JAN 2 2 2007

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO THE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that on July 23, 2004,
- 2 the United States (U.S.) Congress declared that "the atrocities
- 3 unfolding in Darfur, Sudan, are genocide. " On September 9,
- 4 2004, Secretary of State Colin L. Powell told the U.S. Senate
- 5 Foreign Relations Committee that "genocide has occurred and may
- 6 still be occurring in Darfur" and "the Government of Sudan and
- 7 the Janjaweed bear responsibility." On September 21, 2004,
- 8 addressing the United Nations General Assembly, President George
- 9 W. Bush affirmed the Secretary of State's finding and stated,
- 10 "[A]t this hour, the world is witnessing terrible suffering and
- 11 horrible crimes in the Darfur region of Sudan, crimes my
- 12 government has concluded are genocide."
- On December 7, 2004, the U.S. Congress noted that the
- 14 genocidal policy in Darfur has led to reports of "systematic
- 15 rape of thousands of women and girls, the abduction of women and
- 16 children, and the destruction of hundreds of ethnically African
- 17 villages, including the poisoning of their wells and the plunder
- 18 of their crops and cattle upon which the people of such villages



S.B. NO. /255

- 1 sustain themselves." Also on December 7, 2004, Congress found
- 2 that "the Government of Sudan has restricted access by
- 3 humanitarian and human rights workers to the Darfur area through
- 4 intimidation by military and security forces, and through
- 5 bureaucratic and administrative obstruction, in an attempt to
- 6 inflict the most devastating harm on those individuals displaced
- 7 from their villages and homes without any means of sustenance or
- 8 shelter."
- 9 On September 25, 2006, Congress reaffirmed that "the
- 10 genocide unfolding in the Darfur region of Sudan is
- 11 characterized by acts of terrorism and atrocities directed
- 12 against civilians, including mass murder, rape, and sexual
- 13 violence committed by the Janjaweed and associated militias with
- 14 the complicity and support of the National Congress Party-led
- 15 faction of the Government of Sudan." On September 26, 2006, the
- 16 U.S. House of Representatives stated that "an estimated 300,000
- 17 to 400,000 people have been killed by the Government of Sudan
- 18 and its Janjaweed allies since the [Darfur] crisis began in
- 19 2003, more than 2,000,000 people have been displaced from their
- 20 homes, and more than 250,000 people from Darfur remain in
- 21 refugee camps in Chad."

The legislature finds that the Darfur crisis represents the 1 first time the U.S. government has labeled ongoing atrocities a 2 genocide. The U.S. government has imposed sanctions against the 3 government of Sudan since 1997. These sanctions are monitored 4 through the U.S. Treasury Department's Office of Foreign Assets 5 6 Control (OFAC). Since 1993, the U.S. Secretary of State has determined that the government of Sudan has repeatedly provided 7 support for acts of international terrorism, thereby restricting 8 U.S. assistance, defense exports and sales, and financial and 9 10 other transactions with the government of Sudan. According to a former chair of the U.S. Securities and 11 Exchange Commission, "the fact that a foreign company is doing 12 material business with a country, government, or entity on 13 14 OFAC's sanctions list is, in the SEC staff's view, substantially likely to be significant to a reasonable investor's decision 15 16 about whether to invest in that company." A 2006 U.S. House of 17 Representatives report states that "a company's association with 18 sponsors of terrorism and human rights abuses, no matter how large or small, can have a materially adverse result on a public 19 company's operations, financial condition, earnings, and stock 20 prices, all of which can negatively affect the value of an 21 investment." In response to the financial risk posed by 22



- 1 investments in companies doing business with a terrorist-
- 2 sponsoring state, the Securities and Exchange Commission
- 3 established its Office of Global Security Risk to provide for
- 4 enhanced disclosure of material information regarding such
- 5 companies.
- 6 The current Sudan divestment movement encompasses nearly
- 7 one hundred universities, cities, states, and private pension
- 8 plans. Companies facing such widespread divestment present
- 9 further material risk to remaining investors.
- 10 The legislature finds that it is a fundamental
- 11 responsibility of the State of Hawaii to decide where, how, and
- 12 by whom financial resources in its control should be invested,
- 13 taking into account numerous pertinent factors. It is the
- 14 desire of the legislature, with respect to investment resources
- 15 in its control and to the extent reasonable, with due
- 16 consideration for, among other things, return on investment, on
- 17 behalf of itself and its investment beneficiaries, not to
- 18 participate in an ownership or capital-providing capacity with
- 19 entities that provide significant practical support for
- 20 genocide, including certain non-U.S. companies presently doing
- 21 business in Sudan.

The legislature finds that this Act should remain in effect 1 only insofar as it continues to be consistent with, and does not 2 unduly interfere with, the foreign policy of the U.S. as 3 determined by the Federal Government. Mandatory divestment of 4 public funds from certain companies is a measure that should be 5 employed sparingly and judiciously, and a congressional and 6 presidential declaration of genocide satisfies this high 7 8 threshold. SECTION 2. Definitions. As used in this Act: 9 "Active business operations" means all business operations 10 11 that are not inactive business operations. 12 "Business operations" means engaging in commerce in any form in Sudan, including by acquiring, developing, maintaining, 13 owning, selling, possessing, leasing, or operating equipment, 14 15 facilities, personnel, products, services, personal property, real property, or any other apparatus of business or commerce. 16 "Company" means any sole proprietorship, organization, 17 18 association, corporation, partnership, joint venture, limited partnership, limited liability partnership, limited liability 19 company, or other entity or business association, including all 20

wholly-owned subsidiaries, majority-owned subsidiaries, parent

- 1 companies, or affiliates of such entities or business
- 2 associations that exist for profit-making purposes.
- 3 "Complicit" means having taken actions during any preceding
- 4 twenty month period which directly supported or promoted the
- 5 Darfur genocide, including but not limited to preventing
- 6 Darfur's victimized population from communicating with each
- 7 other; encouraging Sudanese citizens to speak out against an
- 8 internationally approved security force for Darfur; actively
- 9 working to deny, cover up, or alter the record on human rights
- 10 abuses in Darfur; or other similar actions.
- 11 "Darfur genocide" means the deliberate and systematic
- 12 destruction of a racial, political, or cultural group occurring
- 13 in Darfur, Sudan, since 2003 as a result of the actions of the
- 14 government of Sudan or its Janjaweed allies.
- "Direct holdings" in a company means all securities of that
- 16 company held directly by the public fund or in an account or
- 17 fund in which the public fund owns all shares or interests.
- 18 "Government of Sudan" means the government in Khartoum,
- 19 Sudan, which is led by the National Congress Party, formerly
- 20 known as the National Islamic Front, or any successor government
- 21 formed on or after October 13, 2006, including the coalition
- 22 National Unity Government agreed upon in the Comprehensive Peace



- 1 Agreement for Sudan, and does not include the regional
- 2 government of southern Sudan.
- 3 "Inactive business operations" means the mere continued
- 4 holding or renewal of rights to property previously operated for
- 5 the purpose of generating revenues but not presently deployed
- 6 for such purpose.
- 7 "Indirect holdings" in a company means all securities of
- 8 that company held in an account or fund, such as a mutual fund,
- 9 managed by one or more persons not employed by the public fund,
- 10 in which the public fund owns shares or interests together with
- 11 other investors not subject to the provisions of this Act.
- 12 "Marginalized populations of Sudan" includes but is not
- 13 limited to the portion of the population in the Darfur region
- 14 that has been genocidally victimized; the portion of the
- 15 population of southern Sudan victimized by Sudan's north-south
- 16 civil war; the Beja, Rashidiya, and other similarly underserved
- 17 groups of eastern Sudan; the Nubian and other similarly
- 18 underserved groups in Sudan's Abyei, Southern Blue Nile, and
- 19 Nuba Mountain regions; and the Amri, Hamadab, Manasir, and other
- 20 similarly underserved groups of northern Sudan.
- 21 "Military equipment" means weapons, arms, military
- 22 supplies, and equipment that readily may be used for military



- 1 purposes, including but not limited to radar systems, military-
- 2 grade transport vehicles, supplies, and services sold or
- 3 provided directly or indirectly to any force actively
- 4 participating in armed conflict in Sudan.
- 5 "Mineral extraction activities" includes exploring,
- 6 extracting, processing, transporting, or wholesale selling or
- 7 trading of elemental minerals or associated metal alloys or
- 8 oxides (ore), including gold, copper, chromium, chromite,
- 9 diamonds, iron, iron ore, silver, tungsten, uranium, and zinc;
- 10 as well as facilitating such activities, including by providing
- 11 supplies or services in support of such activities.
- "Oil-related activities" includes but is not limited to
- 13 owning rights to oil blocks; exporting, extracting, producing,
- 14 refining, processing, exploring for, transporting, selling, or
- 15 trading of oil; constructing, maintaining, or operating a
- 16 pipeline, refinery, or other oil-field infrastructure; and
- 17 facilitating such activities, including the provision of
- 18 supplies or services in support of such activities; provided
- 19 that the mere retail sale of gasoline and related consumer
- 20 products shall not be considered oil-related activities.
- 21 "Power production activities" means any business operation
- 22 that involves a project commissioned by the National Electricity



| 1 | Corporation of Sudan or other similar entity of the government |
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| 2 | of Sudan whose purpose is to facilitate power generation and |
| 3 | delivery, including establishing power-generating plants or |
| 4 | hydroelectric dams; selling or installing components for the |
| 5 | project; providing service contracts related to the installation |
| 6 | or maintenance of the project; or facilitating such activities, |
| 7 | including the provision of supplies or services in support of |
| 8 | such activities. |
| 9 | "Public fund" means the employees' retirement system of the |
| 10 | State or the board of trustees of the employees' retirement |
| 11 | system of the State. |
| 12 | "Scrutinized company" means any company that meets the |
| 13 | criteria in paragraph (1),(2), or (3) below: |
| 14 | (1) The company has the following characteristics: |
| 15 | (A) Its business operations involve contracts with |
| 16 | and/or provision of supplies or services to: |
| 17 | (i) The government of Sudan; |
| 18 | (ii) Companies in which the government of Sudan |
| 19 | has any direct or indirect equity share; |
| 20 | (iii) Government of Sudan-commissioned consortiums |
| 21 | or projects, or |

| I | (1V) | Companies involved in government of Sudan- |
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| 2 | | commissioned consortiums or projects; |
| 3 | and | |
| 4 | (B) Mor | e than ten per cent of the company's revenues |
| 5 | or | assets linked to Sudan: |
| 6 | (i) | Involve oil-related activities or mineral |
| 7 | | extraction activities; less than seventy- |
| 8 | | five per cent of the company's revenues or |
| 9 | | assets linked to Sudan involve contracts |
| 10 | | with and/or provision of oil-related or |
| 11 | | mineral extracting products or services to |
| 12 | | the regional government of southern Sudan or |
| 13 | | a project or consortium created exclusively |
| 14 | | by that regional government; and the company |
| 15 | | has failed to take substantial action; or |
| 16 | (ii) | Involve power production activities; less |
| 17 | | than seventy-five per cent of the company's |
| 18 | en e | power production activities include projects |
| 19 | | whose intent is to provide power or |
| 20 | | electricity to the marginalized populations |
| 21 | | of Sudan; and the company has failed to take |
| 22 | | substantial action. |

| • | 1 (| 2) | The | company | ris | complicit | in | the | Darfur | genocide |
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| - | | 4.5 | تت عد مد | COMPANY | 4.5 | しつほんしんしんし | سلساسية | C11C | Darrur | derrocade. |

- 2 The company supplies military equipment within Sudan, (3) 3 unless it clearly shows that the military equipment 4 cannot be used to facilitate offensive military 5 actions in Sudan or the company implements rigorous 6 and verifiable safeguards to prevent use of that 7 equipment by forces actively participating in armed 8 conflict, for example, through post-sale tracking of such equipment by the company, certification from a 9 10 reputable and objective third party that such 11 equipment is not being used by a party participating in armed conflict in Sudan, or the sale of such 12 equipment is solely to the regional government of 13 14 southern Sudan or any internationally recognized 15 peacekeeping force or humanitarian organization. 16 Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, a social
- "Social development company" means a company whose primary
 purpose in Sudan is to provide:

development company that is not complicit in the Darfur genocide

(1) Humanitarian goods or services, including medicine or
 medical equipment, agricultural supplies or

SB HMS 2006-4596

is not a scrutinized company.

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S.B. NO. /255

| 1 | possibly | have | such | holdings | in | the | future. | Such | efforts | shall |
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- 2 include any of the following, as appropriate:
- 3 (1) Reviewing and relying, as appropriate in the public
- 4 fund's judgment, on publicly available information
- 5 regarding companies with business operations in Sudan,
- 6 including information provided by non-profit
- 7 organizations, research firms, international
- 8 organizations, and government entities;
- 9 (2) Contacting asset managers contracted by the public
- 10 fund that invest in companies with business operations
- in Sudan; or
- 12 (3) Contacting other institutional investors that have
- 13 divested from and/or engaged with companies that have
- 14 business operations in Sudan.
- 15 (b) By the first meeting of the public fund following the
- 16 ninety day period described in subsection (a), the public fund
- 17 shall assemble a list of all scrutinized companies identified.
- (c) The public fund shall update the list on a quarterly
- 19 basis based on evolving information from, among other sources,
- 20 those listed in subsection (a).

| 1 SECTION 4 | . Required | actions. | The | public | fund | shall | adhere |
|-------------|------------|----------|-----|--------|------|-------|--------|
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- 2 to the following procedure for companies on the scrutinized
- 3 companies list:
- 4 (a) Engagement.
- 5 (1) The public fund shall immediately identify the
 6 companies on the scrutinized companies list in which
 7 the public fund owns direct or indirect holdings.
- (2) For each company identified in paragraph (1) with only 8 inactive business operations in Sudan, the public fund 9 shall send a written notice informing the company of 10 this Act and encouraging the company to continue to 11 12 refrain from initiating active business operations in Sudan until it is able to avoid business operations as 13 a scrutinized company. The public fund shall continue 14 such correspondence on a semi-annual basis. If the 15 company converts its operations to active business 16 operations, paragraph (3) shall apply. 17
 - (3) For each company newly identified in paragraph (1) with active business operations, or that has converted from inactive to active business operations under paragraph (2), the public fund shall send a written notice informing the company of its scrutinized

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| 1 | | company status and that it may become subject to |
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| 2 | | divestment by the public fund. The notice shall offer |
| 3 | | the company the opportunity to clarify its Sudan- |
| 4 | | related activities and shall encourage the company, |
| 5 | | within ninety days, to either cease its scrutinized |
| 6 | | business operations or convert such operations to |
| 7 | | inactive business operations to avoid qualifying for |
| 8 | | divestment by the public fund; and |
| 9 | (4) | If, within ninety days following the public fund's |
| 10 | | first engagement with a company pursuant to paragraph |
| 11 | | (3), that company ceases scrutinized business |
| 12 | | operations, the company shall be removed from the |
| 13 | | scrutinized companies list and the provisions of this |
| 14 | | section shall cease to apply unless the company |
| 15 | | resumes scrutinized business operations. If, within |
| 16 | | ninety days following the public fund's first |
| 17 | | engagement, the company converts its scrutinized |
| 18 | | active business operations to inactive business |
| 19 | | operations, the company shall be subject to all |
| 20 | | provisions relating thereto. |
| 21 | (b) I | Divestment. |

| 1 | (1) | Except as provided in subsections (d) and (e), after |
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| 2 | | ninety days following the public fund's first |
| 3 | • | engagement with a company pursuant to subsection |
| 4 | | (a)(3), the company continues to have scrutinized |
| 5 | | active business operations, and only while such |
| 6 | | company continues to have scrutinized active business |
| 7 | | operations, the public fund shall sell, redeem, |
| 8 | | divest, or withdraw all publicly-traded securities of |
| 9 | | the company according to the following schedule: |
| 10 | | (A) At least fifty per cent of such assets shall be |
| 11 | | removed from the public fund's assets under |
| 12 | | management by nine months after the company's |
| 13 | | most recent appearance on the scrutinized |
| 14 | | companies list; and |
| 15 | | (B) One hundred per cent of such assets shall be |
| 16 | | removed from the public fund's assets under |
| 17 | | management within fifteen months after the |
| 18 | | company's most recent appearance on the |
| 19 | | scrutinized companies list; and |
| 20 | (2) | If a company that ceased scrutinized active business |
| 21 | | operations following engagement pursuant to subsection |
| | | |

(a)(3) resumes such operations, or following

| 1 | engagement converts scrutinized active business |
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| 2 | operations to inactive business operations pursuant to |
| 3 | subsection (a)(4), then resumes scrutinized active |
| 4 | business operations, paragraph (1) shall immediately |
| 5 | apply and the public fund shall send a written notice |
| 6 | to the company. If applicable, the company shall also |
| 7 | be immediately reintroduced onto the scrutinized |
| 8 | companies list. |

- 9 (c) At no time shall the public fund acquire securities of
 10 companies on the scrutinized companies list that have active
 11 business operations, except as provided in subsections (d) and
 12 (e).
- (d) No company which the United States government

 affirmatively declares to be excluded from its present or any

 future federal sanctions regime relating to Sudan shall be

 subject to divestment or investment prohibition pursuant to

 subsections (b) and (c).
 - (e) Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, subsections (b) and (c) shall not apply to indirect holdings in actively managed investment funds; provided that the public fund shall submit letters to the managers of such investment funds containing companies with scrutinized active business operations

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S.B. NO. /255

- 1 requesting that they consider removing such companies from the
- 2 fund or create a similar actively managed fund with indirect
- 3 holdings devoid of such companies. If the manager creates a
- 4 similar fund, the public fund shall replace all applicable
- 5 investments with investments in the similar fund in an expedited
- 6 timeframe consistent with prudent investing standards. For the
- 7 purposes of this section, "private equity funds" shall be deemed
- 8 to be actively managed investment funds.
- 9 SECTION 5. Reinvestment in certain companies with
- 10 scrutinized active business operations. (a) Notwithstanding
- 11 anything herein to the contrary, the public fund shall be
- 12 permitted to cease divesting from certain scrutinized companies
- 13 pursuant to section 4(b) and to reinvest in certain scrutinized
- 14 companies from which it divested pursuant to section 4(b) if
- 15 clear and convincing evidence shows that the value of all assets
- 16 under management by the public fund becomes equal to or less
- 17 than ninety-nine and one-half per cent (fifty basis points) of
- 18 the hypothetical value of all assets under management by the
- 19 public fund assuming no divestment for any company had occurred
- 20 under section 4(b). Cessation of divestment, reinvestment,
- 21 and/or any subsequent ongoing investment authorized by this

- 1 section shall be strictly limited to the minimum steps necessary
- 2 to avoid the contingency set forth in the preceding sentence.
- 3 (b) For any cessation of divestment, reinvestment, or
- 4 subsequent ongoing investment authorized by this section, the
- 5 public fund shall provide a written report to the legislature
- 6 and Attorney General in advance of initial reinvestment, updated
- 7 semi-annually thereafter as applicable, setting forth the
- 8 reasons and justification, supported by clear and convincing
- 9 evidence, for its decisions to cease divestment, reinvest, or
- 10 remain invested in companies with scrutinized active business
- 11 operations.
- 12 (c) This section shall have no application to reinvestment
- 13 in companies on the grounds that they have ceased to have
- 14 scrutinized active business operations.
- 15 SECTION 6. Reporting. (a) The public fund shall file a
- 16 publicly-available report to the legislature and Attorney
- 17 General that includes the scrutinized companies list within
- 18 thirty days after the list is created.
- 19 (b) Annually thereafter, the public fund shall file and
- 20 make available to the public a report to the legislature and
- 21 Attorney General and send a copy of that report to the United

- 1 States Presidential Special Envoy to Sudan, or an appropriate
- 2 designee or successor, which includes:
- 3 (1) A summary of correspondence with companies engaged by
- 4 the public fund under sections 4(a)(2) and 4(a)(3);
- 5 (2) All investments sold, redeemed, divested, or withdrawn
- 6 in compliance with section 4(b);
- 7 (3) All prohibited investments under section 4(c); and
- **8** (4) Any progress made under section 4(e).
- 9 SECTION 7. Enforcement. The Attorney General shall
- 10 enforce this Act and through any lawful designee may bring such
- 11 actions in court as are necessary to do so.
- 12 SECTION 8. Other legal obligations of the public fund.
- 13 With respect to actions taken in compliance with this Act,
- 14 including all good faith determinations regarding companies as
- 15 required by this Act, the public fund shall be exempt from any
- 16 conflicting statutory or common law obligations, including any
- 17 such obligations in respect to choice of asset managers,
- 18 investment funds, or investments for the public fund's
- 19 securities portfolios.
- 20 SECTION 9. If any provision of this Act, or the
- 21 application thereof to any person or circumstance is held
- 22 invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or



| f 1 applications of the Act, which can be given effect without | at the |
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- 2 invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions
- 3 of this Act are severable.
- 4 Section 10. This Act shall take effect upon its approval
- 5 and shall be repealed upon the occurrence of any of the
- 6 following:
- 7 (1) The Congress or President of the United States
- 8 declares that the Darfur genocide has been halted for
- 9 at least twelve months;
- 10 (2) The United States revokes all sanctions imposed
- against the government of Sudan;
- 12 (3) The Congress or President of the United States
- declares that the government of Sudan has honored its
- 14 commitments to cease attacks on civilians, demobilize
- 15 and demilitarize the Janjaweed and associated
- 16 militias, grant free and unfettered access for
- 17 deliveries of humanitarian assistance, and allow for
- 18 the safe and voluntary return of refugees and
- internally displaced persons; or
- 20 (4) The Congress or President of the United States,
- 21 through legislation or executive order, declares that
- 22 mandatory divestment of the type provided for in this

Act interferes with the conduct of United States
 foreign policy.

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Report Title:

ERS Divestment; Companies in Sudan

Description:

Requires ERS to divest itself of investments in companies that provide significant support for genocide in Sudan; allows reinvestment; provides exemptions; requires reporting; authorizes enforcement by AG; sunsets when the Darfur genocide ends or divestment interferes with U.S. foreign policy.