A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO SUBSTANCE ABUSE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	PART I. SCHOOL-BASED SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROGRAMS
2	SECTION 1. The legislature finds that substance abuse
3	continues to be a particularly pernicious problem among youth
4	and adolescents in Hawaii that has an especially adverse impact
5	upon families and communities. Providing substance abuse
6	treatment services to youths and adolescents as soon as possible
7	is necessary to avoid increased costs to the State at a later
8	time.
9	According to the department of health in its report, "The
10	2000 Hawaii Student Alcohol and Drug Abuse Use Study (1987-
11	2000), Hawaii Adolescent Prevention and Treatment Needs
12	Assessment" (department of health report), experts in the field
13	have linked substance abuse to other societal problems,
14	including family dysfunction, juvenile delinquency, poor
15	academic achievement, impaired emotional functioning, and
16	lowered social competence. Furthermore, the economic costs of

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    substance abuse to society are often astronomical, with much of
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    the burden falling on persons who are not substance abusers.
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         Nearly half of all twelfth graders, approximately one-
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    fourth of tenth and eighth graders, and nearly one-tenth of
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    sixth graders have tried at least one drug, with the most
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    prevalent being marijuana, followed by inhalants, hallucinogens,
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    and ecstasy. The report found that the upsurge in illicit drug
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    use during the last two decades is generally considered a youth
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    phenomenon, given that onset is most likely to occur during
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    adolescence. Most experts agree that the key to reduction in
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    the State's substance abuse problem lies in preventive efforts
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    and early treatment programs aimed at reaching the State's
13
    youth.
14
         The department of health report found that substance abuse
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    treatment is needed statewide for two per cent of sixth graders,
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    eight per cent of eighth graders, eighteen per cent of tenth
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    graders, and twenty-seven per cent of twelfth graders.
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    thousand public school students in grades six through twelve
19
    (approximately fourteen per cent) are estimated to need
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    treatment for drug or alcohol abuse. Statewide treatment needs
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    for combined public and private school population in grades six
22
    through twelve are estimated to be 14,175 (thirteen per cent).
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1 Further according to the department of health report, 2 substance abuse among youth and adolescents is fueled in 3 significant part by normative social pressure (peer pressure), 4 or the exposure to substance abuse of others. If a person's 5 friends or family use illicit drugs, that person learns 6 erroneously what society views as acceptable or popular behavior. Normative pressure exerts a powerful influence on 8 adolescents because group acceptance is often directly related 9 to an adolescent's feelings of self-worth. The legislature finds that there is a critical need for 10 11 substance abuse treatment, therapy, counseling, and intervention 12 services targeting youth and adolescents. The overall goal of 13 this treatment is to reduce or eliminate the use of drugs as a 14 contributing factor to physical, psychological, and social 15 dysfunction, and to arrest, retard, or reverse the progress of 16 secondary problems. 17 The purpose of this part is to appropriate funds to combat substance abuse among youth and adolescents using school-based 18 19 treatment programs. Specifically, it is intended that the funds 20 appropriated in this part be used to increase funding for school-based treatment programs in schools that are at less than 21

- 1 full funding necessary for such treatment programs and to reduce
- 2 existing waitlists for these treatment programs.
- 3 SECTION 2. There is appropriated out of the general
- 4 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$940,062 or so much
- 5 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2008-2009, and the
- 6 same sum, or so much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year
- 7 2009-2010, for substance abuse services for youth and
- 8 adolescents. The amount appropriated shall be apportioned as
- 9 follows:

10	Oahu	\$ 1	0	0	,	0	0	0

- 11 Kauai 180,000
- 12 Maui 80,000
- 13 Hawaii 580,062

14 PART II. THERAPEUTIC LIVING PROGRAMS

- 15 SECTION 3. The legislature finds that there is a shortage
- 16 of safe affordable housing for adults who are newly recovering
- 17 from alcohol or drug addiction. Being unemployed and lacking
- 18 income are obstacles to many of these people's recovery.
- 19 Lacking a place to live is also an obstacle to recovery.
- 20 Many newly recovering addicts are seeking services from
- 21 homeless service providers who are already strained and may not
- 22 be able to meet their needs. Providing therapeutic living



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- 1 programs to newly recovering addicts assists them in becoming
- 2 contributing members of the community and helps to minimize the
- 3 cost of caring for them at a later time.
- 4 Therapeutic living programs provide a supportive living
- 5 community for newly recovering addicts. These programs serve
- 6 newly recovering addicts who require a residential setting but
- 7 do not need the structure of a special treatment program, or who
- 8 are transitioning from a more restrictive setting towards
- 9 independent living. Therapeutic living programs are designed to
- 10 aid residents in meeting basic needs by providing supportive
- 11 services through an individualized recovery and discharge plan.
- 12 All residents are expected to take an active interest in
- 13 safeguarding and promoting an abstinent and recovery-focused
- 14 environment. These programs are required to be in compliance
- 15 with the administrative rules of the department of health.
- 16 There are currently a limited number of therapeutic living
- 17 programs operating in the State, but the number of newly
- 18 recovering addicts far exceeds the number that these few
- 19 programs can accommodate.
- The purpose of this part is to appropriate funds to
- 21 establish additional therapeutic living programs to increase
- 22 their availability to newly recovering addicts.



- 1 SECTION 4. There is appropriated out of the general
- 2 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$1,176,000 or so much
- 3 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2008-2009, and the
- same sum, or so much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 4
- 5 2009-2010, for the establishment of therapeutic living programs.
- 6 The amount appropriated shall be apportioned as follows:
- 7 \$ 438,000 0ahu
- 8 438,000 Kauai
- 9 Maui 300,000
- 10 SECTION 5. The sums appropriated in sections 2 and 4 of
- 11 this Act shall be expended by the alcohol and drug abuse
- 12 division of the department of health for the purposes of this
- 13 Act.

SECTION 6. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2008. 14

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INTRODUCED BY:

Mile Carroll

JAN 1 8 2008

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Report Title:

School-Based Substance Abuse Programs; Therapeutic Living Programs; Appropriation

Description:

Appropriates funds for school-based substance abuse programs and for therapeutic living programs.

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