HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

REQUESTING THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU TO STUDY AND RECOMMEND WHETHER LEGISLATION ESTABLISHING A REVOCABLE BENEFICIARY DEED SHOULD BE ENACTED IN HAWAII.

WHEREAS, a revocable transfer on death or "revocable beneficiary deed" is a deed that conveys an interest in real property, including any debt secured by a lien on real property, to a grantee beneficiary designated by the owner and expressly states that the deed is effective on the death of the owner; and

WHEREAS, generally, a revocable beneficiary deed may be revoked at any time by the owner, provided that the revocation is duly executed and recorded before the death of the owner; and

WHEREAS, a revocable beneficiary deed enables an owner to convey the interest in real property upon death without a will or trust, thereby avoiding complicated or costly probate proceedings; and

WHEREAS, the transfer of real property by a revocable beneficiary deed would be similar to other transfer on death conveyances of personal property, such as bank accounts, automobiles, boats, and retirement accounts; and

WHEREAS, at least nine states have enacted beneficiary deed legislation, including Arizona, Colorado, Kansas, Missouri, Nevada, New Mexico, Ohio, Arkansas, and Wisconsin; and

WHEREAS, it is important to examine Hawaii's existing real property donative transfer devices and weigh the advantages and disadvantages of a revocable beneficiary deed before enacting similar legislation in this state; now, therefore,

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BE IT RESOLVED by the House of Representatives of the Twenty-fourth Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2008, the Senate concurring, that the Legislative Reference Bureau is requested to study and recommend whether legislation establishing a revocable beneficiary deed should be enacted in Hawaii; and BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that in completing the study, the Legislative Reference Bureau is requested to: (1) Review the relevant revocable beneficiary deed statutes, experience since enacting a revocable beneficiary deed statute, and related legal incidents in Arizona, Colorado, Kansas, Missouri, Nevada, New Mexico, Ohio, Arkansas, and Wisconsin; (2) Identify and describe any existing real property donative transfer devices in Hawaii that may be similar to the revocable beneficiary deed; (3) Weigh advantages and disadvantages of enacting revocable beneficiary deed legislation in Hawaii; Seek the cooperation and assistance of the: (4)(A) Judiciary; (B) Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs; (C) Registrar of the Land Court; (D) Registrar of the Bureau of Conveyances; Elder Law Section of the Hawaii State Bar (E)Association; and (F) Probate and Estate Planning Section of the Hawaii State Bar Association; and BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislative Reference

Bureau is requested to submit a report of any findings and

recommendations, including proposed legislation, to the

Legislature no later than 20 days prior to the convening of the 2009 Regular Session; and

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BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that certified copies of this 5 Concurrent Resolution be transmitted to the Legislative 6 Reference Bureau, Chief Justice of the Hawaii Supreme Court, 7 Director of Commerce and Consumer Affairs, Registrar of the Land Court, Registrar of the Bureau of Conveyances, Chair of the 9 Elder Law Section of the Hawaii State Bar Association, and Chair of the Probate and Estate Planning Section of the Hawaii State 11 Bar Association.