#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

PART I. OFFENDER REENTRY SYSTEM

RELATING TO THE COMPREHENSIVE OFFENDER REENTRY SYSTEM.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1

2	SECTION 1. The Legislature recognized the importance of a
3	comprehensive offender reentry system to help ex-offenders to
4	reintegrate back into the community and reduce recidivism and
5	passed Act 8, Special Session Laws of Hawaii 2007, to this
6	purpose.
7	Currently, the department of public safety serves offenders
8	through a system of programs and services for the purpose of
9	reintegrating offenders back into Hawaii's communities. From
10	in-depth assessments of offenders' risks and needs to
11	transitional programs for individuals exiting the correctional
12	system, the department of public safety's existing programs and
13	services build a solid foundation for Hawaii's offender reentry
14	efforts. In order for the department to fundamentally implement
15	the comprehensive offender reentry plan, as set forth in Act 8,
16	Special Session 2007, more flexibility needs to be provided to
17	the department in relation to already existing reentry programs
18	and services.

The department of public safety must take into 1 consideration both resource availability and implementation 2 feasibility in regard to various provisions of Act 8. 3 current form, Act 8 requires the department of public safety to 4 implement a series of services and programs with little 5 flexibility or lead time. Particularly, the return of out-of-6 7 State prisoners one year prior to their parole date will not only increase the costs of providing bed space and services to 8 inmates, it will also overtax an already over-capacity 9 correctional system. When other services and programs required 10 by Act 8 are also considered, which together will provide over 11 thirty programs and services to offenders and their families; it 12 becomes impossible for the department to be in compliance within 13 14 the short time frame mandated by law as considerations need to be made for how these new programs will fit into already 15 existing offender reentry efforts. Recidivism and offender 16 17 reentry are long-term problems that require long-term solutions. 18 The legislature recognizes the need for creativity in dealing with Hawaii's offender reentry process. In order to 19 adequately implement Act 8, it is crucial to provide more 20 21 discretion, which will allow the department to prioritize

- 1 programs and resources for the most effective implementation of
- 2 Act 8.
- Finally, while the department of public safety understands
- 4 the need to provide offenders with a smoother transition
- 5 process, some of the programs and services mandated by Act 8 are
- 6 not conducive to good governance at correctional facilities. In
- 7 particular, a provision that mandates the department to allow
- 8 ex-offenders to contact persons who are still imprisoned through
- 9 the use of technology, such as video conferencing, can
- 10 unintentionally allow criminal activity to continue under the
- 11 guise of mentorship. The department emphasizes the need to
- 12 ensure the safety of inmates, staff, and the public by making
- 13 security considerations a priority.
- 14 The purpose of this part is to clarify the expectations and
- 15 duties of the department of public safety, in collaboration with
- 16 other state and private agencies in order to jointly plan,
- 17 implement, and comply with the programs and requirements of the
- 18 comprehensive offender reentry system.
- 19 SECTION 2. Section 353H-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 20 amended to read as follows:
- "[+]§353H-3[+] Offender reentry system plan[+ creation].

- 1 (a) The department of public safety shall develop a
- 2 comprehensive and effective offender reentry system plan for
- 3 adult offenders exiting the prison system.
- 4 (b) The department of public safety shall coordinate with
- 5 the Hawaii paroling authority, department of human services and
- 6 the department of health, and other public and private agencies
- 7 and individuals as necessary to develop and continuously update
- 8 comprehensive reentry plans and curricula for individuals exiting
- 9 correctional facilities in order to reduce recidivism and
- 10 increase a person's successful reentry into the community. The
- 11 reentry plans [shall] may include[, but mot limited to]:
- 12 (1) Adopting an operational philosophy that considers that
- offender reentry begins on the day an offender enters
- the correctional system. Each offender entering the
- system [shall] should be assessed to determine the
- offender's needs in order to assist the individual
- offender with developing the skills necessary to be
- successful in the community;
- 19 (2) Providing appropriate programs, including, but not
- limited to, education, substance abuse treatment,
- 21 cognitive skills development, vocational and employment

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1		training, and other programs that help to meet the
2		assessed needs of each individual;
3	(3)	Developing a comprehensive network of transitional
4		programs to address the needs of individuals exiting
5		the correctional system;
6	(4)	Ensuring that all reentry programs are gender-
7		responsive;
8	(5)	Issuing requests for proposals from community-based
9		nonprofit programs with experience with offenders in
10		the area of reentry; and
11	(6)	Instituting model reentry programs for adult
12		offenders."
13	SECT	ION 3. Section 353H-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
14	amended to	o read as follows:
15	"[ <b>-</b> [-];	§353H-4[+] Model programs; department of public
16	safety.	Subject to funding by the legislature, the department of
17	public sa	fety shall enhance the State's comprehensive offender
18	reentry s	ystem by developing model programs designed to reduce
19	recidivis	m and promote successful reentry into the community.
20	Components	s of the model programs [ <del>shall</del> ] <u>may</u> include [ <del>but are not</del>
21	limited to	∍]:

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1	(1)	Highly skilled staff who are experienced in working
2		with offender reentry programs;
3	(2)	Individualized case management and a full continuum of
4		care to ensure successful reentry;
5	(3)	Life skills development workshops, including budgeting,
6		money management, nutrition, and exercise; development
7		of self-determination through education; employment
8		training; special education for the learning disabled;
9		social, cognitive, communication, and life skills
10		training; and appropriate treatment programs, including
11		substance abuse and mental health treatment;
12	(4)	Parenting and relationship building classes. The
13		department [shall] may institute policies that support
14		family cohesion and family participation in offenders'
15		transition to the community, and, where possible,
16		provide geographical proximity of offenders to their
17		children and families; and
18	(5)	Ongoing attention to building support for offenders
19		from communities, community agencies, and
20		organizations."
21	SECT	ION 4. Section 353H-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
22	amended to	o read as follows:

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1	" [ <b>-£</b> ]	§353H-5[+] Children of incarcerated parents; families.
2	The direc	tor of public safety shall[+] coordinate with department
3	of human	services, the Hawaii paroling authority, and the
4	departmen	t of health as necessary to:
5	(1)	Establish policies or rules that parent inmates be
6		placed in correctional facilities, with consideration
7		given to the safety of staff, inmates and the best
8		interests of the inmates and their families [, in the
9		best interest of the family, rather than on economic or
10		administrative factors];
11	(2)	Consider as a factor an offender's capacity to maintain
12		parent-child contact when making prison placements of
13		offenders;
14	(3)	[Conduct, coordinate, or promote] Obtain support from
15		the department of human services in any research that
16		examines the impact of a parent's incarceration on the
17		well-being of the offender's child that shall include
18		both direct contact with an offender's child, as well
19		as reports of caregivers, to the extent possible within
20		existing resources; and
21	(4)	[Conduct, coordinate, or promote] Obtain support from
22		the department of human services in any research that

1	focuses on the relationship of incarcerated fathers
2	with their children and the long-term impact of
3	incarceration on fathers and their children to the
4	extent possible within existing resources."
5	SECTION 5. Section 353H-7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
6	amended to read as follows:
7	"[+]§353H-7[+] Return of out-of-state inmates. (a) The
8	director of public safety shall, when the department determines
9	it is practical and financially feasible, and the safety of
10	staff, inmates, and the public are not endangered, return Hawaii
11	inmates held in out-of-state prisons at least one year prior to
12	the inmate's parole or release date in order for these inmates to
13	participate in programs preparing them for reentry on the island
14	where they have the most support; provided that inmates
15	participating in reentry programs at the mainland facility in
16	which they are incarcerated consent to the return.
17	(b) The provisions of subsection (a) shall not prevent the
18	return of other Hawaii inmates held in out-of-state prisons with
19	less than one year left of their sentence from being returned in
20	preparation for reentry to the island where they have the most
21	support.

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to the legislature at the end of each calendar year on any 2 inmates not returned pursuant to this section with an explanation 3 of the reasoning and circumstances for noncompliance." 4 5 SECTION 6. Section 353H-31, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended to read as follows: 6 7 "[+]\$353H-31[+] Adult offender reentry programs and services. (a) The director of public safety may authorize 8 9 purchase of service contracts, in accordance with chapter 103F, subject to legislative or other appropriate funding, for adult 10 offender reentry programs and services that establish or improve 11 the offender reentry system and in which each adult offender in 12 state correctional custody is provided an individualized reentry 13 plan. 14 Subject to funding by the legislature or other 15 appropriate sources, the department of public safety [shall] may 16 authorize the purchase of service contracts for activities that: 17 (1) Coordinate the supervision and services provided to 18 adult offenders in state custody with the supervision 19 and services provided to offenders who have reentered 20 21 the community;

(c) The department of public safety shall provide a report

1	(2)	[Coordinate efforts of various public and private
2		entities to provide] Support the Hawaii paroling
3		authority, the department of human services, and other
4		agencies in their effort to coordinate supervision and
5		services to ex-offenders after reentry into the
6		community with the offenders' family members;
7	(3)	Provide offenders awaiting reentry into the community
8		with documents, such as identification papers,
9		referrals to services, medical prescriptions, job
10		training certificates, apprenticeship papers,
11		information on obtaining public assistance, and other
12		documents useful in achieving a successful transition
13		from prison;
14	(4)	Involve county agencies whose programs and initiatives
15		strengthen offender reentry services for individuals
16		who have been returned to the county of their
17		jurisdiction;
18	[ <del>(5)</del>	Allow ex-offenders who have reentered the community to
19		continue to contact mentors who remain incarcerated
20		through the use of technology, such as
21		videoconferencing, or encourage mentors in prison to
22		support the ex offenders' reentry process;

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1	[ <del>(6)</del>	Provide] (5) Coordinate with the Hawaii paroling
2	<u>a</u>	uthority, the department of human services, and the
3	<u>H</u>	awaii public housing authority to provide structured
4	р	rograms, post-release housing, and transitional
5	h	ousing, including group homes for recovering substance
6	a	busers, through which offenders are provided
7	s	upervision and services immediately following reentry
8	i	nto the community;
9	[ <del>(7)</del>	Assist] (6) Coordinate with the Hawaii paroling
10	<u>a</u>	uthority, the department of human services, and the
11	<u>H</u>	awaii public housing authority to assist offenders in
12	s	ecuring permanent housing upon release or following a
13	s	tay in transitional housing;
14	[-(8)	Continue] (7) Coordinate with the Hawaii paroling
15	<u>a</u>	uthority, the department of human services, and the
16	<u>d</u>	epartment of health to link offenders with health
17	r	esources and health services that were provided to
18	t	hem when they were in state custody, including mental
19	h	ealth, substance abuse treatment, aftercare, and
20	t	reatment services for contagious diseases;
21	[ <del>(9)</del> ]	(8) Provide education, job training, English as a
22	s	econd language programs, work experience programs,

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1	self-respect and life-skills training, and other skills
2	needed to achieve self-sufficiency for a successful
3	transition from prison;
4	[ <del>(10) Facilitate</del> ] (9) Coordinate with the department of
5	labor and industrial relations, the department of tax,
6	the Hawaii paroling authority, the university of Hawaii
7	and its community colleges, and trade unions to
8	<u>facilitate</u> collaboration among corrections
9	administrators, technical schools, community colleges,
10	and the workforce development and employment service
11	sectors to ensure efforts to:
12	(A) Promote, where appropriate, the employment of
13	persons released from prison, through efforts such
14	as educating employers about existing financial
15	incentives, and facilitate the creation of job
16	opportunities, including transitional jobs, for
17	such persons that will also benefit communities;
18	(B) Connect offenders to employment, including
19	supportive employment and employment services,
20	before their release to the community; and

1	(C) Address barriers to employment, including
2	obtaining a driver's license; or other acceptable
3	government issued identification;
4	$\left[\frac{(11)}{(10)}\right]$ Assess the literacy and educational needs of
5	offenders in custody and [provide] recommend
6	appropriate services to meet those needs, including
7	follow-up assessments and long-term services;
8	[ <del>(12) Address</del> ] (11) Work with other public and private
9	agencies to address systems under which family members
10	of offenders are involved with facilitating the
11	successful reentry of those offenders into the
12	community, including removing obstacles to the
13	maintenance of family relationships while the offender
14	is in custody, strengthening the family's capacity to
15	establish and maintain a stable living situation during
16	the reentry process where appropriate, and involving
17	family members in the planning and implementation of
18	the reentry process;
19	$[\frac{(13)}{(12)}]$ Include victims, on a voluntary basis, in the
20	offender's reentry process;
21	[ <del>(14) Facilitate</del> ] (13) Promote visitation and maintenance
22	of family relationships with respect to offenders in

1	custody by addressing obstacles such as travel,
2	telephone costs, mail restrictions, and restrictive
3	visitation policies[+], subject to security
4	requirements that ensure the safety of the public, the
5	staff, the inmate, and other inmates;
6	[(15) Identify and address barriers to collaborating with
7	child welfare] (14) Coordinate with public and private
8	agencies [in the provision of] to jointly provide
9	services [ <del>jointly</del> ] to offenders in custody and to the
10	children of those offenders if determined necessary;
11	$[\frac{(16)}{(15)}]$ Collect information, to the best of the
12	department's ability, regarding dependent children of
13	incarcerated persons as part of intake procedures,
14	including the number of children, age, and location or
15	jurisdiction for the exclusive purpose of connecting
16	identified children of incarcerated parents with
17	appropriate services and compiling statistical
18	information;
19	[ <del>(17) Address</del> ] <u>(16) Consider</u> barriers to the visitation of
20	children with an incarcerated parent, and maintenance
21	of the parent-child relationship, such as the location
22	of facilities in remote areas, telephone costs, mail

1	restrictions, and visitation policies[ $ au$ ], subject to
2	security requirements;
3	[ <del>(18) Create, develop,</del> ] <u>(17) Develop</u> or enhance prisoner
4	and family assessments curricula, policies, procedures,
5	or programs, including mentoring programs, to help
6	prisoners with a history or identified risk of domestic
7	violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking
8	reconnect with their families and communities, as
9	appropriate, and become mutually respectful;
10	[ <del>(19) Develop</del> ] (18) Obtain the assistance of the
11	department of human services and the department of
12	education in the development of voluntary programs and
13	activities that support parent-child relationships to
14	the extent possible within existing resources, such as:
15	(A) Using telephone conferencing to permit
16	incarcerated parents to participate in parent-
17	teacher conferences;
18	(B) Using videoconferencing to allow virtual
19	visitation when incarcerated persons are more than
20	one hundred miles from their families;

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1	(C) Developing books on tape programs, through which
2	incarcerated parents read a book into a tape to be
3	sent to their children;
4	(D) The establishment of family days, which provide
5	for longer visitation hours or family activities;
6	or
7	(E) The creation of children's areas in visitation
8	rooms with parent-child activities;
9	[ <del>(20)</del> Expand] (19) Assist the department of human services
10	and the Hawaii paroling authority in developing family-
11	based treatment centers that offer family-based
12	comprehensive treatment services for parents and their
13	children as a complete family unit to the extent
14	possible within existing resources;
15	[ <del>(21) Conduct</del> ] (20) Assist the university of Hawaii in
16	conducting studies to determine who is returning to
17	prison and which of those returning prisoners represent
18	the greatest risk to community safety;
19	[(22) Develop] (21) Assist the Hawaii paroling authority to
20	further develop or adopt procedures to ensure that
21	dangerous felons are not released from prison
22	prematurely;

1	[ <del>(23) Develop and implement procedures to assist relevant</del>
2	authorities in determining when release is appropriate
3	and in the use of data to inform the release decision;
4	$[\frac{(24)}{(22)}]$ Utilize validated assessment tools to assess
5	the risk factors of returning offenders to the
6	community and prioritizing services based on risk;
7	$\left[\frac{(25)}{(23)}\right]$ Facilitate and encourage timely and complete
8	payment of restitution and fines by ex-offenders to
9	victims and the community; and
10	[(26) Consider establishing the use of reentry courts to:
11	(A) Monitor offenders returning to the community;
12	(B) Provide returning offenders with:
13	-(i) Drug and alcohol testing and treatment; and
14	(ii) Mental and medical health assessment
15	services;
16	(C) Facilitate restorative justice practices and
17	convene family or community impact panels, family
18	impact educational classes, victim impact panels,
19	or victim impact educational classes;
20	(D) Provide and coordinate the delivery of other
21	community services to offenders, including:
22	- (i) Housing assistance;

1	-(ii) Education;
2	(iii) Employment training;
3	-(iv) Children and family support;
4	- (v) Conflict resolution skills training;
5	-(vi) Family violence intervention programs; and
6	(vii) Other appropriate social services; and
7	(E) Establish and implement graduated sanctions and
8	incentives; and]
9	[ <del>(27) Provide</del> ] (24) Assist the Hawaii paroling authority
10	by providing technology and other tools necessary to
11	[advance] enhance post-release supervision."
12	
13	PART II. OFFENDER REENTRY LEGISLATIVE OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE
14	SECTION 7. Prior to the establishment of the offender
15	reentry legislative oversight committee, the legislature already
16	had the ability to analyze, evaluate, and review operations at
17	the department of public safety; as well as conduct site visits
18	and meet publicly to receive input regarding the department.
19	The purpose of this part is to repeal the offender reentry
20	legislative oversight committee as it does not add to the duties
21	and functions of the legislature.

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SECTION 8. Chapter 353H, part II, Hawaii Revised Statutes, 1 2 is repealed. "[{\$353H-21} Legislative oversight committee; established. 3 There is established a legislative oversight committee to ensure 4 5 transparency in the operations of the department, analyze the effectiveness of the department's governance, operations, and 6 administration of its programs and services, evaluate the 7 8 department's purchase of community based programs and services, 9 and review any other issues impacting the department. The legislative oversight committee shall conduct site visits and 10 have access to all areas in correctional facilities, within the 11 constraints of safety and security. The legislative oversight 12 13 committee shall meet publicly for input and recommendations for the department. The legislative oversight committee shall be 14 composed of members of the standing committees of both houses of 15 the legislature whose purview is to oversee the department. The 16 legislative oversight committee shall be jointly chaired by the 17 18 legislative standing committees' respective chairs.]" 19 PART III. PILOT DAY REPORTING CENTER 20 SECTION 9. The department of public safety will encounter 21 22 much difficulty in implementing a pilot day reporting center if

- 1 provided with only one year of funding. One year is not an
- 2 adequate amount of time for the department to locate, open,
- 3 staff, and operate a pilot day reporting center. Moreover, it is
- 4 also not an adequate amount of time to collect accurate and
- 5 representative data regarding the effectiveness of the center.
- 6 In order to properly develop a day reporting center that
- 7 successfully responds to the needs of offenders, more than one
- 8 year is needed for planning and operation. It would be a
- 9 disservice to the offenders the department is attempting to
- 10 assist if the established center disappears one year later.
- 11 The purpose of this part is to repeal the establishment of a
- 12 pilot day reporting center and to instead re-appropriate
- 13 associated funding to develop and implement an enhanced offender
- 14 monitoring and supervision system.
- 15 SECTION 10. Act 8, Special Session Laws of Hawaii 2007, is
- amended by repealing sections 6 and 7.
- "[SECTION 6. The department of public safety, through its
- 18 intake service centers and education divisions, shall establish a
- 19 one year pilot day reporting center that will be available to two
- 20 hundred offenders who have six months to one year left to serve
- 21 on their sentence. The center shall offer a continuum of
- 22 services to prepare offenders for transition and reintegration

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into the community. The center staff shall consist of a program 1 director, counselors, social workers, and other professional and 2 clerical staff. The ideal ratio of counselors to offenders shall 3 be one counselor for every twenty-five offenders. The ideal 4 ratio of social workers to offenders shall be one social worker 5 for every fifteen offenders. The department of public safety may 6 contract with a private or not-for-profit agency for the 7 8 necessary services to carry out the purposes of this part. 9 SECTION 7. The department of public safety shall submit, no 10 later than twenty days prior to the start of the 2008 and 2009 regular sessions of the legislature, a written report on: 11 12 (1) The outcome of the pilot project; (2) Cost analysis and an accounting of expenses; 13 (3) Relevant data on program participants; 14 (4) Program and management evaluations; and 15 16 (5) Any other pertinent information, recommendations, or proposed legislation, if any, to determine whether the 17 program should be continued.]" 18 SECTION 11. Act 8, Special Session Laws of Hawaii 2007, is 19 amended by amending section 8 to read as follows: 20 21 "SECTION 8. There is appropriated out of the general revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$1,820,000 or so much 22

- 1 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year [2007-2008] 2008-2009
- 2 for the [establishment of a one year pilot day reporting center]
- 3 development and implementation of an enhanced offender monitoring
- 4 and supervision system.
- 5 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the department of
- 6 public safety, who may contract with a private or nonprofit
- 7 agency to operate [the day reporting center for the purposes of
- 8 this part.] and maintain the system."

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#### PART IV. COGNITIVE RESTRUCTURING PILOT PROGRAM

11 SECTION 12. The department of public safety supports the

12 establishment of cognitive restructuring programs. However, it

13 is in the best interest of the offenders if program sites are not

- 14 pre-selected without consideration for the needs of individual
- 15 offender populations at various correctional sites. The
- 16 department of public safety should be authorized to designate
- 17 location of programs as a means of ensuring that programs and
- 18 services are allocated to offenders who are in the best position
- 19 to take advantage of them and benefit the most from them.
- 20 The purpose of this part is to amend the appropriation
- 21 provision to allow the department to establish cognitive

- 1 restructuring pilot programs at any correctional site it deems
- 2 most appropriate.
- 3 SECTION 13. Act 8, Special Session Laws of Hawaii 2007, is
- 4 amended by amending sections 19 and 20 to read as follows:
- 5 "SECTION 19. The cognitive restructuring pilot program
- 6 shall be established by the department of public safety at a
- 7 location or locations determined by the department and teach
- 8 specific skills that include problem solving, social skills
- 9 training, anger management, and empathy training. [The cognitive
- 10 restructuring pilot program shall be established in the county of
- 11 Hawaii at Kulani correctional facility, Hawaii community
- 12 correctional center, and Hale Nani reintegration center.]
- 13 SECTION 20. There is appropriated out of the general
- 14 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$33,000 or so much
- thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year [2007-2008] 2008-2009
- 16 for a cognitive restructuring pilot program [to be established in
- 17 the county of Hawaii at Kulani correctional facility, Hawaii
- 18 community correctional center, and Hale Nani reintegration
- 19 center]."
- 20 SECTION 14. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 21 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

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1	SECTION 15.	This Act shall ta	ake effect upon its approval.
2			( d - 1 ) bu
3		INTRODUCED BY:	CHUNTY IM
4			BY REQUEST

JAN 2 2 2008

#### Report Title:

Comprehensive offender reentry

#### Description:

Amends the parameters of the comprehensive offender reentry system program (Act 8 of 2007) to ensure its provisions are in compliance with good governance of correctional facilities. Eliminates provisions allowing contact between former inmates and those still in prison, requires return of out-of-state prisoners only when safety of staff and inmates is not endangered, and involves relevant State agencies in helping with family, education, and housing needs of inmates.

#### JUSTIFICATION SHEET

DEPARTMENT:

PUBLIC SAFETY

TITLE:

A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO THE

COMPREHENSIVE OFFENDER REENTRY SYSTEM.

PURPOSE:

To clarify the parameters of the offender

reentry program.

MEANS:

Amend sections 353H-3, 353H-4, 353H-5, 353H-7, and 353H-31, Hawaii Revised Status, and sections 8, 17, 19, and 20 of Act 8, Special Session Laws of Hawaii 2007, and repeal part II of chapter 353H, Hawaii Revised Statutes,

and sections 6 and 7 of Act 8, Special

Session Laws of Hawaii 2007.

JUSTIFICATION:

In order to comply with the requirements of this act, clarification is needed to identify the different departments required to work jointly to plan, implement, and evaluate the comprehensive offender reentry system.

Amendments and repeals of provisions are made for the purposes of improving the implementation process and allowing the department to prioritize programs and services in relation to resource availability and implementation feasibility.

Impact on the public: There should be a positive impact on the public as this measure should enhance effective government operations and eliminate duplicative functions.

Impact on the department and other agencies: This act clarifies the responsibilities in the joint effort between agencies to implement the programs required by this statute.

GENERAL FUND:

Reappropriates \$1,853,000 for clarified purposes.

OTHER FUNDS:

None.

PPBS PROGRAM

DESIGNATION:

None.

OTHER AFFECTED

AGENCIES:

Hawaii Paroling Authority, Department of

Human Services, Department of Health,

Department of Labor and Industrial

Relations, Department of Tax, Hawaii Public

Housing Authority and the University of

Hawaii.

EFFECTIVE DATE:

Upon approval.