A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO HIGHWAY SAFETY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1

PART I

2 SECTION 1. Numerous steps have been taken by the 3 legislature over the past 25 years to address the toll exacted from our community by those who operate a motor vehicle under 4 5 the influence of alcohol or drugs, or both. These include 6 providing increased criminal penalties, from larger fines and 7 longer license suspensions and prison terms to forfeiture of the motor vehicle involved in the crime. New criminal offenses have 8 9 been created, from causing death with a motor vehicle while 10 under the influence of alcohol or drugs to habitually driving 11 under the influence. Administrative license revocation has been 12 enacted to quickly revoke the driver's license while the courts 13 determine what penalties are appropriate. Special attention has 14 been given to repeat offenders, offenders who are highly 15 intoxicated, youthful offenders, and those who drive under the influence with a child in the vehicle. 16

17 The legislature also finds that, while gains have been made 18 in reducing both driving under the influence arrests and the HB3377 CD1 HMS 2008-4101

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1 total number of alcohol-related fatalities, today's offender is 2 more likely to have a highly elevated alcohol concentration and, as a whole, Hawaii's rate of alcohol-related fatalities remains 3 4 unacceptably high. At the same time, people whose licenses have been revoked still need to get to work, to transport their 5 6 families, and to fulfill other obligations, and there often is 7 no efficient alternative to driving. Just as there is no single 8 cause of this problem, there is no single solution, and Hawaii 9 needs another tool to address it. Hawaii needs a tool to stop 10 people from drinking, then driving, and from driving, then 11 drinking.

12 The purpose of this Act is to implement use of an ignition 13 interlock device to prevent drivers previously arrested for 14 driving under the influence from starting or operating a motor vehicle with more than a minimal alcohol concentration while 15 16 their case is pending or while their license is revoked. Rather 17 than prohibiting driving and taking custody of the motor vehicle 18 registration, number plates, or even the car itself, this Act requires installation of an ignition interlock device shortly 19 20 after arrest so that the person can drive, but is prevented from 21 drinking and driving, during the pendency of the case and the 22 revocation period thereafter. Thus, the requirement of

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installation of an ignition interlock device would replace the
 provisions to take custody of the motor vehicle registration and
 number plates and to issue conditional license permits.

4 This Act also provides for an extended period of probation 5 supervision of the driver while using the ignition interlock 6 device so that the person cannot drink and drive during that 7 period. Attempts to do so will be recorded and reported for appropriate action, including extension of the period of 8 9 required ignition interlock device use and other sanctions. 10 Most importantly, probation supervision, using test results and 11 other information generated by the device, can be an important 12 bridge to getting the driver into treatment so that, once the 13 device is removed, the driver possesses the tools to refrain 14 from drinking and driving altogether. Recognizing the need to resolve a number of outstanding issues in the transition to 15 requiring installation of ignition interlock devices, this Act 16 17 establishes a task force to study these issues and make 18 recommendations for implementation of the use of the ignition 19 interlock device, which would take effect July 1, 2010.

20 SECTION 2. Chapter 291E, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
21 amended by adding two new sections to part I to be appropriately
22 designated and to read as follows:



1	<pre>"§291E-A Ignition interlock special fund; surcharge;</pre>
2	indigents. (a) There is established in the state treasury a
3	special fund to be known as the ignition interlock special fund
4	to be administered by the director of transportation. The fund
5	shall consist of amounts collected under this section and
6	section 291E-B. Moneys in the fund shall be expended by the
7	director of transportation to fund the cost of installing and
8	operating ignition interlock devices in the vehicles of persons
9	who are required to install the device but who are indigent
10	persons, as determined under subsection (d).
11	(b) Every person who installs an ignition interlock device
12	pursuant to this chapter shall pay the ignition interlock device
13	vendor a surcharge of \$ when the device is installed.
14	The surcharge shall be remitted by the ignition interlock device
15	vendor to the director of transportation within ten days
16	following the end of the month in which the surcharge was
17	collected. The surcharges collected by the vendor pursuant to
18	this subsection shall not be subject to any tax, fee, or other
19	assessment, nor are they considered revenue of the vendor. The
20	director of transportation shall deposit the surcharge amounts
21	into the ignition interlock special fund.



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1	(c)	The cost of installing and operating ignition
2	interlock	devices required by this chapter or chapter 804 for
3	indigent	persons shall be paid by the director of transportation
4	from the	ignition interlock special fund. Whether a person is
5	an indige	nt person shall be determined pursuant to subsection
6	(d) by th	e director or the court, as appropriate.
7	(d)	For purposes of this section, "indigent person" means:
8	(1)	Any individual whose income is not greater than one
9		hundred twenty-five per cent of the official poverty
10		line established by the Secretary of Health and Human
11		Services under the Community Services Block Grant Act,
12		42 United States Code Section 9902; or
13	(2)	Any individual who is eligible for free services under
14		the Older Americans Act or Developmentally Disabled
15		Act.
16	§291	E-B Certification. (a) The director of
17	transport	ation shall establish and administer a statewide
18	program r	elating to certification and monitoring of ignition
19	interlock	devices installed pursuant to chapter 291E or 804 and
20	the vendo	rs who install and maintain them.
21	(b)	The program shall include standards and procedures for
22	the certi	fication of ignition interlock devices installed



1	pursuant	to chapter 291E or 804. At a minimum, the standards
2	shall req	uire that the devices:
3	(1)	Be certified by a nationally recognized certification
4		organization to meet or exceed all standards and
5		specifications provided as guidelines by the National
6		Highway Traffic Safety Administration. "Nationally
7		recognized certification organization" means a testing
8		laboratory or analytical chemist not affiliated with a
9		manufacturer of ignition interlock devices that is
10		qualified to test ignition interlock devices or
11		reference samples and is approved by the United States
12		Department of Transportation. The nationally
13		recognized certification organization must be able to
14		administer performance tests of an ignition interlock
15		device or a sample provided by the vendor;
16	(2)	Operate using an alcohol-specific sensor technology;
17	(3)	Employ a digital camera by which a photograph of the
18		person using the device can be incorporated into the
19		electronic record generated by each use of the device;
20	(4)	Require a rolling retest by which the driver must,
21		within a specified period of time or distance driven
22		after starting the vehicle, be retested and found to
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1		have an alcohol concentration of less than .02, with a
2		margin of error of .01; and
3	(5)	Generate a record of vehicle usage, including dates,
4		times, and distances driven.
5	(c)	The program shall include standards and procedures for
6	the certi:	fication for vendors who install and maintain ignition
7	interlock	devices pursuant to chapter 291E or 804. At a
8	minimum,	the standards shall require that vendors:
9	(1)	Install only an ignition interlock device that is
10		certified pursuant to this section;
11	(2)	Offer or contract for ignition interlock device
12		installation and maintenance statewide;
13	(3)	Train drivers who are required to install an ignition
14		interlock device, pursuant to chapter 291E or 804, in
15		how to use the device;
16	(4)	Schedule the driver for all necessary readings and
17		maintenance of the device; and
18	(5)	Provide periodic reports regarding the use of each
19		ignition interlock device installed pursuant to
20		chapter 291E or 804, including incidents of test
21		failure, attempts to circumvent the device, and dates,
22		times, and distances the vehicle was driven.
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1	(d) Each vendor who sells or installs an ignition		
2	interlock device pursuant to chapter 291E or 804 shall be		
3	certified annually by the director of transportation pursuant to		
4	this section and the rules adopted thereunder. The vendor shall		
5	pay a certification fee to the director of transportation who		
6	shall deposit the fee into the ignition interlock special fund		
7	established pursuant to section 291E-A.		
8	(e) The director of transportation shall adopt rules		
9	pursuant to chapter 91 necessary for the purposes of this		
10	section."		
11	SECTION 3. Chapter 291E, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is		
12	amended by adding a new section to part III to be appropriately		
13	designated and to read as follows:		
14	<pre>"§291E-C Ignition interlock permits; driving for</pre>		
15	employment.		
16	(a)(1)Except as provided in paragraph (2), upon proof that		
17	the respondent has installed an ignition interlock		
18	device in the respondent's vehicle, the director shall		
19	issue an ignition interlock permit that will allow the		
20	respondent to drive a vehicle equipped with an		
21	ignition interlock device during the revocation		
22	period; or		
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1	(2)	Notw	ithstanding any other law to the contrary, the
2		dire	ctor shall not issue an ignition interlock permit
3		to:	
4		(A)	A respondent whose license is expired, suspended,
5			or revoked as a result of action other than the
6			instant revocation; or
7		(B)	A respondent who holds either a category 4
8			license under section 286-102(b) or a commercial
9			driver's license under section 286-239(b) unless
10			the ignition interlock permit is restricted to a
11			category 1, 2, or 3 license under section
12			<u>286-102(b).</u>
13	(b) (1	1) The	director may issue a separate permit authorizing
14		<u>a re</u>	spondent to operate a vehicle owned by the
15		resp	ondent's employer during the period of revocation
16		with	out installation of an ignition interlock device
17		if tl	he respondent is gainfully employed in a position
18		that	requires driving and the respondent will be
19		discl	harged if prohibited from driving a vehicle not
20		equi	oped with an ignition interlock device.
21	(2)	<u>A rec</u>	quest made pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be
22		accor	mpanied by:



1	(A)	A sworn statement from the respondent containing
2		facts establishing that the respondent currently
3		is employed in a position that requires driving
4		and that the respondent will be discharged if
5		prohibited from driving a vehicle not equipped
6		with an ignition interlock device; and
7	(B)	A sworn statement from the respondent's employer
8		establishing that the employer will, in fact,
9		discharge the respondent if the respondent is
10		prohibited from driving a vehicle not equipped
11		with an ignition interlock device and identifying
12		the specific vehicle and hours of the day the
13		respondent will drive, not to exceed twelve hours
14		per day, for purposes of employment.
15	(c) A <u>r</u>	permit issued pursuant to subsection (b) shall
16	include rest	cictions allowing the respondent to drive:
17	<u>(1)</u> Onl	ly during specified hours of employment, not to
18	exc	ceed twelve hours per day, and only for activities
19	sol	lely within the scope of the employment;
20	(2) On]	ly the vehicle specified; and
21	<u>(3)</u> Onl	ly if the permit is kept in the respondent's
22	pos	ssession while operating the employer's vehicle.



1	In addition, the director may impose other appropriate
2	restrictions."
3	SECTION 4. Section 291E-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4	amended by adding a new definition to be appropriately inserted
5	and to read as follows:
6	"Ignition interlock device" means a device certified by
7	the director of transportation and approved for use pursuant to
8	section 291E-B and rules adopted thereunder that, when affixed
9	to the ignition system of a motor vehicle, prevents the vehicle
10	from being started without first testing, and thereafter from
11	being operated without periodically retesting, a deep-lung
12	breath sample of the person required to use the device that
13	indicates the person's alcohol concentration is less than .02."
14	SECTION 5. Section 291E-34, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
15	amended by amending subsection (h) to read as follows:
16	"(h) The notice shall state that, if the administrative
17	revocation is sustained at the hearing, a written decision shall
18	be mailed to the respondent, or to the parent or guardian of the
19	respondent if the respondent is under the age of eighteen, that
20	shall contain, at a minimum, the following information:
21	(1) The effective date of the administrative revocation;
22	(2) The duration of the administrative revocation;



1	[(3) If applicable, the date by which any outstanding motor
2	vehicle number plates issued to the respondent must be
3	surrendered to the director;
4	(4) If applicable, that failure to surrender any motor
5	vehicle number plates as required is a misdemeanor;
6	(5)] (3) Other conditions that may be imposed by law[$+$],
7	including the use of an ignition interlock device; and
8	[(6)] <u>(4)</u> The right to obtain judicial review."
9	SECTION 6. Section 291E-41, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	amended to read as follows:
11	"§291E-41 Effective date, conditions, and period of
12	administrative revocation; criteria. (a) Unless an
13	administrative revocation is reversed or the temporary permit[$_ au$
14	and temporary motor vehicle registration and temporary number
15	plates if applicable, are] is extended by the director,
16	administrative revocation shall become effective on the day
17	specified in the notice of administrative revocation. Except as
18	provided in section 291E-44, no license and privilege to operate
19	a vehicle[, nor motor vehicle registration and number plates if
20	applicable,] shall be restored under any circumstances[, and no
21	conditional license permit shall be issued] during the
22	administrative revocation period. Upon completion of the
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1	administrative revocation period, the respondent may reapply and				
2	be reissued a license pursuant to section 291E-45.				
3	(b)	Except as provided in paragraph (6) and in section			
4	291E-44,	the respondent shall keep an ignition interlock device			
5	installed	and operating on any vehicle the respondent operates			
6	during th	e revocation period. Except as provided in section			
7	291E-A, i	nstallation and maintenance of the ignition interlock			
8	device sh	all be at the respondent's own expense. The periods of			
9	administr	ative revocation with respect to a license and			
10	privilege	to operate a vehicle[, and motor vehicle registration			
11	if applic	able,] that shall be imposed under this part are as			
12	follows:				
13	(1)	A minimum of three months up to a maximum of one year			
14		revocation of license and privilege to operate a			
15		vehicle, if the respondent's record shows no prior			
16		alcohol enforcement contact or drug enforcement			
17		contact during the five years preceding the date the			
18		notice of administrative revocation was issued;			
19	(2)	For a respondent who is a highly intoxicated driver,			
20		if the respondent's record shows no prior alcohol			
21		enforcement contact or drug enforcement contact during			
22		the five years preceding the date the notice of			



1		administrative revocation was issued, a minimum of six
2		months up to a maximum of one year revocation of
3		license and privilege to operate a vehicle [and of the
4		registration of any motor vehicle registered to the
5		highly intoxicated driver; provided that the highly
6		intoxicated driver shall not qualify for a conditional
7		license permit under section 291E-44];
8	(3)	A minimum of one year up to a maximum of two years
9		revocation of license and privilege to operate a
10		vehicle [and of the registration of any motor vehicle
11		registered to the respondent], if the respondent's
12		record shows one prior alcohol enforcement contact or
13		drug enforcement contact during the five years
14		preceding the date the notice of administrative
15		revocation was issued;
16	(4)	A minimum of two years up to a maximum of four years
17		revocation of license and privilege to operate a
18		vehicle [and of the registration of any motor vehicle
19		registered to the respondent], if the respondent's
20		record shows two prior alcohol enforcement contacts or
21		drug enforcement contacts during the [seven] <u>five</u>

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1		years preceding the date the notice of administrative
2		revocation was issued;
3	(5)	[Lifetime] A minimum of five years up to a maximum of
4		ten years revocation of license and privilege to
5		operate a vehicle [and of the registration of any
6		motor vehicle registered to the respondent and a
7		lifetime prohibition on any subsequent registration of
8		motor vehicles by the respondent], if the respondent's
9		record shows three or more prior alcohol enforcement
10		contacts or drug enforcement contacts during the [ten]
11		five years preceding the date the notice of
12		administrative revocation was issued; or
13	(6)	For respondents under the age of eighteen years who
14		were arrested for a violation of section 291E-61 or
15		291E-61.5, revocation of license and privilege to
16		operate a vehicle [either for the period remaining
17		until the respondent's eighteenth birthday or, if
18		applicable,] for the appropriate revocation period
19		provided in paragraphs (1) to (5) or in subsection
20		[(d), whichever is longer and such respondents shall
21		not qualify for a conditional permit;] (c); provided
22		that the respondent shall be prohibited from driving





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1	during the period preceding the respondent's
2	eighteenth birthday and shall thereafter be subject to
3	the ignition interlock requirement of this subsection
4	for the balance of the revocation period;
5	provided that when more than one administrative revocation,
6	suspension, or conviction arises out of the same arrest, it
7	shall be counted as only one prior alcohol enforcement contact
8	or drug enforcement contact, whichever revocation, suspension,
9	or conviction occurs later.
10	[(c) Whenever a motor vehicle registration is revoked
11	under this part, the director shall cause the revocation to be
12	entered electronically into the motor vehicle registration file
13	of the respondent.
14	(d)] <u>(c)</u> If a respondent has refused to be tested after
15	being informed:
16	(1) That the person may refuse to submit to testing in
17	compliance with section 291E-11; and
18	(2) Of the sanctions of this part and then asked if the
19	person still refuses to submit to a breath, blood, or
20	urine test, in compliance with the requirements of
21	section 291E-15,

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1	the revocation imposed under subsection (b)(1), (3), (4), and
2	(5) shall be for a period of one year, two years, four years,
3	and [a lifetime,] ten years, respectively.
4	[(e) In addition to subsection (d), any motor vehicle
5	registration of a respondent who is a repeat intoxicated driver
6	and who refused to be tested after being informed:
7	(1) That the person may refuse to submit to testing in
8	compliance with section 291E-11; and
9	(2) Of the sanctions of this part and then asked if the
10	person still refuses to submit to a breath, blood, or
11	urine test, in compliance with the requirements of
12	section 291E-15,
13	shall be revoked for the periods specified in subsection (d),
14	and the respondent shall be prohibited from subsequently
15	registering any motor vehicle for the applicable revocation
16	period.
17	$\frac{(f)}{(d)}$ Whenever a license and privilege to operate a
18	vehicle is administratively revoked under this part, the
19	respondent shall be referred to the driver's education program
20	for an assessment, by a certified substance abuse counselor, of
21	the respondent's substance abuse or dependence and the need for
22	treatment. The counselor shall submit a report with



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recommendations to the director. If the counselor's assessment establishes that the extent of the respondent's substance abuse or dependence warrants treatment, the director shall so order. All costs for assessment and treatment shall be paid by the respondent.

6 [(g)] (e) Alcohol and drug enforcement contacts that
7 occurred prior to January 1, 2002, shall be counted in
8 determining the administrative revocation period.

9 [(h)] (f) The requirement to provide proof of financial 10 responsibility pursuant to section 287-20 shall not be based 11 upon a revocation under subsection (b)(1)."

SECTION 7. Section 291E-44, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended by amending the title and subsection (a) to read as follows:

15 "§291E-44 Conditional license and ignition interlock
16 permits.

(a) (1) During the administrative hearing, the director,
at the request of a respondent who is subject to
administrative revocation for a period as provided in
section 291E-41(b)(1), may issue <u>either</u> a conditional
license permit [that will] pursuant to this section or
an ignition interlock permit pursuant to section 291E-



1		<u>C.</u>	If the director issues a conditional license
2		perm	it pursuant to this section, the permit shall
3		allow	w the respondent, after a minimum period of
4		absol	lute license revocation of thirty days, to drive
5		for t	the remainder of the revocation period; provided
6		that	one or more of the following conditions are met:
7		(A)	The respondent is gainfully employed in a
8			position that requires driving and will be
9			discharged if the respondent's driving privileges
10			are administratively revoked; or
11		(B)	The respondent has no access to alternative
12			transportation and therefore must drive to work
13			or to a substance abuse treatment facility or
14			counselor for treatment ordered by the director
15			under section 291E-41; or
16	(2)	Notw	ithstanding any other law to the contrary, the
17		dired	ctor shall not issue a conditional license permit
18		to:	
19		(A)	A respondent whose license, during the
20			conditional license permit period, is expired,
21			suspended, or revoked as a result of action other
22			than the instant revocation for which the
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1		respondent is requesting a conditional license
2		permit under this section;
3	(B)	A respondent who has refused breath, blood, or
4		urine tests for purposes of determining alcohol
5		concentration or drug content of the person's
6		breath, blood, or urine, as applicable;
7	(C)	A respondent who is a highly intoxicated driver;
8		and
9	(D)	A respondent who holds either a category 4
10		license under section 286-102(b) or a commercial
11		driver's license under section 286-239(b) unless
12		the conditional license permit is restricted to a
13		category 1, 2, or 3 license under section
14		286-102(b)."
15	SECTION 8	. Section 291E-61, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
16	amended to rea	d as follows:

17 "§291E-61 Operating a vehicle under the influence of an
18 intoxicant. (a) A person commits the offense of operating a
19 vehicle under the influence of an intoxicant if the person
20 operates or assumes actual physical control of a vehicle:

21 (1) While under the influence of alcohol in an amount22 sufficient to impair the person's normal mental



1		faculties or ability to care for the person and guard
2		against casualty;
3	(2)	While under the influence of any drug that impairs the
4		person's ability to operate the vehicle in a careful
5		and prudent manner;
6	(3)	With .08 or more grams of alcohol per two hundred ten
7		liters of breath; or
8	(4)	With .08 or more grams of alcohol per one hundred
9		milliliters or cubic centimeters of blood.
10	(b)	A person committing the offense of operating a vehicle
11	under the	influence of an intoxicant shall be sentenced as
12	follows [4	without possibility of probation or suspension of
13	sentence]	:
14	(1)	Except as provided in [[paragraph]] paragraphs (2)[$_{\tau}$]
15		and (5), for the first offense, or any offense not
16		preceded within a five-year period by a conviction for
17		an offense under this section or section 291E-4(a)[\div],
18		and notwithstanding section 706-623, by probation for
19		not less than one year nor more than two years on the
20		following conditions:
21		(A) A fourteen-hour minimum substance abuse



1	co	unseling, or other comparable program deemed
2	ap	propriate by the court;
3	(B) <u>(i</u>) Ninety-day prompt suspension of license and
4		privilege to operate a vehicle during the
5		suspension period, or the court may impose,
6		in lieu of the ninety-day prompt suspension
7		of license, a minimum thirty-day prompt
8		suspension of license with absolute
9		prohibition from operating a vehicle and,
10		for the remainder of the ninety-day period,
11		a restriction on the license that allows the
12		person to drive for limited work-related
13		purposes and to participate in substance
14		abuse treatment programs; <u>or</u>
15	<u>(ii</u>) One-year revocation of license and privilege
16		to operate a vehicle during the revocation
17		period and installation during the
18		revocation period of an ignition interlock
19		device on any vehicle operated by the
20		person;
21	(C) An	y one or more of the following:
22	(i) Seventy-two hours of community service work;





1		(ii) No	t less than forty-eight hours and not more
2		th	an five days of imprisonment; or
3		(iii) A	fine of not less than \$150 but not more
4		th	an \$1,000; and
5		(D) A surch	arge of \$25 to be deposited into the
6		neurotr	auma special fund;
7	(2)	For a first	offense committed by a highly intoxicated
8		driver, or f	or any offense committed by a highly
9		intoxicated	driver not preceded within a five-year
10		period by a	conviction for an offense under this
11		section or s	ection 291E-4(a)[+], and notwithstanding
12		section 706-	623, by probation for not less than two
13		years nor mo	re than four years on the following
14		conditions:	
15		(A) A fourt	een-hour minimum substance abuse
16		rehabil	itation program, including education and
17		counsel	ing, or other comparable program deemed
18		appropr	iate by the court;
19		(B) [Prompt	suspension of a license and privilege to
20		operate	a vehicle for a period of six months with
21		an abs e	lute prohibition from operating a vehicle
22		during	the suspension period;] A two-year



1		revocation of license and privilege to operate a
2		vehicle during the revocation period and
3		installation during the revocation period of an
4		ignition interlock device on any vehicle operated
5		by the person;
6		(C) Any one or more of the following:
7		(i) Seventy-two hours of community service work;
8		(ii) Not less than forty-eight hours and not more
9		than five days of imprisonment; or
10		(iii) A fine of not less than \$150 but not more
11		than \$1,000; and
12		(D) A surcharge of \$25 to be deposited into the
13		neurotrauma special fund;
14	(3)	For an offense that occurs within five years of a
15		prior conviction for an offense under this section or
16		section 291E-4(a) $[by:]$, and notwithstanding section
17		706-623, by probation for not less than two years nor
18		more than four years on the following conditions:
19		(A) [Prompt suspension of license and privilege to
20		operate a vehicle for a period of one year with
21		an absolute prohibition from operating a vehicle
22		during the suspension period;] A two-year
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1		revocation of license and privilege to operate a
2		vehicle during the revocation period and
3		installation during the revocation period of an
4		ignition interlock device on any vehicle operated
5		by the person;
6		(B) Either one of the following:
7		(i) Not less than two hundred forty hours of
8		community service work; or
9		(ii) Not less than five days but not more than
10		fourteen days of imprisonment of which at
11		least forty-eight hours shall be served
12		consecutively;
13		(C) A fine of not less than \$500 but not more than
14		\$1,500; and
15		(D) A surcharge of \$25 to be deposited into the
16		neurotrauma special fund;
17	(4)	For an offense that occurs within five years of two
18		prior convictions for offenses under this section or
19		section 291E-4(a) $[\div]$, and notwithstanding section
20		706-623, by probation for not less than three years
21		nor more than five years on the following conditions:





1		(A)	A fine of not less than \$500 but not more than
2			\$2,500;
3		(B)	[Revocation of license and privilege to operate a
4			vehicle for a period not less than one year but
5			not more than five years;] Three-year revocation
6			of license and privilege to operate a vehicle
7			during the revocation period and installation
8			during the revocation period of an ignition
9			interlock device on any vehicle operated by the
10			person;
11		(C)	Not less than ten days but not more than thirty
12			days imprisonment of which at least forty-eight
13			hours shall be served consecutively;
14		(D)	A surcharge of \$25 to be deposited into the
15			neurotrauma special fund; and
16		[(E)	Forfeiture under chapter 712A of the vehicle
17			owned and operated by the person committing the
18			offense; provided that the department of
19			transportation shall provide storage for vehicles
20			forfeited under this subsection; and]
21	(5)	[Any]	In addition to a sentence imposed under
22		parag	graphs (1) through (4), any person eighteen years



1		of age or older who is convicted under this section
2		and who operated a vehicle with a passenger, in or on
3		the vehicle, who was younger than fifteen years of
4		age, shall be sentenced to an additional mandatory
5		fine of \$500 and an additional mandatory term of
6		imprisonment of forty-eight hours; provided that the
7		total term of imprisonment for a person convicted
8		under this paragraph shall not exceed the maximum term
9		of imprisonment provided in paragraph (1), (3), or
10		(4). Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the probation
11		period for a person sentenced under this paragraph
12		shall be not less than two years.
13	(c)	Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the
14	court sha	ll not issue an ignition interlock permit to:
15	(1)	A defendant whose license is expired, suspended, or
16		revoked as a result of action other than the instant
17		offense; or
18	(2)	A defendant who holds either a category 4 license
19		under section 286-102(b) or a commercial driver's
20		license under section 286-239(b).
21	(d)	The court may issue a separate permit authorizing a
22	defendant	to operate a vehicle owned by the defendant's employer



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1	during th	e period of revocation without installation of an	
2	ignition interlock device if the defendant is gainfully employed		
3	in a posi	tion that requires driving and the defendant will be	
4	discharge	d if prohibited from driving a vehicle not equipped	
5	with an i	gnition interlock device.	
6	<u>(e)</u>	A request made pursuant to subsection (d) shall be	
7	accompani	ed by:	
8	(1)	A sworn statement from the defendant containing facts	
9		establishing that the defendant currently is employed	
10		in a position that requires driving and that the	
11		defendant will be discharged if prohibited from	
12		driving a vehicle not equipped with an ignition	
13		interlock device; and	
14	(2)	A sworn statement from the defendant's employer	
15		establishing that the employer will, in fact,	
16		discharge the defendant if the defendant is prohibited	
17		from driving a vehicle not equipped with an ignition	
18		interlock device and identifying the specific vehicle	
19		and hours of the day, not to exceed twelve hours per	
20		day, the defendant will drive for purposes of	
21		employment.	



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1	(f)	A permit issued pursuant to subsection (d) shall
2	include re	estrictions allowing the defendant to drive:
3	(1)	Only during specified hours of employment, not to
4		exceed twelve hours per day, and only for activities
5		solely within the scope of the employment;
6	(2)	Only the vehicle specified; and
7	(3)	Only if the permit is kept in the defendant's
8		possession while operating the employer's vehicle.
9	[(c)]] (g) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary,
10	any:	
11	(1)	Conviction under this section, section 291E-4(a), or
12		section 291E-61.5;
13	(2)	Conviction in any other state or federal jurisdiction
14		for an offense that is comparable to operating or
15		being in physical control of a vehicle while having
16		either an unlawful alcohol concentration or an
17		unlawful drug content in the blood or urine or while
18		under the influence of an intoxicant or habitually
19		operating a vehicle under the influence of an
20		intoxicant; or
21	(3)	Adjudication of a minor for a law violation that, if

committed by an adult, would constitute a violation of



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1 this section or an offense under section 291E-4(a), or 2 section 291E-61.5;

shall be considered a prior conviction for the purposes of 3 imposing sentence under this section. Any judgment on a verdict 4 or a finding of guilty, a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, or 5 6 an adjudication, in the case of a minor, that at the time of the 7 offense has not been expunged by pardon, reversed, or set aside shall be deemed a prior conviction under this section. 8 No 9 license and privilege suspension or revocation shall be imposed 10 pursuant to this section if the person's license and privilege 11 to operate a vehicle has previously been administratively 12 revoked pursuant to part III for the same act; provided that, if 13 the administrative suspension or revocation is subsequently 14 reversed, the person's license and privilege to operate a 15 vehicle shall be suspended or revoked as provided in this 16 section.

17 [-(d)-] (h) Whenever a court sentences a person pursuant to
18 subsection (b), it also shall require that the offender be
19 referred to the driver's education program for an assessment, by
20 a certified substance abuse counselor, of the offender's
21 substance abuse or dependence and the need for appropriate
22 treatment. The counselor shall submit a report with



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recommendations to the court. The court shall require the
 offender to obtain appropriate treatment if the counselor's
 assessment establishes the offender's substance abuse or
 dependence. All costs for assessment and treatment shall be
 borne by the offender.

6 (i) Upon proof that the defendant has installed an 7 ignition interlock device in the defendant's vehicle pursuant to 8 subsection (b), the court shall issue an ignition interlock 9 permit that will allow the defendant to drive a vehicle equipped 10 with an ignition interlock device during the revocation period. [(e)] (j) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, 11 12 whenever a court revokes a person's driver's license pursuant to 13 this section, the examiner of drivers shall not grant to the 14 person a new driver's license until the expiration of the period 15 of revocation determined by the court. After the period of 16 revocation is completed, the person may apply for and the 17 examiner of drivers may grant to the person a new driver's 18 license.

19 [(f)] (k) Any person sentenced under this section may be
20 ordered to reimburse the county for the cost of any blood or
21 urine tests conducted pursuant to section 291E-11. The court
22 shall order the person to make restitution in a lump sum, or in



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1	a series of prorated installments, to the police department or
2	other agency incurring the expense of the blood or urine test.
3	Except as provided in section 291E-A, installation and
4	maintenance of the ignition interlock device required by
5	subsection (b) shall be at the defendant's own expense.
6	[(g)] <u>(l)</u> The requirement to provide proof of financial
7	responsibility pursuant to section 287-20 shall not be based
8	upon a sentence imposed under subsection (b)(1).
9	$\left[\frac{h}{h}\right]$ (m) As used in this section, the term "examiner of
10	drivers" has the same meaning as provided in section 286-2."
11	SECTION 9. Section 291E-62, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
12	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
13	"(a) No person whose license and privilege to operate a
14	vehicle have been revoked, suspended, or otherwise restricted
15	pursuant to this section or to part III or section 291E-61 or
16	291E-61.5, or to part VII or part XIV of chapter 286 or section
17	200-81, 291-4, 291-4.4, 291-4.5, or 291-7 as those provisions
18	were in effect on December 31, 2001, shall operate or assume
19	actual physical control of any vehicle:
20	(1) In violation of any restrictions placed on the
21	person's license; [or]



1	(2)	While the person's license or privilege to operate a
2		vehicle remains suspended or revoked $[-]_{j}$
3	(3)	Without installing an ignition interlock device
4		required by this chapter; or
5	(4)	After disabling or circumventing an ignition interlock
6		device required by this chapter."
7	SECTION 10. Section 804-7.1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is	
8	amended to read as follows:	
9	"§80	4-7.1 Conditions of release on bail, recognizance, or
10	supervise	d release. <u>(a)</u> Upon a showing that there exists a
11	danger th	at the defendant will commit a serious crime or will
12	seek to i	ntimidate witnesses, or will otherwise unlawfully
13	interfere	with the orderly administration of justice, the
14	judicial	officer named in section 804-5 may deny the defendant's
15	release c	n bail, recognizance, or supervised release.
16	(b)	Upon the defendant's release on bail, recognizance, or
17	supervise	d release, however, the court may enter an order:
18	(1)	Prohibiting the defendant from approaching or
19		communicating with particular persons or classes of
20		persons, except that no such order should be deemed to
21		prohibit any lawful and ethical activity of
22		defendant's counsel;
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1	(2)	Prohibiting the defendant from going to certain
2		described geographical areas or premises;
3	(3)	Prohibiting the defendant from possessing any
4		dangerous weapon, engaging in certain described
5		activities, or indulging in intoxicating liquors
6		[+]or[+] certain drugs;
7	(4)	Requiring the defendant to report regularly to and
8		remain under the supervision of an officer of the
9		court;
10	(5)	Requiring the defendant to maintain employment, or, if
11		unemployed, to actively seek employment, or attend an
12		educational or vocational institution;
13	(6)	Requiring the defendant to comply with a specified
14		curfew;
15	(7)	Requiring the defendant to seek and maintain mental
16		health treatment or testing, including treatment for
17		drug or alcohol dependency, or to remain in a
18		specified institution for that purpose;
19	(8)	Requiring the defendant to remain in the jurisdiction
20		of the judicial circuit in which the charges are
21		pending unless approval is obtained from a court of



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1	competent jurisdiction to leave the jurisdiction of		
2	the court;		
3	(9) Requiring the defendant to satisfy any other condition		
4	reasonably necessary to assure the appearance of the		
5	person as required and to assure the safety of any		
6	other person or community; or		
7	(10) Imposing any combination of conditions listed above.		
8	The judicial officer may revoke a defendant's bail upon		
9	proof that the defendant has breached any of the conditions		
10	imposed.		
11	(c) In addition to the conditions in subsection (b) and		
12	except as provided in subsection (d), when the defendant is		
13	charged with an offense under section 291E-61, except an offense		
14	for which the defendant would be sentenced pursuant to section		
15	291E-61(b)(1), the court shall order as a condition of release		
16	on bail, recognizance, or supervised release that, within		
17	fifteen days, the defendant install an ignition interlock		
18	device, as defined in section 291E-1, on any vehicle that the		
19	defendant will operate during the defendant's release on bail,		
20	recognizance, or supervised release. Upon proof that the		
21	defendant has installed an ignition interlock device in the		
22	defendant's vehicle, the court shall issue an ignition interloch		

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1	permit that	at will allow the defendant to drive a vehicle equipped
2	with an i	gnition interlock device during the period of the
3	defendant	's release on bail, recognizance, or supervised
4	release.	
5	(d)	Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the
6	court sha	ll not issue an ignition interlock permit to:
7	(1)	A defendant whose license is expired, suspended, or
8		revoked as a result of action other than the instant
9		offense; or
10	(2)	A defendant who holds either a category 4 license
11		under section 286-102(b) or a commercial driver's
12		license under section 286-239(b).
13	(e)	The court may issue a separate permit authorizing a
14	defendant	to operate a vehicle owned by the defendant's employer
15	while rel	eased or bail as provided in section 291E-61.
16	(f)	Except as provided in section 291E-A, installation and
17	maintenan	ce of the ignition interlock device required by
18	subsection	n (c) shall be at the defendant's own expense."
19	SECT	ION 11. Section 853-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
20	amended to	o read as follows:
21	"§85	3-4 Chapter not applicable; when. This chapter shall
22	not apply	when:



1	(1)	The offense charged involves the intentional, knowing,
2		reckless, or negligent killing of another person;
3	(2)	The offense charged is:
4		(A) A felony that involves the intentional, knowing,
5		or reckless bodily injury, substantial bodily
6		injury, or serious bodily injury of another
7		person; or
8		(B) A misdemeanor or petty misdemeanor that carries a.
9		mandatory minimum sentence and that involves the
10		intentional, knowing, or reckless bodily injury,
11		substantial bodily injury, or serious bodily
12		injury of another person;
13	(3)	The offense charged involves a conspiracy or
14		solicitation to intentionally, knowingly, or
15		recklessly kill another person or to cause serious
16		bodily injury to another person;
17	(4)	The offense charged is a class A felony;
18	(5)	The offense charged is nonprobationable;
19	(6)	The defendant has been convicted of any offense
20		defined as a felony by the Hawaii Penal Code or has
21		been convicted for any conduct that if perpetrated in
22		this State would be punishable as a felony;
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1	(7)	The defendant is found to be a law violator or
2		delinquent child for the commission of any offense
3		defined as a felony by the Hawaii Penal Code or for
4		any conduct that if perpetrated in this State would
5		constitute a felony;
6	(8)	The defendant has a prior conviction for a felony
7		committed in any state, federal, or foreign
8		jurisdiction;
9	(9)	A firearm was used in the commission of the offense
10		charged;
11	(10)	The defendant is charged with the distribution of a
12		dangerous, harmful, or detrimental drug to a minor;
13	(11)	The defendant has been charged with a felony offense
14		and has been previously granted deferred acceptance of
15		guilty plea status for a prior offense, regardless of
16		whether the period of deferral has already expired;
17	(12)	The defendant has been charged with a misdemeanor
18		offense and has been previously granted deferred
19		acceptance of guilty plea status for a prior felony,
20		misdemeanor, or petty misdemeanor for which the period
21		of deferral has not yet expired;

22 (13) The offense charged is:

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1	((A)	Escape in the first degree;
2	((B)	Escape in the second degree;
3	((C)	Promoting prison contraband in the first degree;
4	((D)	Promoting prison contraband in the second degree;
5	((E)	Bail jumping in the first degree;
6	((F)	Bail jumping in the second degree;
7	((G)	Bribery;
8	((H)	Bribery of a witness;
9	((I)	Intimidating a witness;
10	((J)	Bribery of or by a juror;
11	((K)	Intimidating a juror;
12	((L)	Jury tampering;
13	((M)	Promoting prostitution in the first degree;
14	((N)	Promoting prostitution in the second degree;
15	((0)	Promoting prostitution in the third degree;
16	((P)	Abuse of family or household members;
17	((Q)	Sexual assault in the second degree;
18	((R)	Sexual assault in the third degree;
19	((S)	A violation of an order issued pursuant to
20			chapter 586;
21	((T)	Promoting child abuse in the second degree;
22	((U)	Promoting child abuse in the third degree;
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1		(V)	Electronic enticement of a child in the first
2			degree; [or]
3		(W)	Electronic enticement of a child in the second
4			degree; <u>or</u>
5		<u>(X)</u>	An offense under part IV, chapter 291E;
6	(14)	The	defendant has been charged with:
7		(A)	Knowingly or intentionally falsifying any report
8			required under chapter 11, subpart B of part XII,
9			with the intent to circumvent the law or deceive
10			the campaign spending commission; or
11		(B)	Violating section 11-201 or 11-202; or
12	(15)	The	defendant holds a commercial driver's license and
13		has	been charged with violating a traffic control law,
14		othe	r than a parking law, in connection with the
15		oper	ation of any type of motor vehicle.
16	The o	court	may adopt by rule other criteria in this area."
17	SECT	ION 1	2. (a) There is established the Hawaii ignition
18	interlock	impl	ementation task force. The task force shall be
19	comprised	of t	he following:
20	(1)	Two	members of the senate, appointed by the president
21		of t	he senate;

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1	(2)	Two members of the house of representatives, appointed
2		by the speaker of the house of representatives;
3	(3)	Two members appointed by the chief justice of the
4		Hawaii supreme court; provided that one member shall
5		be a district court judge and one shall be a
6		representative of the administrative driver's license
7		revocation office;
8	(4)	The director of transportation;
9	(5)	The director of health;
10	(6)	The attorney general;
11	(7)	The state public defender;
12	(8)	The chiefs of police of the counties of Hawaii, Kauai,
13		and Maui and the city and county of Honolulu;
14	(9)	The prosecuting attorneys of the counties of Hawaii,
15		Kauai, and Maui and the city and county of Honolulu;
16	(10)	The examiners of drivers of the counties of Hawaii,
17		Kauai, and Maui and the city and county of Honolulu;
18	(11)	The executive director and a member of the Council of
19		Mothers Against Drunk Driving, Hawaii Chapter;
20	(12)	A representative, to be appointed by the governor, of
21		an ignition interlock device vendor operating in at
22		least one other state that sells and installs an
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1		ignition interlock device that meets or exceeds any
2		applicable standards of the National Highway Traffic
3		Safety Administration; and
4	(13)	A member of the Hawaii Association of Criminal Defense
5		Lawyers, appointed by its president.
6	(b)	The members of the task force shall select the
7	chairpers	on of the task force and shall be reimbursed for
8	reasonabl	e expenses, including travel expenses, necessary for
9	the perfo	rmance of their duties. Members of the task force may
10	designate	a representative for the purpose of attendance at task
11	force mee	tings.
12	(c)	The task force shall:
13	(1)	Meet as necessary to plan for the implementation of
14		this Act, including the preparation of reports and
15		proposed legislation;
16	(2)	Address the following issues:
17		(A) Whether an alternative to the ignition interlock
18		device requirement of this Act should be offered
19		to those offenders who drive a vehicle, such as a
20		motorcycle, for which the device might not be
21		available, or who claim not to have a car or not
22		to wish to drive, including use of a secure
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1		continuous remote alcohol monitor, or whether a
2		person should be required to pay the same fees as
3		a person who has the device installed, as a means
4		of reducing the incentive to drive a vehicle
5		without an ignition interlock device;
6 (1	B)	Whether additional or different criteria for
7		determining indigency are appropriate;
8 (0	C)	Whether drivers under the age of eighteen should
9		be subject to the ignition interlock device
10		requirement of this Act;
11 (I	D)	Whether and how a new license with a photograph,
12		instead of an ignition interlock permit issued by
13		the court or the director of the administrative
14		driver's license revocation office, should be
15		issued and whether it should contain a statement,
16		appearing similar to that required by section
17		286-109(a)(3), Hawaii Revised Statutes, that the
18		person is permitted to drive only a vehicle
19		equipped with an ignition interlock device;
20 (1	E)	Whether provision should be made for an
21		"emergency override" so that the driver can start
22		and operate the vehicle with, for example, an



1		alcohol concentration of .04 because of a medical
2		emergency or a mechanical failure and, if so, how
3		an override should be documented, including, for
4		example, with a 911 telephone call or a police
5		report;
6	(F)	What agency is best suited to receive reports
7		generated by the vendor from the ignition
8		interlock device, to monitor use of the device by
9		individual drivers, and what resources will be
10		required to make that monitoring effective;
11	(G)	How the data produced by an ignition interlock
12		device, including information on drinking and
13		driving patterns, can best be used to facilitate
14		effective alcohol treatment for the person so
15		that the person is less likely to resume drinking
16		and driving once the ignition interlock device is
17		removed;
18	(H)	Whether drivers sentenced to probation should be
19		assessed a probation fee to help fund additional
20		personnel necessary to monitor the use of the
21		ignition interlock device;



1	(I)	Whether drivers should be allowed to terminate
2		probation early if they have complied with all
3		ignition interlock device requirements for a
4		specified period of time, number of vehicle
5		starts, or number of miles driven;
6	(J)	What sanctions should be imposed for failing the
7		ignition interlock device test, including, for
8		example, revocation of probation or extension of
9		the probation period and the period of required
10		ignition interlock device use;
11	(K)	What sanctions should be imposed for failing to
12		install an ignition interlock device as a
13		condition of bail, including, for example,
14		surrender of motor vehicle license plates or
15		revocation of and commitment without bail;
16	(L)	Whether additional legislation or other action is
17		necessary to ensure that the periods during, and
18		conditions under, which use of an ignition
19		interlock device is ordered pursuant to chapters
20		291E and 804, Hawaii Revised Statutes, are
21		consistent with each other and with this Act;



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1	(M)	Whether the exemption from the financial
2		responsibility requirement afforded by sections
3		291E-41 and 291E-61, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4		still desirable or necessary;
5	(N)	Under what circumstances, including the number of
6		test failures and the relative elevation of blood
7		concentrations, the driver should face revocation
8		of probation and what sanctions are appropriate,
9		including resentencing to an additional period of
10		ignition interlock device use;
11	(0)	Whether judicial supervision of ignition
12		interlock device use, and of driving under the
13		influence offenders generally, should take place
14		in the context of a "DUI Court" modeled along the
15		lines of drug court programs now in successful
16		use;
17	(P)	Whether the State should, through a request for
18		proposals or similar approach, select a single
19		vendor to provide uniform, statewide ignition
20		interlock program services with fees set by the
21		State or whether multiple vendors should be

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1			encouraged to enter and compete in the
2			marketplace;
3		(Q)	Whether use of an ignition interlock device and
4			issuance of an ignition interlock permit or
5			license should be made retroactive such that,
6			when the ignition interlock device requirements
7			of this Act take effect, persons whose licenses
8			have been suspended or revoked, pursuant to
9			chapter 291E, Hawaii Revised Statutes, prior to
10			this Act's effective date may apply to use the
11			device and receive an ignition interlock permit
12			or license;
13		(R)	Whether conforming statutory amendments are
14			necessary to make this Act and existing law
15			consistent with each other; and
16		(S)	Any other issues pertinent to the implementation
17			of this Act;
18	(3)	Iden	tify the resources necessary for the State to
19		impl	ement and maximize benefits from use of the
20		igni	tion interlock device;

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Identify all sources of funding, including federal 1 (4)2 grants and legislative appropriations, available to 3 implement use of the ignition interlock device; and Draft additional proposed legislation necessary to 4 (5) 5 implement use of the ignition interlock device. (d) The department of transportation shall provide the 6 7 administrative, technical, and clerical support services 8 necessary to assist the task force in achieving its purpose as 9 required under this Act. The task force shall submit a report of its initial 10 (e) findings and recommendations for implementation of the use of 11 12 the ignition interlock device, including any proposed legislation, no later than twenty days prior to the convening of 13 14 the regular session of 2009. 15 (f)The task force shall submit a final plan for implementation of the use of the ignition interlock device, 16 17 including any proposed legislation, no later than twenty days prior to the convening of the regular session of 2010. 18 19 (q) The Hawaii ignition interlock implementation task

20 force shall cease to exist after June 30, 2010.

21 SECTION 13. There is appropriated out of the driver
22 education and training special fund the sum of \$50,000 or so



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1 much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2008-2009 to be 2 deposited into the state highway fund for the purpose of 3 supporting the work of the ignition interlock implementation 4 task force. 5 SECTION 14. There is appropriated out of the state highway 6 fund the sum of \$50,000 or so much thereof as may be necessary

7 for fiscal year 2008-2009 for the purpose of supporting the work8 of the ignition interlock implementation task force.

9 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the department of10 transportation for the purposes of this Act.

11

PART II.

SECTION 15. Section 287-20, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:

14 "(a) Whenever a driver's license has been suspended or 15 revoked:

16 (1) Pursuant to section 291E-65 or part III of chapter
17 291E, except as provided in section 291E-41(f);

18 (2) Upon a conviction of any offense pursuant to law; or
19 (3) In the case of minors, pursuant to part V of chapter
20 571,

21 the license shall not at any time thereafter be issued to the 22 person whose license has been suspended or revoked, nor shall



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1	the person thereafter operate a motor vehicle, unless and until
2	the person has furnished and thereafter maintains proof of
3	financial responsibility; provided that this section shall not
4	apply to a license suspended pursuant to section 291E-61(b)(1)
5	or (b)(2) or section 291E-64(b)(1), any conviction of a moving
6	violation, any administrative license suspension pursuant to
7	chapter 291A, or the first conviction within a five-year period
8	for driving without a valid motor vehicle insurance policy.
9	This subsection shall not apply to a suspension or
10	revocation of a provisional license under section 286-102.6(d)."
11	SECTION 16. Section 291E-61, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
12	amended by amending subsection (g) to read as follows:
13	"(g) The requirement to provide proof of financial
14	responsibility pursuant to section 287-20 shall not be based
15	upon a sentence imposed under subsection (b)(1)[$-$] or (b)(2)."
16	PART III.
17	SECTION 17. This Act does not affect rights and duties
18	that matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that
19	were begun, before its effective date.
20	SECTION 18. In codifying the new sections added by
21	sections 2 and 3 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall

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1 substitute appropriate section numbers for the letters used in 2 designating the new sections in this Act. 3 SECTION 19. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed 4 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored. 5 SECTION 20. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2008; 6 provided that sections 2 through 11 shall take effect on July 1, 7 2010; provided further that sections 15 and 16 shall be repealed 8 on June 30, 2010.

Report Title: Highway Safety; Ignition Interlock Systems; Appropriation

Description:

Permits installation of ignition interlock device on the vehicle of a person arrested for driving under the influence that prevents the person from starting or operating a motor vehicle with more than a minimal alcohol concentration while the person's case is pending and while the person's license is revoked pursuant to chapter 291E, HRS. Requires installation when the person is arrested for being a highly intoxicated driver or for a repeat driving under the influence offense. Provides for certification of devices and vendors and funds installation of devices for the indigent with surcharges on offenders and fees on vendors. Effective 7/1/10. Exempts person convicted of a first offense of highly intoxicated driving from the financial responsibility requirement. Establishes a task force to prepare for implementation and appropriates funds for the task force. (HB3377 CD1)

