A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO LONG-TERM INSURANCE TAX CREDIT FOR SMALL BUSINESS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the future of long-
- 2 term care for Hawaii's senior and adult disabled population is
- 3 one of the most critical health issues facing Hawaii in the
- 4 twenty-first century. The rapid growth of the elderly and
- 5 disabled populations will result in extraordinary demands on the
- 6 delivery of long-term care services.
- 7 Persons sixty years of age and older presently account for
- 8 almost one-fifth of the adult population in the State. By 2020,
- 9 they will constitute more than one-fourth of Hawaii's adult
- 10 population. Nearly one-third of this segment alone is expected
- 11 to have functional disabilities.
- 12 While the majority of persons receiving long-term care are
- 13 older adults, entire families are affected by the psychological,
- 14 financial, and social costs of providing long-term care to those
- 15 who have difficulty performing daily living activities. To
- 16 accommodate the demands of caregiving that grow as dependency
- 17 increases, caregivers reduce work hours, adjust or abandon
- 18 career and personal goals, and retire earlier than intended,



- 1 lowering their own pension and retirement benefit levels.
- 2 Caregivers are apt to be in poorer health than members of the
- 3 general population and often need care in their own advanced
- 4 years. Caregivers must be assisted by creating a network of
- 5 support services, including respite care and other support to
- 6 alleviate the daunting responsibility of providing daily care
- 7 for those who require it.
- 8 The costs of nursing home care is another problem faced by
- 9 many working families. In the case of elderly families, these
- 10 costs are sometimes twice their average annual disposable
- 11 income, threatening impoverishment upon those who are otherwise
- 12 self-sufficient. Thus, it is not surprising that approximately
- 13 eighty per cent of all nursing home residents are dependent on
- 14 medicaid, an entitlement program for persons with limited income
- 15 and assets.
- 16 Although families have expressed a preference for home- and
- 17 community-based care, these services and nursing home beds are
- 18 currently below requisite levels. The average annual cost for
- 19 nursing home care has been estimated to eventually reach in
- 20 excess of \$200,000 per person.
- 21 However, nursing home care is only one component of the
- 22 array of long-term care services that has been developed. Due



- 1 to cost factors, it is likely that home- and community-based
- 2 services will become more predominant. These services are
- 3 provided in and outside the home and are appropriate for those
- 4 who do not need to be institutionalized. In fact, an important
- 5 function of home- and community-based services is to prevent
- 6 institutionalization. Home- and community-based services
- 7 consist of a number of different modalities, some or all of
- 8 which may be used by the individual. These services include
- 9 adult day health services, case management services,
- 10 environmental modifications, homemaker services, personal care
- 11 services, personal emergency response systems, respite care
- 12 services, skilled nursing services, transportation services, and
- 13 similar services.
- 14 While home- and community-based services can provide care
- 15 that is less costly than institutional care, it is still
- 16 expensive. Although the legislature believes in a free market
- 17 economy, the private sector has not been able to develop
- 18 adequate financing mechanisms that appeal to the general
- 19 population. The insurance industry needs encouragement in
- 20 providing home- and community-based service options in their
- 21 long-term care coverage. Purchasers of such insurance also need
- 22 to be informed of home- and community-based service options as



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- 1 an alternative to nursing home care. The general public must be
- 2 effectively educated and encouraged to purchase long-term care
- 3 insurance, possibly by being offered tax incentives in the form
- 4 of deductions or credits.
- 5 One innovative approach that has not been explored involves
- 6 providing long-term care insurance to employees in Hawaii where
- 7 small businesses employ the bulk of all workers.
- 8 The purpose of this Act is to create an incentive for small
- 9 businesses to purchase long-term care insurance for their
- 10 employees by providing a tax credit for the payment of their
- 11 long-term care insurance premiums.
- 12 SECTION 2. Chapter 235, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 13 amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated
- 14 and to read as follows:
- 15 "\$235- Small business long-term care insurance premium
- 16 tax credit. (a) Each individual and corporate resident
- 17 taxpayer subject to the tax imposed by this chapter and who owns
- 18 a small business, as defined in this section, and files an
- 19 individual or corporate net income tax return for a taxable
- 20 year, regardless of adjusted gross income, may claim a small
- 21 business long-term care insurance premium credit against the
- 22 taxpayer's individual or corporate net income tax liability for



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1	tne taxab	le year in which the credit is claimed and for which
2	the incom	e tax return is being filed; provided that an
3	individua	l or corporation who has no income taxable under this
4	chapter m	ay claim this credit.
5	For	the purposes of this section:
6	"Lon	g-term care insurance" shall have the same meaning as
7	defined i	n section 431:10H-104.
8	"Sma	ll business" means a for-profit enterprise consisting
9	of fewer	than one hundred full-time or part-time employees.
10	(b)	The tax credit under this section, when claimed by:
11	(1)	Either an individual resident taxpayer or a husband
12		and wife filing a joint return that own a small
13		business; provided that a resident husband and wife
14		filing separate tax returns for a taxable year for
15		which a joint return could have been filed by them
16		shall claim only the tax credit to which they would
17		have been entitled under this section had a joint
18		return been filed; or
19	(2)	A small business that is a corporation, partnership,
20		limited liability company, or other form of business
21		entity;

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- 1 may be claimed only once in the taxable year with respect to the
- 2 small business, regardless of the number of owners under
- 3 paragraph (1) or the number of partners or corporate officers
- 4 under paragraph (2).
- 5 (c) The amount of the tax credit shall be an amount equal
- 6 to the lesser of the following amounts:
- 7 (1) \$500 for each employee; or
- 8 (2) Fifty per cent of any long-term care insurance premium
- 9 payments made for each employee;
- 10 for the taxable year in which the payments were made.
- 11 (d) All claims, including any amended claims, for tax
- 12 credits under this section shall be filed on or before the end of
- 13 the twelfth month following the close of the taxable year for
- 14 which the credit may be claimed. Failure to comply with the
- 15 foregoing provision shall constitute a waiver of the right to
- 16 claim the credit.
- 17 (e) The director of taxation shall prepare any forms that
- 18 may be necessary to claim a credit under this section. The
- 19 director may also require the taxpayer to furnish information to
- 20 ascertain the validity of the claims for credits made under this
- 21 section and may adopt rules necessary to effectuate the purposes
- 22 of this section pursuant to chapter 91."



- 1 SECTION 3. New statutory material is underscored.
- 2 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval
- 3 and shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31,
- 4 2006.

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INTRODUCED BY:

ΙΔΝ 1 9 2007

Report Title:

Long-Term Care Insurance; Tax Credit; Small Business

Description:

Grants tax credit to small businesses at the lesser of 50% of premiums or \$500 per employee for purchase of long-term care insurance for its employees. Defines small business as businesses employing less than 100 full-time or part-time workers.