A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CHILD PROTECTION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that as of November 2002,
- 2 forty-one states passed safe surrender laws to protect newborn
- 3 infants who might otherwise be abandoned in an unsafe
- 4 environment. The enactment of laws establishing a safe haven
- 5 for newborn infants in Hawaii is long overdue.
- 6 Current law allows for the prosecution of parents who
- 7 abandon their newborn infants. These parents are often young
- 8 mothers who are unable to deal with the harsh reality of
- 9 parenthood. Their solution is leaving the newborn in a
- 10 populated area with the hope that someone will find and care for
- 11 the child. Although the possibility of prosecution was intended
- 12 to deter mothers from taking such a careless approach, newborn
- 13 infants have suffered and died as the result of abandonment in
- 14 life-threatening situations.
- "Safe-surrender" laws take a different approach by making
- 16 the child's needs the immediate concern, rather than focusing on
- 17 the mother's liability. The goal of these laws is to create a
- 18 system where parents can leave their newborns in a place of



- 1 safety without fear of being prosecuted for child abandonment.
- 2 Anonymity, confidentiality, and freedom from prosecution for
- 3 parents may encourage them to leave a newborn infant at a
- 4 suitably safe place and thus save the newborn infant's life.
- 5 While established adoption procedures may be preferable, safe-
- 6 surrender laws provide an alternative that saves the lives of
- 7 newborns.
- 8 In 2003, the governor vetoed House Bill No. 133, Conference
- 9 Draft 1, because the Governor objected to the individual leaving
- 10 the baby without also leaving medical or genealogical history.
- 11 This Act is nearly identical to House Bill No. 133, but to
- 12 address the governor's objection, by providing that the
- 13 individual is allowed to leave the baby if the individual also
- 14 leaves any known family medical history of major illnesses or
- 15 diseases.
- 16 The purpose of this Act is to establish a safe haven for
- 17 newborns and provide for their future health and safety by:
- 18 (1) Providing immunity from prosecution for leaving an
- unharmed newborn at a hospital, fire station, or
- police station;

1	(2)	Providing immunity from liability for hospitals, fire
2		stations, police stations, and their personnel, who
3		receive the newborn; and
4	(3)	Conditioning relinquishment on the requirement that
5		the individual leave written information on the family
6		medical history of the child.
7	SECT	ION 2. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by
8	adding a	new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read
9	as follow	s:
10		"CHAPTER
11		SAFE PLACE FOR NEWBORNS
12	\$	-1 Definitions. As used in this chapter:
13	"Dep	artment" means the department of human services.
14	"Fir	e station" means a building for fire equipment and
15	firefight	ers.
16	"Fir	efighter" means a member of a fire department whose
17	principal	duties are to prevent and fight fires.
17 18		duties are to prevent and fight fires. lth care provider" means an individual licensed,
	"Hea	
18	"Hea	lth care provider" means an individual licensed,

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1	"Hosp	pital" means a facility licensed as a hospital by the
2	department	t of health and accredited by the Joint Commission on
3	Accreditat	tion of Health Care Organizations.
4	"Law	enforcement officer or police officer":
5	(1)	Means any public servant, whether employed by the
6		State or any county, or by the United States, vested
7		by law with a duty to maintain public order, to make
8		arrests for offenses, or to enforce the criminal laws,
9		whether that duty extends to all offenses or is
10		limited to a specific class of offenses; and
11	(2)	Includes the attorney general, deputy attorneys
12		general, county prosecuting attorneys, and deputy
13		prosecuting attorneys engaged in the enforcement of
14		criminal law.
15	"Pol	ice station" means a facility where police officers
16	daily rep	ort for assignments, paperwork, and other police
17	business.	
18	"Unh	armed condition" means no evidence of injury to a

child's physical or psychological health or welfare, as

21 (1) The child exhibits no:

evidenced in any case where:



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1		(A)	Substantial or multiple skin bruising or any
2			other internal bleeding;
3,		(B)	Injury to skin causing substantial bleeding;
4		(C)	Malnutrition;
5		(D)	Failure to thrive;
6		(E)	Burn or burns;
7		(F)	Poisoning;
8		(G)	Fracture of any bone;
9		(H)	Subdural hematoma;
10		(I)	Soft tissue swelling;
11		(J)	Extreme pain;
12		(K)	Extreme mental distress;
13		(L)	Gross degradation; or
14		(M)	Death;
15	(2)	The	child has not been the victim of:
16		(A)	Sexual contact or conduct, including but not
17			limited to rape, sodomy, molestation, sexual
18			fondling, or incest;
19		(B)	Obscene or pornographic photographing, filming
20			or depiction; or
21		(C)	Other similar forms of sexual exploitation;

	(3)	injury does not exist to the psychological capacity of
2		a child as evidenced by a substantial impairment in
3		the child's ability to function;
4	(4)	The child has been provided in a timely manner with
5		adequate food, clothing, shelter, psychological care,
6		physical care, medical care, or supervision; and
7	(5)	The child has not been provided with dangerous,
8		harmful, or detrimental drugs, as defined by section
9		712-1240; except in cases where a child's family
10		provides the drugs to the child pursuant to the
11		direction or prescription of a practitioner, as
12		defined in section 712-1240.
13	\$	-2 Unharmed newborns left at hospitals, fire
14	stations,	or police stations; avoidance of prosecution. A
15	person mag	y leave a newborn child with the personnel of a
16	hospital,	a fire station, or a police station without being
17	subject to	o prosecution for abandonment of a child pursuant to
18	section 7	09-902; provided that:
19	(1)	The newborn child was born within seventy-two hours of
20		being left at the hospital, fire station, or police
21		station, as determined within a reasonable degree of
22		medical certainty;

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1	(2)	The newborn child is left in an unnarmed condition;
2		and
3	(3)	The newborn child is accompanied by written
4		information concerning any known family medical
5		history, including major illnesses and diseases.
6	\$	-3 Safe place for newborns. (a) The personnel of a
7	hospital,	fire station, or police station may receive a newborn
8	child; pr	ovided that:
9	(1)	The newborn child was born within seventy-two hours of
10		being left at the hospital, fire station, or police
11		station, as determined within a reasonable degree of
12		medical certainty;
13	(2)	The newborn child is left in an unharmed condition;
14		and
15	(3)	The newborn child is accompanied by written
16		information concerning any family medical history,
17		including major illnesses and diseases.
18	(b)	The personnel of the hospital, fire station, or police
19	station:	
20	(1)	Shall ask the person leaving the newborn child:
21		(A) For information about the infant's parents, and
22		shall inform the person that the information

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Ţ		shall be kept confidential; provided the newborn
2		child is unharmed when presented to the hospital,
3		fire station, or police station; provided further
4		that refusal of the person leaving the infant to
5		provide such information shall not prevent
6		personnel from accepting the newborn child; and
7		(B) About the medical history of the mother or
8		newborn child;
9	(2)	May provide the person leaving the newborn child with
10		information about how to contact relevant social
11		service agencies; and
12	(3)	Shall notify appropriate law enforcement agencies that
13		a newborn child was received, for purposes of matching
14		the child with missing children reports.
15	(c)	If a hospital, fire station, or police station
16	receives	a newborn child pursuant to subsection (a), any health
17	care prov	ider, firefighter, or police officer receiving the
18	child sha	ll perform any act necessary, in accordance with
19	generally	accepted standards of their professional practice, to
20	protect,	preserve, or aid the physical health or safety of the
21	newborn c	hild during the temporary physical custody.

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              -4 Reporting. Within twenty-four hours of receiving
    a newborn under section -3, the personnel of the hospital,
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    fire station, or police station shall inform the department that
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    a newborn has been left at the premises; provided however, that
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    the department shall not be informed before the person leaving
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    the newborn leaves the premises.
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                  Immunity. (a) A hospital with responsibility for
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    performing duties under this chapter, any health care provider,
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    or hospital personnel working at the hospital, a fire station
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    and any firefighter or fire personnel, and a police station and
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    any police officer or police personnel shall be immune from any
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    criminal liability that otherwise might result from their
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    actions, if they are acting in good faith in receiving a newborn
    child, and shall be immune from any civil liability that
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    otherwise might result from merely receiving a newborn child.
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         (b) A hospital performing duties under this chapter and
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    any health care provider or hospital personnel working at the
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    hospital, a fire station and any firefighter or fire personnel,
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    and a police station and any police officer or police personnel
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    who are mandated reporters under section 350-1.1 shall be immune
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    from any criminal or civil liability that otherwise might result
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- 1 from the failure to make a report under section 350-1.1 if the
- 2 person is acting in good faith in complying with this chapter.
- 4 receiving custody of a newborn child that has been discharged
- 5 from a hospital that received the newborn child pursuant to
- 6 section -3, the department may reunite the newborn with the
- 7 newborn's parents.
- **8** (b) The department may:
- 9 (1) Search for relatives of the newborn as a placement or
- permanency option; or
- 11 (2) Implement other placement requirements that give a
- 12 preference to relatives;
- 13 provided that the department has information as to the identity
- 14 of the newborn child, the newborn's mother, or the newborn's
- 15 father.
- 16 § -7 Status of child. Except as otherwise provided in
- 17 section 709-902, for purposes of proceedings under this chapter
- 18 and adoption proceedings, a newborn child left at a hospital,
- 19 fire station, or police station under section -2 shall be
- 20 considered an abandoned child."
- 21 SECTION 3. Section 709-902, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 22 amended to read as follows:



1 "\$709-902 Abandonment of a child. (1) A person commits 2 the offense of abandonment of a child if, being a parent, 3 guardian, or other person legally charged with the care or custody of a child less than fourteen years old, the person 4 deserts the child in any place with intent to abandon it. 5 (2) Leaving a newborn child at a hospital, fire station, 6 7 or police station pursuant to section -2 shall not constitute 8 a violation of this section. 9 $[\frac{(2)}{(2)}]$ (3) Abandonment of a child is a [misdemeanor.] class 10 C felony." 11 SECTION 4. This Act does not affect rights and duties that 12 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were 13 begun before its effective date. 14 SECTION 5. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed and stricken. New statutory material is underscored. 15 16 SECTION 6. This Act shall take effect upon its approval. 17

Rida 7. R. Cabanilla

Report Title:

Abandoned Children; Safe Haven; Immunity from Prosecution

Description:

Provides immunity from prosecution for leaving an unharmed newborn at certain safe havens within 72 hours of birth. Provides immunity from liability for personnel at the safe havens for receiving a newborn.