought on behalf of direct or
 19 indirect purchasers; provided that:
- (1) The minimum \$1,000 recovery provided in subsections
 (a) and (b) shall not apply in a class action or a de
 facto class action lawsuit;



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1	(2)	In class actions or de facto class actions where both
2	•	direct and indirect purchasers are involved, or where
3		more than one class of indirect purchasers are
4		involved, a defendant shall be entitled to prove as a
5		partial or complete defense to a claim for
6		compensatory damages that the illegal overcharge has
7		been passed on or passed back to others who are
8		themselves entitled to recover so as to avoid the
9		duplication of recovery of compensatory damages;
10	(3)	That portion of threefold damages in excess of
11		compensatory damages shall be apportioned and
12		allocated by the court in its [exercise of] discretion
13		[so as] to promote effective enforcement of this
14		chapter and deterrence from violation of its
15		provisions;
16	(4)	In no event shall an indirect purchaser be awarded
17		less than the full measure of compensatory damages
18		attributable to the indirect purchaser;
19	(5)	In any lawsuit or lawsuits in which claims are
20		asserted by both direct purchasers and indirect
21		purchasers, the court is authorized to exercise its
22		discretion in the apportionment of damages, and in the

transfer and consolidation of cases to avoid the
duplication of the recovery of damages and the
multiplicity of suits, and in other respects to obtain
substantial fairness;

- (6) In any case in which claims are being asserted by a part of the claimants in a court of this State and another part of the claimants in a court other than of this State, where the claims arise out of same or overlapping transactions, the court is authorized to take all steps reasonable and necessary to avoid duplication of recovery of damages and multiplicity of suits, and in other respects, to obtain substantial fairness;
- (7) In instances where indirect purchasers file an action and obtain a judgment or settlement prior to the completion of a direct purchaser's action in courts other than this State, the court shall delay disbursement of the damages until such time as the direct purchaser's suits are resolved to either final judgment, consent decree or settlement, or in the absence of a direct purchaser's lawsuit in the courts other than this State by direct purchasers, the

1		expiration of the statute of limitations, or in [such]
2		a manner that will minimize duplication of damages to
3		the extent reasonable and practicable, avoid
4		multiplicity of suit, and obtain substantial fairness;
5		and
6	(8)	In the event damages in a class action or de facto
7		class action remain unclaimed by the direct or
8		indirect purchasers, the class representative or the
9		attorney general shall apply to the court and such
10		funds shall escheat to the State upon showing that
11		reasonable efforts made by the State to distribute the
12		funds have been unsuccessful."
13	SECT	ION 2. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
14	matured,	penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
15	begun, be	fore its effective date.
16	SECT	ION 3. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
17	and stric	ken. New statutory material is underscored.
18	SECT	ION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.
19		INTRODUCED BY:
		by veauest

Report Title:

Unfair Trade Practices; Expert Witness' Fees

Description:

Provides for recovery of expert witness' fees by prevailing plaintiff in consumer protection cases.